"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,379. • • • • NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1913.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER

Rain or snow, colder to-day; winter cold wave by night; northwest gales; fair and cold to-morrow.

☞For full weather report see Page 15.

CHALLENGES WILSON ON CURRENCY BILL

If President Wants a Fight He Can Have One, Says Senator Nelson for Republicans.

CHANGE TO VANDERLIP PLAN

Democratic Senators Reframing Bill, Reducing Banks to Four, in Opposition to Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Indications that the currency measure will have a long-drawn struggle before it when it gets into the Senate were shown to-day by a story going the rounds of an incident that occurred at yesterday's meeting of the Senate committee, which was evidently very animated.

The views of President Wilson in opposition to proposed changes in the House bill were made known to the Senators present and caused considerable adverse comment.

"If the President is spoiling for a fight he can have it," declared Nelson of Minnesota, one of the Republican members, to Chairman Owen. This sentiment appears to be shared by Mr. Nelson's Republican colleagues on the committee, and there is every prospect that there will be a livelier contest over the currency measure in the Senate than there was in the House.

President Wilson's hope of obtaining currency legislation that will be satisfactory to him suffered another setback to-day when the four Democratic members of the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, who have been most loyal to the Administration's currency views, began drafting a substitute currency measure which will include several features objectionable to Mr. Wilson. These Senators are Owen of Oklahoma, Chairman of the committee; Hollis of New Hampshire, Shafroth of Colorado, and Pomerene of Ohio.

The trend of the discussion among these Senators at their session developed unanimity of view with respect to three of the main points embodied in the currency plan submitted by Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank of New York. It was made apparent that the four Administration Democrats will provide in their substitute measure for the establishment of not more than four regional reserve banks under Government control, with the stock subscribed by the general public. President Wilson is directly opposed to any radical reduction in the number of regional reserve banks below twelve, the number fixed in the House bill.

The substitute bill will be generally along the lines of the Administration measure except in the particulars mentioned. The section with reference to the Government regional reserve banks will provide that each of those banks shall select four Directors and that the Federal reserve board shall select five.

The Republican members of the committee will continue their efforts to perfect a bill of their own, and will report a completed measure to the Senate. It will follow the lines of the Administration measure in some particulars, but will include the amendments which the Banking and Currency Committee tentatively wrote into the bill. These amendments changed the theory of the measure to a certain degree, and the Administration opposition to these changes resulted in the deadlock which finally forced the calling of Wednesday's caucus. A small number of regional banks, less than four, owned by the public and controlled by the Government, issuing a currency based on commercial paper, and mobilizing the reserves of the banks throughout the country will be the basis of the Republican bill.

There is a bare chance that Representative Carter Glass, Chairman of the House Banking and Currency Committee, and Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank, may be drawn into a joint discussion over the Glass bill in New York to-morrow night. Both are going to New York to attend a dinner at the Hotel Astor and are to make speeches. Mr. Glass will defend the House bill, and should Mr. Vanderlip attack that measure or espouse the so-called Vanderlip substitute plan, it may be difficult to avoid a joint discussion.

GLASS DENIES REED CHARGES.

Says Money Bill Was Not Framed Under Wall Street Influence.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Representative Carter Glass, Chairman of the House Banking Committee, is aroused by some of the attacks on the Currency bill, being particularly incensed over those made recently in a circular addressed to the people of Missouri by Senator Reed, a Democratic member of the Senate Banking and Currency Committee, whose opposition to the House measure has impeded its progress in the Senate Committee, and caused considerable vexation to the Administration.

Senator Reed charged that the House bill was a half-baked measure, "drawn by H. Parker Willis, editor of The New York Journal of Commerce, generally known as a Wall Street publication."

Mr. Glass, in a lengthy statement issued to-night, going for the first time into details of the manner in which the bill was formulated, denies that the measure was framed under Wall Street influence.

"If the statement were literally true," he says, "a sufficient answer might be found in the fact that no newspaper in the United States has more bitterly condemned the House bill than The New York Journal of Commerce. It might also be retorted that the Missouri Senator should not make a convenience of his Wall Street antipathies, applying them when it is sought to discredit the House Committee and suppressing them when he gulped down the scheme for a central bank brought to Washington by Frank A. Vanderlip, with the most extensive Wall Street connection in the world, and Henry P. Davison of J. P. Morgan & Co., who figured conspicuously in the Money Trust investigation.

"In point of fact, the statement of Senator Reed is not true further than that Dr. Willis, for nine years Professor of Economics at Washington and Lee University in Virginia and one of the best informed men in the country on the currency, was employed by the Banking and Currency Committee of the House, at my suggestion, to do the expert technical work on the bill, just as he had been employed by the Ways and Means Committee of the Hous to do expert work on the tariff.

"As stated in my speech before the House, every provision of the Currency bill not written by me or some member of the House committee was prepared under my immediate direction after consultation with the President, Senator Owen, and Secretary McAdoo; hence the attempt of Senator Reed to identify the bill with Wall Street is futile.

"The assertion that the bill is 'in no true sense an Administration measure' is completely answered by the statement that nearly all of its fundamental features were agreed upon by the President and me at Princeton and Trenton before Mr. Wilson's inauguration; that every material alteration from the first draft was submitted to the President and his advisers, and by them approved, before the bill was introduced in the House; that the President has many times publicly stated that he stands for the main features of the bill as it passed the House, having repeated this declaration

Continued on Page 3.

$5,000,000 GIFT CONFIRMED.

Metropolitan Museum Prepares to Exhibit Riggs Armor Collection.

Robert W. de Forest, President of the Metropolitan Muesum of Art, confirmed yesterday the announcement in THE TIMES on Sunday that the $5,000,000 collection of arms and armor owned by W. H. Riggs and housed in the building he erected for the purpose in Paris had been presented to the Metropolitan Museum. The Trustees, Mr. de Forest said, had already made arrangements to provide room for exhibiting the collection, which is expected to arrive here from Mr. Riggs's residence in Paris some time this Winter.

"It is true," said Mr. de Forest, "that W. H Riggs has given the Metropolitan Museum of Art his collection following an intention formed, I believe, long ago and certainly well known to his friends and family.

"I am not aware that Mr. Riggs ever entertained any intention of giving his collection elsewhere. While he has for many years lived abroad, his associations were in New York. He was born here. He went to school here. If he were giving his collection to any city in America it would be natural that he would give it to the city with which he had closest relations.

"The Museum intends to announce and describe properly Mr. Riggs's gift when it is received. Until then it is impossible to do so, nor would we be showing our appreciation of Mr. Riggs's gift otherwise than by giving details only when we are in a position to do so."

HIS LOST MIND COMES BACK.

Tarrytown Man, a Hermit for Nine Years, Again Among "the Boys."

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Nine years ago Hyman Levy, for years a merchant here, got a scratch on his leg, and because it did not heal he worried himself into a fit of sickness which practically left his mind a blank. He became a hermit in his home. When prevailed upon to go out, which was seldom, he would walk by his old friends without any sign of recognition.

It was thought that his case was hopeless until three months ago he expressed himself as desirous of going up to Croton Point, where his boys were in camp. The change benefited him, and gradually his mind began to clear. When he came home he started to take an interest in his business, and on Firemen's Day, the latter part of October, he had so far improved that he asked to ride with his old hose company. From that time on he showed steady improvement, and yesterday he gave notice in a local paper that hereafter he would carry on all business relating to his large real estate holdings.

Last week Levy attended a reunion of the Union Hose Company. He told the members how he played politics ten years ago with the then Senator James Irving Burns, and before that with James W. Husted and James K. Apgar. Levy interested his company for two hours with stories of old times, and then gave "the boys" a supper.

Among the old friends Levy asked for were Judge Daniel Armstrong, Sheriff Charles M. Lane, Policeman Thomas Walsh, Abram Storms, former Street Commissioner, and Abraham Derevere, station agent. All have passed away. Levy's mind on what happened ten years ago is as fresh as if the things happened yesterday. What happened while he was ill is a blank to him. He is to-day apparently as well as ever, and says he is glad to be back.

SULZER'S GRAND OLD BIBLE

Printed in 1660 and "in Sulzer Family More Than 300 Years."

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 9.—On the reference desk of the State Library has reposed for several days an old folio Bible, on the fly leaf of which is written:

> This Grand Old Bible has been in the Sulzer family for more than 300 years.
>
> It was willed to Gov. Sulzer by his grandfather.
>
> At the request of friends it is loaned to the New York State Library.
>
> Oct. 20, 1913. WILLIAM SULZER.

The title page gives the place of publication as Amsterdam and the date 1660—253 years ago, not 300. Inside the board cover is written, "Peter Jelleme, Passaic, 1866," also a note of the birth of Peter Jans Jelleme, in 1812, in Wiesland, Holland, and several other births. Under these statements is inscribed:

> MARRIED—In Atlantic City, N. J., Jan. 7, 1908, Clara B. Roedelheim to the Hon. William Sulzer.
>
> Jan. 1, 1913, William Sulzer became Governor of the State of New York.

There is no other written matter in the Bible, whose pages still seem fresh and look as if they had seen little use. On the cover is the imprint of "William F. Bertkan, bookbinder and stationer, 85 Market Street, Paterson, N. J."

The Bible is in plain view of all who enter the reading room, and is inspected by many. Sometimes those who examine the ancient volume smile and say: "The same old Bill."

MUTINY ON BARK AT SEA.

Manga Reva, Bound Round Horn, Returns at Demand of Crew.

LEWES, Del., Nov. 9.—The bark Manga Reva, which cleared from Philadelphia, Oct. 9, for San Francisco, returned to the Delaware Breakwater today, the crew having mutinied, according to Capt. Townsend, commander of the vessel.

Upon the arrival of the bark the Captain asked for the assistance of the United States Marshal, sending a letter ashore to the ship's agent in Lewes. The letter did not give the cause of the mutiny, but the Captain said that he was ill when the outbreak came, and that he and the mate were tied in their berths. They were later released to navigate the ship on a promise that they would return to the Delaware Capes.

Because of stormy weather no communication could be had with the bark to-night. The United States Marshal at Odessa, Del., will go aboard the bark to-morrow. A revenue cutter will also reach the ship to-morrow.

The Manga Reva was formerly the British ship Pyrenees. In 1900, while on a voyage from Tacoma, Wash., to Europe with wheat and barley, she took fire in the Pacific Ocean. After an exciting sixteen-day run for land the ship was beached in Manga Reva Lagoon in the South Pacific. The wreck was sold at auction in San Francisco for $235 to Capt. I. E. Thayer, who fitted out a wrecking expedition, floated the ship in 1902, brought her to port, repaired her, placed her under the American flag and gave her the name of the lagoon in which she had been beached.

The best sanitary cups for offices are "Lily" Cups made by the Public Service Cup Co., B'klyn.—Adv.

BLIZZARD RAGING IN MIDDLE STATES

Western Maryland Reports 18 Inches of Snow and Pennsylvania 10 Inches.

WIRES DOWN, TRAINS HALTED

High Tide Here Tears 250 Boats from Moorings in Jamaica Bay —Cold Wave to Grip Us.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 9.—Western Pennsylvania is seriously crippled to-night by a blizzard. Railway trains and street cars are halted or delayed. Telegraph and telephone wires are down by the mile. By 9 o'clock to-night ten inches of snow had fallen in the heart of the city. In the suburbs and parks the snow had drifted in places to a depth of six feet.

The ten-inch snowfall was four inches more than ever fell in any November day since 1886. The barometer registered 29.06, or about one inch below normal. Throughout the day a wind from the northwest blew forty miles an hour, while the temperature dropped from 48 to 22 degrees in less than fifteen hours.

Preceded by heavy rains Friday and Saturday, snow began falling at 3 o'clock this morning. Within a few hours the wires, poles, and trees were sagging under the heavy weight of wet snow. Before noon railroads, trolley lines, and vehicle traffic were battling to continue operations. Toward evening the thermometer tumbled rapidly, and the water and snow froze. This condition practically demoralized telephone lines.

Shortly after noon the Western Union Telegraph Company reported all wires down to New York, Columbus, and Cleveland. The Postal Telegraph Company was tied up by the storm to all points from here. Telephone wires to the outside were useless. To-night the Western Union succeeded in making a wire circuit to the principal cities east of Pittsburgh and west to Chicago and Louisville. But one wire, however, was working to Cleveland. Later in the night this failed, cutting the Ohio city off from all outside communication.

The Postal Company was unable to reach New York, Baltimore, Washington, and Cleveland from here to-night, and but one wire was working West. For the greater part of the night Oil City, Titusville, and points north of here were cut off from all communication. Efforts to reach West Virginia points other than Wheeling were futile.

Train service east and west of Pittsburgh is seriously handicapped, with through trains running hours late, and trains of less importance held up at division points or annulled entirely.

The storm was passing north in the direction of Lake Erie to-night. Parts of West Virgina and Eastern Ohio are believed to have suffered considerable damage, but attempts to get into communication with these points have been futile.

Special to The New York Times.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Nov. 9.—The heaviest Autumn snowstorm in years prevails west of here. The snow is accompanied by high winds. Telegraph and telephone communication is broken. Train movements are interrupted or halted. From Harrison, West Va., on the Western Maryland Railway west the snow is eighteen inches deep.

Train 36 on the Davis branch of the Western Maryland is snow bound one mile east of Davis. The cuts are filled with drifted snow. The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad reports twelve inches of snow on the Monongah Division west of Grafton. To-night the engine drawing an eastbound freight train on the Western Maryland was derailed in the mountains at Dobbins, West Va., sixty-six miles from Cumberland. The express from Cumberland to Elkins is held back, and, as almost zero weather prevails, the passengers are experiencing much inconvenience. The snow is so blinding that one can see but a few yards ahead. All communications with Elkins, West Va., have been destroyed. Railroad men say the snow there is reaching a depth of two feet.

SNOW AND WIND IN OHIO.

Worst Storm in Many Years—Fire Engines Stalled, Houses Burn.

FINDLAY, Ohio, Nov. 9.—With the thermometer at 20 degrees to-night Findlay is in the grasp of a severe wind and snow storm. Storm records of twenty-seven years have been broken.

EAST LIVERPOOL, Ohio, Nov. 9.—Street railway, telephone and electric light wires are down throughout this section and the city is in darkness. The storm is the worst in many years.

ST. CLAIRSVILLE, Ohio, Nov. 9.—A blizzard is raging over this part of Ohio. Roads are impassable. Wire communication is crippled. A freight train on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad at Speidel has been stalled in a drift for seven hours.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio, Nov. 9.—A record-breaking snowstorm prevailed here to-day and to-night. Railroad and interurban traffic is demoralized. About fourteen inches of snow had fallen up to 10 o'clock to-night. The local Fire Department was unable to respond to several dwelling house fires, and the buildings were destroyed.

STORM ON GREAT LAKES.

Blinding Snow and 48-Mile Gale Send Shipping to Shelter.

DETROIT, Nov. 9.—The most severe snow and wind storm of the present season prevailed over this part of the great lakes region to-day and shipping was forced to seek shelter. Ample warning had been given, however, and to-night the only vessel reported in trouble was the W. G. Pollock of Cleveland, forced on the bank of the St. Clair Flats Canal. Her condition was not regarded as dangerous and it was expected that a tug could pull her off as soon as the wind abated.

The steamer Mary Elphicke of Chicago, which went ashore yesterday off Bar Point, in Lake Erie, has been released and is now in shelter.

The wind to-day attained a velocity of forty-eight miles an hour on shore. The velocity was greater on Lake Erie, and the blinding snowstorm made navigation practically impossible. Weather Bureau officials announced to-night there were no indications that the gale would subside before to-morrow.

BUFFALO, Nov. 9.—There was a heavy fall of snow and sleet to-day all along the south shore of Lake Erie as far east as the Ohio-Pennsylvania line. There was a sharp drop in temperature here and a rising gale at midnight, but no snow had fallen. The Detroit and Cleveland passenger steamers canceled to-

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COUNTESS KILLS ORDERLY.

Wife of Italian Captain Says Husband's Servant Broke Into Her Room

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Dispatches from Genoa gives details of the shooting by Countess Tiepolo-Oggioni of the young Italian Polinanti, her husband's orderly, at San Remo on Saturday. The Countess, who is a descendant of the famous Venetian painter Tiepolo, married Capt. Oggioni ten years ago. She is a beautiful woman, 32 years old.

She declares the orderly entered her room and she killed him in defense of her honor. The dead orderly was a cousin of Germain de Tullio Murra, who after a famous trial some seven years ago was sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment for murdering his brother-in-law, Count Bosmartini. The latter, he alleged, had ill-treated his wife, Tullio Murra's sister. One of the brothers of the Countess some time ago committed suicide because of a love affair.

Yesterday morning Polinanti returned after taking the Countess's two little children to school. Two hours later Mme. Giuliana, living in the flat above that of the Countess, heard a violent knocking on her door. She opened it, and found the Countess, trembling, with an army revolver in her hand.

"I have killed a man!" shrieked the hysterical woman.

Mme. Giuliana hastily closed the door. The distracted Countess staggered up another flight of stairs to another neighbor, Mme. Bosio, who first deprived her of the weapon and then calmed her somewhat.

"I was alone in my room," sobbed the Countess, "when Polinanti, who burst in suddenly, seized me around the waist. I tried to draw back, but he held me fast. I screamed for help, but with his brutal hand he stopped my cry.

"I struggled backward to a little table where my husband's loaded revolver lay. I seized it and fired point blank into his body. Instantly he fell dead."

Polinanti, who is 23, was chosen by Capt. Oggioni as his orderly because of his fondness for the Countess's two little children. The Countess recently underwent a course of treatment for "apoplectic hysteria."

CHEVILLARD DOES 5 LOOPS.

Turns His Aeroplane Over at a Height of Only 150 Feet.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Maurice Chévillard, the French aviator, looped the loop in a biplane five times in succession at Juvisy to-day.

Chévillard's evolutions were performed in a rainstorm. The general comment among spectators and experts afterward was that Pegoud had never given such a daring exhibition, because he turned straight over, end on, and never changed the plane of flight, while Chévillard turned sidewise, and has plane of flight was constantly changing.

Chévillard flew this morning from Etampes to Juvisy, and this afternoon at 3 o'clock left the ground at Juvisy and made a straightaway flight for two minutes. Returning, he made a long volplane by standing on the point of his right wing; then, coming before the stands, he rose to a height of 150 feet, turned upside down, and made another long volplane in this position.

Afterward he rose to a height of 2,500 feet and descended in a series of five loop-the-loops, executed sidewise, the last bringing him within 200 feet of the ground. Then he alighted before the stands amid wild enthusiasm.

UNIONISTS EXULTANT.

Press Thinks Bye-Elections Are a Crushing Blow to Liberals.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, Nov. 10.—Unionist papers are exultant over the results of the Reading and Linlithgow elections, which are described as crushing blows to the Government.

The Times says that the Government has received a warning which must be heeded and cannot possibly be ignored. The results give a striking proof of the real feeling of the country, it thinks, and although the Liberal candidate was re-elected at Linlithgow, the big reduction in his majority was most significant, inasmuch as Irish home rule was the sole issue upon which the election was fought.

The Liberal Daily News, while admitting that the exultation of the Unionists is not unnatural, says the country will not exaggerate the importance of the results and does not believe they indicate any tidal wave against the Government's general policy.

COMSTOCK DODGES BULLETS

Shots Fly Close to Him in a Minneapolis Hold-Up.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 9.—Anthony Comstock of New York came near being the victim of a hold-up man's bullet to-night. The shot, however, was not intended for Mr. Comstock..

The robber entered a confectionery store where Miss Leona Doherty, a clerk, was alone, and, stepping up to the counter, drew a revolver and commanded her to hold up her hands.

Miss Doherty ran to the window, where she attracted the attention of several persons in the street. The robber went out the rear door and ran down a side street, the girl and others in pursuit. Finally the robber turned and fired three or four shots.

Mr. Comstock, on his way to a hall where he was to address the Purity Congress, was passing when the shooting was in progress. He went to a drug store, called Police Headquarters on the telephone, and said:

"I just saw a man shoot at a woman on your principal business street. Now do you call that law and order? The bullets might have hit me. In fact, they came dangerously close to my head."

In his address later Mr. Comstock told of his experience.

END PARLEYS WITH HUERTA, SAYS LIND; WILSON CONFERS ALL DAY ON MEXICO

Huerta's Refusal to Resign Seems Ominous to Mexico City.

INTERVENTION SNEERED AT

Mexicans Much More in Fear of Recognition of the Rebels.

DICTATORSHIP TO CONTINUE

Huerta Predicts That Congress Will Annul Elections, Keeping Him in Office.

FEAR SIEGE OF THE CAPITAL

Mexican Officials Dread the Rebel Attack, if Recognition Is Extended.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 9.—John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative in Mexico, has recommended that all diplomatic negotiations with the republic be terminated.

In view of this and other developments of the day, Government officials, foreign residents, and the people of Mexico realize to-night that the relations between this country and the United States are very much strained.

This serious situation has been brought about by a note issued by President Huerta early this morning.

In this note, as sent to the foreign diplomats, Gen. Huerta, after calling attention to the efforts he has made to pacify the country and dwelling at length upon his reasons for dissolving Congress, makes the direct statement that the newly elected Congress will be installed within a few days and will pass upon the elections of the President and Vice President.

Gen. Huerta reminds the diplomats that prior to the elections he told them that neither he nor Gen. Blanquet would accept an election, on the ground that his own election would be illegal, and he calls to the attention of the diplomatic representatives the conference which he had with the Presidential candidates, at which he obtained their promise to abide by the result of the elections, even should no one obtain the necessary number of votes.

Say Elections Are Plainly Void.

"Now, in view of the fact, according to the reports which the Government has received," continues the note, "that there exists an earnest presumption that, because it has been impossible to carry on voting in the number of polling places prescribed by law, the elections fail to be considered a true manifestation of the will of the people, and because it is foreseen that said Presidential elections will be declared null, the Executive wishes to make known once more to the country and to the whole world that, in accord with this determination, he shall continue exerting himself for the pacification of the country, in order to be able to guarantee absolute freedom and efficacy in the new elections, which Congress must call as a necessary consequence of that declaration.

"In the same manner he wishes to make known once more before his friends and those outside the republic that, being regardful of the law and persuaded that by virtue of his having occupied the post of President of the republic while the elections were being held, he considers himself constitutionally impeded from being validly elected, and he will on no account take into consideration the vote which may have been cast in his favor.

"No matter what may be the resolution of Congress he will not accept in this case the constitutional Presidency of the Republic.

"He relies as President on the solemn promise of the honorable citizens, who figured as candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency and who represent all the political parties of the Republic, and is sure that perfect harmony will reign between the three powers of the union and that the governments of the world will recommend without exception that only the present Government can call new elections and guarantee their freedom and efficacy.

Outlines Programme of Peace.

"He hopes to be able to fulfill easily within the period which Congress shall designate his sacred duty, consulting the national desire to consecrate by the suffrage of the people the executive who is to rule definitely the destinies of the country. Otherwise the realization of the executive's programme would not be possible within a long period of time.

"This programme consists of peace

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Diplomats Dismayed by Plan to Arm Rebels, Who, They Say, Are Guilty of All Outrages

Their Nationals Murdered and Women Attacked by Rebels, Not by Federals—Suggestion that Europe Would Hold Washington Responsible for All Injuries.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO, Nov. 9.—Dismay spread through the city to-day with the publication of reports from Washington that the Administration was considering lifting the embargo on arms and ammunition for the rebels.

Prominent business men and others who have recently come from the north say that this would be "a license to commit wholesale murder." The members of the Diplomatic Corps, it is thought, will energetically oppose this move, recommending that their Governments express their refusal to conform to such a policy.

Some of the diplomats here point out that their nationals in this country have been murdered and their women have been attacked by rebels and not by Federals. It is highly improbable that a meeting of the corps will be called to consider the recommendations since the members of the corps are practically agreed that this is highly undesirable. They will consequently make their representations separately.

It is rumored in the capital to-day that the European Powers expect to hold Washington strictly responsible for such damage as may happen to foreigners, their lives, and interests here, following the lifting of the embargo; or at any rate that they will expect guarantees of American protection for foreigners.

Diplomats refused to make any statement to-day for publication, saying that they did not believe that the United States would take such action without consulting Europe, and that they were not called upon to express any opinion until they had been officially informed of what the Washington Government intended to do.

Politicians here who are closely in touch with the situation say that lifting the embargo on arms would have no permanent effect and would probably result in the complete ruin of the country, since the rebels are unorganized and have no leaders, inspiring confidence except in the districts of the North, where they are better known. The Indians of the South would not yield to them, and probably further uprisings would take place.

In view of this possibility, the Huerta Government has already taken action to foment counter revolutions in the North, and it is understood that it will give arms to the Southern Indians if the United States lifts the embargo.

Such action by Washington would be considered a recognition of the belligerency of the rebels, and might lead to serious consequences. Officials, however, say that they prefer to wait Washington's next move before making any statement.

Persons well in touch with conditions say that such action by the United States would mean nothing but the old trouble over again and that the loss of time would involve the United States in further difficulties with Europe, forcing it to take other action when the country is ruined and the people are starving to such an extent that it would take a generation to compose the country so that self-government could be restored.

Many Fear Carranza's Vengeance.

Hundreds of men who have been involved in public life here and numerous bankers and business men who have been forced to assist Huerta by supplying him with funds state that in case of the embargo on arms is lifted they will leave the country, fearing that Carranza will take vengeance on them if he comes into power. In support of this they point to the law providing for the execution of political enemies, which Carranza recently revived, threatening to apply it to all persons who recognized Huerta or assisted him in any way.

This, it is said here, was applied freely after the fall of Torreon, and was used to satisfy personal vengeance in many cases.

Furthermore, many say that they do not desire to see the country further dragged in ruin, and they will try to get out what they can and make their escape. Many business men are already seriously considering taking inventory of stock, closing their doors and leaving the country.

Long Delay Before Next Elections.

Huerta's note to the diplomats, delivered at 2 o'clock this morning, and outlining his policy in view of the results of the recent elections, leaves no doubt that the elections will be declared invalid, Huerta remaining in office until other elections can be called.

This is practically stated in the note, although he puts it as if it is a hypothetical case; but it is highly possible, in view of the reports on elections received by the government thus far. It is understood, however, that Congress will not declare the elections invalid until about the middle of December, adjourning immediately afterward. The regular session of Congress will be convened in April, when new elections will be considered.

The diplomats, while realizing that the Huerta note contained nothing which had not already been taken for granted, believe that this will clear the atmosphere, forcing the United States to take some action this week.

Political leaders said to-day that they thought that if Wilson allowed the new Congress to meet, it would doubtless grant the European concerns the concessions they desire. This, they argued, would inevitably involve the United States in another embroglio with Europe and particularly with England.

Rumors of British Oil Monopoly.

Unconfirmable rumors are current that a British concern has practically made arrangements to purchase the petroleum monopoly, and that the concession is merely awaiting the approval of the new Congress. The same concern is reported to desire the sole right to construct pipe lines along the whole Gulf Coast, without the necessity of pumping the oil of other companies, as previous concessionaires were obliged to do. A Belgian concern wants a concession, with a subsidy to build 3,000 miles of railway lines, which will also probably be acted upon before Congress takes up the question of elections.

A paper here—which is considered unreliable, however—recently published a report that the Government had sold the Tehuantepec Railway control to Lord Cowdray, who already owns a minority of the stock. This cannot be confirmed, although the same deal was talked of during the Madero régime.

Many other smaller concessions will doubtless be approved, which the Carranzistas, if they come into power, will repudiate.

Government officials stated to-night that it would be impossible for Huerta to outline his future course of action, as this would inevitably depend upon the action taken by the United States in the next few days. One of them said that while the Government had received some indications of the possible action of the United States, the general understanding here was that Washington itself did not know what its next move was to be.

This, the officials think, makes a discreet silence necessary for the present. The same official stated that the relations between the two countries had been strained so long, yet still remain unbroken that the Mexican people generally did not believe the United States would do anything. Moreover, they did not believe Europe would support the United States, and they believed contrary until the United States made the matter plain beyond a doubt.

He went on:

"For instance, the United States is making what amounts to a naval demonstration at Vera Cruz, and nobody outside of a few officials knows it or pays any attention to it."

Serious Friction in Cabinet.

It became known from an authoritative source to-day that there is serious friction in the Cabinet, which is divided into three factions. A crisis is regarded as highly probable this week.

Manuel Garza Aldape, Minister of the Interior, is regarded as the strongest member of the Cabinet. He leads one faction, and is backed by Adolfo De Lama, Minister of Justice, and Leopoldo Rebollar, Minister of Agriculture and Commerce.

General Blanquet stands practically alone since Enrique Goroztieta, Minister of Finance retired from the Cabinet. Blanquet is expected to follow his example at any time.

The third faction is composed of three members of what is known as "the Quadrilateral," consisting of Querido Moheno, Minister of Foreign Relations; Nemesio Garcia Naranjo, Minister of Communications, and José Maria Lozano, Minister of Instruction.

The other member of the Quadrilateral is Francisco Olaguibel, Sub-Secretary of Foreign Relations, who has some influence, although no voice in the Cabinet meetings.

It is understood that the Cabinet has reached a practical deadlock, Garza Aldape standing out against the other two factions despite his slight support. It is regarded as improbable that this can last long.

John Lind continues inactive and silent. He sees no one. It is understood that he has but litle to do with what is going on at the United States Embassy.

Bayard Hale in Tucson and Silent.

Special to The New York Times.

TUCSON, Ariz., Nov. 9.—Dr. William Bayard Hale, who is reported to be a special representative of President Wilson in negotiations with Carranza, has returned, but will make no statement. He speaks of himself as a private person traveling for pleasure.

Latest Shipping News.

ARRIVED—SS Prinz Segismund, Inagua, Nov. 6. SS Guantanamo, Progresso, Nov. 3.

ARRIVED.—S.S. Brazos—San Juan, Nov. 5.

A pony glass of Dr. Siegert's ANGOSTURA BITTERS before meals, a delicious appetizer.—Adv.

President Calls Members of Foreign Relations Committee.

RUMOR OF A TIME LIMIT

Washington Said to Have Given Huerta Until To-night to Quit.

MAY GIVE HELP TO CARRANZA

Plan of Lifting the Embargo on Arms Grows in Favor.

INTERVENTION LAST RESORT

Concerted Action with Foreign Governments Considered, but Not Desired.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—President Wilson and Secretary Bryan now know that President Huerta will not relinquish the Presidency of Mexico. His signed statement to that effect addressed to THE NEW YORK TIMES last night and his declaration to the members of the Diplomatic Corps in Mexico City at an early hour this morning destroyed the Administration's last faint hope that the Mexican dictator would yield to its insistent efforts to persuade him to fulfill his prior declaration of his intention to resign.

It is hardly going too far to say that the expected crisis in the Mexican situation is at hand. While no statement throwing any light upon the present serious aspect of affairs is forthcoming from the State Department or the White House to-night, the concern of President Wilson was very clearly shown by the fact that he abandoned his practice of seeing no visitors on Sunday and continued to-day the conferences begun yesterday with members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, whose views he sought as to the proper course for this Government to pursue in the face of the defiant attitude of President Huerta.

Among those with whom he talked were Senators Borah and McCumber, Republican members of the Foreign Relations Committee. He spent nearly two hours with them in a general discussion of the situation. To-night the President conferred at length with Secretary Bryan.

From the way the President's callers talked, the situation is rapidly approaching a climax, and some definite developments are expected immediately. Officially no copy of the statement of Provisional President Huerta to the Diplomatic Corps last night had been received, nor had the formal reply to the American demand that Huerta resign arrived.

Nothing to confirm Mexico City dispatches that Mr. Lind had advised that diplomatic negotiations with Huerta be terminated could be obtained in Washington to-night. Secretary Bryan and other Administration officials declined to give any information as to the character of their advices from Mexico City, and President Wilson has been careful not to tell his callers anything concerning his advices from Mr. Lind.

The repeated reports that the recent American representations to the Huerta Government indicated that Gen. Huerta would be given a time limit within which to resign are not borne out by any information obtainable here, although in official circles to-night it was a matter of general report that the United States had given Huerta until to-morrow night to reply.

It is thought probable that the United States has called on Gen. Huerta to make a definite declaration of his intentions with reference to the Presidency, and that he has been informed that the United States desires to receive his answer within a prescribed period.

This course would be in harmony with the inquiries that President Wilson is making to ascertain whether lifting the embargo on the exportation of arms from the United States to Mexico will meet with the approval of Congress. It is suggested that the removal of the embargo would be more effective if promulgated without delay, and that the President is anxious to know as soon as possible what Gen. Huerta's intentions are in order that he may determine at once his policy in this respect.

It is gathered to-night that, although the President has not determined on a definite line of policy to pursue with regard to Mexico, he has reached the conclusion that the situation can be met by one of four different methods. Armed intervention is included among these, but although the President appears to be as firmly opposed as ever to that method, as has been pointed out in these dispatches, the idea is framing itself in his mind that this drastic course can hardly be avoided if he is to accomplish his set purpose of driving Huerta from power.

Four Courses Under Consideration.

Briefly stated, the methods of procedure which the Administration is understood to be considering are as follows:

1. Concerted action by foreign Gov-

ernments to compel Huerta to accede to the requirements laid down by the United States.

2. Lifting the embargo on the exportation of arms and munitions of war from the United States for the use of the Mexican revolutionary forces.
3. Emphasizing the lifting of the embargo by a policy of virtually granting "aid and comfort" to the revolutionary forces by supplying them with arms, ammunition, and other supplies that will enable them to make more effective their campaign to dislodge the Huerta Government.
4. Armed intervention, but only as a last resort after every other means of bringing order out of chaos in Mexico has been exhausted.

The statements made by the President yesterday and to-day in discussing the Mexican situation with those from whom he sought advice, showed that he was still undetermined as to what course would best meet the situation produced by Huerta's refusal to step down and out.

But it was clear that, outside of the hope that foreign Governments might find it expedient, without an invitation from the United States to back up the efforts of this Government to induce Huerta to retire, the idea uppermost in the President's mind as a means of meeting the problem immediately was to issue a proclamation lifting the embargo on munitions of war into Mexican territory. The Constitutionalists have indicated clearly that this is the boon they desire most. Gen. Carranza has stated through the columns of THE NEW YORK TIMES and in other ways that, with no restriction in obtaining arms and ammunition from the United States for the use of his forces, he will be able to lead his followers to victory against the Federal forces and oust Huerta from the Presidency.

May Grant Carranza's Request.

The President, if one may judge by what he has said to those upon whom he has called for advice within the past forty-eight hours, is very much inclined to take Gen. Carranza and other Constitutionalist leaders at their word. He is understood to believe that the lifting of the embargo cannot properly be made the subject of any protest by foreign nations, for the reason that some of them have been active in supplying materials of war to the Federals through shipments landed at Vera Cruz and other ports.

While the President is still seeking counsel along this particular line, everything indicates that his first move against Gen. Huerta will be an order or proclamation removing the restrictions on the exportation of arms and ammunition and other war supplies from the United States into Mexican territory.

The President's concern is obvious to those who have talked with him about affairs in Mexico. Curiously enough, in the face of his continued insistence that Gen. Huerta should retire from office, his remarks have indicated worry over what might occur if Huerta should comply with the virtual demand of the United States.

The President, it was plain, showed apprehension that, with Huerta retired from the management of affairs, a condition practically amounting to anarchy might be produced in Mexico and the situation in that country might become worse than it is now. That this Government might be greatly embarrassed and possibly deeply involved through such an outcome has been taken into account by the President, and his concern over it has been shown in his discussion with those whom he has called in for consultation as to the means to be pursued in ending the present state of affairs in Mexico.

The next step in the view of some of those who have talked with the President within the last two days—since he began summoning members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee—will be an announcement by the United States, not only reiterating its refusal to recognize the Huerta Government, but making it clear to the world that it will refuse to recognize any acts of the new Congress soon to be convened by Huerta.

The Washington Government, it is understood, will not undertake to guarantee any business or commercial relations with the Huerta régime, and will, in all probability, stand by any legally constituted Government which in the future may repudiate the loans or transactions of the present Government.

Following their conference with the President to-day Senators McCumber and Borah declined to talk of what the President had told them, but they expressed their own views later. Senator Borah told the President that in his opinion even if should Huerta accede to the American request for his resignation at this time, there would be no responsible person or persons to establish a government in his place.

The Idaho Senator suggested that if the embargo on arms were lifted the Constitutionalists could probably get possession of the reins of government in Mexico City in about thirty days and that the United States ought to give them an opportunity to establish themselves. Should they fail, he believes, the United States might consider other steps when that contingency arises.

Senator McCumber believes the embargo on arms should be raised, but realizes the position of the President, he said, in being unwilling to send munitions of war into the rebellion-torn Republic, which might add to the inhumanity of the fighting. He thinks the Huerta regime is in such financial distress that it will soon collapse of its own accord.

H. Peroz Romero, Washington agent of the Constitutionalists, left this evening for Nogales, Ariz., to consult with Gen. Carranza, leader of the Constitutionalist forces. It cannot be ascertained whether Mr. Romero's departure was due to any intimation from the Administration that the Carranza forces were to obtain help from the United States. The Administration has endevored to maintain strict neutrality between the Federal Government of Mexico and the Constitutionalists. For this reason and from the knowledge of what has taken place between the President and those with whom he is consulting, concerning Mexican affairs, it is probable that Mr. Romero's mission has not been sanctioned in any way by the United States Government. Mr. Romero is a brother of Mrs. Francisco I. Madero, widow of the late President of Mexico.

Means to Act Alone.

Although there have been persistent reports that this Government is seeking the co-operation of foreign nations in its efforts to oust Huerta, it is known that the Administration has pursued a consistent policy of avoiding such co-operation. Its attitude in this particular was indicated recently when the foreign Governments that have diplomatic representatives in the City of Mexico were asked to take no action with respect to the Mexican situation until the United States had an opportunity of determining what its course would be, following the announcement of the result of the elections of Oct. 26.

The Administration has no present intention of abandoning this attitude. It regards the Mexican situation as an American affair, and while it does not hesitate to admit that foreign Governments are deeply concerned because of the interests of their citizens and subjects in that country, it takes the position that the United States should be permitted to handle the situation without foreign co-operation or interference. It is on this account that the Administration feels that it should not seek the assistance of European powers in its effort to persuade Gen. Huerta that his own honor and the good of his country demand that he should retire from office.

At the same time, however, as was shown in the conference between President Wilson and Senators yesterday and to-day, it would not be displeasing to the Administration if the foreign Governments concerned brought pressure to bear on Gen. Huerta in this connection. But the Administration does not care to make this suggestion in a formal way. It goes without saying, however, among those acquainted with the Administration's views, that assistance of this sort will be deeply appreciated in Washington.

The idea of lifting the embargo on arms is not popular in Administration circles in spite of the fact that the President's mind tends in that direction. Very recently he was opposed to this plan of seeking to bring the Huerta regime to an end.

The proposal has met favor, however, among members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, and it is believed that if a vote were taken in the committee on the proposition, an overwhelming vote would be found recorded for it. Apparently, the President has been persuaded by members of the committee with whom he has been in active consultation for two days, that this course is necessary to meet immediate considerations, and that it will have the merit of causing a postponement of a resort to intervention.

SAYS NO DESPOT CAN RULE MEXICO

Covarubbias, Ex-Envoy of Huerta, Says Dictatorship Is Doomed.

CONDEMNS H. L. WILSON

As Hastening to Recognize a Usurper Against the Interests of the United States.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Monday, Nov. 10.—Señor Covarubbias, who resigned the post of Mexican Minister to Russia because he was so much out of sympathy with President Huerta's policy, and whose name has been widely mentioned as a possible candidate for the Mexican Presidency, has given The Daily Telegraph a striking exposition of the present situation in Mexico.

He says that Gen. Porfirio Diaz vacated the Presidency because he saw plainly that he had cast in his lot with an element which could not rise in Mexico any longer, since conditions there had changed altogether. The revolt against him was due mainly to the impetus which he himself had given to the material progress of the country.

Señor Covarubbias goes on to speak of the assistance which Diaz received from foreign speculators and concessionaires, which led to a small group of politicians, financiers, and landowners obtaining a monopoly in land, and even practically owning the consciences of the people through the clergy. He points out the fact that, although the area of Mexico is fourteen times that of England, the number of landlords is only a few hundred, one of them owning 16,000,000 acres, yet paying taxes on an assessment of only $200,000.

With regard to President Madero, Señor Covarubbias says that his overthrow was the result of the opposition of the aristocracy, which, with its resources increased as the beneficiaries of a long period of prosperity, began to strive again for power and had recourse to all methods of corruption, first of some of the revolutionists themselves, and then of the army.

He says that in the demand which then arose for the re-establishment of the iron rule of Diaz, the European press was not the only agent of propaganda in favor of a merciless dictatorship. Representatives of European Powers in Mexico, and even the American Ambassador, more allied with the interests of his colleagues than with those of his own country or of democracy, not only hastened to recognize the violent usurpation of power, but largely contributed to bias their own Governments and to disseminate the idea that the overthrow of Madero would quickly put an end to "chaos" and bring about a new era of peace and prosperity for Mexico—another period of long dictatorship similar to that of Diaz.

"At the present time," says Señor Covarubbias, "nothing could be more absurd than the idea of Mexico submitting again to a dictatorship like that of Diaz, when he himself has found that his methods have become obsolete. A new light has dawned in the conscience of the Mexican people. The democratic ideals, seen in practice and in good working order at the very doors of their country, are deeply rooted in their hearts. It is noteworthy that the two most important revolutionary movements—one headed by Madero and the other by Carranza—have been more acute in northern than in southern Mexico; that is to say, in that part of the country having close contact with a true democracy rather than with one that receives inspiration only from the centre.

"So completely prejudiced have been foreigners, who naturally know very little of the country, by efforts of a persevering but sordid minority of Mexicans, that in their propaganda in favor of an impossible Government for Mexico they are jeopardizing their most legitimate interests in the country; in fact, the only means of ending the revolutions which do so much damage to foreign enterprises in Mexico is the establishment of a true democratic Government, because, as the present temper of the people goes, every attempt at dictatorship breeds endless strife and is doomed to failure.

"But, supposing it possible to establish there a strong military Government; to be called strong in such a vast mountainous country it would require a standing army so numerous that the total revenues of Mexico would not be sufficient even for its maintenance, without counting other necessary expenses.

Referring to the recent increase of the pay of the army by 50 to 100 per cent., and to the possibility of the successor of Huerta making still further increases, Señor Covarubbias says that as the only wealth of Mexico is its natural resources, foreign enterprises would have to be taxed to such an extent that many would be wiped out of existence. A foretaste of the situation which is being courted by foreign concessionaires and partisans of a dictatorship, he says, is the project now being considered of heavily taxing petroleum, or even nationalizing it, to use the term employed by the present incumbent of the Mexican Foreign Office.

The best interests, therefore, of foreign enterprises in Mexico are indissolubly bound up with the failure and discrediting of the latest military uprising and usurpation of power. Its success and glorification only make more difficult, or even impossible, in future to preserve the loyalty of the army to constitutional government.

MONTEREY BATTLE-RIDDLED.

Fire and Dynamite Add to Horrors of Cannonading—Big Loss of Life.

LAREDO, Texas, Nov. 9.—Warfare without quarter, with the opposing armies burning and dynamiting official and business buildings, residences, freight cars, and other railroad property, has been waged at Monterey, Mexico, between the defending Federals and besieging Constitutionalists. Some of the unremitting fierceness of the struggle, particularly in the engagements of Oct. 23 and 24, when the Constitutionalists occupied a large portion of the city, is pictured in Zig Zig, an illustrated weekly published at Monterey, copies of which reached Laredo to-day.

Many dead were left in the streets until a lull in the fighting should afford time for burning the bodies. A view of Cuauhtemoc Street, near the National Railway Station, where the conflict centred, showed an entire block destroyed by fire and cannonading, with numerous bodies in the ruins. Gen. Miguel, whose residence was one of the finest in Northern Mexico, was burned to death when Constitutionalists destroyed his house by fire.

Constitutionalists captured the barrack of the First Federal Battalion and used it for an arsenal, but lost it when a Federal torpedo wrecked the building, killing many rebels. The north façade of the Governor's Palace was shot away.

The property loss was immense. The railroads alone estimate their damage at $7,000,000. In the yards 658 cars, many loaded with merchandise, were burned. The round house and more than twenty engines were destroyed.

The loss of life was heavy, but exact figures were not given.

GERMAN JINGOES WARNED.

Press Critics of Our Mexican Policy Censured by Their Countrymen.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—The attitude of the German press toward the American policy in Mexico is so violently hostile that the newspapers are now being cautioned against bringing Germany's vaunted friendship for the United States under strong suspicion. Herr von Rath, a well known publicist, writing in to-day's Tag, counsels the Kaiser's Government to beware of going too far in aligning itself with "England's pro-Huerta policy." He says that if Germany follows up its anti-San Francisco attitude by anti-American tactics in Mexico the Kaiser's policy of friendship with the United States will become a laughing stock. Herr von Rath says that the time for Germany to oppose the United States in Mexico will come only when American influence there threatens to fetter German commercial liberty.

Guenther Thomas, the Berlin representative of the New York Staats-Zeitung, also contributes a timely article in the Tag, reminding his countrymen that America may be presumed to know a little better than anybody else whether Huerta is entitled to the world's confidence. Mr. Thomas asserts that the campaign of vituperation of the United States and President Wilson which is now going on in the columns of the German press can only react upon Germans themselves and is not designed to foster pro-German sentiment in America.

JAPANESE WITH VILLA.

Act as Gunners Before Chihuahua—Rebels Blown Up—Attack Orozco.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, Nov. 9.—Japanese were with Villa before Chihuahua, and from the centre of the city could be seen operating the machine guns in the trenches at Europea Hill. They were recruited at Torreon, and a number were killed during the engagement. Col. Aldres de Lujon, one of Gen. Marcelo Caraveo's officers, was killed while going to the rescue of a detachment of twelve sharpshooters who were cut off from the right wing and were being cut to pieces by the Japanese gunners.

Trains have been sent to Gallegos, south of Juarez, to bring back the dead, wounded, and prisoners from the battle of Santa Clara canyon, fought on Saturday afternoon. Red Cross nurses accompanied the train. Hospitals and residences in Juarez have been equipped with cots.

Seven rebel shells fell into the Porfirio Diaz Hospital, killing a nurse. A family living in the Paseo Bolivar were killed by a shell from Villa's cannon that entered their house while they were asleep.

Gen. Pascual Orozco's command is reported to have lost one killed and six wounded.

Four hundred rebels forced their way on Friday afternoon to the Nacional Panteon, a theatre in the very heart of the capital. Only the explosion of mines planted in the open space in front of the theatre prevented them retaining their position. Many were killed by the explosion and nearly 200 wounded. The remainder were driven out.

On Friday night 1,000 rebels launched a furious attack against the position held by Gen. Orozco, near Lapresa del Chuviscar, an outlying suburb. The engagement lasted two hours, and Orozco led a counter-charge against the attackers, who were finally driven off. At one time it appeared as though Caraveo's brigade, which fought thirty-six hours without a rest, was about to be hurled back into the city from its post on the southern edge. At midnight on Friday Caraveo had lost forty men killed and about seventy-five wounded. At 4 o'clock on Saturday morning the last concerted attack was delivered, the rebels withdrawing, leaving many dead and wounded. The defenders lost ten men.

SUPPLY SHIP COMING HERE.

The Culgoa Hurrying to New York to Load for Vera Cruz.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 9.—With orders to hurry to New York for supplies needed by the battleships in Mexican waters, the supply ship Culgoa, with a full crew and reserves, sailed late this afternoon. She is expected to reach her destination to-morrow afternoon. The crew of the Culgoa was armed, and ammunition for her three-pounders was aboard. The ship also took on a supply of bunker coal.

As the battleships recently arriving at Vera Cruz were provisioned for months of actual service, little credence was placed in the statement that the Culgoa's cargo was to be used to restock their depleted storerooms. It is believed it is a step of the Navy Department to have ample supplies at hand in Mexican waters, in anticipation of trouble with that nation. Also to provide supplies for an extra force of marines.

The Culgoa is under orders to clear from New York by Wednesday night for Vera Cruz. There is no abatement in the activities in the Navy Yard and training station.

Accepts Call to Brooklyn Church.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 9.—The Rev. Frank I. Hancom, pastor of the Pilgrim Congregational Church, announced to-day that he had accepted a call to the Lewis Avenue Congregational Church of Brooklyn. He has been pastor here for three years.

END PARLEYS WITH HUERTA, SAYS LIND

Continued from Page 1.

and legality, which are the only mediums in which elections may become an expression of the free popular will and in which the individual, native as well as foreign, may enjoy full guarantees.

"Only under such conditions can the economic developments in the republic permit all social classes to gather the fruits of their labor and the product of their capital."

At the American Embassy it is regarded as logical that Washington, perhaps to-morrow, will furnish vital developments in the relations between the two countries. This assumption is based on the Washington note to Gen. Huerta, in which Huerta is assured that refusal to comply with the American demands will result in President Wilson's applying to Congress for power to use sterner methods, and the threat to place a time limit on Huerta's continuance in office.

It is thought that President Huerta's open note to the diplomats will make it impossible for Washington longer to withhold the exact character of Huerta's reply, which was made last week, and that this publicity will make some more definite step necessary immediately.

Mexicans Sneer at Intervention.

More uneasiness is apparent at the American Embassy than at the National Palace. At the palace the opinion was freely expressed, not infrequently accompanied by sneers, that the United States would never intervene in Mexico.

Mr. Lind is fully cognizant of the delicate situation, and awaits with keen interest word from President Wilson and Secretary Bryan, but to-day he received only assurances that the President was interested in certain developments and a request for the continuance of his observations. Mr. Lind expressed the view that this waiting policy would not be continued for many days.

Opinion in Mexico is widely divergent as to what Washington's attitude will be now. In some quarters it is thought that President Wilson may recommend neither intervention nor direct assistance of the rebels by means of recognition of their belligerency, but that he may issue a note to the powers setting forth that hereafter the United States will regard Mexico as a non-existent nation and repudiate all her acts, whether allegedly legal or otherwise.

Mexicans Fear Aid to Rebels.

Of these three courses the Mexican officials fear most, perhaps, the latter two, realizing that either would materially strengthen the rebel cause. Intervention, it is believed by a majority of those in the capital—foreigners as well as Mexicans—would be a much more merciful and humane method of restoring order. It is pointed out that strengthening the rebel cause would almost certainly mean the subjection of Mexico City to a long and terrible siege, that probably would terminate in scenes of bloodshed and sacking far worse than any yet witnessed in the republic.

This argument is based by those who advance it on the assumption that the Government would bring into the capital a force sufficiently large to defend it for many weeks and that the besiegers would include not only the elements of the northern rebellion, but thousands of adherents of Zapata, notorious for their cruelties and barbarism.

Although Mr. Lind appears not to have made much progress toward altering the opinions of the British Minister, Sir Lionel Carden, his relations with the German Minister, Admiral Paul von Hintze, seem to be much closer. The Admiral was the guest of Mr. Lind at luncheon to-day.

IRON BAR BLOCKS TRAFFIC IN SUBWAY

Dropped on Third Rail by a Workman, It Stops Trains for Nearly Half an Hour.

SETS WOODEN FENDER AFIRE

Smoke Causes Women to Flee from Platforms and Alarms Those in Stalled Cars.

Much excitement was caused in the Subway at 9:02 o'clock last night, when a workman dropped an iron bar on the third rail 100 feet north of the Seventy-second Street Station while hurrying along the southbound local tracks to get out of the way of a train. There was a flash of fire, followed by a muffled report, as the bar made a short circuit. Then the workman shouted a warning that startled the hundred or more passengers—many of them women—who were standing on the platform of the station.

Smoke began to puff its way out of the tube, and jets of flame could be seen as the wooden protector over the third rail became ignited. That was enough for the women, and they dashed up the stairway, pushing the ticket chopper aside, heedless of his protestations that there was no danger. Fortunately no one was injured, although for a time the rush resembled a mass football play. By the time the platform was cleared the station was filled with a dense cloud of smoke, which soon had the employes coughing and choking as they busied themselves at the task of repairing the damage.

According to the best information which could be obtained the power on all tracks was shut off between Ninety-sixth Street and Fifty-third Street, by the short circuit. From then until 9:17 o'clock not a train either on the local or express tracks moved a foot. Then came the order to turn on the power again. More trouble followed, and it was found necessary to turn the power off on the local southbound track for eleven minutes more.

It was just 9:28 when all the trains were moving again. The express lines, it was said, had been held up only during the first fifteen minutes of the trouble. The longer delay on the southbound local track was due in part to the necessity of repairing the damaged guard rail and other wooden sections described as the "running rails," which had been burned.

During the tie-up cars stalled between Ninety-sixth and Fifty-third Streets were in darkness, and while the power was on in other sections no effort was made to get trains past the trouble zone. The unimportant accident, therefore, practically tied up the entire Subway system for nearly fifteen minutes.

The smoke caused by the short circuit which failed to escape up the Seventy-second Street Station after the fleeing passengers spread through the tubes for many blocks, causing some alarm among those on the stalled cars. There was little or no excitement, however, as the word was carried through the cars that there was no danger and that trains soon would be moving again.

WAR ON IMMORAL STAGE.

Bishop of London Says He Will Lead in the Battle.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The Bishop of London to-day issued a call to arms for the campaign which the Established Church is about to undertake for "a clean and pure moral life." The activities are mainly directed against what is described in some quarters as the low moral tone of productions now seen on the vaudeville stage.

The Bishop of Kensington's appeal to the Lord Chamberlain in reference to Gaby Desly's performance at the Palace Theatre led to much discussion of the Church's attitude, and whether it had the right to criticise any play on the ground that the question of morality or immorality depended on the view taken by the person.

The Bishop of London, preaching to-day on the subject, said the Church had been challenged as to whether there was any standard morality and whether the Church was strong enough to assert it. Most gladly, he said, he took up the glove that had been thrown down and they would begin a vigorous campaign for a clean and pure moral life. He summoned the ranks of Christian people in London to stand by him and he would lead them to battle.

HEAVY GALES DELAY ATLANTIC LINERS

Celtic Reports Slowest Day's Run in Her History and High Seas Check Other Ships.

STORMS RIVAL LAST YEAR

And That Was Thought to Establish a Record for Continuous Bad Weather on Ocean Highway.

Capt. A. E. S. Hambelton of the White Star liner Celtic, which arrived yesterday from Liverpool thirty-six hours late, owing to a stormy voyage, said it seemed to him that the weather in the Atlantic was growing worse each Winter. He suffered from neuritis in his left shoulder and arm on the trip, which was aggravated by the extra time he had to spend on the bridge. The ship's worst run was from Monday to Tuesday, when she made 151 miles. This was the poorest showing for twenty-four hours made by the Celtic since she entered the Atlantic service, Capt. Hambelton said. The best run was made on Saturday, when the ship covered 407 miles. The passage of 2,810 miles from Daunt's Rock to the Ambrose Channel Lightship consumed 8 days, 23 hours and 46 minutes.

"From the time we passed the Fastnet on Friday, with a southwest gale and high sea, until the following Thursday morning there was no let-up. It just blew and blew and blew. The worst part of the voyage was from Monday to Wednesday, when we passed through snow, hail, lightning, thunder, and torrential rains. The gale, which veered to the west, blew with hurricane force in the squalls, and the ship pitched in the heavy head seas, but did not take aboard any water to speak of.

"I thought that last Winter was bad enough, and that the three months of continuous storms we had then would never be surpassed, but this month bids fair to eclipse the record if the last ten days are any sample of what is to come.

"When the Celtic was dipping her bows into the big waves in mid-ocean a wireless message was received from Capt. Arthur R. Mills of the American liner Philadelphia, bound east for Southampton.

"'We are rolling some,' it read."

For the last eight days the Atlantic liners westbound have been late arriving in New York. The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse was twenty-four hours late and so was the White Star liner Oceanic. The Cunarder Caronia, with the Saturday mails, will get to her pier this morning, thirty-six hours late, and the Cameronia of the Anchor Line will arrive to-morrow, forty-eight hours late from Glasgow. The Hamburg-American steamship Pretoria, with many immigrants, will arrive this afternoon, sixteen days out from Hamburg. The French liner Savoie, from Havre, docked yesterday morning, twenty-four hours late, with the French mails, after what Capt. Tourrette said was one of the worst trips he had known.

According to the wireless messages received yesterday the Red Star steamer Vaderland, Holland-America steamer Ryndam, the Minnewaska of the Atlantic Transport Line, and the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm of the North German Lloyd, have all been delayed by the westerly gales and head seas, but should arrive to-morrow or on Wednesday.

BLIZZARD RAGING IN MIDDLE STATES

Continued from Page 1.

night's sailings. Considerable anxiety was felt for the safety of downbound freighters with grain cargoes on board.

GALE BATTERS CHICAGO.

Lake Level Raised Four Feet by Fierce North Gale—Two Lives Lost.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—A forty-four-mile gale from the North piled Lake Michigan up against Chicago to-day, causing two deaths and damage estimated at $250,000. Much of the loss was in Lincoln Park, where more than $150,000 will be required to replace land carried away by the high seas. The lake was raised four feet by the wind and the waves were of unusual proportions. Some of the results of the storm are:

Antone Ziupsuys, attempting to catch his hat, blown from a bridge crossing the river at West Twenty-second Street and drowned.

An unidentified man blown into the river and drowned near Fuller and Lock Streets.

Carter Harrison, Lakeview, and Four-mile cribs wrecked.

The three-masted schooner C. J. Buys hoisted distress signals this afternoon while trying to run into harbor. A life-saving crew went out, but was unable to help the schooner, and she was left to ride the sea with double anchors. Other boats seemed to be having hard work, but did not call for help.

Jackson Park was flooded half a mile from shore.

INDIANA STORM-SWEPT.

Snow 12 Inches Deep—Transportation and Wire Service Crippled.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 9.—A blizzard swept over Indiana to-day, crippling transportation and wire service. The mercury dropped to 27 degrees here.

The fall of snow ranged from twelve inches at Plymouth to half an inch in the southern part of the State.

HIGH TIDE WRECKS BOATS.

Tears 250 from Moorings in Jamaica Bay, Sinking Some.

After a day of rain, in the wake of a wind that blew from the southeast at a rate of more than sixty miles an hour, there came with the night yesterday the highest and most savage tide the Rockaways and Coney Island had known in years. To-day it will be colder. From the weather man at Washington come the cheerless tidings that the early part of this week will see freezing weather as far south as Florida.

The rain that had drenched the coast at noontime yesterday had ceased, and the wind that had blown so stiff a gale in the early afternoon had begun to subside a little, when the tide started to rise menacingly, and by 6 o'clock not a single boat that had been resting in the waters at the edge of Jamaica Bay was left at her moorings. Motor boats, launches of every description, and rowboats, frail and stout alike, were washed free, and when darkness settled over the bay it was estimated that between 250 and 300 craft were tossing about beyond hope of recovery until the sea should grow quiet again.

None was so hardy as to venture out to gather in some of the tossing boats, and the extent of the havoc could be seen only by the lights along the trestle of the railway across the bay and the searchlight that swept from the fire house at Broad Channel. But this light was enough to show the excited crowd on shore that the boats were crashing into one another, that some were already hopelessly damaged, and that many another had been run into and was sinking.

Those who saw the 80-foot boat float in front of the Delevan Hotel at Broad Channel lifted completely off its piles and carried a quarter of a mile to the west could testify to the force of the tide, as could those who saw the 45-foot float of the Empire Fishing Club washed free and swept along 300 yards, dragging several boats with it and smashing them to driftwood.

But the height of the tide and the fierceness of the wind were felt most keenly by the four men and two women from the Enterprise Boat Club whom Capt. Joseph Hart and his mate, Fred Schulz, had started to take from Broad Channel to Hook Creek, near Jamaica, in Hart's 28-foot naphtha launch the Ghost. The fury of tide and wind struck them between Broad Channel and The Raunt and swept them against the piles of the railroad trestle. The launch was smashing helplessly against the trestle when the sound of the police whistle which one of the men kept blowing brought to their rescue Capt. Edward Wentworth with his 25-foot launch the Calvert. The Calvert was anchored near by, and the anchor had held. This hardy craft took all the Ghost's company on board and started with them back to Broad Channel, which was reached in safety, despite the buffeting of the waves. Just after she pulled away from the trestle the Ghost went down, and the water there, with the tide running as it was, was more than twenty feet deep.

TRAGEDY NEAR WHITE HOUSE

C. W. Rowzee of New York Kills a Man and Shoots Himself.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 9.—On New York Avenue, within two blocks of the White House, early this morning Joseph D. Rogerson, proprietor of a lunch room, was shot dead in his establishment by Clarence W. Rowzee, a chauffeur of 137 West Thirty-seventh Street, New York City. Rowzee fired three bullets into Rogerson's head and then shot himself. He is at the Emergency Hospital and has a fighting chance for recovery. The police lay the tragedy to Rowzee's jealousy of his wife.

Mrs. Rowzee told the police that she and Rowzee were married last November, but had been separated for three months. She said she left Rowzee because she heard he had another wife in New York, from whom he had not been divorced. She denied that Rogerson had been attentive to her but said her husband had threatened to kill her.

Mrs. Rogerson told the police that her husband had said Rowzee had made threats against him. There were no witnesses of the tragedy. Rogerson was behind the counter when Rowzee entered the lunch room and began talking. In a few minutes employes in the kitchen heard the shooting, and on running out found the men on the floor.

THREE MORE WOMEN TAKE BICHLORIDE

Brooklyn Invalid Said It Was an Accident, but Two in Jersey Wanted to Die.

CALLED HUSBAND TO AID HER

Wife Long a Sufferer from Nervousness Said She Took Poison in Mistake for Her Medicine.

The long list of bichloride of mercury poisoning cases was increased by three yesterday, with the report of one from Paterson, one from Newark, and one from Brooklyn. In the two New Jersey cases the poison was taken purposely. In the Brooklyn case this was a matter of doubt, the police calling it attempted suicide and the family calling it an accident.

It was at 9 o'clock last night that Mrs. Harry Weisberger was taken from her home at 484 Kosciusko Street, Brooklyn, to the Bushwick Hospital, having swallowed three tablets of the poison. She had been a nervous invalid for two years, during which she had lost a hundred pounds in weight, and early last evening she was frantic with pain. It was then that she swallowed the poison.

According to her husband, who is an advertising solicitor, Mrs. Weisberger came from her medicine closet crying out to him that she had swallowed bichloride by mistake, and begging him to save her. He had read enough of the many recent cases to know that milk was the first remedy, and he gave her milk. Then he telephoned to his own physician and by his advice had his wife sent to the hospital, where her case was recognized as grave. The police, after their investigation, put the case down on the blotter of the Gates Avenue Station as attempted suicide, and the poisoned woman is a prisoner at the Bushwick Hospital.

When Henry Terrill of 42 Thomas Street, Newark, N. J., walked out of the front door of his home last night he found a well-dressed young woman sitting on his stoop. She told him she had taken poison. A friend of Terrill, Charles Ferriday, summoned an ambulance, and the young woman was taken to St. Barnaba's Hospital. There it was found she had swallowed bichloride of mercury tablets and was likely to die. She refused to answer questions or give any information as to her identity. She is about 26 years old, 5 feet 8 inches tall, weighs between 150 and 160 pounds, and has a dark complexion. She had on a gray checked skirt, white waist, black coat and black hat, and carried an empty handbag.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 9.—Although she took bichloride of mercury tablets and morphine, Noma Earle, 22 years old, will live. Physicians at the Paterson General Hospital, where the young woman is a patient, succeeded in counteracting the poison within an hour after she took it.

Noma Earle came to Paterson recently and took rooms at the home of Mrs. Mary Glett, 153 Van Houten Street. This afternoon she came downstairs and told Mrs. Glett she was tired of life and had just taken morphine. Mrs. Glett did not believe her, but the girl then said, "This will insure a good job," and swallowed a bichloride of mercury tablet. She was rushed to the General Hospital, and prompt action will save her life.

Detectives Elvin and Close spent three hours trying to get some definite information about the girl, but when she was able to speak she refused to tell who she was or why she took the poison.

It was learned that the young woman had come to Paterson in search of her former husband, and was unsuccessful in finding him. She lived previously somewhere on North Hamilton Street, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Her maiden name was Hornbeck, and a boarder said he heard her say she was a niece of Sheriff Hornbeck of Poughkeepsie.

Took Poison by Mistake.

Joseph Di Franco, a tailor of 325 East 113th Street, was taken to Harlem Hospital last night at 8:15 o'clock suffering from bichloride of mercury poisoning. Di Franco took the poison by mistake on Nov. 4.

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ELLIOTT AND OTHERS REPLY TO MELLEN

Head of New Haven Denies That He was Long Slated to Take Charge of the Road.

MORGAN MEMBER ANSWERS

George von L. Meyer and Two Boston Bankers Also Refute Parts of Mellen Interview.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Replying to statements made by Charles S. Mellen, former President of the New Haven Railroad, in an interview published in The Boston Post to-day assailing the Directors of that company and its fiscal agents, J. P. Morgan & Co., Howard Elliot, Chairman of the New Haven Board of Directors, said to-night:

"I believe it is not my place or my duty to comment on the past relations of the road with various banking houses or upon past transactions. In the short time I have been here I have seen many indications that the banking houses of both Boston and New York are anxious to help the New England railroad situation in every way they can.

"As to the trolleys, the Boston & Maine Railroad, the steamships and any other outside purchases, I desire to state again that all of these matters are under the most careful investigation by committees of the Directors and by technical experts who will give to the Directors information independent of the officers.

"I have no opinion to express as to the wisdom or the unwisdom of any purchase or policy in the past. All of these matters must be passed upon by the board, which will give full consideration to the special reports to be made to the report of the Interstate Commerce Commission to the views of the Department of Justice, and to the interests of the stock and bond holders.

"It may be of interest to state here that of the board as it is now constituted, a majority have been elected since the last trolley purchases and since the last steamer line purchases except in the case of the New Bedford and Martha's Vineyard Line.

Change in Boston & Maine.

"I cannot this evening give the status of the board as to the Boston & Maine Railroad, but there has been a substantial change in membership since that purchase. So the board as now constituted will study and review the situation with a considerable number of new minds to give thought and attention to it.

"I know that Mr. Mellen would not intentionally make any misstatement about me. But there is one personal matter which requires a statement from me. He says, 'My position was to be filled by Mr. Elliott. I knew this in February from friends in St. Paul.'

"And again, 'Then I began to receive letters from friends in St. Paul that another had been offered my place.'

"This may give the impression that I knew it in February or at some date earlier than July that I was to be asked to come to New England.

"This is absolutely not true. For at least five years personal friends of mine in New England have expressed hope that I would some day come back to live in the East.

Pplanned to Stay in St. Paul.

"But no one having a financial interest in the New Haven Road or having any right to speak for the property ever suggested my coming here until about the middle of July, when I was asked to meet Mr. Vail and the committee of Directors, who had, I am told, several names under consideration in addition to mine. So little did I consider the rumors connecting my name with the New Haven Road that last Spring I renewed the lease on my house in St. Paul to Sept. 1, 1914, and I must pay the rent until that date until I am fortunate enough to sub-let the house, which is doubtful.

"Then, during the Winter, Mrs. Elliott and I completed the plans for a house that we intended to build in St. Paul, and the detail drawings of the specifications and the contracts were all prepared, and bids were to be taken in July, so that the house would be finished in the following Spring or Summer.

"I was in New York about July 7 to arrange a loan of $10,000,000 for the Northern Pacific, and even as late as that time nothing was said to me by any one in authority that Mr. Mellen was to restire and that I was to be asked to come East.

Frederick J. McLeod, Chairman of the Public Service Commission, said to-night that he did not agree with Mr. Mellen's contention that he could have kept up the 8 per cent. dividend on New York, New Haven & Hartford stock if continuel as President of the system.

William A. Gaston, President of the National Shawmut Bank and identified with Morgan interests here, took exceptions to Mr. Mellen's statement about Boston bankers, saying he believed they had sustained instead of hindered Mr. Mellen in his work.

"I am sure," said Mr. Gaston, "that the trolley interests of Boston had no desire to monopolize the field. They have all the trolleys they want."

"It isn't true that the bankers allied with our house are responsible for the New Haven turmoil," said Charles A. Stone, head of the banking house of Stone & Webster.

Mr. McLeod said regarding Mr. Mellen's statement about the 8 per cent. dividends:

"There was no possibility of Mr. Mellen's maintaining the dividend, for the condition of the road has been such for years that well-informed people have known that the 8 per cent. paid in the past was not earned.

"One incidental point in his statement which I believe of greater importance than might at first appear," continued Mr. McLeod, "is his statement that no President of a railroad or transportation company should receive more than $25,000 a year salary. Where Presidents of railroads or transportation companies receive more than they know their services are worth, it robs them of their independence in the management of their roads and makes them willing to carry out policies of which they disapprove without protest."

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 9.—Charles S. Mellen's sweeping statement regarding the inside workings of the New Haven Road and his arraignment of the Morgan Directors of the road as published by The Boston Post to-day, fairly took away the breath of Hartford residents interested in the road. Even ex-Gov. Morgan G. Bulkeley, who is opposing the present administration, after reading the Mellen statement, said he would need more time to digest it before he could make any comment on it.

Edward Milligan of Hartford and D. Newton Barney of Farmington, Directors of the New Haven Road, were greatly surprised at Mr. Mellen's criticism of his former associates, and while they listened with manifest interest to the charges made against the Directorate, neither of them was willing to be quoted.

Mr. Barney, however, indicated that what Mr. Mellen said did not make any difference to him, and said he saw no reason for denying, confirming, or adding to the interview. Mr. Milligan, after learning what Mr. Mellen had to say about the Morgan domination of the road and the treatment he received at the hands of the Directors, said that he did not think he could make any reply offhand, but would have to read the interview again.

Mr. Bulkeley said that he was going to Boston on Monday, and that he presumed he then would learn more about the Mellen statement, which interested him greatly. However, he pointed out that because of existing circumstances, he did not believe it ethical or proper for him to talk for publication.

He listened attentively as the interview was read to him, and at times was moved to smile. Because of the court action pending against the road, he explained that he did not feel free to comment on Mr. Mellen's remarks.

CONTRADICTS MELLEN.

Member of Morgan Firm Denies Bankers' Fight Over New Haven.

A member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. denied emphatically last night that a contest between the New York and Boston bankers over the control of the New Haven Railroad had in any way contributed to the difficulties of the railroad, as was alleged in a statement by Charles S. Mellen, former President of the New Haven, published yesterday.

Mr. Mellen was quoted as saying in Boston that the Boston bankers fought the railroad "tooth and nail," that "all the turmoil that has surrounded every move made by the New Haven in the last ten years has been stirred up by the Boston bankers, who were desirous of controlling the New England trolley field."

The house of J. P. Morgan & Co. "absolutely dominated the New Haven policies," according to the statement, and so, through its interest in the expansion of the road, came into conflict with the Boston bankers anxious to prevent competition with the trolley lines they sought to control.

That the bankers of the two cities were thus brought to financial war the member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. flatly denied.

"The idea is preposterous," said he. "There never has been any fight between the New York bankers and the Boston bankers at all. Their relations have always been of the friendliest and most harmonious nature. Mr. Mellen is just yelling his head off if he says that a fight between bankers caused any trouble to the New Haven."

Mr. Mellen was also quoted as saying that, although J. P. Morgan, Sr., was dead, control of the railroad by the firm of which was the head was as "absolute" to-day as it ever was. The firm member who was interviewed last night would not discuss this statement.

GLYNN MAKES NO PROMISES.

Tammany and Its Foes Both at Sea as to Probable Appointments.

ALBANY, Nov. 9.—Any straw to show which way the appointive wind might be expected to blow during Gov. Glynn's administration would be welcomed to-night by both Tammany and anti-Tammany politicians. To-morrow, for the first time since the Governor began on Aug. 13 to exercise the functions of his office, he will be called on to demonstrate whether he intends to favor any faction. The Legislature meets to-morrow night, and, as some important appointments must be made soon, it is probable that he will communicate several nominations to it immediately.

Among the places to be filled are two Second District Public Service Commissionerships, a State Health Commissionership, and, possibly, a Superintendency of State Prisons, and Supreme Court Justiceship. For weeks the Governor has been besieged by applicants from all factions of the party, but so far as can be learned has made no positive promise to any one.

Chief interest in the appointments centres around the Public Service Commissionerships. Patrick E. McCabe, Tammany's chief lieutenant in Albany and present Clerk of the Senate, and William E. Leffingwell of Watkins are mentioned for the places. Dr. Eugene H. Porter, Health Commissioner and a Republican holdover, and Dr. Lindsay R. Williams of New York are spoken of for the Health Commissionership.

Supt. John B. Riley of the State Prison Department never has been confirmed by the Senate. He is said to have requested the Governor to appoint him or some other man to the position immediately in order that the urgent work now being started may be continued.

William Temple Emmet, now Superintendent of Insurance, has been spoken of as a successor to James W. Gerard, a former Supreme Court Justice, who was appointed Ambassador to Germany. James J. Hoey, now Second Deputy of Insurance, is suggested as a probable successor of Mr. Emmet in case he is elevated to the bench.

While the Governor has not indicated what legislation he will recommend, it is generally believed that with the passage of a few necessary financial bills the session will close. It can be safely asserted that no "pork barrel" will be opened at this session of the Legislature, if the Governor can prevent it. He is urging economy.

GLYNN'S ECONOMY WARNING

Governor Notifies State Departments to Prune Estimates for 1914.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 9.—Gov. Glynn has sent a warning to heads of State departments to economize in their estimates for the coming year. He calls attention to the fact that the new State Board of Estimate, composed of the elective State officers, must formulate in advance of the organization of the Legislature the various appropriation bills. Heretofore each department was allowed to go to the Legislature and urge its appropriation. The policy now to be pursued will simplify matters for the Legislature, and it is the theory that the appropriations will be kept down to a business basis.

It is expected that one of the early bills to be introduced in the new Legislature will be for the abolition of the State Board of Efficiency and Economy, which costs the State hundreds of thousands of dollars annually and simply duplicates the work of the State Controller's office. The Board of Estimate, it is said, will recommend that this department be abolished.

TO ASK MARTIN'S REMOVAL.

Hennessy Will Tell Gov. Glynn Efficiency Engineer Is Incapable.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 9.—The removal of John Martin as Efficiency Engineer of the State Highway Department will be demanded of Gov. Glynn to-morrow by John A. Hennessy, when the latter presents to the Governor evidence of alleged frauds in highway construction. Mr. Hennessy will demand the retirement of Mr. Martin on the ground that he is incapable.

Mr. Martin accompanied Mr. Hennessy on the latter's inspection of highways alleged to be faultily constructed and took notes of their condition. Just before election he gave out a statement through the Attorney General's office that the roads had been constructed as per contract. Mr. Hennessy denounced this statement as misleading and demanded the field notes taken on the trip. These were produced only after Gov. Glynn had asked Commissioner Carlisle of the Highway Department to explain Mr. Martin's course.

PRODUCE MYRIAD OF FISH.

State Hatcheries Send 1,297,255,120 to Stock New York Streams.

ALBANY, Nov. 9.—A total of 1,297,255,120 fish were distributed in the waters of New York State during the fiscal year ended Sept. 30, according to the reports filed with the Conservation Commission by the foremen of the nine State hatcheries. This is an increase of 550,000,000 over the hatchery output of last year, and the largest distribution ever made by any State. It compares favorably with the output of the United States Bureau of Fisheries, whose hatcheries outnumber New York's about five to one.

This enormous restocking of State waters is supplemented by a strict enforcement of the protection laws by the Conservation Commission. All that is required now to insure a bountiful supply of food and game fish throughout the State is an improvement in legislation looking to the elimination of harmful pollution of streams

Stephenson-Zabriskle Wedding.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Nov. 9.—The wedding of Miss Effie Constance Zabriskie of Hackensack and Raymond William Stephenson of New York will take place in the Second Reformed Church here on Nov. 25. The prospective bridegroom is a Columbia graduate, '10. The bride to be is very popular in social circles here, and is a good tennis and golf player.

TARIFF REBATE VOID, M'REYNOLDS RULES

Proviso Protecting Nations with Treaties Makes It Inoperative to American Ships.

CUSTOMS MEN TO IGNORE IT

Importers Who Claim the 5 Per Cent. Discount Can Appeal to the Customs Court.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Attorney General McReynolds has decided that the sub-section of the new tariff law authorizing a discount of 5 per cent. on all goods imported in American vessels is nullified by its proviso that "nothing in this sub-section shall be so construed as to abrogate or in any manner impair or affect the provisions of any treaty concluded between the United States and any foreign nation."

Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury Department made public the Attorney General's opinion to-day, and announced that in accordance with it Collectors of Customs would be directed to continue to disregard the sub-section as they were instructed to do on Oct. 8. Entries held up pending the decision will now be liquidated, leaving importers who desire to insist upon getting the 5 per cent. discount to protest with the right of finally carrying the question to the Court of Customs Appeals.

This ends, for the present at least, the long-drawn discussion over the differential duty, which was the subject of much debate in Congress while the Tariff bill was under consideration. The Attorney General gave his opinion to Secretary McAdoo ten days ago, but it was withheld until to-day to allow consideration by the Treasury officials. Mr. McReynolds held:

> That the 5 per cent. discount to American vessels only, which was the primary object of the sub-section in question, cannot be given without impairing the stipulations of existing treaties between the United States and various other powers, and that consequently the sub-section, by the expressed terms of the proviso, is inoperative.

Twenty-three nations have treaties with the United States under which they claimed that their ships had a right to the differential in common with American ships. These included Great Britain, Germany, France, Austria-Hungary, Italy, Japan, Belgium, Denmark, Greece, the Netherlands, Spain, Norway, and Sweden.

Several foreign Governments, including those of Germany, France, and Spain, made strong protests to the State Department against the proposed discrimination and there were some indirect threats of a trade war if the preference duty was enforced.

Efforts were made by some of the Administration leaders, immediately after foreign protests were received, to have Congress repeal the provision. Representative Underwood, Chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee and the original champion of the clause, however, expressed himself as opposed to such action, and the President did not urge it.

Allowance of the discount to ships of those nations claiming equal rights with American bottoms would have resulted in an estimated loss of $10,000,000 annually in customs duties. This would have created a deficiency instead of an increase in the Treasury, as had been estimated by the tariff framers.

Rehabilitation of the American merchant marine was the expressed purpose of those who had the provision inserted. They contended that it would operate as an incentive to the construction of ships in the United States, since shippers of goods in American-built bottoms would get the 5 per cent. reduction and the American ship owners would be assured of an increase of business.

Importers who are dissatisfied with the opinion of the Attorney General may protest to the Collector of Customs at the port of entry, who will lay their objections before the Board of General Appraisers. In case the board's decision is unsatisfactory to the appellant, the case may be carried to the Court of Customs Appeals for final disposition.

ANDREW SOCKALEXIS WEDS.

Tribesmen in Indian Regalia Dance at Athlete's Marriage.

OLD TOWN, Me., Nov. 9.—Clad in the regalia of eagle feathers and beaded buckskins of other times, Indian chiefs danced to-day at the marriage of Andrew Sockalexis, the Penobscot Indian Marathon runner, and Paulina Shay, daughter of Sebastis Shay, one of the leading tribesmen. Haunches of venison, bear steaks, and choice cuts of other game made up the feast.

The Sockalexis family has long been famous for its athletes. Andrew also is a student of Indian lore, and it was at his suggestion that old customs of the tribe were revived to-day. The wedding was in St. Ann's Catholic Church.

FIELD DAY FOR SUFFRAGE.

Antis, Too, to Have an Inning Before House Rules Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Representative Henry, Chairman of the House Committee on Rules, announced to-day that beginning Dec. 2 the committee would hold hearings on the question of creating a standing committee on woman suffrage. He added that the hearings would last as long as there were any women presenting themselves to argue for or against the question.

The suffragists and the anti-suffragists will make the opening session of the committee a field day. Their most prominent leaders will be on hand. Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge of New York, President of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, said to-night:

"We are ready for the fight, and we are convinced that neither the Committee on Rules nor the membership of the House should favor the establishment of a standing committee on woman suffrage. There is no doubt that the Committee on Rules is opposed to woman suffrage, and when the members realize that the creation of the committee on woman suffrage would be an unfair encouragement of suffragism they will not, I am sure, favor such a thing.

"The only reason the suffragists want this committee is to make a fictitious showing of strength in the remote event of its being granted. As a matter of fact, there is not a House Committee which handles all resolutions on this question. It is the Committee on Judiciary."

DENIES BULL MOOSE GAINS.

Barnes Says Assembly Will Contain Only Four Out-and-Out Progressives

William Barnes, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, issued a statement yesterday reviewing the result of the elections in New York State to disprove the report that the Progressive party had won a substantial number of seats in the Assembly. In his statement Mr. Barnes says:

"So many conflicting statements have been made regarding the political complexion of the next Assembly that I feel I should make clear the exact facts regarding that body. There have been elected to the next Assembly without indorsement of any kind, Republicans, 72; Democrats, 37; and Progressives, 4.

"In addition there have been eleven Republicans elected who were also nominated by the Progressive party; there have been eleven Democrats elected also who had been nominated by the Progressive party, and there were four Progressives elected who were also candidates on the Democratic ticket. There were also eleven Progressives elected who were also nominated by the Republican party. This makes the voting strength in the Assembly, Republicans, 83; Democrats, 48; and Progressives, 19.

"A number of those who have been elected by joint nominations of the Progressive and Republican parties, and a number of the Democrats who were also nominated by the Progressive party may have leanings to one or the other of the parties nominating them, not necessarily indicated by their double nomination. The desire in the new Assembly to make a clean and honorable record prevails among Democrats and Progressives, as well as among the Republicans."

UNION WITHHOLDS THANKS.

All Resolutions on Lynch's Appointment Are Voted Down.

Typographical Union No. 6 spent an hour yesterday at its regular meeting in the Murray Hill Lyceum debating the resolution proposed by Marsden Scott, President of the union, two weeks ago, thanking Gov. Glynn and the Democratic Party for the appointment of James M. Lynch, President of the International Typographical Union, State Labor Commissioner. The sentiment of the members was against thanking any political party, and the resolution, which was submitted to the meeting in three ways, was tabled each time.

One amendment to the resolution, which was tabled, thanked ex-Gov. Sulzer for appointing Lynch to the position of Labor Commissioner before the impeachment began. While the motion was voted down, a strong feeling of sympathy with ex-Gov. Sulzer appeared. One of the delegates began to denounce Mr. Sulzer, but his voice was drowned in a storm of hisses.

A second resolution thanking the Legislature for sustaining the appointment of Lynch was voted down, and a third resolution thanking Gov. Glynn, the Democratic Party, and the Senate for the appointment of Lynch met the same fate.

The rest of the meeting was taken up in discussing a new wage and time schedule, which is to be presented to the newspapers. It does not ask for a flat increase in wages, but for fewer working hours and a rearrangement of wage schedules. There are thirty-five articles in the demands, and only half of them were discussed yesterday.

Organize to Depose Lyons as Leader

What is to be known as the Republican Club of the Thirty-first Assembly District was organized yesterday afternoon in the Hawthorne Building, 151 West 125th Street. Ralph V. Wechaler, a lawyer with offices in the Woolworth Building and living at 251 West Eighty-ninth Street, was made President of the organization, and was selected to make a fight for leader of the district in opposition to John J. Lyons, the present leader.

CHALLENGES WILSON ON CURRENCY BILL

Continued from Page 1.

in writing within the last ten days, in rejecting a scheme prepared by certain Wall Street bankers and approved by Senator Reed.

Not Based on Aldrich Plan.

"The declaration of Senator Reed that the House bill was fashioned after the old Aldrich scheme, and that the first draft 'gives the banks absolute control of the system,' is absurdly inaccurate. Everybody but Senator Reed must be cognizant of the fact that the bill, first and last, so radically differs from the Aldrich scheme that the feature of a recent New York banquet was Mr. Aldrich's vituperative attack on the House measure as 'Socialistic' and 'disastrous.' Neither the first draft of the bill, which has never been out of my possession, nor any authentic draft ever gave the banks absolute control of the system, nor is it true that the first draft of the bill 'gives the banks power to issue money solely upon their assets.' The first draft of the bill required the banks to provide a 33 1-3 per cent. gold reserve, as well as 100 cents of commercial paper behind every dollar of currency issued just as the bill as it stands to-day provides.

"Senator Reed's charge that the first draft of the bill provided for discounting only paper at sixty days' maturity and that such provision afforded no relief to the West is both irrelevant and inaccurate. Irrelevant because it makes no difference what the first draft contained; the question is what the perfected bill contains. Inaccurate because the first draft did not limit discounts to paper of sixty days' maturity; it extended contingent discount facilities to paper of 120 days' maturity.

"In either event, however, it is worse than ridiculous to say that Western banks could not get adequate accommodation. The banks of the West unanimously indorsed the Aldrich scheme, which limited the volume of discounts to twenty-eight-day paper; yet Mr. Reed tells them they couldn't get along under a Democratic bill that advanced the period to sixty days in the first draft and to ninety days in the perfected bill.

"And so as to Mr. Reed's effort to make the people of Missouri believe that a haphazard currency bill, repeatedly indorsed by a Democratic President and Democratic Secretary of the Treasury, was bungingly thrown together and hastily jammed through a Democratic House of Representatives with less consideration and debate than is frequently given to an argument of an important lawsuit.

Bill Went Through Crucible.

"Before it was introduced in the House it was submitted to the ablest practical bankers in America for their criticism. Every provision of it went through the crucible, passing the scrutiny of the House committee, the Democratic caucus, and the House itself. Mr. Reed, or anybody else, cannot confute the assertion that this bill had more thorough preparation and more prolonged consideration than all the currency measures proposed since the adoption of the National Banks act, fifty years ago.

"The suggestion of the Missouri Senator that the House committee excluded evidence and made no adequate inquiry, and that only the Senate opened its doors to 'let the people have a chance,' may be quickly disposed of by citing the fact that the House Committee has in its files the oral or written testimony of the most intelligent spokesmen of every class of the American poelpe—representing the American bankers, big and little, in the persons of men like Hepburn, Forgan, Warburg, Reynolds, Wexler, Hulbert, Wade, and Frame; currency experts like Morawetz, Hadley, Sprague, Laughlin, Meeker, Flannagan, Fisher, and Fowler; credit men like Endy, Tregoe, Joyce, and Orr; farmers through Barrett, Creasey, Brooks, and others; merchants, manufacturers, laboring men, actuaries, and other classes.

"Now, in the light of these facts, contrast Mr. Reed's 'open door' boast about giving 'all classes of people an opportunity to be heard,' with what has actually taken place. I have here the printed copies of his Senate hearings from which I have made a list of his witnesses. It contains the names of sixty-eight bankers, eight currency experts, three lawyers, one coal operator, a New York real estate dealer, two merchants, several representatives of trades bodies, and three of the most pestilential currency 'freaks' in the United States, one of whom has made himself so obnoxious to his own State delegation in Congress that they would not permit him to come to their offices. Not a single representative of the great agricultural interests of the country was heard; not a representative of the laboring interest was heard; but Mr. Reed's committee sat day after day hearing sixty-eight bankers repeat precisely the same objections to the House Currency bill that they had made time and again to its proponents and to those who supported it.

OPEN FUND TO BUILD GAYNOR MEMORIAL

Mayor Kline Issues a Proclamation Calling Upon the Public to Contribute.

CALLED PEOPLE'S MAYOR

Contributions Asked from "Men, Women and Children Who Loved Him"—A Committee Named.

Mayor Kline issued a proclamation last night calling upon New Yorkers to contribute toward the memorial to Mayor Gaynor.

"He was the people's Mayor," the proclamation reads, "and the monument which we propose to erect to his memory we desire to be built by the voluntary offerings of the many thousands of men, women, and children in all walks of life who loved him and who benefited from his labors."

Here is the proclamation in full:

To the People of New York City:

As an enduring manifestation of the love and respect in which the memory of the late William J. Gaynor is justly held by the people of this city, the Citizens' Memorial Committee appointed by me have completed plans for a permanent memorial in his honor.

Pursuant to the resolution adopted at the memorial meeting at Carnegie Hall, a permanent Memorial Committee has been formed and the incorporation papers under the laws of our State will be filed on Monday under the title of The Mayor Gaynor Memorial Association.

As Mayor of the City of New York I have been asked to accept the honorary Presidency of the permanent organization, of which Mr. Robert Adamson is the Honorary Secretary. The President is Mr. R. A. C. Smith and the Treasurer Mr. James Speyer. The following-named gentlemen have been selected as Directors of The Mayor Gaynor Memorial Association for the first year:

Ardolph L. Kline,
Robert Adamson,
R. R. Appleton,
W. Vincent Astor,
W. C. Brown,
Edward C. Blum,
Andrew Carnegie,
Henry Clews,
John D. Crimmins,
Robert W. de Forest,
Michael J. Drummond,
William H. English,
Michael Furst,
B. J. Greenhut,
Edward M. Grout,
S. C. Mead,
Louis E. Miller,
Thomas M. Mulry,
Frank A. Munsey,
Ralph Peters,
Herman Ridder,
R. A. C. Smith,
James Speyer,
Charles Steckler,
Frank Tucker,
F. D. Underwood,
Cornelius Vanderbilt,
Morris D. Waldman,
Archibald R. Watson,
D. E. Woodhull.

This splendid organization of patriotic citizens is worthy of the exalted civic purpose for which it was created.

All that now remains is for the citizens of our great municipality to avail themselves of the opportunity now open to them to show their love and respect for our late beloved Mayor, who literally surrendered his life in their service, by co-operating in this movement. No official of the city ever served his people so devotedly, none was ever more beloved than he. Particularly was he the champion of the weak, and in him the man without power or influence always had a friend. He fought for personal liberty, for the rights of the individual and against oppression. He was a great constructive Mayor, who led in the solution of vast problems, and the fruits of his labors will be enjoyed for generations to come. He was the people's Mayor, and the monument which we propose to erect to his memory we desire to be built by the voluntary offerings of the many thousands of men, women and children in all walks of life who loved him and who benefited from his labors.

It is desirable that a substantial fund be now raised by popular subscription for this purpose, and as your Mayor I invite the people of New York to assist in this laudable work. Subscriptions should be sent to Mr. James Speyer, Treasurer, 346 Fourth Avenue.

It is my desire and that of the Memorial Association that the raising of this fund shall be accomplished during the present year, and to this end I am informed that a very large number of bankers and merchants have already expressed a desire to receive contributions to the memorial fund. Any others desiring to do so are invited to communicate with the Mayor's office so that proper announcement may be made.

As an interesting feature of this movement it has been arranged to preserve in the form of a permanent public record a brief history of the memorial, the plans of the association concerning it, and the names of those citizens who, by their donations, participate in its erection. It is thought that such a record, preserved, say, in the Governor's Room of the City Hall, inscribed upon parchment and enclosed in a binding which will withstand the ravages of time, will serve as an added inspiration, not only to those of the present, but to generations yet to come, for unselfish and conscientious and courageous civic work.

A. L. KLINE, Mayor.

"VICE" FILMS READY.

Several Scenes in White Slave "Movies" Condemned by Censors.

The little flier which the moving-picture concerns are taking into the field of the "vice" drama ran up against a stone wall when the dramatized report of the Rockefeller white slave investigation was presented to the National Board of Censorship—the organization which passes upon the fitness of films for the moving-picture houses.

As a result several of the scenes in the picture play, which is to be known as "The Traffic in Souls," were condemned, and it was necessary for the manufacturers to revise the drama for the film theatres.

The expurgated edition of the vice picture play will be sent out to-day for the first public showing the latter part of the month. The Travelers' Aid Society, which is behind the venture, has arranged with several of the leading steamship companies for the presentation of the pictures before the steerage passengers on the largest liners as a warning against bogus employment agents that prey upon newly-arrived immigrants. A number of the scenes are laid around the piers and depict the methods used by the organized vice interests.

BOYS MAIMED AT FOOTBALL.

New England High School Games Saturday Fruitful of Accidents.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Football games between New England high school teams yesterday resulted in serious injuries to several players. Capt. Noah Trank of Westboro High School had his left leg broken above the ankle. He was running with the ball in a game with Hudson High, when he was tackled and thrown, with three boys on top.

A compound fracture of the right forearm was sustained by Quarter Back Carroll of Worcester Classical High School in a game with Monson Academy. Carroll, carrying the ball, was tackled and fell with his arm doubled under him.

Gardner High School lost its left guard in the game with Clinton, when Frank Donahue picked himself out of a mass of players, reporting an injury to his shoulder. It was found to be dislocated. Robert L. Lee, crack left end of the Woonsocket (R. I.) High School eleven, suffered a serious injury to his spine.

Harry Allen, a member of the Braintree High eleven, is lying between life and death at his home in that town as a result of concussion of the brain, due to a blow received in a game on Friday.

Accepts Call to Brooklyn Church.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 9.—The Rev. Frank I. Hancom, pastor of the Pilgrim Congregational Church, announced to-day that he had accepted a call to the Lewis Avenue Congregational Church of Brooklyn. He has been pastor here for three years.

MITCHEL GOES MOTORING.

Mayor-Elect Denies He Intends Going to Washington to See Wilson.

John Purroy Mitchel, Mayor-elect, spent a quiet Sunday yesterday. He departed from his home on Riverside Drive early in the morning, and did not return until shortly before midnight. It was reported that he had gone to Washington to confer with President Wilson as to his resignation as Collector of the Port of New York and the appointment of his successor before he sailed for Panama on next Wednesday. It was said also that Mr. Mitchel desired to obtain from the President his approval of the appointment of Col. Goethals as Police Commissioner of New York.

When Mr. Mitchel arrived home last night he denied that he had been to Washington or that he had any intention of going there before sailing for Panama. He said that he and Mrs. Mitchel had been motoring with a party of friends.

"I shall not have anything to say concerning appointments until after my return from Panama," said Mr. Mitchel.

TRENTON CLOSED UP TIGHT.

More Arrests to Follow Election Night Vice Revelation.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 9.—At least two more arrests will be made to-morrow, the police say, as a result of two election night joy rides. Nine young men are under arrest, three young girls are in custody, and another is dying in St. Francis Hospital from concussion of the brain.

The authorities have not yet been able to apprehend J. Russell Kelso, Jr., one of the most prominent persons implicated, and who is accused by Mary King, 16 years old. Counsel for the young man made an unsuccessful effort last night to obtain the girl's release on bail, but Prosecutor Devlin, fearing that she might be spirited away, has ordered her detained.

One of the most interesting phases of the campaign is the fact that every tobacco, candy, soda water, and shoe shining store in the city was closed to-day, and no drug stores or restaurants sold cigars or confectionery.

Constable Horace G. Garty, who has been active in the fight against Sunday selling and against persons who are practicing medicine without a license, has received an anonymous threatening letter and has turned it over to the postal authorities.

AIDS MAN HE SHOT DOWN.

Vermont Farmer Wounds a Poacher, Then Telephones for Physicians.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITEHALL, N.Y., Nov. 9.—Charles Gordon of Whitehall was fatally shot at West Haven, Vt., near here, to-day by William Koch, Jr. Gordon was trapping on the Koch farm when Koch came upon him and after a quarrel shot him through the right lung.

Koch helped Gordon's fellow trapper, Emile Prefountain, to place the wounded man in a houseboat on Lake Champlain and telephoned to Whitehall for medical aid, physicians being sent from here by special train. Koch then told Sheriff Fish of Rutland County, Vermont, what he had done annd awaited the arrival of the officers who took him to the Rutland County Jail.

Koch's father, William Koch, Sr., who is visiting in Germany, owns large tracts of land along the Vermont shore of Lake Champlain and is one of the wealthiest residents of that State.

MISSING MRS. FOLSOM FOUND

Defendant in New Yorker's Divorce Suit Destitute in California Hospital.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 9.—Mrs. Florence Folsom, poetess and student of "New Thought," and wife of Charles Dwight Folsom, a New York lawyer, who disappeared from Reno last Spring with her young son, has been discovered in a hospital at Chico, Cal. She is said to be destitute.

Mrs. Folsom lived here several months, having come to Reno to establish a legal residence and sue for divorce. Meanwhile her husband had sued for divorce on statutory grounds. After her disappearance efforts were made to ascertain her whereabouts by officers endeavoring to obtain service in the husband's action. It is reported that she will not return to New York until after her troubles with her husband are legally settled for fear the father will get control of his son.

ARBITRATION AWARD TO BE FILED TO-DAY

If Conductors and Trainmen Get All They Ask, Payrolls Will Be Up $18,000,000 a Year.

CONTEST WAS HARD-FOUGHT

Railroads and Men Met Each Other at Every Point with Answering Arguments.

The Board of Arbitration in the wage dispute between the Eastern railroads and their conductors and trainmen will file its award in the United States District Court here to-day. It will affect practically all the principal roads in the territory east of Chicago and north of the Ohio and Potomac Rivers and if all the demands are granted will increase their payrolls $18,000,000 a year, according to the railroad estimate. The number of employes concerned is 73,266, of whom 19,903 are conductors and 53,363 are trainmen.

The arbitration took place under the Newlands act, which was passed as an amendment to the Erdman act after the menace of a general strike had become acute. The hearings began on Sept. 11 and continued to Oct. 10.

The most effective contention made in behalf of the men was that wages were lower in the East than in either the West or the South. The rates asked for, they said, would just about equalize their earnings with those of their conferes in other parts of the country.

They also made comparison of conditions in 1900 and in 1911 to show that their work, responsibility, and risk had all increased through greater density of traffic, heavier trains, and the use of several engines to a single train, involving extra engine crews, but no extra train crews.

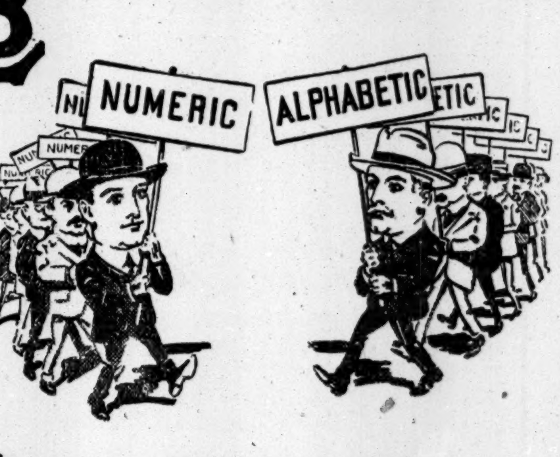
The cost of living, they said, had gone up materially, and they cited figures to show it. They gave statictics to prove that the earnings of the railroads had greatly grown. From this factor and the increased tonnage handled they also deduced a greater "productivity" on their own part. They alleged a continual decrease in the working life of the employes through the application of rules governing age and physical condition.

To the comparison with other territories, the railroad representatives replied that, while basic wages were higher in the West, different working conditions more than offset the difference and they put in figures to show that it cost the Eastern roads more per unit to have their work done than it did the Western lines. They cited the fact that the Eastern conductors and trainmen had had their wages and working rules adjusted by arbitration no longer ago than 1910 and insisted that changes that had taken place before that time had no bearing on the case. To this the men rejoined that in the 1910 arbitration they had not obtained all they had asked for.

The railroads argued that basic wages had always been higher in the West than in the East, and that if Eastern wages were raised to the same standard the unions would insist that the Western roads "restore the differential," and then come back to the East demanding another leveling up. Furthermore, they said, the Western rates had been obtained by coercion, and not by arbitration. The difference in Western wages ruled in all trades, as well as in railroad service, they said. The railroads asked for reductions in some cases and objected strongly to the clause in the proposed scale which would prevent cutting down to the basis of the award the wages of men who were more highly paid than the demands would call for.

"As a result of the granting of such treatment of similar demands," the managers argued, "the organizations believe that all present high rates and favorable working conditions are secure, and, consequently, act on the principle that they have nothing to lose in making renewed and excessive demands for standardization. As long as demands of this character are granted in whole or in part the organizations will continue to formulate extravagant and unwarranted demands, knowing that to them there can be no loss, while the chances of gaining something more without jeopardizing advantages already enjoyed become an incentive for continued efforts for increased rates and better working conditions."

The members of the arbitration board who will meet at the Hotel Manhattan to-day to announce the award as soon as it has been filed are Seth Low, Chairman, and Dr. John H. Finley, representing the public; W. W. Atterbury, Vice President of the Pennsylvania, and A. H. Smith, Vice President of the New York Central, representing the roads, and Lucius E. Sheppard, Vice President of the Order of Railway Conductors, and D. L. Cease, editor of the organ of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, representing the unions.



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BY WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

TO PUNISH LAWYERS FOR KIEFF PROTEST

Russia to Prosecute 120 Members of St. Petersburg Bar Who Assailed Beiliss Trial.

CASE TO THE JURY TO-DAY

Anti-Semites at Kieff to Issue Call for a Memorial Service for Yushinsky.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 9.—The Court of Appeals has ordered the prosecution of 120 members of the St. Petersburg Bar Association, who signed a protest against the Beiliss trial.

KIEFF, Nov. 9.—The Society of the Double-Headed Eagle announces a memorial service for Andrew Yushinsky, "who was brutally tortured to death by Jews with the ritual object." The service will be held on Monday afternoon in St. Sophia Cathedral, which stands within a hundred yards of the court where the trial of Mendel Beiliss, charged with the murder, has been going on.

The student Golubeff, a member of the Black Hundred and President of the University Union of Student Monarchists, who figured prominently in the trial, calls upon all Christians "to pray for the soul of the martyr, that he may forgive and be included in the community of saints."

The case was continued to-day, and at the evening session the President of the court asked Beiliss if he desired to make a statement. The prisoner replied quietly:

"I should like to say many things, but am too ill and tired. I want to go home to my wife and children. You can see for yourselves that I am innocent."

The jury will consider the verdict tomorrow. Part of the sitting of the court to-day was devoted to counsel's replies to previous speeches, in accordance with the Russian legal custom, which permits replies and counter-replies without end. The prosecutor made another speech to-day, describing M. Grusenberg, counsel for the defense, as a man catching at straws. He admitted, however, that the rôle of Vera Tcheberiak had been a strange one, and that possibly she had participated in the crime.

In his speech yesterday M. Grusenberg said he was convinced of the guilt of Vera Tcheberiak's band of criminals, adding: "All roads of the evidence have led to Vera Tcheberiak, and not to the brick works where Beiliss was employed."

JEWS IN POLAND BOYCOTTED.

Russia Inducing Poles to Harry Them for Political Reasons.

The ritual murder trial at Kieff was referred to as "the most tragic occurrence in Jewish life for many years" in the report of the Executive Committee of the American Jewish Committee, read yesterday afternoon at the seventh annual meeting of that body in the Hotel Astor. The meeting was attended by many members of the committee from distant cities. Louis Marshall presided.

The report of the Executive Committee read in part:

"The status of the Jews in the territory conquered by the Balkan States is intimately related to the problem of the Jews in Rumania. In that State, where Jews have been settled for centuries, they are considered 'aliens' and are subjected to special legislation of a highly repressive nature. This Rumania does in defiant violation of the Treaty of Berlin, by which the powers granted autonomy to Rumania in 1878 and under the terms of which Rumania agreed to grant to all of its subjects equality of rights irrespective of race or creed.

"The Balkan wars and the cession of territory to Rumania have reopened the entire question, and the attention of the world has been directed to the flagrantly unjust treatment of the Jews of Rumania. In both the Senate and the House of Representatives, resolutions have been introduced denouncing Rumania's violation of her obligations and inquiring as to whether our relations with Rumania are such that the United States may with propriety register any protest. There are indications that this problem is about to assume a new phase.

"The condition of our brethren in Russia remains practically as hopeless as last year. The political parties who desire to concentrate control of Government, commerce, industry, and finance in the hands of the Russian people by oppressing other races still have a controlling voice in Russian affairs. They are doing all they can to degrade this minority and to stifle its development. Last year witnessed the usual calendar of oppressive measures against the Jews. Our unfortunate brethren were continually harried and badgered by restrictions on their right of domicile, on the few rights they have to enter trades and professions, on the opportunities for the education of their children, on their rights as voters in the recent Duma elections.

"All protests against these inhuman restrictions were suppressed—newspapers which attempted to speak out were confiscated or suspended and the editors fined or imprisoned. The Government also interfered even in the communal affairs of our brethren, restricting them in the establishment of schools, synagogues, charitable societies, and cultural organizations. A brief account of the manner in which the Jews of Russia have been persecuted during the past year fills thirty-five closely printed pages in The American Jewish Book.

"The most tragic occurrence in Jewish life for many years is the trial of Mendel Beiliss at Kieff on a charge of ritual murder. The entire Jewish people in Russia is in constant fear of massacres as an outcome of this case.

"To the roll of usual horrors there has been added economic persecution of the Jews in Poland, in the form of a boycott. This had its origin in the Duma elections held last Fall.

"The Jews of Warsaw are numerically powerful enough to decide the election of one Deputy. Though they did not insist on the election of a Jew, they agreed to support a candidate who would pledge himself to Jewish emancipation. The Polish Conservative Party refusing to withdraw their anti-Jewish candidate, the Jews agreed to support the Polish Socialist candidate, who was elected.

"During the campaign and after the election a boycott was rigorously enforced against Jews in business, professional, social, and intellectual life. This resulted in business stagnation, widespread distress, and considerable emigration, several times in smaller towns approaching virtual depopulation.

"The boycott led to acts of violence, culminating in one instance in the firing of a house containing a Jewish family of eight, after all the doors and windows had been nailed up by the assailants. The Russian reactionaries, naturally, welcomed this spectacle of one oppressed nationality endeavoring to crush the victim of Russian barbarity.

"The Polish boycott was skillfully manuoeuvred by the Russian Government. The friction in the Polish provinces has weakened the general spirit of discontent against the Russian régime in those provinces. The Poles in ruining Jews are also ruining themselves."

The committee voted to establish a Bureau of Jewish Statistics, and selected as its director Dr. Joseph Jacobs, the well-known statistician and litterateur. The committee also decided to appropriate $5,000 for the relief of the persecuted Yemenite and Moroccan Jews.

The following were elected officers of the committee: President, Louis Marshall; Vice Presidents, Judge Julian W. Mack and Prof. Jacob Hollander; Treasurer, Isaac W. Bernheim; Secretary, Herman Bernstein, the author.

Among those present were Jacob H. Schiff, Judge Julian W. Mack, Rabbis Joseph Stolz, Joseph Silverman, J. L. Magnes, B. L. Levinthal and H. Pereira Mendes, Judge Mayer Sulzerberger, Dr. Cyrus Adler, Louis Marshall, Cyrus L. Sulzberger, A. Leo Weil, Harry Fischel, Dr. Harry Friedenwald, Ceasar Cone, Dr. Herbert Friedenwald, Leon Kamaiky, Isaac W. Bernhaim, Fulton Brylawski, Herman Bernstein, Isador Sobel, Samuel I. Hyman, Dr. P. A. Siegelstein, Isaac W. Frank, Dr. Israel Friedlaender, Montague Triest, Dr. Samuel Neumann and Prof. Jacob H. Hollander.

CASE LIKE HIS, SULZER SAYS.

Beiliss and He Are Both Persecuted, Deposed Governor Asserts.

A letter from ex-Gov. William Sulzer protesting against the Beiliss trial at Kieff, and comparing himself to Beiliss in that he was a victim of persecution, was read by the Rev. Madison C. Peters yesterday morning at the People's Forum in the New York Theatre.

Congressman Walter M. Chandler traced the history of persecution of the Jews from the time of the Pharaohs to the present, and denounced Russia for the ritual murder case. Dr. Peters's sermon was on the same subject.

3,000 PROTEST IN PITTSBURGH.

Minister Checks a Panic in Theatre When Lights Go Out.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 9.—Sudden darkness in the Lyceum Theatre this afternoon when 3,000 persons assembled to protest against the Beiliss ritual murder trial in Russia, almost caused a panic. While the Rev. W. A. Prosser was speaking the electric lights were extinguished by the blizzard that swept over the city.

The assemblage was silent for a moment; then came cries of alarm, and there was an ominous shuffling in the rear of the theatre. A man struck a match and held it above the frightened faces as women screamed.

In the gloom, however, Mr. Prosser called on all to hear him to the end, and kept the audience calm. Speaking with great fervor, he soothed the alarm of the assemblage until lights were restored ten minutes later.

Jurists and other notables on the stage with Mr. Prosser afterward admitted the fear they had felt, and congratulated him on his averting a panic.

The meeting passed a resolution of protest, to be sent to Secretary Bryan for transmission to the Russian Court. Among those who participated were Judge J. J. Miller, in the chair; Councilman Robert Garland, who represented the Council and the Chamber of Commerce; Representative A. C. Stein, representing Mayor W. A. Magee; Judge J. R. MacFarlane, Rabbi Rudolph I. Coffee, Rabbi A. Ashinsky, Rabbi J. Leonard Levy, the Rev. C. A. Voss, and the Rev. Dr. L. W. Mason. Bishop Regis Canevin was unable to be present, and his prepared remarks were read by the Chairman.

"It is the protest of civilization against barbarism," Dr. Mason said, speaking of the resolution.

French Airman at Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 9.—Pierre Dacourt, who left Paris on Oct. 21 in the Paris to Cairo aeroplane race, landed at San Stefano, a western suburb of Constantinople, to-day. French officials were on hand to greet the aviator when he landed. Dacourt left Varna, a town in Bulgaria, Friday morning, and flew to Burgas. From Burgas it was his intention to fly to Constantinople, but bad weather conditions compelled him to land at Podima, near Midia, in European Turkey, whence he started for Constantinople to-day.

Storm Cuts Off Mauretania Mails.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Owing to a southeasterly gale the Mauretania was unable to take on the American mails, consisting of twenty-two bags, at Queenstown.

BANDITS THREATEN CUBAN GOVERNMENT

Outlaws Say They Will Bring Americans Back—Rural Guards After Them.

MENOCAL CANCELS OUTING

And Stays at Capital—Band, Composed of Negroes and Mulattoes, Seizes Arms.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Nov. 9.—A party of four armed men, discovered near Remedios, Santa Clara Province, last night, were declared by the Government to be bandits, but the party has grown to ten men to-day and the Government is showing extraordinary activity. A cavalry troop has been sent from Havana to the scene.

President Menocal, who had planned a hunting trip to-day, gave it up and remained in the palace all day. Apparently there is no political significance attached to the incident. However, Gov. Corillos of Santa Clara Province wires the department of Government that the outlaws say wherever they stop that they intend to make the Americans return to Cuba. A telephone message from Corojo says the ten men passed there at 5 o'clock this evening, and that three of them were intoxicated.

The Government lost no time after the first intimation that outlaws were seizing arms and ammunition. Besides rushing a military train to Remedios, they ordered Rural Guards stationed in other parts of the same province to the scene, so that it is believed that the party is now surrounded and must be captured or killed tomorrow.

ADOPT MILITANT TACTICS.

British Socialists Start a Campaign of Howling Down Liberals.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The Socialists have adopted suffragist tactics and have decided to oppose all Liberal candidates and refuse them a hearing at public meetings until James Larkin, the leader of the striking Irish transport workers, who was recently sentenced in Dublin to seven months' imprisonment, is released.

The Right Hon. Charles Frederick Masterman, M. P. for Bethnal Green, and Financial Secretary to the Treasury, was the first victim. He was howled down to-day when he attempted to speak at the Shoreditch Tabernacle. A small party of men kept up a continual cry for the release of Larkin, but eventually the police were called to clear the church.

A demonstration was held in Dublin to-day by the strikers in celebration of "the success of the Socialists in keeping the Liberal candidate out in Reading." This had reference to the success of Capt. Wilson, the Unionist candidate, in capturing the Reading seat yesterday, when the Socialist, Mr. Butler, cut into the Liberal vote.

Militants in St. Paul's Again.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Suffragists made another demonstration to-day at the service at St. Paul's. At intervals they kept singing "God save Annie Kenney and Sylvia Pankhurst, who are being persecuted for conscience sake."

FIVE MEN KILLED BY GAS.

Asphyxiated in Small Bedroom in a Stamford Tenement House.

STAMFORD, Conn., Nov. 9.—Five men were found dead in a small bedroom in a Pacific Street tenement house early this morning, having been asphyxiated by illuminating gas during the night. One of the men retired early this morning while the others were asleep and the medical examiner thinks he accidentally turned on the gas. The dead are: Stephen Arcade, aged 50; his brother, Peter, 48, his son, Peter, 26, and two cousins, Joseph Decanto, 22, and D. Editano, 20.

CENSURES ROYAL AUTOISTS.

Berlin Morgen Post Indignant Over the Deaths They Cause.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Monday, Nov. 10.—The Morgen Post publishes an indignant article about the rash motoring of royal personages near Berlin.

Yesterday a car in which a son of Prince Friedrich Leopold was riding ran over and killed a girl in Potsdam. Recently a Town Councillor of Danzig was run over and killed by a car in which the son of a Prince was a passenger.

The Morgen Post says that to-day's is the fifth fatal accident of the kind within a short time. "Royal automobiles," the paper asserts, "have become a perfect terror in the streets, owing to their reckless pace," and it demands that such machines shall in future be subjected to the rules governing ordinary traffic.

FOREIGNERS HONOR FLEET.

Our Sailors Entertained in France, Malta, and Italian Ports.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Great interest is shown at Marseilles in the American squadron, and many boats and launches went out to the ships yesterday and Sunday. The public was not allowed aboard.

Gen. Gutterier, Military Governor of Marseilles, visited Capt. Clune on the Vermont, and a salute was fired. In the evening the crews were allowed ashore. They were warmly greeted by the crowds, and French soldiers showed them the sights of the town. Afterward they visited the theatres, where they were heartily received. Officers of the squadron are being fêted by resident Americans in Marseilles, and are delighted with the hospitable reception.

MALTA, Nov. 9.—Rear Admiral Badger and other officers of the battleship Wyoming were the guests to-day of the Governor General, Sir Henry Rundle, at the palace, after which the party proceeded in automobiles to San Antonio Palace, the Governor's country residence, where they took tea.

NAPLES, Nov. 9.—American flags were waving to-day in honor of the visit of the United States battleships Florida and Arkansas. The Mayor, the Prefect, the General commanding the Army Corps and the Director of the arsenal, visited the battleships, where they spent an hour or two in a thorough inspection. The collier Cyclops arrived this morning.

GENOA, Nov. 9.—The United States battleships Connecticut and Kansas were visited to-day by the naval experts, who seemed greatly interested in making a comparison between them and the British warships of the same type. They were anxious that the American officers should see the Italian dreadnoughts Giulio Cesare and Leonardo Da Vinci.

ROME, Nov. 9.—Six officers and 150 sailors from the American warships arrived here to-day. They will spend a short time sightseeing in Rome and then proceed to Florence and Venice.

HONDURANS HOSTILE TO US.

Watching Our Dealings with Mexico —American Residents Anxious.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Nov. 9.—Dr. W. K. Piner, who arrived here from Puerto Cortez, Honduras, to-day, reports the political situation in that country more unsettled than it has been at any time in the last year or so.

The natives are closely watching the attitude of the United States toward Mexico, and upon that will depend whether or not Americans will be welcome in the country. At the present time an American is not safe in the streets, and the old American residents are seriously contemplating removal until the Mexican trouble is settled. The Democratic Administration in Washington is not popular with the Hondurans.

"A week or so ago," says Dr. Piner, "an American school teacher, who has been a resident of the country for fifteen years, did something that was not approved by the Government, and was driven from the country. He is now making his way overland through Mexico to the United States."

Cheer Roosevelt When He Appears.

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 9.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt spent a quiet Sunday in Buenos Aires, but on his two public appearances he was greeted with cheers. He attended the inauguration of the Agricultural Exposition and later, accompanied by the Acting President of the republic, Dr. de la Plaza, visited the Hippodrome.

EARN $56,773 AT HARVARD.

Students' Record for Last Year—From Iceman to Artist's Model.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 9.—Students at Harvard earned $56,773 while pursuing academic courses during the last year, according to the report of the Secretary for Student Employment. The students acted in all sorts of capacities from iceman to artist's model, 1,926 positions being provided for them.

The largest amount earned during term time was $1,800 by a supervisor and tutor. A newspaper correspondent received $600. During the Summer 529 men earned a total of $23,769.

George Tracey, Noted Runner, Killed

HALIFAX, Nov. 9.—George Tracey, in 1886 and 1887 the champion half-mile runner of America, was struck by a train and killed late last night while crossing the tracks at Rockingham. He was 52 years old. In 1886 Tracey won the amateur half-mile running championship of America in New York, and the following year in Detroit.

CARSTAIRS
WHISKEY
STEWART DISTILLING CO.
PHILADELPHIA

Carstairs Rye

Should Auld Acquaintance be Forgot?

When there are "cups o' kindness" to be taken, when there are toasts to be made or healths proposed, the best is not too good.

At such times don't forget "Carstairs"—an "auld acquaintance" of the majority of discriminating whiskey users. You will find "Carstairs" at leading clubs, hotels, cafes, restaurants. A favorite in the home.

Skilfully blended of selected ryes Aged in wood.

The numbered label shows our bottling.

Established 1788

1788

ORGANIZED IN 1887

IF your house is built on a plot insured as part of a vacant tract, you ought to have the title to your property re-examined and insured by us for its present value, otherwise your protection is only indirect and a small fraction of your risk.

Full protection requires full insurance.

LAWYERS
TITLE INSURANCE
AND TRUST
COMPANY
CAPITAL & SURPLUS $9,500,000
160 Broadway, New York
188 Montague St., Brooklyn
BRANCH OFFICES
1425 St. Nicholas Ave., N. Y.
383 East 149th St., Bronx.
1354 Broadway, Brooklyn.
367 Fulton St., Jamaica.
120 Railroad Ave., White Plains, N. Y.

RESINOL
SOAP
FOR THE SKIN
AND COMPLEXION

Makes you *feel* clean

WHETHER for the bath or toilet the rich, creamy lather of Resinol Soap gives a sense of cleanliness that is impossible with soaps which are not themselves pure and clean, or which are overburdened with cloying perfumes.

Resinol Soap is free from alkali and artificial color, its rich coppery brown being due to the soothing, antiseptic Resinol balsams it contains.

25 cents wherever toilet goods are sold. For free guest-room size trial cake, write to Dept. 2-F, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

PLAYER PIANOS

Don't lose your Piano in exchanging for a Player Piano, when you can have it turned into a Player Piano for a moderate charge.

Christmas Player Actions can easily be installed in any Piano, and are a great success.

Send for Circular.

UNUSUAL BARGAINS

in used Baby Grand and Upright Pianos in Steinway, Knabe, Sohmer and many others.

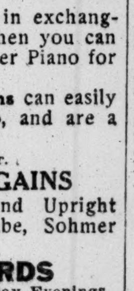
$100 UPWARDS

Open Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.

Christman Sons,
35 West 14th St., Bet. 5th & 6th Aves.

GRADE A
HOMERMILK
"I FEAR NO FOE"
"I USE HOMERMILK"
CLOVER
FARMS
COMPANY
NEW YORK

Hunyadi János



Natural Laxative Water

Recommended by Physicians

Refuse Substitutes

Best remedy for

CONSTIPATION

FOUNDED 1856

BROKAW BROTHERS

MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

We have just occasion for exultation, for each day an ever-increasing number of clothes buyers, old and new, young and old, come in our store and renew acquaintance or become acquainted. The old customers come because they know our clothes—new generations come upon the personal recommendation of the older ones.

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue
ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY —— SUBWAY AT DOOR

Arnold, Constable & Co

FOUNDED 1827

Announcement

We have in course of preparation

A Special Sale of

High Grade Furs

For Women, Misses and Men

Consisting of Coats, Muffs and Neck Pieces of the most fashionable furs—at unusual reductions in prices.

Particulars will be given in Tuesday Evening Papers

Broadway & 19th Street

McGibbon & Co.

Handkerchiefs

In addition to being made of purest linen, many of our handkerchiefs are designed especially for us in patterns not obtainable elsewhere.

Women's Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs
Hemstitched, with hand embroidered script initial.
2.75 a doz.

Men's Extra Large Handkerchiefs
Cambric weight, with hand embroidered block letter.
5.50 a doz.

3 West 37th St.
Just off Fifth Avenue.

TIFFANY & CO.

DIAMOND JEWELRY

NEW YORK PARIS LONDON

We Must Have Cash
You Save 50 Cents on the Dollar

Thousands of finest suits and overcoats in every conceivable model and fabric must be converted into cash at once, in order to help Hackett, Carhart & Co. Inc. Retail pay the immense debts they have accumulated.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

Sixty models in over 750 fabric designs comprise this greatest collection of overcoats for business, dress, motor, travel and storm service, in sizes for men, young men and boys. Many models are suitable for women. Savings average 50%.

CHINCHILLA OVERCOATS

$9.50	$13.50	$17.50
Values to $20	Values to $25	Values to $32.50

Chinchilla overcoats, in long or short, single and double breasted models, shawl, storm or convertible collars. In all the newest shades. At values that cannot be equalled at double the price anywhere in New York.

$9.50	$13.50	$17.50
Highest Grade Suits and Overcoats Values to $22.50	Highest Grade Suits and Overcoats Values to $28.00	Highest Grade Suits and Overcoats Values to $32.50
$20.50	**$23.50**	**$27.00**
Highest Grade Suits and Overcoats Values to $40.00	Highest Grade Suits and Overcoats Values to $45.00	Highest Grade Suits and Overcoats Values to $50.00

Full new assortments of Suits, Neckwear, Underwear, Hosiery, Shirts, Gloves, Hats and Boys' and Children's Clothes at the same wonderful savings

Hackett, Carhart & Co. Inc. Retail

265 Broadway	841 Broadway	119 West 42d St.	154 East 125th St.
Near Chambers Street Opposite City Hall	at 13th Street Near Union Square	Near Broadway Open Evenings	Near 3d Avenue Open Evenings

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS. FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS. FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

STAGES in the HISTORY of a WORLD-FAMED BRITISH HOTEL

1828 – 1914

1828 Built in 1828—the old Adelphi Hotel was considered—as indeed it has proved to be—a most valuable addition to the City which plays so prominent a part in trans-Atlantic Travel. The Hotel immediately justified its existence and became the favourite stopping place of visitors passing through Liverpool to and from the States. It was here that Charles Dickens stayed in 1842 en route for his American Tour—referring to the hotel service (in "American Notes") as being "undeniably perfect." By the year

1828—1876.

1876 the Hotel had become almost as well-known on the west as on the east side of the Atlantic. Guests of the highest standing and of all nationalities were entertained within its walls, and to meet the needs of an ever-widening clientele it became necessary to enlarge and, in fact, rebuild the Hotel, which was accomplished in 1876.

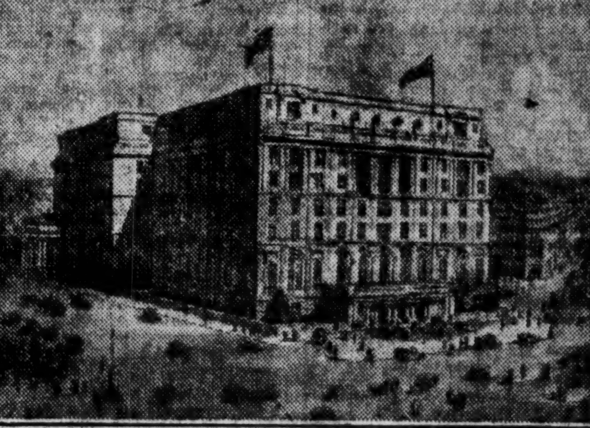
"Undeniably perfect" in every section of its service had now become the settled policy of the Management, with the result that within a comparatively few years a still further extension became imperative. This was duly undertaken and

1876—1914.

The NEW MIDLAND ADELPHI HOTEL LIVERPOOL

Elegantly decorated and sumptuously furnished will be completed and formally opened for the reception of visitors at the beginning of

1914 In this magnificent building the highest standard yet attained in hotel service and equipment will be realized. No detail of convenience or comfort for the visitor has been overlooked. Here will be found the up-to-date luxurious innovations of the leading Hotel service of New York, combined with solid British comforts and Parisian refinements. In brief, at the New **Midland Adelphi** the visitor to Great Britain will have at his disposal a Palace for an Hotel—a Palace with the unconventional freedom of an Hotel—an Hotel with all the luxury and refinement of a Palace.



1914—A Palace or an Hotel.

An elaborate Brochure entitled "The History of a Great Enterprise," giving full details of the Midland Adelphi and other Hotels under the direction of the Midland Railway Company, will be forwarded to prospective patrons free on application to the offices of "The Spur Travel Bureau," 569 Fifth Avenue, New York.

STERLING

THE GORHAM COMPANY

Silver Specialists

When you want good results you go to a specialist.

You do that because a specialist's business is to do one certain thing and do it well. You remember what Emerson said about the mouse-trap and its maker. If it is only a mouse-trap you want you'd rather have it made by a man whose business is making mouse-traps than made by a jack-of-all-trades.

Gorham's is a composite entity of 2,000 specialists. Every man is filling the position he has been specially trained and fitted for. Many men in the Gorham factories have been there thirty, forty, fifty years, some even longer.

Jabez Gorham first specialized in table silver spoons, knives and forks. Then his successors, a generation or two later, took up other lines. One thing after another has been added as the business grew, and the necessary specialists developed.

The Gorham stores are great groups of specialized branches. Every article you buy at Gorham's is made by a specialist. Special thought, special skill has been bestowed on every article.

Take umbrellas and canes—the first articles you see on the left as you enter the Fifth Avenue store. They were made by men who have devoted a life of specialized training to umbrella and cane making. Gorham umbrellas and canes have the stamp of this highly developed workmanship and taste. A Gorham cane or umbrella gives an atmosphere of elegance.

So with the leather goods. These goods are both made and sold by specialists, and the making of leather goods that are elegant and durable is a Gorham specialty.

In the Gorham stationery department, specialists work for you also. This department is a complete establishment in itself. The men in it know no other branch of the Gorham business. Whether it is a wedding invitation, a visiting card, or a social invitaton, the Gorham statonery specialists know only the Gorham motto—First Quality. If you have not given the order for your Christmas greeting cards yet, now is a good time to see what the Gorham specialists can do for you.

Toilet ware is one of the biggest specialties of the Gorham Company. The items are almost numberless, each designed by a master artist and wrought by a Gorham craftsman. These are the intimate objects you have on your dressing table and live with, and you want only the best. The full sets run up into the dozens of articles, but you don't have to buy a full set at first. You can make a good start with a comb, brush and mirror, which can be added to from time to time.

Then there is the plated ware — another specialty. It stands twenty years of hard wear.

More Gorham specialties are to be found in the Novelty Department—the list of articles here alone would fill this column and more—in the Flat Ware Department, the Hollow Ware Department, the Gold Ware Department, the Desk Ware Department.

The same high grade of specialized workmanship and design runs through each of these great departments. In each you find Gorham Quality.

And, despite the fact that these articles are made by specialists, the prices are reasonable. Such prices are only possible because of Gorham's great output.

GORHAM
Fifth Avenue
Maiden Lane

'THE MAYOR'S EYE' GIVES ITS ACCOUNT

This Is the Commission of Accounts, and It Tells of Its Work in 3½ Years.

MADE 400 PRIVATE REPORTS

Caused Borough and Department Reorganizations, Saving Much Money to the City.

Much information on the workings of the municipal government is contained in the report of Jeremiah T. Mahoney and Harry M. Rice, Commissioner of Accounts, for the last three and one half years, which was made public yesterday. It is shown that a large sum of money was saved by the city as a result of the work of the commission, and it also served the purpose of keeping the Mayor in close touch with the many details of the city government. More than 400 separate reports have been submitted from time to time to the chief executive of the city, ranging all the way from an investigation into some minor neglect of an individual to an extensive study for borough reorganization such as is now being put in operation in a section of the Borough of Queens. In an introductory section of the report the Commissioners say:

"The office of Commissioners of Accounts has been called 'The Mayor's Eye,' and rightly so, for it is the medium through which the Mayor receives disinterested information concerning the thirty-four departments of the City Government, employing 80,000 men and women, and through which is expended approximately $250,000,000 each year. No man occupying the position of chief executive of this great city can be expected personally to look into every detail of this vast municipal machinery, yet the Mayor is the executive head, and as such the public at large hold him responsible for the administration, and acclaims him either a 'good Mayor' or a 'bad Mayor,' just as in their opinion the city government is 'good' or 'bad.' Having to shoulder the responsibility, the Mayor must direct the policies, and to direct with intelligence he must have accurate as well as disinterested information. To a large extent this is obtained through the instrumentality of the office of Commissioners of Accounts, which, through long service in municipal affairs, has been developed into a force of 'municipal experts.' Working as they do in all of the various departments of the city, their point of view is not limited, but is city wide in its scope.

"With a realization of the intimate and confidential relations existing between the Mayor and his Commissioner of Accounts it must be evident that the accomplishments of this commission, whatever they may be, reflect the policies and carry out the intents of the chief executive and form a good basis for determining the character of the administration."

The report first takes up the Aqueduct Commission, showing the savings which were made. A review follows concerning the Board of Aldermen, pointing out the work accomplished by the commission in the taxicab legislation and taking up the various other points. Department after department is considered. Here is a typical illustration of the work taken from the report on the Police Department:

"No. 1,759, dated Jan. 15, 1913, was a report on an examination of the departmental accounts for the five years ending Dec. 31, 1911. Our findings included duplicate invoice and payroll vouchers not certified by the Commissioner as required by Section 39 of city ordinances, six vouchers paid without certification of Commissioner or deputy amounting to $7,238.28, errors in accounting adjustments, continued use of duplicate records by bookkeeper, omission of open account balances transferred to the general fund, improper closing of accounts, balances subject to transfer to pension fund not claimed by Commissioner, balance for refund omitted from books, improper opening of corporate stock accounts producing a disagreement with accounts of the Finance Department to the amount of $1,227,176.51, no general cash book maintained, and cash kept in a number of boxes, different persons having access to them and responsibility not fixed on any one person. Appropriate recommendations were made to remedy the conditions found."

Under the heading "Courts, Surrogates," the report reads, in part:

"No. 1,695, dated Aug. 30, 1912, was in relation to certain advertising mediums used by the Surrogate of New York County. It was found that the spirit and evident intent of the law in relation to advertising mediums had been evaded through the designation of publications having no paid circulation. In a certain instance the publication upon the completion of the advertising contract, indicating that it was created solely for patronage purposes. It was recommended that this report and a copy of the testimony taken be submitted to the Bar Association for their consideration."

In connection with the Department of Docks and Ferries the report reads:

"It was estimated that approximately $200,000 could be saved annually by better management. As a result of these findings the Superintendent was dismissed and the bureau reorganized; crews have been reduced and discipline improved and we are informed that conditions show 100 per cent. improvement."

In concluding the report the Commissioners say:

"To accomplish such a volume of work with the present limited force has been no mean task. Two elements contributed largely to the success of the undertakings; first, the support given by Mayor Gaynor to all departments who were endeavoring to make the government of our city better and more efficient; and second, the fact that when this constructive spirit was understood and appreciated by a working force such as ours, composed of employes already experienced in municipal work and by men of experience in municipal affairs, no time was lost in producing results. During the period 2,234 witnesses have been examined under oath, and their testimony transcribed, covering 23,853 typewritten pages."

Pushball Displaces Cornell Flag Rush

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 9.—The flag rush between freshmen and sophomores at Cornell has been abandoned this year. To furnish a substitute for the event twenty picked men from each class will meet in a pushball contest on Percy Field next Saturday, between the halves of the Cornell-Lafayette football game. The flag rush, which has been held for years on Hallowe'en, had lost its interest, and so the pushball match was substituted. The event will count as one unit in the contest for underclass supremacy.

BUY "MILLER"
Lighting Fixtures

and Lamps—Electric, Gas or Oil—because "Miller" designs are new and beautiful and "Miller" quality is fine.

Come and see "Miller" styles
if you are building a home.

For Wedding Gifts
"Miller" Lamps, Electric, Gas, Oil, are Elegant—one can't have too many.

In Cool Weather
"Miller" Oil Heaters are a necessity.
Dealers should sell Miller Lamps and Heaters. If not, you can buy them from
Edward Miller & Co., 70 Park Place, New York.
Manufacturers. Established 1844.

FOR $3 I'LL WRITE
you a circular letter so strenuous it will HAVE to bring you business. For particulars address PROSPERITY, P. O. Box 1,647, New York.

WOULD MOVE POST OFFICE.

Merchants' Association Favors Building on Astor House Site.

The bulletin of the Merchants' Association, which will be issued to-day, will announce that the association is preparing to bring to the attention of the Government in Washington a plan for the removal of the General Post Office to a more suitable place and the construction on the site of a building worthy of the city.

"There is practically no difference of opinion," the bulletin will say, "regarding the necessity for building a new Post Office with the least possible delay. The present building is antiquated, and the enormous amount of business done within its walls is done under difficulties which are probably encountered nowhere else in the country. The volume of this business is steadily increasing, and it will increase still more rapidly with the development of the parcel post which is certain to follow the reduction of rates and the increase in the weight limit of packages.

"Because of this increase it is necessary each year to expend large sums in alterations and repairs. This expenditure serves only temporary needs, since the construction of a new building within a comparatively short time is inevitable.

"This association has suggested the feasibility of the purchase of the Astor House site by the city, and the location of the new Post Office there. The area of the present site is 52,550 square feet, and the assessment upon the land is $9,600,000. The area of the Astor House site, with contiguous plots belonging to Mr. William Waldorf Astor, is 52,701 square feet, assessed upon the land at $4,570,000. A new modern Post Office building, therefore, constructed upon the Astor House site, would occupy property of less than half the assessed value of the present site, and in the exchange the city would regain $5,000,000 worth of land over the value of the land that it would give."

WOMAN AIDED FLAT THIEF.

Frieda Kane Charged with Scaling Fire Escapes with a Burglar.

A man and a woman, who are charged with having robbed two apartments by climbing over roofs and down fire escapes, were arraigned before Magistrate Murphy in the Harlem Police Court yesterday morning, and after a brief hearing were held for examination to-morrow. The man said he was William Van Steenberg of 1,235 Webster Avenue, the Bronx, and the woman said that she was Frieda Kane of 103 East 123d Street, Manhattan.

The man was arrested late on Saturday night in his home on charges made against him by Mrs. Isaballe Greenberger of 107 East 123d Street, and Miss Rose Clarie of 108 East 123d Street. Miss Clarie was the complainant against the Kane woman. Mrs. Greenberger identified Van Steenberg as a man she had encountered in the kitchen of her home on Wednesday night and who, she alleged, put a bread knife against the throat of her 2-year-old daughter, Catherine, and threatened to kill the child if Mrs. Greenberger called for help while he looted the flat. Mrs. Greenberger alleged that after taking two diamond rings, a gold watch, and an overcoat, Van Steenberg dropped the child on the floor and fled from the apartment by way of the fire escape.

Immediately after the robbery Mrs. Greenberger, who was alone in the apartment with her little daughter, notified the police of the East 126th Street Station. Detectives were assigned to the case, but did not succeed in finding Van Steenberg until Saturday night. In Van Steenberg's room the police said they found some of the things that had been stolen from the Greenberger apartment.

Miss Clarie identified the man and also the woman as the persons she found in her kitchen a week ago last night. Several bottles of wine stolen from the Clarie apartment were found in possession of the Kane woman, the police said.

TO SPEAK FOR PENSIONS.

G. W. Perkins, F. A. Vanderlip and Others to Address Federal Employes

Among the speakers at a demonstration to be held at the Hippodrome next Sunday afternoon at 1.30 o'clock to further a pension retirement law for Federal civil service employes will be George W. Perkins and Frank A. Vanderlip. Both of these men have been advocates for a long time of pension laws, and have had much experience in working out the details of pension and insurance plans for the corporations in which they are interested.

Others scheduled to speak at the meeting are Martin Vogel, Assistant Treasurer of the United States; Congressman James A. Hamill of New Jersey, the sponsor for the bill favored by many Federal employes, and representatives from the Merchants' Association, the Chamber of Commerce and the National Civic Federation. Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, W. D. Baldwin, George Gordon Battle, Police Commissioner Waldo and many others will sit on the platform, it was announced.

Patrick J. McNabb, Chairman of the committee having the meeting in charge, said last night that a great many tickets for the occasion had been distributed, principally among the employes of the Custom House and Post Office. A large crowd is expected.

WHITMAN AWAY TO SEE GOV. GLYNN

Hennessy, Too, Off for Albany to Dig Up Some More of His Graft Records.

INVESTIGATION IS WIDENING

District Attorney Going Into Republican and Progressive Campaign Contributions, with Others

The John Doe investigation of the graft connected with contributions ostensibly for campaign purposes, it was learned yesterday, will include not only the so-called campaign contributions to the Democratic State Committee, but those made to the State Committees of the Republican and Progressive Parties also. Some revelations are expected from these sources. The investigation of the campaign contributions to the Progressive and Republican Parties will be as thorough, it is said, as the one now in progress resulting from the charges by John A. Hennessy.

It can be said on good authority that it is the intention of District Attorney Whitman to bring to light all evidence of graft concerning campaign contributions to any of the three big political parties in the State, regardless of where the inquiry may lead. Mr. Whitman will endeavor to get to the bottom of the rumors that contractors on the large public works up State have been blackmailed for years into making contributions in return for contracts amounting to many millions of dollars.

Mr. Whitman left here for Albany last night to confer with Gov. Glynn and Attorney General Carmody. It is expected that he will have their heartiest cooperation. So broad and comprehensive an investigation must reach into other counties of the State, and Mr. Whitman wants the aid of the Attorney General and the other District Attorneys. Mr. Whitman believes that the investigation may produce evidence which may make possible convictions in other counties of the State. In that event he will be ready to turn over all such material to the Attorney General.

Mr. Whitman had two conferences yesterday with his assistants, William Dean Embree and John Kirkland Clark, who have been working on the case in up-State cities with subpoenas. Mr. Embree and Mr. Clark were in Syracuse Saturday, but were unable to find the sender of the telegram signed "M." Mr. Hennessy has testified that this telegram was sent to him by George H. McGuire, General Manager of McGuire & Co., Inc., of Syracuse.

While in Syracuse Mr. Embree and Mr. Clark conferred with District Attorney George H. Bond of Onondaga County, who is co-operating with the District Attorney's office of this city in the endeavor to find the man who sent the telegram. Mr. Embree and Mr. Clark will go to Albany to-day with Mr. Whitman and then return to Syracuse to continue their investigation.

The information has come to Mr. Whitman that Mr. McGuire gave $500 to the direct primary campaign waged by former Governor Sulzer. This $500 is not included in the $3,000 which McGuire has said he gave to Mr. Sulzer. Mr. Whitman is determined to find out just how much Mr. McGuire did give Mr. Sulzer, and whether there is any truth in rumors that he contributed many thousands of dollars.

In addition to this Mr. Whitman will place several up-State contractors on the stand this week and ask them point blank how much they contributed to any political organization. Then it is Mr. Whitman's intention to recall Mr. McGuire. It is now expected that Mr. McGuire will figure as a witness in the hearing for several weeks.

An important witness will be James Stewart of the James Stewart contracting firm, who was said by Mr. Hennessy to have given $25,000 as a campaign contribution which was never accounted for. It has been pointed out that none of the contractors committed a crime simply by making campaign contributions, and have nothing to fear at the hands of the law if they tell the truth.

John A. Hennessy will also go to Albany to-day to have a talk with Gov. Glynn and obtain some of his private records and correspondence. Mr. Hennessy was not in town yesterday, having spent the day at Riverhead, L. I.

The John Doe inquiry will be continued at 2:30 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

LEFT $50,000 TO SOCIALISM.

Chanute Cut Off Relatives with $1.50 Each to Avert Contest.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Ala. Nov. 9.—The will of Louis F. Chanute, eccentric New Orleans Socialist, who died a natural death near here after abandoning the suicide idea when his nerve failed him, has been filed for probate. Chanute leaves his estate, valued at $50,000, to the National Socialist party for circulation of Socialist literature.

His brothers and sisters in New Orleans he cuts off with $1.50 each, so they "will not contest his will."

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At Nineteenth St.

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Above Forty-fifth Street

MONTREAL TIED UP BY TELEPHONE FIRE

City's Main Exchange Is Destroyed and Cannot Be Restored for a Month.

BUSINESS BADLY CRIPPLED

Messengers Only Means of Communication in Downtown District —300 Girls Out of Work.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Nov. 9.—The burning out of the main exchange of the Bell Telephone Company in this city has resulted in a condition of affairs without parallel in the city's history. For a month there will be no main service, which means that the majority of the big business houses, brokerage and financial firms, and wholesale houses will be deprived of telephone service.

A great deal of business in this city is done by telephone, particularly brokers' orders and wholesale firms' transactions. All this business has been disorganized through the inability of customers uptown or downtown to get any telephone connection. The managers of the leading financial and commercial institutions throughout the city are unanimous in their opinion that this breakdown of the telephone service has emphasized that the telephone is an absolute essential to the dispatch of modern business.

Temporarily the Bell Telephone Company has been obliged to dispense with the services of more than 300 girls. A month will be necessary for the repairs, every cable running into the main exchange having been burned out.

To facilitate the temporary dispatch of business as far as possible, various exchanges and offices have been established uptown and messages are sent to these by special messenger. The messenger services are working overtime and have employed several hundrd extra boys. They carry messages uptown, where they are relayed to their various destinations. Several of the telegraph offices at the leading hotels have been pressed into service, and there has been an enormous increase in the use of telegrams. The telegraph companies are in the habit of telephoning a very large proportion of the telegrams in order to save time and facilitate business, and they also have felt the shock of the telephone breakdown. However, they are using their uptown offices to overcome this handicap, and so far with very good results. The manager of the largest department store in the city, Mr. Goodwin of Goodwin's, said:

"This breakdown has brought home to everybody engaged in business in this city the undeniable fact that the telephone is an absolutely indispensable factor in modern commercial methods. We simply cannot do without it, and if the whole five exchanges were burned out it is obvious that business activities here would be crippled almost completely. The delays are, of course, most inconvenient, but I am glad to say that the public is taking the whole affair in a philosophical spirit, and is co-operating with us in every possible way to tide over the temporary inconvenience."

PLAN POTTERS' SANITARIUM.

Union and Employers Co-operating to Aid Those Who Lungs Fail.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 9.—The branch organizations of the Brotherhood of Operative Potters are voting this month on a proposal to purchase land in Burlington County for a sanitarium and farm rest home for members who have contracted tuberculosis, asthma, and bronchial trouble in their work.

At the convention in Atlantic City the operatives decided to investigate the project and a committee was named to co-operate with a committee of employers, who are heartily in favor of the plan.

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Paris Model Gowns and Suits
heretofore $250.00 to 450.00, are now on sale at . . . . $185.00 & 250.00

This day (Monday) there will take place
An Extraordinary Offering of Imported Chiffon Velvets & Plushes
regularly sold at $6.50 per yard at $2.85

B. Altman & Co.

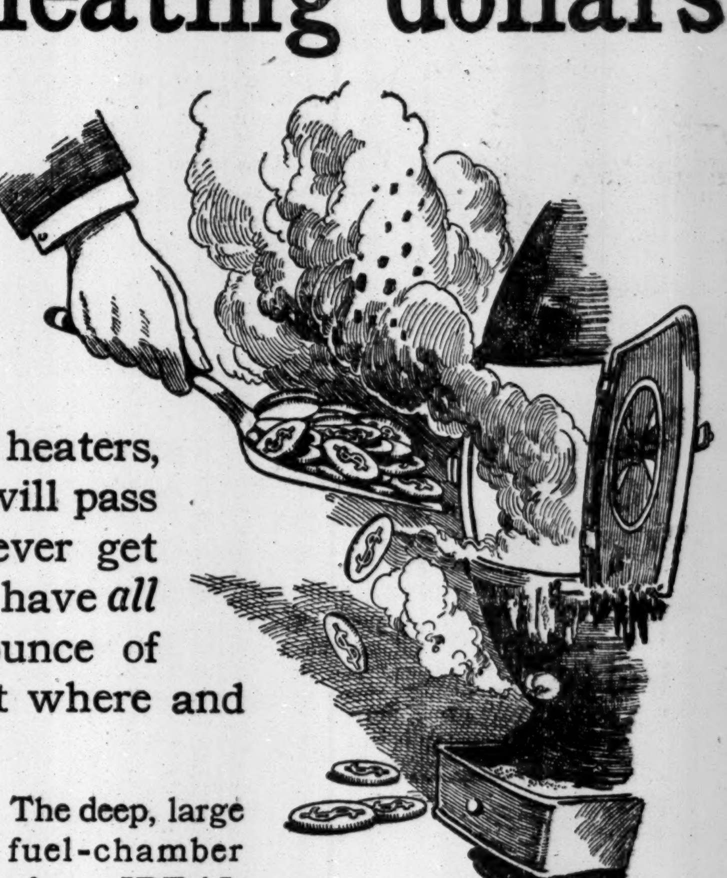
are showing a very choice and interesting selection of

Imported Umbrella Handles

mounted and unmounted, among which will be found many that will suggest desirable holiday gifts. Especially worth noting are Handles of plain and engraved gold, carved ivory, crystal, damascene inlaid work, jade, garnet, lapis-lazuli, tortoise-shell, and sterling silver gilt incrusted with semi-precious stones.

A large assortment of Riding Whips and Crops and fine Walking Sticks will also be found in the Umbrella Department.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.



Don't waste heating dollars

The heat-making value of a pound of coal is as fixed as is the number of cents in a dollar. Whatever heat-value you get from coal in room-comfort depends on how you burn it—how you extract the heat. You can shovel much coal into old-fashioned heaters, yet *most* of the heat-making gases will pass up the chimney unconsumed—never get your money's worth. But, you can have *all* the available heat from every ounce of coal distributed into the rooms, just where and when needed, by an outfit of

AMERICAN RADIATORS & IDEAL BOILERS

The deep, large fuel-chamber of an IDEAL Boiler is one of the strong features for producing fuel savings—it offers best conditions for extracting heat.

A deep, slow fire is easily proven best as compared with the shallow firepots of old-fashioned heating methods—just as a big cake of ice which fills the refrigerator box gives far steadier, more economical results than you get from frequently throwing in a handful of cracked ice. The big IDEAL fire-chamber extracts full value of your coal!

What the IDEAL Boiler starts in heating economy the AMERICAN Radiators finish by distributing warmth in all rooms, evenly, throughout every hour of the day, just sufficient for differing requirements of mild, medium and severe weather. Besides, there is far less house-labor, because no soot and ash-dirt go to the rooms, as with old-time devices.

A No. C 2118 IDEAL Boiler and 270 sq. ft. of 38-in. AMERICAN Radiators, costing the owner $135, were used to heat this cottage. At this price the goods can be bought of any reputable, competent Fitter. This did not include cost of labor, pipes, valves, freight, etc., which are extra, and vary according to climatic and other conditions.

IDEAL BOILER
AMERICAN RADIATOR CO

One charging of coal in an IDEAL Boiler easily lasts through the longest zero night. There can be no fuel waste.

To save heating dollars for the public is one of the prime motives of our testing laboratories in United States, France and Germany. They tell our foundries how to construct heating outfits to get reliable results and thorough economy. The users of our outfits get the effects in positive heating and full returns for the dollars spent for coal.

If you are weary of ever-lasting blackening, repairing and coaxing, discard at once the old way and put in an IDEAL-AMERICAN outfit at this season, when you get best attention and most favorable prices. Send for free booklet—"Ideal Heating" which explains how to get full returns from every heating coal bill.

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You should know about our ARCO WAND Vacuum Cleaner, for dustless, complete cleaning of rooms, furnishings, etc. Sets in basement and cleans through iron suction pipe running to each floor. Easily put in OLD buildings. Fully GUARANTEED. Lasts as long as the building—like radiator heating. Send for catalog.

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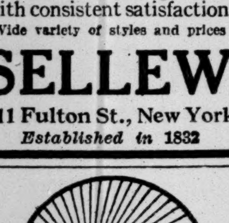

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FEW SOCIETY GUESTS AT WILSON WEDDING

White House Bride-to-Be Little Acquainted with Washington Social Circle.

ABOUT 700 ARE INVITED

Special Platform Across East Room Window for Grouping of Bridal Party.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Now that the invitations to the wedding of Miss Jessie Wilson and Francis Bowers Sayre are out, the fact becomes apparent that the company will be under rather than over the 700 guests originally intended to be asked. The guests will include the diplomatic corps, Supreme Court Justices with their respective women folk, the Vice President and Mrs. Marshall, and Cabinet officers and their wives.

There will be surprisingly few members of Congress present, and a scant representation of Washington's social world, due to the fact that Miss Jessie Wilson has spent little time in Washington, and even when at the White House accepted few invitations, while her sisters were the bright particular stars at a continuous round of entertainments from March 5 until their departure for Cornish in June.

The Wilson family connection will mostly include the same relatives who came to the inauguration last Spring, in addition to a dozen or more young people with whom the bride has been intimately associated in her sociological work since leaving college.

The order will be given to-morrow for the erection of a platform to extend across the window of the East Room, where the ceremony is to take place at 4:30 in the afternoon of Nov. 25. According to the present plan, this will be much larger than the platform used for the Roosevelt-Longworth marriage, as it is intended to have the entire wedding party grouped on it, comprising, with the bride and bridegroom, five bridesmaids, a best man, four ushers, the President, and the officiating clergyman, or fourteen altogether. To accommodate them will necessitate transforming the window recess into an improvised chancel.

Miss Roosevelt had no bridesmaids, but was preceded by ten ushers, all personal friends of Representative Longworth. The ushers and the military aide then on duty at the White House formed a line across the centre of the East Room through which the bride and her father passed to be met by the bridegroom and his best man at the floral altar. Only these four ascended the platform where the late Right. Rev. Henry Yates Satterlee, Bishop of Washington, read the marriage service of the Episcopal Church.

The bridal party attending Nellie Grant on her marriage to the late Algernon Sartoris, which also took place before the same East Room window, was even larger than that chosen by Miss Jessie Wilson. She had eight bridesmaids. Less than 150 persons witnessed the Grant-Sartoris ceremony. It took place at 11 o'clock in the morning, and was followed half an hour later by a reception, attended by nearly 500 guests. The latter as well as the smaller company witnessing the ceremony were representative of the official world, but, with few exceptions, all were close personal friends of the bride and her parents.

The friends of the President's daughter of that day who formed Nellie Grant's wedding party included Miss Fish and Miss Frelinghuysen, daughters of Cabinet officers; Miss Porter, daughter of the Admiral of the navy; Miss Sherman, daughter of the commanding General of the army; Miss Conkling, daughter of the New York Senator; Miss Barnes, daughter of the Surgeon General of the army; Miss Dent, a cousin of the bride, and Miss Drexel of Philadelphia.

President and Mrs. Grant, like President and Mrs. Roosevelt, included the entire Cabinet circle in the wedding invitations, but at the Grant-Sartoris marriage the only diplomat at the ceremony was Sir Edward Thornton, then British Minister, who represented the nation and the family of the bridegroom.

At the Roosevelt-Longworth wedding the Diplomatic Corps was fully represented, as both bride and bridegroom had many personal friends among them, as well as the Congressional circle.

The House of Representatives did not make any joint present to Miss Roosevelt, but the New York delegation did, giving a complete set of glass.

The Committee of Naval Affairs, on which Mr. Longworth was then serving, sent a huge silver loving cup as a joint present.

MISS CLARK DEPARTS.

Speaker's Daughter, Here to Buy Wilson Gift, Returns to Capital.

Miss Genevieve Clark, daughter of Champ Clark, Speaker of the House of Representatives, returned to Washington yesterday. She came here to visit friends in Orange, N. J., and in New York and to take advantage of her visit to select, for the House of Representatives, a suitable wedding present for Miss Jessie Wilson, daughter of the President, who will marry Francis Bowes Sayre on Nov. 25.

Miss Clark's return to Washington was apparently unexpected and followed several telephone messages and telegrams from her father and from Representative Mann, the Republican minority leader in the House. Miss Clark took luncheon with Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer at Greystone. Miss Clark left for Washington at 5 o'clock in the afternoon from the Pennsylvania Station.

Miss Clark came to New York about ten days ago. It was her father and Representative Mann who commissioned her to select the wedding present. She is said to have decided upon something in silver for a present. During her stay here she visited a number of the large shops in search of a suitable gift. In making her selection, she said, she was guided by the precedent which seemed to demand some sort of silver set.

BOY OF 11 WINS CORN PRIZE.

$175 for Raising 106 Bushels to the Acre in North Dakota.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Nov. 9.—Evidence of the advance northward of the corn belt is forthcoming in the results of the North Dakota boys' corn contest, conducted under the direction of the North Dakota Better Farming Association, in which the winner, a lad of 11 years, raised 106 bushels of mature corn to a measured acre.

Henry Granlund of Lisbon was the winner of first honors, and he received $175 in gold for his success. Clemence Swartz of McHenry County, about 100 miles further north, received $75 as second prize for growing ninety-six bushels of corn on an acre. The average yield of prize winners was sixty-seven bushels over the entire State, with more than 600 boys participating.

The successful competitors used methods advocated by the Better Farming Association, an organization launched several years ago, and which, as its name signifies, gives its entire attention to the development of the farm, the corn contest being only one of its varied enterprises.

One of the striking features of this year's contest is found in the fact that the average yield of prize winners advanced during the year from 71 bushels as the sweepstakes honor in 1912, to 106 bushels this year.

LET LIQUOR MEN VOTE? NO!

North Dakota Judge Holds They Are Unfit for Citizenship.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Nov. 9.—United States citizenship, in the opinion of Judge C. A. Pollock of North Dakota, should not be conferred upon a man engaged in the liquor business. Judge Pollock presented his views when he refused to grant citizenship to an applicant who admitted, during the examination, that he was engaged in the liquor business.

Besides having the requisite qualifications as to residence, &c., a person who applies for citizenship in the United States must also satisfy the Judge before whom he appears that he would make a "desirable" citizen.

"They can't satisfy this Judge that a man who sells intoxicating liquor is fit for citizenship," said Judge Pollock. "It is a statutory offense in this State, and I hold that the man who will engage in such a business in this enlightened age is not a proper person to become a citizen of the United States."

Judge Pollock is regarded in North Dakota as the "father of the prohibition law," this being one of the States barring the sale of liquor.

CHURCH HOLDS A JUBILEE.

Cardinal Farley Presides at St. Charles Borromeo Celebration.

The Roman Catholic Church of St. Charles Borromeo, in West 141st Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, began a three days' celebration yesterday of the silver jubilee of the parish. Cardinal Farley presided at the solemn pontifical mass, Bishop O'Connor of Newark was the celebrant, and the sermon was preached by the Rev. Father Daniel J. Quinn, ex-President of Fordham University.

Cardinal Farley did not make an address, but he congratulated Mgr. Francis H. Wall, the rector of the parish, privately on the progress that, he said, had marked the twenty-five years of the church's existence. The church was founded by the late Rev. Father Charles M. O'Keefe, who died in 1891. He was succeeded by the Rev. Father Henry J. Gordon, in whose pastorate the present church was erected. Father Gordon died on Jan. 17, 1909, and was succeeded by Mgr. Wall, the present rector.

In the course of his sermon Father Quinn said that the growth of the church had been a wonderful one and that this splendid progress had been due more than anything else to the sacrifices of the priests and parishioners. The great churches, Father Quinn added, were built on poverty, and that of St. Charles Borromeo was no exception.

GOOD MILK SAVES BABIES.

Report from Stations Shows a Low Rate of Mortality.

The Babies' Welfare Association announced yesterday the result of investigations into infant mortality in its relation to the milk stations. The investigation was made by the Health Department, and covers the period of hot weather. Out of the 33,000 babies under 2 years of age enrolled in the fifty-five milk stations of the department, between Jan. 1 and Nov. 1, the death rate was only four to a thousand, notwithstanding the fact that a large number of these babies were suffering from digestive troubles at the time of their enrollment.

The Welfare Association believes that the most gratifying feature of the milk station work is the rapid increase in enrollment shown by the report. The average attendance each week at all stations in the city during June was 18,273, in July it was 20,816, and in August 23,967. During these hot months only 113 milk station babies died. At the same time the death rate among all babies of the city under 2 years old was seventy-five to a thousand.

It has been reported that there were 493 fewer deaths of infants under 1 year old in all the boroughs than during the corresponding period in the preceding year. If the record holds out for the next seven weeks, the association points out, New York will end the year with an infant death rate of only 100 or less for each thousand births.

$4,000,000 Y. M. C. A. CAMPAIGN ON TO-DAY

Big Clocks in Wall Street and on Metropolitan Tower Will Record Daily Results.

A WORLD-CIRCLING PRAYER

This Will Be Uttered at 9 A. M., and "Minute-Gun" Messages Will Be Read at a Dinner To-night.

"Minute guns" will mark the formal opening of the Y. W. C. A.-Y. M. C. A. $4,000,000 building fund campaign in the Hotel Astor to-night. The "guns" will be telegrams from the Mayors of Chicago, Toronto, Detroit, Montreal, Richmond, Boston, Philadelphia, and other big centres in which Charles S. Ward, Director-General of the New York movement, has managed some of the largest among his eighty-four campaigns. Each message will be of a length which the toastmaster may read in one minute, and all will offer co-operation and best wishes.

This supplements the plan by which almost 2,000,000 members of the two associations all around the world will utter at 9 o'clock this morning, New York time, a one-minute prayer for the success of the money raising movement here.

Another plan that went into effect yesterday was the holding of special services, the preaching of special sermons, and the uterance of special messages in support of the Y. W. C. A.-Y. M. C. A. campaign in almost all the Protestant churches of New York. In the Protestant Episcopal churches the clergymen had been supplied with a special prayer aproved by Bishop Greer. The prayer was:

> **Most merciful and gracious God, we offer Thee thanksgiving and parise for the work carried on by the Young Women's and Young Men's Christian Associations.**
>
> **Grant, we beseech Thee, to Thy people active in this work the help of the Holy Spirit that an ever-increasing number may be led through their labors into the faith and following of Jesus Christ.**
>
> **Especially at this time we pray for Thy blessing upon the endeavor to procure for these associations the equipment needed for the extension of this work, so that in body, mind, and spirit the youth of this city may be built up in the faith and love of Thy Son. So may Thy Kingdom come among these young women and young men to the honor and glory of that Name which is above every name, the Name of Jesus Christ our God and Saviour.**

Leading members of the association will attend the Astor dinner. Mr. Ward, International Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., who in the last eight years has raised more than $20,000,000 for the Young Men's Christian Associations of North America, will outline the methods to be followed in their campaign in this city. He has organized the thousand volunteers in ten committees of 100 each, each committee being subdivided into ten teams of ten workers each. The team Captains report to their respective committee Chairmen and the Chairmen pass the facts along to the Executive Committee Chairman, George W. Perkins.

A big daily feature of the campaign, which is to last exactly two weeks, beginning to-day, is the luncheon in campaign headquarters, at 25 Broad Street, at which 400 of the leading workers will assemble to report progress and gain inspiration from one another as well as from brief addresses by Mr. Perkins, William Fellowes Morgan, President of the Y. M. C. A.; Mrs. James S. Cushman, President of the Y. W. C. A.; Mr. Ward, and others.

Mr. Ward's method does not include a house-to-house canvass. Twenty thousand names of persons interested in one or both of the associations, or known as generous givers to any good cause, have been classified in the last few weeks. The list will be submitted to the thousand workers, each of whom will select the names of women or men whom he or she feels best able to reach.

Another feature of the campaign will be the continuous recording of its progress on a thirty-foot electrically lighted clock above the regular one on the Metropolitan Tower, and a fifteen-foot clock on the site of the new Morgan Building at Broad and Wall Streets. Each clock will give the day's contributions and also the running total throughout the fortnight.

Two Rockefeller Deer Escape.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Two deer ran across the golf links of the Gedney Farm Country Club to-day and disappeared in the woods near the estate of Oliver Harriman. Several caddy boys gave chase, but they were unable to get within gunshot of the animals. It is believed the deer escaped from the herd on the estate of John D. Rockefeller at Pocantico Hills, which is but a short distance from White Plains.

Call us up and we will prove it!

NINETY-NINE times out of a hundred the tremendous advantages of the Equitable Building would be advanced as an argument to justify high rentals.

But the Equitable Building justifies its claim to being 100% efficient by improving upon the traditions of the ninety and nine.

Instead of employing its advantages as a reason for high rents, it makes them a feature of rents that are reasonable.

Leases now being made from May 1, 1915. The building, however, is due to be completed 2 or 3 months ahead of this date.

Equitable Building
Temporary Office, 27 Pine Street

CHURCH WILL WIN $300,000.

Member of Madison Ave. Baptist Congregation to Complete Fund.

The $4,000 required to complete the fund of $100,000 needed to obtain two gifts amounting to $200,000, was obtained at the morning service of the Madison Avenue Baptist Church yesterday. This makes certain an endowment of $300,000 for the church, of which the Rev. Dr. Charles A. Eaton is the pastor.

In the course of his sermon yesterday, in which he urged the completion of the $100,000 fund, and pointed out that yesterday was the last day of the year in which it was stipulated the money must be acquired, Dr. Eaton traced the history of the church from its organization in 1848 until the present time, calling attention to the fact that a number of the wealthy members of the congregation had drifted away. He also called attention to the fact that it had been said that the site upon which the church stood was too valuable for such an edifice.

"What do they intend to do with the plot of ground on which this church is located, if it is not to be used for the house of God?" inquired the minister. "Do they intend to erect a theatre or a loft building? No piece of property is of too high intrinsic value to be dedicated to the Lord's work."

Dr. Eaton spoke at length of the work being done by the church along sociological lines, and of the benefits which would be derived from the income of an endowment fund of $300,000.

"A dollar contributed to this fund will never cease working," the pastor said.

While the collection was being taken and counted, anthems were sung by the choir. The members of the congregation showed plainly their anxiety over the result of the collection, for a failure to obtain the $4,000 meant not only the loss of the $200,000, but probably of the church itself. Just before the count of the collection was completed, Dr. Eaton received a note from some one in the congregation announcing that if there was a deficiency in the collection he would contribute whatever sum was needed to bring the total to $4,000. Thereupon Dr. Eaton announced that the endowment had been assured.

A year ago a donation of $100,000 toward the endowment fund was made by Joseph Milbank, upon the condition that the church would obtain the balance of $200,000. Later, the sister of Mr. Milbank, Mrs. Elizabeth Milbank Anderson, gave $100,000 more, leaving $100,000 to be subscribed by the congregation. On Monday $90,000 of the $100,000 had been obtained. On Saturday it was announced that only $4,000 was needed to make up the full sum.

DOLLS FOR LONDON POOR.

Passengers on Liners Dress Christmas Gifts for Litttle Folk.

Notices are posted in the first-class companionways of the Atlantic liners that the stewardesses have undressed dolls in their charge for distribution among the poor children of London at Christmas. Passengers are invited to dress the dolls on the voyage and the materials can be purchased from the barbers on board the ships.

The passengers on the Celtic, which arrived yesterday from Liverpool, had dressed a number of them in spite of the stormy weather and they were exhibited on Friday night at an entertainment given for the benefit of the seamen's charities in New York and Liverpool in which the Gwent Welsh Male Singers took part. The dressed dolls are sent by the stewardesses to "The Doll Keeper" at 2 Carmelite Street, London, where they are exhibited later as "Water Babies," before being distributed by the charity organization.

STABLES CART IN BROADWAY

Business Firm Pre-empts Space in an Isle of Safety.

In the period which politicians sometimes refer to as "the good old days," it was no uncommon thing for truckmen to back their carts up to the sidewalk, unhitch the horses and leave the vehicles to obstruct the street until morning. A reminder of those good old days is to be found on an isle of safety in busy Times Square, where a business firm has found a stable for its hand-wagon, which takes up much space in the traffic oasis and often is placed so that the pedestrian has to squeeze by it.

The spot was intended to be a place of safety for those navigating the streams of street traffic on Seventh Avenue and on Broadway, but yet no loud objection to this form of trespass has been made. The policeman on traffic post at Seventh Avenue and Forty-third Street said that he had noticed the wagon and thought it a nervy thing to put it there, but he had heard no objection. He had not reported it. He was new on the post, he said.

DEMENTED MINISTER RAVES.

Anderson, Found Half Clad in Highway, Smashes Jail Furniture.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 9.—Raving and breaking up the furniture at the county jail here to-day, the Rev. Arthur A. Anderson, the Methodist minister from Warner, N. Y., who was found here on the highway yesterday half clothed and demented, was placed under close confinement in a cell. County Physician Edgar Carroll thinks his mind is unbalanced from overstudy.

Dr. J. Morgan Read got in telephonic communication with the man's wife at Claremont, N. Y., and learned that the family two weeks ago had left Warner because of a scarlet fever epidemic, the church being closed. Her husband had then disappeared and had not been heard from since. Mrs. Anderson is in destitute circumstances and cannot aid him. Dr. Read has been asked to look after him.

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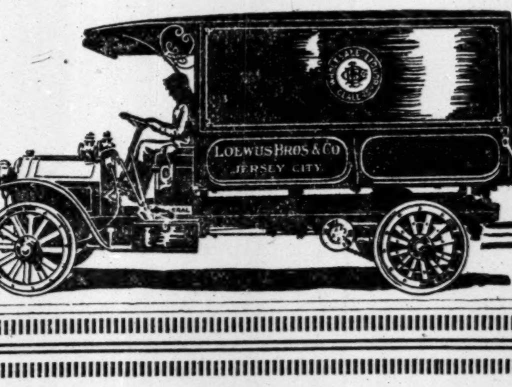

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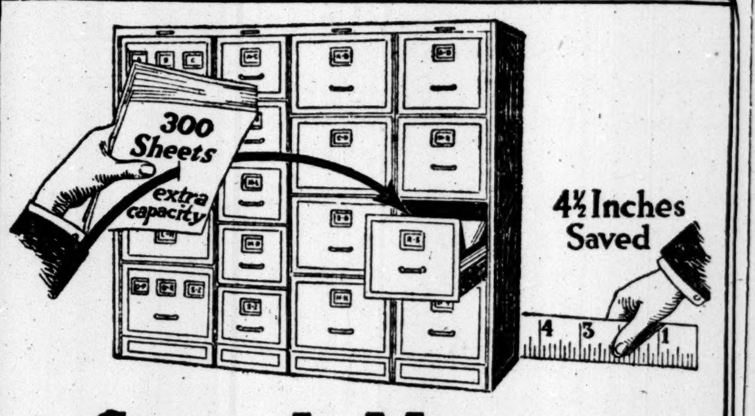

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In ten months of 1913, THE NEW YORK TIMES published 7,679,893 agate lines of advertising, compared with 7,220,008 lines in the corresponding period of 1912, a gain of 459,885 agate lines—the best ten months in its history. This is more than the combined net gains of all other New York morning newspapers.

The statements published in October, 1913, by all New York daily newspapers show that THE NEW YORK TIMES has an average net paid daily sale far more than DOUBLE the second, MORE THAN THREE AND ONE-HALF TIMES the third, MORE THAN FOUR AND ONE-HALF TIMES the fourth high-class morning newspaper, and considerably more than the THREE COMBINED; and, in the Metropolitan District, more than DOUBLE the THREE COMBINED.

FOOTBALL GOSSIP---RITCHIE TO BOX CROSS---BASEBALL---ATHLETICS

STRATEGY AIDED HARVARD TO WIN

Haughton Held Mahan in Reserve and Rushed Him In at the Right Time.

In the Harvard-Princeton game at Princeton Saturday, the Crimson team did not come up to expectations, while the Tigers were a lot better than they had been given credit for. The power of the Harvard attack and that wonderful Crimson line has been somewhat exaggerated. The first string men at Cambridge this season have been so good, that there has been no danger of their being ousted from their positions by substitutes. With many of the players knowing that positions were assured, it has been hard to avoid a certain amount of over-confidence.

The Harvard team is thoroughly drilled in the rudiments of football. They handle the ball cleanly and surely, and make no errors in judgement. The half backs keep their feet and are well drilled in throwing off a tackler. Every man on the team can tackle and tackle hard. In the fundamentals the team has no weakness. But surely it was somewhat disappointing to see a team of this calibre with such a limited variety of play. The responsiblity of gaining ground depended almost entirely on the individual efforts of the back field men. Brickley smashed headlong into the Tiger lines for only short gains until it became monotonous. All this violent line-smashing, which Harvard has been drilled in all season, availed the team nothing. A high class football team nowadays is supposed to have a line which can prevent old fashioned line plunging tactics, or it isn't considered a high class team.

As far as physical power goes, Harvard had a more powerful team. It was stronger as the game wore on, while toward the end Princeton tired. And yet the powerful attack which Harvard was supposed to have had couldn't conquer a tiring eleven with slam-bang football tactics. If the teams were to be judged on how many times each one threatened the other's goal, the Tigers were just as good as Harvard. Hobey Baker had several chances to kick field goals and he failed. He has kicked more difficult goals, time and again, but fell down utterly with a water-soaked, mud-covered ball. The margin of Harvard's triumph was that Charley Brickley can kick a field goal, whether the ball be wet or dry, light or heavy.

Princeton was a wonderfully improved eleven on Saturday. It was a far better team than when it was defeated by Dartmouth. The men played with more dash and spirit and assurance. The coaching of Eddie Hart is probably more responsible for the change than anything else. The Tigers got the jump on Harvard at the very start and displayed a more effective system of advancing the ball than Harvard did. The Tiger line gave the supposedly formidable Harvard forwards a great surprise. There were bigger holes opened for Streit and Glick to jump through than there were for Brickley, Bradlee, and Hardwick.

Streit, the Princeton fullback, was the most consistent ground gainer of the game. He almost always got by the first line of Crimson pickets and it took the most brilliant kind of secondary defense to check him. On the other hand, it was Princeton's primary defense which usually stopped the Harvard backs. The playing of the Tiger tackles, Ballin and Phillips, was one of the brightest spots of Princeton's game. While it is admitted that Harvard's brilliant backs, Mahan and Brickley, would have been more dangerous on a dry field, it must also be admitted that Princeton's more open play would have been more effective on a dry field.

Coach Percy Haughton showed his strategy when he started the game with Bradlee in place of Mahan. He held his trump hand in reserve. And at just the time when Princeton was doing its best parading through the Harvard team he rushed Mahan into the game. The effect was instantaneous. Just the presence of Mahan seemed to put more vim into the Harvard team. Knowing Mahan's great ability as a dodging half back, the Princeton defense was forced to spread out. The compact protection which had stopped the other Harvard backs was forced to widen, and that was just what Mahan needed. From the time that Mahan came into the game Harvard took the upper hand. That's where Haughton's resourcefulness showed best. He made Princeton believe that he always had something in reserve that he was going to spring. Princeton held nothing in reserve, but showed the full value of its hand in the first period. After that Harvard knew just how strong the Tiger attack was and knew how to play for it.

The climax of Princeton's season comes against Yale at New Haven on Saturday. Since the showing against Harvard, Princeton's stock has taken a big boost, and their chances of defeating the Elis are exceedingly bright. The Yale team on Saturday seemed to have at last found itself. While Brown is not as strong as usaul this year, Yale played a better game than the score indicated. The newly made back field did good work with Wilson at quarter, Dunn at full, and Knowles and Aisworth in the half back positions. Wilson's running back of punts was the most encouraging thing seen on Yale Field this season. Yale has at last mastered the fundamental essential of handling the ball. Not once on Saturday did Yale fumble, and this was most encouraging in view of the slippery wet ball. The Yale defense, which was riddled by Colgate, showed a decided improvement, and only twice during Saturday's game was Brown able to gain first down, once in the first and once in the second period. The shifting of Capt. Ketcham to end and playing Robinson at guard has made a decided change for the better in the Blue line. While there was nothing remarkable in Yale's showing, the improvement was enough to renew confidence in the team which disappeared after the Colgate game.

Datmouth's defeat of Pennsylvania, coming on top of its triumph over Princeton, shows the Hanover team to be one to be reckoned with in the season's ranking. Dartmouth uncovered a combination of close and open football which was more than a match for Penn. Dartmouth was able to win because its men were more proficient at the open style of play. Dartmouth will play its final game of the season at the Polo Grounds on Saturday annd will in all probability go through the season without a defeat.

The West again scored over the East at Ithaca on Saturday when Michigan defeated Cornell, 17 to 0. The Wolverines showed a couple of plays which were brand new to Eastern eyes, and it was by a superior offensive game that they were able to win. The Army had an easy time with Albright and ran up 77 points, the highest score ever made in a game on the plains. The Navy continued to show its strength by defeating Bucknell, 70 to 7.

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The cuffs have Arrow graduated cutout interlinings which prevent cracking.

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CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., INC.

YALE IN FINAL STRIDES.

Team Uncertainties to be Threshed Out for Two Big Games.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 9.—Yale has two days' scrimmaging planned for this week and one next week, the interval between the Harvard and Princeton games. In these three days the rush line uncertainties will be thrashed out and the backfield hammered into its final shape. The backfield of Wilson, Ainsworth, Knowles, and Dunn is the final choice, barring accidents, but the ends and guards are not yet picked. At right tackle Johnny Pendleton will get his old berth if he is able to play again in either of the remaining Yale games, but he is still very lame and chances are that he will not figure in either match.

It is probable that in the scrimmaging this week Brann will be installed at right end and Capt. Ketcham will go from end back into the line at either centre or guard. Playing guard on the offense and centre on the defense, exchanging places with Marting in these two positions, is a likely solution of the situation. Washburn, who replaced Avery at left end yesterday, is a probable first substitute for the end positions.

Cooney's wrenched knee will remove him from the game for the season and it is now evident that Yale has lost five of her best players from her Princeton and Harvard matches, Cornish, Carter, Pendleton, Pumpelly, and Cooney, at least as regulars.

Ainsworth's injury, received yesterday, consists of a badly cut forehead but he will probably play Saturday with the wound bandaged. When he was being taken from the field to the infirmary yesterday in the automobile of Dr. Sanford, the team surgeon, the auto was wrecked in a collision and he was jarred but not seriously injured.

Most of the first string players who played through yesterday's game were taken away to-day to the Meriden Country Club for an outing and a change from the air of the campus.

PRINCETON LOSES SHEA.

Tigers' Right End Breaks Ankle in Game with Harvard.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 9.—The Tigers will be deprived of the services of "Ed" Shea in the Yale game on Saturday, whose injury in the Harvard game has turned out to be a broken ankle, which will keep him in the infirmary for several weeks. The ankle was so swollen when he was taken to the infirmary yesterday that the physician could not say definitely until to-day what the exact trouble was.

It is uncertain, one of the coaches stated this evening, who will take Shea's place at right end. The choice lies between Lamberton and "Stew" Baker, both of whom were in the Harvard game. The rest of the Tigers came through the game unscratched.

The coaches have given up all hope of being able to do any work on University Field before Wednesday at the earliest, owing to the mud, and for this reason, together with the fact that the Yale game is only a week away and the men must be kept fresh for that contest, the Tiger eleven will likely get no scrimmage this week.

The fourteen men who went to Atlantic City after the game—the ten uninjured who started the game—with Lamberton, "Stew" Baker, Emmons, and F. Trenkman—under the care of Trainer Fitzpatrick and the manager, are still at the Chelsea Hotel, at the shore, and because of the condition of the field making work impossible the team probably will not return to Princeton until Tuesday morning.

Dartmouth Jubilant Over Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Nov. 9.—The return of the victorious Dartmouth eleven this evening was the quietest imaginable for a team which was arriving home after defeating one of the strongest teams in the East. A source of satisfaction is the fact that the team has now defeated two of the so-called "big four," and that Harvard failed to equal its score over Princeton, and, moreover, yesterday's victory avenged a defeat in the last game with Pennsylvania, seventeen years ago. To-morrow will mark the resumption of practice for the Carlisle game. None of the green squad was permanently disabled in yesterday's game, and a few hard scrimmages ought to fit them for the Indians. Although in the Pennsylvania and Princeton games Dartmouth has won her most important contests of the year, there is a feeling that the Indians are likely to be the toughest team of the lot, and the coaches will spare no effort to win the game in a decisive fashion. Much attention will be paid to the secondary defense, which was puzzled by the forward passes of Pennsylvania. For the quarter backs, it may be said that for resourcefulness and brilliance Ghee surpassed all expectations.

Indians Preparing for Dartmouth.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 9.—Not elated over their victory over Johns Hopkins at Baltimore on Saturday, but rather serious over the prospects for the Dartmouth game in New York City on Saturday, the Indians returned home late last night with but one man injured. Right End Pratt had a bad shoulder, which may prevent his playing against the Green Mountain team. If the Redskins ever wanted to win in their football experience, they desire now to defeat Dartmouth. Both were traditional opponents of Harvard until the Crimson avoided them, as the Boston people say. The gates to Indian Field this week will be barred against spectators, every moment of time available from studies which have first consideration at Carlisle, will be used to advantage. Maniken drill will be featured for four days, and the new set of signals will be put into operation for the first time. Coach Warner, feeling the supreme importance of the Dartmouth game, did not follow the eleven to Baltimore yesterday. He saw the Dartmouth-Pennsylvania game, and said upon arriving home that Carlisle would have to be equal to a great occasion and better than a great team if she defeated Dartmouth on Saturday.

Fordham Wants to Play N. Y. U.

Fordham begins its final week of football practice to-day when the squad starts work for the last game of the season with the Maroon's old rival, Holy Cross College, to be played at Worcester, Mass. There is a probability of a Thanksgiving Day game to decide the local intercollegiate championship between New York University and Fordham. Manager McLoughlin of Fordham has asked the Violet management for a game. The strong showing of the 'Varsity eleven against Boston College on Saturday has given confidence to the Bronx collegians, and a victory over Holy Cross is now anticipated. The eleven is expected to have its full strength in the final game, for Vic Carey, the regular right end, who is the only player on the hospital list now, will report to-day, but will be given light work.

Forlorn Hope for Ithacans.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 9.—There is one chance left for the Cornell football team, and only one, the coaches admitted to-day after they had recovered from the shock of the Michigan game in which, as they all admitted, the Ithacans had been outplayed and outmanoeuvred. This chance was to pull the team together for the annual clash with Pennsylvania on Thanksgiving Day. It is freely admitted that the Ithacans have no chance for a rating, but as the Pennsylvania game is the objective point of the season it is believed that there is a meagre chance to get some results out of the contest on Franklin Field.

PLAYERS REQUEST CONTRACT CHANGES

Fraternity Sends Petition to the National Commission for Seventeen Modifications.

President David L. Fultz, representing the Baseball Players' Fraternity, has presented a petition to the National Commission and the National Board, signed by nearly 500 players, embodying seventeen bequests for changes in contracts. The petition has been in preparation for several months and represents the views of many of the leading players throughout the country.

According to President Fultz, many of the requests have already been accorded the players by a few of the clubowners, which, he asserts, is an evidence of the justice of these requests. It was also stated that Chairman Garry Herrmann, Bancroft B. Johnson, President of the American League, and President Lynch of the National League are reported to have said that they are equitable and the players are expecting no serious opposition.

It has been felt by the Baseball Players' Fraternity that the significance of some of these requests is not immediately apparent, and the players have made their requests public.

The petition takes up each request, and after placing it before the National Commission, sets forth the reasons in full for the granting of the request, and explains the efforts of the fraternity for seeking to do away with the abuses.

Accompanying the petition embodying the seventeen requests was a separate communication with seventeen suggestions, in which the fraternity asks the National Commission and the National Board of embody these suggestions in their legislation. The communication containing the suggestions follows:

"To the National Commission and the National Board:

"Gentlemen: We, the undersigned, members of the Baseball Players' Fraternity, being engaged in playing professional baseball as a means of livelihood, under certain rules and regulations inaugurated by your bodies, do hereby request that the following suggestions be embodied in your legislation as part of all contracts entered into with our members.

First—When a player receives ten days' notice of unconditional release he shall be free to sign with any team immediately, the contract to run from the expiration of the ten-day period.

Second—National Association players shall receive ten days' notice before they can be released unconditionally.

Third—When a player is transferred he shall be transferred subject to all the terms of his contract.

Fourth—When a player is transferred he shall be furnished with a writing which shall be binding on all the parties concerned showing what teams have a claim to him and what that claim is.

Fifth—When a player receives his unconditional release or when waivers are asked upon him he shall be notified in writing to that effect.

Sixth—At the time contracts are sent out every player shall receive a copy, to be kept by him for his own use.

Seventh—All written agreements, whether embodied in formal contract or not, shall be binding upon both the club and player.

Eighth—Every team shall furnish each player with two complete uniforms exclusive of shoes.

Ninth—Every team shall pay the actual traveling expenses of its players from their homes to the training camps, or so much thereof as does not exceed the expense from the league city to the training camp.

Tenth—If a regular contract is not tendered a probationary player before the expiration of the forty-five-day probation period he shall be a free agent.

Eleventh—If a player has been in the major leagues any portion of the playing season of ten different years, and if at any such time after the beginning of the tenth year no team in such leagues desires his services, he shall receive his unconditional release, subject, however, to reservation by the club which signs him.

Twelfth—If a player has been in the major and the Class AA leagues for any portion of the playing season of twelve different years, and if at any time after the beginning of the twelfth year no team in such leagues desires his services, he shall receive his unconditional release, subject, however, to reservation by the club which signs him.

Thirteenth—When a team asks for waivers on a player it shall not be permitted to withdraw requests.

Fourteenth—When a player is fined or suspended he shall be given notice in writing stating the amount of the fine or the duration of the suspension and the reason therefor.

Fifteenth—No player shall be discriminated against or his position in organized ball in any way affected because of his connection with the fraternity.

Sixteenth—Every park shall be equipped with a blank wall painted dark green, placed back of centre field in line with the pitcher's plate and home base, of sufficient size as to afford a background for pitched balls.

Seventeenth—Before a player shall be released outright to a lower classification waivers shall be secured at the same price for all classifications, frist from all teams in his classification and then from all teams, if any, between that classification and the one to which he goes, according to their priority in grade.

Before a drafted or purchased player shall be released under an optional agreement prior to the expiration of the season following his draft or purchase waivers shall be secured from all teams in his classification at the draft price or purchase price as the case may be.

Before a drafted or purchased player, after the expiration of the season following his draft or purchase, or any other player at any time, shall be released under an optional agreement, waivers shall be secured from all teams in his classification at $1,500 if he is to be a major league player, and $750 if he be an AA classification player. This paragraph is subject, however, to Requests 11 and 12.

Waivers having been secured, as set forth in either of the two foregoing paragraphs, a player may be released under an optional agreement at a price which shall be the same for all classifications by tendering him to the lower classifications, according to their priority in grade.

Provided, however, that in all cases where waivers are to be secured from the AA classification they need be secured from only the International League and the American Association.

National Association to Meet.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 9.—President Louis Heilbroner of the Central League reached Columbus to-day, being the first delegate with voting power to arrive for the twelfth annual meeting of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues, which goes into session here Tuesday. The first session of the National Board, which has more than a hundred cases to settle, will be held to-morrow night. At least half of the major league clubs will be represented.

If you use ordinary grease and oil in your car and forget to look after them—*Good Night!*

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you put in at rare intervals and forget them altogether. They stay put and the longer they're used the better they become.

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Established in 1827

TIE AT LOS ANGELES.

Darkness Ends Game Between Giants and White Sox.

By JOHN J. McGRAW.

Manager The New York Giants.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 9.—We have now played to two cracking good crowds in California, and apparently the fans out here want to see Major leaguers in action. It is not well to brag about to-day's contest as we were tied, 7 to 7, by some bad baseball. However, the game was spectacular enough to interest the ten thousand fans, but a couple of misplays apparently put Tesreau, who was going like a house on fire at the start, in the air.

Again to-day it was warm enough to suit the most cold-blooded individual. A few more days like this and there should not be a lame arm in the crowd. We have now played twenty-two games, quite a bunch. In all of these the batters have had the best of it, and consequently the scores have been high. It had been expected that the fans out West would like to see big scores, but this apparently is not the case, as if a pitcher allows a couple of hits the fans begin to yell about putting in a new pitcher. They want small scores, and this shows that the fans are getting educated to the real fine points of the game, although even out here a lot of them escape the average followers of the game.

The game to-day was one of the scrappiest on the trip, and Buck Weaver, the White Sox shortstop, was put off the field. He did not think that Klem's order was meant, but he was advised for the second time that it did and finally he went.

The umpires have made the players toe the mark, and in this respect there is not the slightest difference between the games played on this trip and those during the regular season.

It was the manager of the White Sox who proved our undoing to-day, and I certainly must hand it to Callahan. He has his eye with him, and whenever he gets into the game he plays just as hard as he did in his palmiest days. Tesreau had two strikes on him, with two gone, when Jim hit the ball to centre field, and this tied the score.

That a ball player never loses the instinct for playing the game right was evidenced when he went to second. He took as pretty a slide as I ever saw him do, but as he was minus a pad he has a pretty sore leg to-night. Callahan, by the way, is one of the best base runners in the business to-day, even though he has lost some of his speed. He can get ten feet on most any pitcher, and it looks as if he was getting to second with the best of them. The score:

GIANTS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	WHITE SOX.	AB	R	H	PO	A
S'gr's, cf.	3	1	2	1	0	W'ver, ss.	2	0	0	1	1
Magee, lf.	4	0	3	3	0	Rath, 3b.	5	1	2	1	2
Lob'rt, 3b.	4	1	2	0	0	Sp'ker, cf.	4	0	3	2	2
Doyle, 2b.	4	0	1	4	3	Daly, c., rf.	5	0	1	6	1
M'rkle, 1b.	4	1	0	4	1	C'se, 2b, 1b.	5	0	1	5	4
Dool'n, ss.	4	1	1	0	2	S'fer, 2b, ss.	3	1	1	1	2
Thorpe, rf.	3	0	2	0	0	Evans, lf.	4	1	1	1	0
Wingo, c.	4	1	1	11	1	Sch'k, c, 1b.	4	2	1	6	1
Tesr'u, p.	4	2	2	0	0	Lev'nz, p.	2	0	1	0	2
Donlin, cf.	2	0	1	4	0	Isbell, 1b.	1	0	1	3	0
						*C'l'h'n, rf.	2	2	2	1	0
Total	36	7	15	27	7	Faber, p.	2	0	0	0	2
						Total	39	7	14	27	17

*Callahan ran for Isbell in the fifth inning.

Errors—Doyle, (3,) Merkle, Doolan, (2,) Chase, Schalk, (2.)

Giants ....0 4 1 1 0 1 0 0 0—7
White Sox ....0 0 0 0 1 0 3 3 0—7

Called end of ninth inning; darkness.

Hits—Off Leverenz, 12 in five innings; Three-base hits—Lobert, Callahan. Two-base hits—Donlin, Schaefer, Daly. Sacrifice hits—Thorpe, Lobert. Sacrifice flies—Magee, Speaker. Bases on balls—Off Leverenz, 1; off Tesreau, 3; off Faber, 1. Struck out—By Leverenz, 2; by Tesreau, 11; by Faber, 5. Double plays—Doolan, Doyle, and Merkle, (2;) Chase and Schalk. Wild pitch—Tesreau. Passed ball—Wingo. Time of game—Two hours and seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Sheridan.

Fultz Denies Federal Offer.

David L. Fultz, President of the Baseball Players' Fraternity, last night declared that there was no basis for the report sent out from Pittsburgh yesterday to the effect that he was to assume the Presidency of the Federal League. The statement, credited to one of the Federal League club owners, was that Fultz had agreed to take the position for a term of three years at a salary of $7,000 for the first year, $8,000 for the second year, and $9,000 for the third year, the term, as well as the salary, being named by Mr. Fultz. According to the story, the league officials had been in communication with Fultz and had tendered him a contract. The leader of the Players' Fraternity declared last night that he had heard nothing of the plan, and added that he would not consider any such proposition if offered to him, as the acceptance of the offer would necessitate his giving up the fight for the ball players' interest. This, Mr. Fultz says, he has no intention and no desire to do.

Brooklyn Defeats Havana.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Cuba, Nov. 9.—The Brooklyns defeated the Havana baseball team here today by a score of 14 to 3. Ragon pitched for the National League club, and his delivery was at all times puzzling.

Crimson Team at Cambridge.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 9.—Harvard's "Tiger-killing" football team arrived home to-day apparently none the worse for its hard battle in Princeton yesterday. There was no demonstration by the students. So far as the trainers could see the regulars came through the game without bruise or sprain to speak of. In view of their hard work, however, they will be given a lay-off to-morrow, although the substitutes will report for practice as usual.

Greek Wins Road Race.

Running under unfavorable weather conditions V. Voteretsas, carrying the colors of the Greek-American A. C., scored his third win yesterday in the weekly road race of the St. Anselm's A. C. A large field toed the mark, including Jack Fitzgerald, the English professional, who acted as pacemaker for the harriers. Frank Masterson gave Voteretsas a hard battle for first honors, but the Greek-American crack drew away and won by nearly 300 yards. J. R. Manning, who now represents the Bronx Church House, finishing third. The order of finish:

V. Voteretsas, Greek-American A. C., 16:33; F. Masterson, New York A. C., 16:54; J. R. Manning, Bronx Church House, 17:50; W. Larrson, Finish-American A. C., 18:09; J. Dolan, Mohawk A. C., 18:18; E. Erikson, unattached, 18:14; S. Weiss, unattached, 18:16; H. Dolan, St. Anselm's A. C., 18:25; H. Price, unattached, 18:26; B. Morris, unattached, 19:06; J. Meehan, St. Anselm's A. C., 19:43; G. Schwartz, unattached, 19:48; M. Toomey, Federal A. C., 20:21; J. Primoshu, St. Anselm's A. C., 20:28; T. Thercoquilos, Greek-American, 20:31; A. Pezello, St. Anselm's A. C., 20:40; J. McGovern, St. Anselm's A. C., 21:00; M. Dettmar, St. Anselm's A. C., 21:04; E. De Mareke, St. Anselm's A. C., 21:10; H. Neach, St. Anselm's A. C., 21:28.

Notes of the Athletes.

Announcement is made by the Brooklyn Diocesan Union in anticipation of the first annual sports of the combined societies in the Thirteenth Regiment Armory, Nov. 22, that Howard P. Drew, the phenomenal negro sprinter would attempt to make a new world's indoor record for 130 yards. He will be opposed by the best of the short distance runners of the district, among whom are Alvah T. Meyer, Hal Heiland, and Jim Rosenberger. The event will mark the first holding indoors of a straightaway race at the distance for several years, and if any line can be taken through the wonderful running of Drew and the others in recent races, the record of 12 4-5 seconds, by Bobby Cloughan seems destined for oblivion.

A scratch quarter-mile run, open to members of the Military Athletic League, is one of the carded features of the games of the Thirteenth Regiment, which are to be held in the Armory, at Sumner Avenue and Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, next Saturday night. Among the starters named are Mel Sheppard, Homer Baker, Ollie De Gruchy, Myles McHugh, Ray Bonsib, Ike Lovell, Dan Shea, and other good ones. There will also be a three-mile bicycle race, scratch, open to all N. C. A. riders, in which Eddie Goodwin, the indoor champion is slated to take part.

Van Cortlandt Park will be the scene next Saturday afternoon of the annual championship across-country for the senior runners of the district, for which it is said each of the big organizations of this territory will nominate teams. Eight men on a team will be eligible to run, but only five will count in the point scoring, which is on a basis of order of finish. A championship banner will be awarded to the team making the lowest score. The course will be the six-mile route surveyed by Fred. Rubien, Chairman of the Record Committee of the A. A. U.

CHAMPION RITCHIE AT GARDEN TO-NIGHT

Lightweight Title Holder and Leach Cross to Box Ten-Round Bout.

With one bout carrying a championship flavor to the extent the world's lightweight champion puts his title in jeopardy by mixing with the hardest hitter of the class, and the usual number of lesser bouts carded for the various clubs, boxing followers of Greater New York will have plenty to interest them during the coming week. Every night of the week will show at least one club in action, and on Saturday no less than seven clubs will be busy with the week-end stags. The boxing season for the amateur is to open this week and four nights will be devoted to the "simon pure" by the New York Athletic Club and the Military A. C. of Brooklyn.

The ten-round bout between Champion Willie Ritchie and Leach Cross of this city at Madison Square Garden to-night overshadows all the other contests of the week in this city or elsewhere. It is the most important bout between lightweights that has been arranged here since the Frawley law went into effect. The postponement from Oct. 29 until night, granted two weeks ago, when Cross injured a muscle in his side, has furnished both boxers with ample time to get in the best possible condition, and there can be no alibi for the outcome. From the rival training camps, at Westchester and Arverne, L. I., come reports that the two are physically fit and down to the required weight.

Ritchie has never boxed in this city, and he has yet to demonstrate high-class cleverness or unusual punching power. He has held the title less than a year, and was not seriously considered among the lightweights until he won it. Since becoming champion, however, he has shown a willingness to box the most dangerous of his rivals, and his popularity has grown as a result. Ritchie was gradually beating down Wolgast when the latter fouled away the title, and a few months ago the new champion defeated Joe Rivers. The general charge that Rivers did not show the expected amount of gameness has taken some of the glory out of this achievement.

Against boxers who rank high in cleverness Cross has been a failure, although he is possessed of considerable cleverness and is a ring general of the first order. Jim Driscoll, Packey McFarland, Matt Wells, and Jack Britton clearly outclassed the local boxer in ten-round bouts, and if Ritchie carries the cleverness expected of him he should be able to keep out of range of the Cross wallop for ten rounds.

The weight called for is 135 pounds at 9 o'clock, with the stipulation that the boxers are in the ring within one hour after weighing. This is the weight and condition at which Ritchie will defend his title in all bouts, and is a notable change from the attitude of his predecessors who insisted on 133 pounds ringside. Billy Joh will be the referee.

Two of Brooklyn's leading featherweights will be the headliners of a show to be staged to-night at the Military A. C. of Brooklyn, the boxers being Patsy Callahan and Young Driscoll. Harry Pierce and Fighting Fitzpatrick will do the honors in the ten-round semi-final.

At the Atlantic Garden A. C. tomorrow night three ten-round bouts will feature the card. The main event will bring together Johnny Keyes, the east side bantamweight, and Kid Murphy, who was at one time a topnotcher of the division. Johnny Martin and Freddie Hass will figure in the semi-final, and the opening bout will show Cy Smith of Hoboken vs. Andy Cortez.

Dave Kurtz of Newark, one of the claimants of the welterweight title, will oppose Soldier Bartfield of Brooklyn in the headliner of Thursday night's show at the Postman A. C. of Brooklyn. Philly McGovern and Eddie Wallace, Brooklyn bantamweights, will come together in the ten-round semi-final.

On Friday night at the New Polo A. A. of Harlem three ten-round bouts will be staged. These will bring together Andy Williams vs. Billy Smith, Bob Diry vs. Sam Schwartz and Battling Durkin vs. Mike Smith.

At the East New York A. C. Friday night Charlie Goldman, the veteran bantamweight, will oppose Battling Lehn in the ten-round feature bout. The usual weak-end stags will be held Saturday night at the Fairmont, Sharkey, Atlantic Garden, Irving, Vanderbilt, Queensboro and Long Island City clubs.

Amateurs will have Wednesday and Friday nights at the Cathedral Club of Brooklyn, and Thursday and Saturday nights at the New York A. C. The Brooklyn tourament will be for 108, 125, 135 and 158 pound boxers, and the New York tourney for boys of 108, 120, 130 and 140 pounds.

Notes of the Golfers.

Programmes are out for the annual Fall tournament of the Country Club of Lakewood, which will be decided Nov. 27, 28, and 29. The entire day Thanksgiving will be devoted to the qualifying round, while match play gets under way on Friday, with the final tilt at eighteen holes Saturday afternoon. Entries close Nov. 26, at 9 P. M., at the clubhouse. The golfer making the best score in the qualifying round will receive a gold medal, while the club offers the cup for the winner of the first sixteen. Other division winners will receive the Metedeconk, Carasaljo, and Manetta Cups in the order named. The usual handicap will be run off Saturday.

A special joint meeting of the Oakland Golf Club and the Oakland Club Company will be held at the Hotel Knickerbocker on Thursday, Nov. 20, at 5 o'clock for the purpose of considering an option on property adjoining the golf links. It is planned to add nine more holes to the course. There will be a woman's putting competition at Oakland next Saturday and the Saturday following for a cup presented by H. K. S. Williams.

A new eighteen-hole golf course is to be constructed at Manhanset Manor, Shelter Island. Walter Percy, the Superintendent of the Shelter Island Country Club, will have charge of the laying out of the course, which will include the old links as far as possible and a part of the Horsford estate.

The Yountakah Country Club is conducting a tournament for the benefit of the members of the Nutley Field Club. The tournament will be finished Thanksgiving Day.

English Billiards at Doyle's.

Something entirely new in the billiard line will be seen at Doyle's Forty-second Street room this week, when John Montgomery and Herbert McKenzie will meet in a three nights' match at English billiards. Montgomery recently won an amateur tournament at Bermuda, and McKenzie finished second in an amateur championship in London a few years ago. The men will play 300 points each night—Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday.

SPECIAL SPEEDWAY RACES.

Denver to Trot Against Oakland Boy—Other Events for Wednesday.

Rain caused a postponement of the Road Drivers' matinee yesterday on the Speedway drive, and the card will be decided on Wednesday afternoon with additional features. Nathan Straus will drive Denver in a match race, two heats in three, against James A. Murphy's Oakland Boy. When Denver failed to break the Speedway record last Sunday week Mr. Straus offered to drive his gray horse against any trotter in Manhattan. Mr. Murphy has accepted the challenge.

The Brush Committee are arranging a match for trotters under saddle between Gen. Nelson A. Miles's Country Jay, 2:07, and C. K. G. Billings's world's champion Uhlan, 1:58. Gen. Miles has sent his famous trotter from Washington, D. C.

Flora Hall, driven by Arthur Mulady, will make an effort to establish a new 2-year-old record for the Speedway course, and a special championship pacing race has been arranged between Dick Mason, Pickles, Clover Patch, Star Patch, Master McKerron, and Bessie Paudit.

The final matinee of the season will be held on the Speedway Sunday, Nov. 23, which is the day before the opening of the Old Glory sale at Madison Square Garden, when it is expected that many of the light harness horsemen from all parts of the country will be on hand.

Results of Soccer Games.

After seven straight victories over teams in the metropolitan district, the Brooklyn Soccer Football Club met defeat for the first time this season at the hands of their old enemies, the Clan McDonald F. C., at Marquette Oval, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, by 2 goals to 0. The game was played in a driving rain, and the gridiron was ankle deep in mud in some places, which was a severe handicap to the contestants. The Brooklyn eleven was handicapped by the absence of several of their best players in the backfield, and in consequence had to play some of their forward line men on the defense.

Playing but ten men the German F. C. went down to defeat at the hands of the St. George Reserves at Columbia Oval yesterday afternoon in a Metropolitan League game, by the score of 4 goals to 1. The St. Georges from the outset proved they were better "mudders," and held the upper hand throughout the ninety minutes of play.

In a well fought Metropolitan League championship fixture at Macombs Dam Park yesterday afternoon, the Hamilton F. C. took the Fulton eleven into camp, by the count of one goal to none. Owing to the early darkness the game was called 20 minutes before the scheduled time.

Battling in a Metropolitan League fixture on a heavy ground at Emerson Field yesterday afternoon, the Clan McDuff F. C. defeated the Eureka F. C., by 2 goals to 1.

The German F. C., which holds the record for the largest number of goals scored so far this season, traveled to Suburban Oval, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon to meet the Clan Chisholm in a New York Amateur League fixture, and won by the forfeit score of one goal to none. Only three members of the Clan team appeared.

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NEW SOCCER SCHEDULE.

National Association Clubs Draw for Second Round Cup Matches.

The drawing for the second round of the National Challenge Cup Competition, under the auspices of the United States of America Football Association took place last night in the Broadway Central Hotel. Thirty-two of America's leading soccer elevens qualified for the second round, representing New York City and district, Rochester, Niagara Falls, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Detroit, Chicago, New Bedford, Mass, Holyoke, Mass., Bridgeport, Conn., Jersey City, Bayonne, and Harrison, N. J. The second round drawing resulted as follows:

Southern New York District.

New York Celtic F. C. vs. German F. C., referee, T. Cunningham; Hudson United F. C. vs. St. George Field Club, referee, W. Erskine; Clan McKenzie F. C. vs. Columbia Oval F. C., referee, Harry Dale; Rangers F. C., (Brooklyn,) vs. Brooklyn F. C., referee, Charles E. Creighton; Brooklyn Celtic F. C. vs. Hollywood Inn F. C., referee, George Caldocott; Fulton F. C. vs. Yonkers F. C., referee, William Hollywood.

New Jersey District.

Babcock and Wilcox F. C., (Bayonne,) vs. Watessing F. C., referee, F. Davis; West Hudsons, Jrs., (Harrison,) vs. Alley Boys, (Harrison,) referee, Andrew Laurie.

Pennsylvania District.

Braddock F. C., (Braddock,) vs. Bethlehem F. C., (Bethlehem,) game to be played in Pittsburgh; Wissinoming F. C., (Philadelphia,) vs. Peabody F. C., (Philadelphia,) referee, George Young; West Philadelphia vs. Kensington F. C.

Northwestern New York District.

MacNaughton Rangers F. C., (Rochester,) vs. Niagara Falls Rangers.

New England District.

New Bedford F. C., or Farr Alpaca, (Holyoke, Mass.,) vs. Presbyterian F. C., Bridgeport, Conn.; Detroit District Roses F. C. vs. Packard F. C., both of Detroit; Chicago District MacDuffs F. C. vs. Hyde Park Blues, both of Chicago, referee, Walter Napier; Campbell Rovers F. C., (Chicago,) vs. Pullman F. C., (Pullman, Ill.,) referee, David McKean.

AUSTRIA'S ATHLETIC ENVOY.

Dr. Herschman to be Greeted To-morrow by Delegation of Americans.

As the result of a conference held yesterday between Prof. William M. Sloane, the dean of the American representatives on the International Olympic Committee and James E. Sullivan, the chief member of the International Federation for America, and Secretary of the Amateur Athletic Union, plans were consummated for the reception which is to be accorded Dr. Otto Herschman, President of the Austrian Olympic Committee.

Dr. Herschman, who is the representative of the Austrian Government, will arrive on the S. S. Olympic to-morrow, and will be met at the pier by Mr. Sullivan, Prof. Sloane, and other leaders of the different branches of sport in this city. Dr. Herschman's purpose is an investigation of the athletic system of the country such as was pursued by the members of the German Imperial Commission which recently left for the Fatherland.

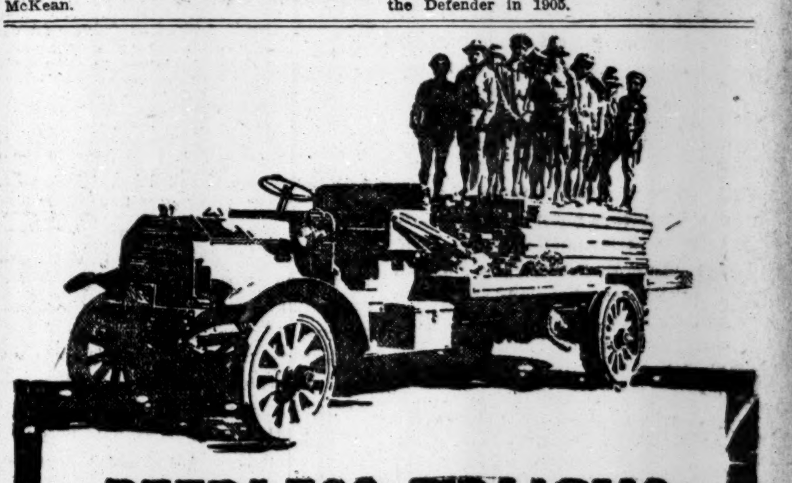
Arrangements have been made by Mr. Sullivan to have William J. Lee, the Supervisor of the Department of Parks and Playgrounds, to have the latter show the visitor all of the important playgrounds and recreation centres of the city, and explain just how the youngsters of the metropolis are cared for as soon as they are able to play.

Harry Stone Beats Johnny Summers

SYDNEY, New South Wales, Nov. 9.—Harry Stone, the American pugilist, to-day defeated Johnny Summers of England in a twenty-round bout on points. This is the second time Stone has won from Summers by referee's decision in twenty rounds.

Bronze for Cup Defender.

BRISTOL, R. I., Nov. 9.—Actual construction work on the Vanderbilt Syndicate's candidate for America's cup honors will be begun Dec. 20, it was learned to-day. The bronze used will be the same as went into the Defender in 1905.



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PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.
TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.
Publication Office.............Times Square
Times Annex...43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.............15 Beekman Street
Wall Street...............2 Rector Street
Harlem.............263 West 125th Street
Bronx...........149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn..........304 Washington Street
Staten Island..8 Richmond Tce., St. George
Jersey City............538 Jersey Avenue
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NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOV. 10, 1913.

GOVERNMENT TELEPHONES.

Representative LEWIS has "circularized" his colleagues regarding telephone conditions in their districts. Rates vary from $1.50 a month to $100 a year, and the service is as various as the rates. Where there is competition the rates are halved, and—although Representative LEWIS does not say so—the service is half as useful as it would be if the competitors were united. There is less information in this than there is in the statement that the Representatives are so much in favor of Government ownership and operation to remedy the observed defects of private operation that Representative LEWIS expects that the Post Office Department will take over the operation of telephones within two years. His bill will be passed by that time, and meanwhile there is opportunity to make the preliminary inquiries.

Representative LEWIS is not the only one who has been observing the workings of our telephone system. Postmaster General SAMUEL of England has recently been here and in Canada for that purpose, and his views on returning to England have been telegraphed back to Canada. At the annual dinner of the British Postmasters in London last week Mr. SAMUEL told his audience that:

> The Canadian and American telephone services were more efficient than the British, but he predicted that the latter would become the more efficient before long. New York City, with a population of five millions, had 500,000 telephones, compared with only 680,000 for the whole of Britain. Mr. SAMUEL said he was trying to develop an automatic telephone system as used in America.

Mr. SAMUEL's disposition to be critical was manifested in his discovery, quite in the manner of Representative LEWIS's correspondents, that on this side the water long-distance calls do not always get through, and that wrong numbers were sometimes given here as well as in England. Nevertheless it is to be remarked that it is his official opinion that the British Government system may soon be as efficient as he found our private system. In other words, here is fair notice that if we adopt Government service it is more likely to retrograde than to advance. The British Post Office is very efficient, and it would be rash to imagine that an American Government telephone would be as well administered as the British.

The opinion of the Oregon Commission regarding the establishment of telephone competition is of value. In reply to applicants who fancied that they wanted competition in the service of several public utilities the Oregon Commission wrote last week:

> One company properly regulated and administered can generally give better and cheaper service than two. It is a waste of capital and a disadvantage to a city to have two sets of telephone and electric light wires and poles cumbering the streets when one can be made to serve the same purpose.
>
> Most utilities are natural monopolies, and the highest efficiency and lowest rates are only possible when each one has the entire business of a given city or territory. Now that we have the right and duty to regulate all public service corporations, the ill effects of monopoly may be escaped and at the same time the beneficial results of economy and efficiency realized.

THE BRITISH TANGLE.

Undoubtedly the loss of the seat at Reading, formerly held by Attorney General ISAACS, is a very serious blow to the Liberal Ministry. It marks one of those "swings of the pendulum" that English politicians have been used to watch with the keenest interest. Following immediately on Mr. LLOYD GEORGE's plan of campaign for a change in the land system—which was meant to prevent it—it brings a new element of confusion into the councils of the Liberals, which were already far from clear.

An indirect effect of this symptomatic election will be to make the Ministry more than ever dependent on the votes of the Irish Nationalists and add to the embarrassment of any compromise with Ulster. At the same time it increases the risk of an appeal to the country, which is the most likely alternative to an Ulster compromise. There is, however, one phase of the election in which Mr. ASQUITH may find some comfort. The Unionists in the Reading contest made much of "tariff reform," which is a Tory euphemism for protection. If they persist in this and can bring about a general election, Mr. ASQUITH's chances of defeating them will be far from discouraging. Protection in England, however it may be disguised, means in practice the taxation of food and of materials of manufacture. This the British electorate have never, in the slang of the day, been willing to "stand for." It would be too much to say that the last two elections turned on it, for the issues were mixed, but it is certain that the Conservatives have been weakest when this policy was made most prominent. If it is again pressed, it will seriously divide the party now apparently gaining in popular strength.

"CONCESSIONS" IN MEXICO.

Matters have come to a pretty pass if a tyrannical dictatorship can be upheld in any country, least of all in one bordering on the United States, and connected with us by many ties, for the sake of protecting "concessions," which, if they were legally acquired, should be sure of ample protection under a legally constituted Government. American investments in Mexico amount to $1,057,770,000, more than three times the amount of British investments in that country, including all of Lord COWDRAY's railroad interests and his oil wells and refineries. Yet, although the vast amount of money of citizens of this country invested in Mexican railways and mines, timber lands, live stock, smelters and factories, and commercial enterprises, and deposited in Mexican banks, justifies our Government in demanding adequate protection for American interests, it is generally agreed even by American investors that it would not justify armed intervention by us or the exertion of our power to uphold any Government inimical to the best interests of Mexico.

Obviously, Gen. HUERTA's rule is distasteful to a large majority of the Mexican people. He has driven from himself even the temporary support of nearly all the men of prominence who at first accepted his Administration as a useful makeshift in a grave crisis. In the circumstances, the reported fear of the British Admiralty that it might have to depend for fuel for its oil burning vessels upon American supplies cannot be regarded as very important, while, on the other hand, the rumors of the purpose of the British Ambassador in Mexico to use his influence for the protection of Lord COWDRAY's Mexican interests demand the serious consideration of the British Foreign Office, and that without delay. The incidents of the last eight months have shown clearly that there is no hope for the restoration of law and order in Mexico while Gen. HUERTA presides at the National Palace. The influential newspapers of Great Britain are all in sympathy with the American view of the Mexican situation, which is that the establishment of peace, with a Government that commands the respect of all the people, is the first object in view.

MR. MITCHEL TO THE MERCHANTS

Mayor-elect MITCHEL, in addressing the Merchants' Association, had several decided advantages. He was able to say that he had on numerous occasions worked practically with committees of the association with mutual satisfaction, and the lines on which he had worked were directly in harmony with the general purposes which his hearers are earnestly and very effectively pursuing. Then he addressed men who, when he promised to try to give the city a business administration, know intimately, by their own experience, what such an administration really is, what are the obstacles to it, and what will be the rich rewards of thorough fidelity to it.

But the most striking advantage enjoyed by Mr. MITCHEL in this excellent company lay in the fact that he can appeal to the immediate past as a guarantee for the next four years. For the first time in the history of Greater New York a movement to put the city on an enlightened business basis has been substantially victorious twice in succession. Although the movement four years ago was not as clearly defined as that of this year and was not so completely successful, it came about that the actual administration of the Government of the city was along the lines which will be followed for the next four years. The task, moreover, is placed in the hands of men who have been responsible for the work already done. The Mayor is promoted from an important post in the Board of Estimate. He and Mr. MCANENY, his successor, and Controller PRENDERGAST will cast nine of the sixteen votes of the board, and they can rely on the co-operation of the officers casting all the other votes but one. And in his own most important office the Mayor will, in turn, be able to rely on the aid and sympathy of the board. With the experience and experiments of four years to guide them, it will be strange, indeed, if these trained and energetic administrators cannot work out results of permanent and continuing value to the people of New York.

The principles of appointment which the Mayor-elect declares that he will adopt and maintain are beyond criticism. He proposes to get the best men he can for all the places he has to fill, without regard to political party or faction, and in seeking to do this he proposes to avail himself, so far as practicable, of the services of men who have in actual performance proved themselves fit. These are both sound principles, and will be recognized as such by the business men of the city who apply them in their daily affairs. They will be difficult to carry out. The Mayor will be subject to great pressure, much of it indirect. Both the ascertainment of fitness and the frank recognition of it will be made hard for him. A great deal of information that "is not so" will be urged upon him. He will be asked to remember that he is not merely Mayor, but the leader of a great movement. He may be solicited to take up also the task of reorganizing the Democratic Party and rolling from its shoulders the Murphy incubus. And he will certainly be strenuously advised that he must "recognize" the most influential of his associates in these tasks. To the extent that he yields to these inevitable suggestions he will increase his troubles. To the extent that he really makes fitness the test for appointments he will lessen his troubles. To that extent also he will advance the movement of which he is at present the leader.

ABSURDITY IN THE LAW.

Isn't it about time that legal procedure, civil and criminal, were simplified? The verbiage of the law is endless, it makes for confusion. The report upon the involved form of murder indictments made to the Bar Association by Prof. MIKELL of the University of Pennsylvania and Prof. KEEDY of Northwestern University gives one instance of the difficulty. The form begins:

> The Grand Jury of the County of New York, by this indictment, accuse John Smith, late of the Borough of Brooklyn of the City of New York, in the County of New York, aforesaid, on the eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, at the Borough and County aforesaid, with force and arms in and upon one Peter Jones, in the peace of the said people, then and there being willfully, feloniously, and of his malice aforethought did make an assault, and a certain pistol, then and there charged and loaded with gunpowder and one leaden bullet, which said pistol, he, the said John Smith in his right hand then and there held, to, at, against, and upon the said Peter Jones, then and there willfully, feloniously, and of his malice aforethought did shoot off and discharge.

And that is not half of the indictment. The whole form might be worked out in words fewer than those quoted. Made simple and direct, with due regard to ordinary rules of expression, the forms of legal procedure would gain much. The defect is universal. Worse still, the laws themselves and their interpretation are conflicting. In the current number of The Green Bag, Prof. CHARLES P. SHERMAN of Yale argues that one code for all the United States is the only remedy to cure American law of its confusion and uncertainty. Bulky, redundant, and prolix, a tangled jungle of multitudinous statutes, of which 20,000 are yearly added, besides thousands of decisions and digests of these, it is quite wonderful that Justice can find her way through it at all.

THE BROOKLYN COURT HOUSE.

The estimable Judges of Brooklyn are not meeting the expectations of their fellow-citizens, nor are they consulting their own best interests. They are creating a feeling that they ought to wait for their Court House as long as they compel the borough to wait for an improvement which is more important than the Court House or the convenience of the Judges. This is a deadlock with no dividends for either side, yet it is the situation, out of which a way will be found with consideration for the Judges such as they extend to others.

Their demands are too great for easy allowance. They want a Court House amid rural quiet, far from street noises, and necessitating great destruction of buildings to accomplish it. The proposal was to give them a Court House and site rivaling any other, unequaled in the borough, and as costly as could be afforded. This they spurn, and insist upon their own preference, which is excessively costly in itself and obstructs other plans. If this is the Judges' final position, the borough should reconsider the situation in which the Judges stand pat. It is possible to reject the Judges' action, or to repeal the law under which they act, or to let them wait while the opinion of the community makes itself felt even in their high circles, into whose deliberations others may not enter.

The friends of the Judges ought to drop a word in their ear. They need to speak plainly, for the Judges say they do not understand the communication which they received from the Board of Estimate. That communication is plain to the ordinary intelligence, and perhaps it might be made clear to the Judges. They could understand it if they gave their minds to it, or it might be possible to send a second communication which they could not profess not to understand.

RULE OF REASON.

The Chicago Association of Commerce, one of the most important organizations of shippers in the United States, has notified the Interstate Commerce Commission that it will not oppose the advance of rates by fifty-two Eastern railways. This is in contrast with the sentiment expressed at the convention of Railway Commissioners of the various States at Washington. Commissioner THORNE of Iowa then declared against "pampering" the railways by advances of rates which, if applied to all the railways, would cost the country $100,000,000 a year. Apparently the Commissioner thought that the country would get nothing for the increased payments, and that the railways would keep all that money for themselves, instead of paying it out against their increased cost of living.

On the question of "pampering" the railways the statistics published last week by the Interstate Commerce Commission are relevant. For three months of the current fiscal year net earnings are $96 less per mile. This decrease is not evenly distributed, the loss of net per mile for the pampered railways of the Eastern district being $295. In the West there is a loss of $42, and in the South a gain of $8. This does not state the entire case, for there is always a debit of non-operating expenses over non-operating income, and the net now reported will shrink over 6 per cent. It still remains to be noted that this serious reduction of income is the result of a larger investment. The railways are getting nothing for the larger equipment at the service of the public.

Clearly, investment cannot continue on that basis. If the railways cease to grow, and the country continues to grow, soon there will be a misfit. That would be a misfortune greater incomparably than the burden upon commerce by the advance of rates to which the shippers have reconciled themselves, and which is opposed apparently only by officials. They claim to represent the people, but it would seem that the rift between popular and official opinion rivals the separation between the railways' gross and net.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Criticism Soundly Criticised.

That President UNDERWOOD of the Erie Road has not repudiated the surprising denunciation of Congressmen and the more surprising defense of Tammany recently ascribed to him is not, of course, complete and unquestionable proof that he was correctly quoted. It will, however, pass with all except those most reluctant to admit that he thus expressed himself as sufficient excuse for assuming that the reporter was veracious and for making that assumption the basis of comment and criticism.

One who has done so is JEFFERSON M. LEVY, who, naturally enough, did not particularly enjoy what Mr. UNDERWOOD said about the low mentality and consequent obscurity of New York's delegation in the lower house. And there is no doubt that Mr. LEVY scores neatly and effectively against Mr. UNDERWOOD when he says that the latter, in confessing ignorance of the name of the Congressman from his own district, rather reveals his own neglect of his duties as a citizen than demonstrates the incompetence of the Representative in question.

Mr. LEVY might have added that those who take as little trouble as Mr. UNDERWOOD seemingly did to secure the nomination of a fit man for this highly important place should be the last to complain when an unfit man gets it. Not even those of us who are most clamorous for a "short ballot" have ever demanded or suggested the transfer of Congressmen from the elected to the appointed class as among the steps to be taken in securing brevity. Under just how much obligation we lie, with ballots of their present absurd length, to inform ourselves as to the qualifications of Congressmen before voting for them and to keep ourselves informed of their acts and behavior afterward—that is a question on which opinions may differ. But that we are under some such obligation, and not a little, is certain.

The chances that any district will be ill-represented in Congress are in direct ratio to the number of voters in that district who do not know the Representative's name. Their ignorance, with its clearly implied negligences, is the cause, not the effect, of the misrepresentation—or of the lamentably true representation—when it exists and persists. As Mr. UNDERWOOD himself created the dilemma on which Mr. LEVY impaled him, he will get small sympathy if the horns hurt.

Help Toward Self-Help the Best Help.

Mr. MCANENY'S speech at the opening of the Union Settlement Association's new building expressed, very gently and courteously, but still clearly, the feeling, shared by many, nowadays, but not often enough mentioned, that there is something regrettable, if not wrong, in intrusting to private organizations the activities that have come to be called "social service."

To say this is not to deny that many of these bodies have done and are doing beneficent and necessary work for the public; it is not to assert or even to hint that without them human ills would have been or be met or mitigated to the extent they were and are. It withholds no recognition or gratitude from the generous givers and self-sacrificing workers to whom so many and such magnificent charities and philanthropies owe their existence. It is only to remind "the public" of its own competency to take care of itself, if it would, out of its own resources and with no help from anybody.

This reminder, if given often enough, may in time spread through a wider circle than now limits it a realization of the fact that while it is a fine thing to present a school or a library or a hospital or a park to a town, it is not particularly noble in the town to accept the gift. Communities not less than individuals can be and have been pauperized—that is, helped to such an extent as to be deprived of the capacity and the inclination to help themselves—made ragged mendicants with outstretched hands and reduced to the moral status of the writer of begging letters.

As Mr. MCANENY pointed out, the best service of the private performers of public duties is to prove by doing the need and the benefit of doing, and their ultimate purpose should be, not to do indefinitely, and more and more, but to transfer the task to the public which has thus been educated to see where its interests lie. Doctors proudly say that their ambition and effort are to destroy their own profession by abolishing disease; so the philanthropic and the charitable should seek as goal to remove all need for the exercise of their own special virtues.

Beaten Is Not Deposed.

As was inevitable, the daring PEGOUD was not allowed long to remain the only man to ride an aeroplane upside down and to write with it vertical O's and S's on the sky. Already there has appeared—in France, of course—one who does these things, and more, and does them close to the ground, where the doing is harder, or, at least, more dangerous.

It is notable, however, that CHEVILLIARD's claim to have surpassed the exploits of PEGOUD is hardly borne out by the accounts of his performance now at hand. The story as told is of a wild flight in a storm—of death coolly risked and escaped by the narrowest of margins—of a single strap instead of a harness binding the aviator to his reversed seat—but one misses the careful and explicit account of loops and circles that comes when PEGOUD flies.

The lack, however, may not be CHEVILLIARD's fault. And, after all, it would not be so wonderful if he had equaled or even outdone his—teacher. COLUMBUS is not famous because he made the only voyage across the Atlantic or the best one. The WRIGHTS, too, hold not a single "record" as aviators—none, that is, except the rather important one of having been the first of men to prove that mechanical flight was possible.

PEGOUD's fame is in no danger, even though his imitators beat him at his own game.

SUBWAY VENTILATION.

Engineer Suggests Partition Walls as the Simplest Solution.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Being interested in the question of ventilation, I have read with considerable interest the different schemes proposed for the ventilation of the present Subway and for the new subways.

From the experience which I have had in the question of ventilation, I fail to see how the scheme proposed by Mr. Opdycke will accomplish the results which he claims. His idea of ventilating shafts and the closing up of the entrance to the Subway would be the proper thing to do, but he does not take into consideration the question of all manner of cross drafts which will occur and which will seriously interfere with the incoming air and the discharge of the foul air.

From what I read I take it that there will be ventilating shafts located at certain intervals through which fresh air is to pass, and that there will be vent ducts at other intervals for foul air to be taken out. There will also be a certain number of ducts carried through the tunnels for distributing fresh air and taking out foul air.

From what I can understand this is all right in theory, but I do not believe it will ever work in practice.

It seems to me the simplest solution of the whole problem would be to put partition walls between the tracks, thereby making a separate tunnel independent of the other tunnels, and at certain intervals have shafts going from each tunnel. In this way a train passing through the tunnel will create a pressure in the front of the train and a partial vacuum in the rear. From this it will be readily seen that as the train moves through the tunnel the foul air will be pushed forward and sent up through the shafts, and from the rear of the train a suction will be formed which will pull fresh air down through the shaft. This is the simplest scheme that could be adopted, and will require no mechanical contrivance whatsoever, the whole proposition working by gravity.

I simply write this as a suggestion, as it might be well to consider such a scheme.

FRANK SUTTON.

New York, Nov. 7, 1913.

RECKLESS TRUCK DRIVERS.

Can They Be Punished Under the Terms of the Present Ordinance?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Relative to the discussion in the press concerning the large number of persons killed annually on the streets of New York by carelessly driven or operated vehicles carrying the United States mails, and the statement published in one of the papers a day or so ago to the effect that Mr. Folks, who was the Chairman of the Special Committee on Speed Regulations, had pointed out that mail wagons are not exempt from the workings and penalties of the new ordinance, it is noteworthy that Section 4 of the ordinance drawn up by the Board of Aldermen and given validity under Section 288 of the present State law, (the Callan law,) reads as follows:

> Nothing contained in any of the provisions of Section 1—*as to specific rates of speed*—or in any of the provisions of Section 2—as to the turning of corners, passing, and meeting of street cars—or Section 3—as to the approach of bridges and passing of public schools—shall apply to any of the following vehicles, to wit:—*Vehicles carrying United States mails*, wagons, trucks and apparatus of the Fire Department, of the Police Department, of the Bureau of Buildings, and of military, emergency repair wagons of public service corporations, and ambulances, *when in the performance of duty*, and vehicles which run only on rails and tracks.

It is true, as can easily be discerned by reading the above quoted section of the law, that United States mail vehicles are thereby exempted from arrest for exceeding the speed limit, but the very words of Section 4, which exempt them, seem to indicate that the Board of Aldermen intended the United States mail wagons to have the right of way and be unhampered by speed regulations without escaping liability under the balance of Section 1, which reads as follows:

> No person shall operate, drive, or propel * * * any motor vehicle, or any vehicle drawn by horses * * * recklessly or negligently, or at a speed or in a manner so as to endanger, or to be likely to endanger, the life, or limb, or property of any person.

This would seem to indicate that the drivers of United States mail wagons are liable for reckless driving, and I can see no valid reason why they cannot be served with a summons and tried on such a charge.

It was certainly not the intention of the framers of the new ordinance that the driver of a United States mail wagon should go "scot free" after causing serious injury to or the death of a person negligently run over by him, simply and solely because of the fact that he is operating a vehicle exempt from that section of the ordinance relating to speed.

Since nothing to this effect is specifically provided for, it should not be interpolated or read into the ordinance, and an arrest on the above outlined charge would undoubtedly bring about a conviction and a resulting diminution in the number of casualties on our public thoroughfares.

LAURENCE A. STEINHARDT.

New York, Nov. 6, 1913.

Bringing Cheer to "Shut-Ins."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Readers who may desire to express their thanksgiving to God for their health by optional personal service to "shut-ins," who because of years of continued illness have all their "garnered hopes crushed like trampled flowers," please send self-addressed stamped envelope for name and address of a "shut-in," specifying as to age, sex, married, single, orphan.

WILLIAM T. TOTTEN,
Secretary Yankee Christmas Club, Station S,
Philadelphia, Penn.

Nov. 5, 1913.

TO STARVE THE TIGER

Reduce the Menu of Offices, Mr. Childs Advises.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If there remain any readers of THE TIMES who do not understand the short ballot principle they can convert themselves to it very easily by the simple expedient of attempting to recall the names of the men whom they voted for at the recent election. Of course, everybody can remember four or five of the conspicuous officials, but how about the various county officers, the Judges and the Coroners, and how do they know that they did not by their vote help to place a rascal in some position of power?

The New York Short Ballot Organization has a fairly definite programme for the application of the principle in this State, and legislation has been unavailingly presented at Albany at the last three sessions.

The programme provides cutting off the tail of the State ticket by making the Secretary of State, State Treasurer, State Controller, Attorney General, and State Engineer and Surveyor appointive by the Governor, with no confirmation by the Senate. They hold office at the Governor's pleasure, except the Controller. This at first glance seems a large addition to the Governor's power, but, in fact, it does not add to it 10 per cent. These offices now are divided among the party bosses on a geographical basis. They are, in fact, appointive now, and this plan makes them appointive by the first citizen of the State, instead of by intriguing bosslets. State conventions would be very much less interesting to politicians if this amendment were passed.

Coroners are borough officers in the city, and should be abolished and replaced by medical examiners in the District Attorney's office or the Police Department.

County government is entangled with the State Constitution, and the best solution is probably the consolidation of county and city, as in San Francisco and Denver. The Sheriff, County Clerk, and Register would then be appointive by the Mayor.

The notion that popular election makes Judges responsive to public opinion has no basis in fact, the Federal judiciary and the appointive judiciaries of New Jersey and Massachusetts being fully as popular in their leanings as is our own elective judiciary. As a compromise with public sentiment we have proposed to leave Judges elective, but we put them on a non-partisan ballot, and introduce an element of responsibility into the nomination by making it the duty of the Governor to nominate. After the Governor's nomination is announced three weeks would be allowed, during which counter nominations might be made by petition, all nominees to appear on the ballot in a separate non-partisan section without party label, except that opposite the name of the Governor's nominee would appear the words, "Recommended by the Governor." This, in effect, is an appointive system subject to confirmation by the people. If no opposition appeared to the Governor's nominee, the item need not appear on the ballot at all.

As for New York City, this is a large and complex problem. We have no charter proposal drafted, but the natural development would be to repose all the power of the city in the Board of Estimate, which should be somewhat enlarged. We cannot expect to have complete home rule without some local Legislature of this sort. The board as a whole should have enlarged authority over the administrative officers, so that it could be held to accountability for everything that occurs. The ultimate plan is probably the City Manager scheme recently adopted in Dayton, by the terms of which an elective board, with legislative, supervisory, and representative powers, hires a city manager, who in turn appoints and runs the whole administration, subject to the general control of the board. Such an enlarged Board of Estimate, or Board of Directors, should be so chosen that not more than five officers would be up for consideration in any district of the city at any one time.

To recapitulate, the net result of all these plans would be the election of:

NATIONAL GOVERNMENT—President and Vice President, Senator, Congressman.

STATE—Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Assemblyman, State Senator.

JUDGES—No election, except when the Governor's recommendation is contested.

COUNTY—Abolished, except for the District Attorney.

CITY—Board of Directors.

There would never be more than five officers to be chosen at any one time on such a layout. Every citizen would find himself a politician without conscious effort. Each nomination would have to be good enough to pass under the microscope of intensive public scrutiny. The voters would be buying no more political goods than they could get a good look at. Nomination would rarely be "equivalent to election," and every business man or working man, no matter how pressed in his private affairs, would know exactly what he was doing on election day and could not be easily bunkoed. The tiger would be starved.

The short ballot movement is not a movement toward good government, but is a movement toward a workable form of democracy, and its promoters have faith to believe that when the people get the kind of government they really want, it will be found to be better government than what the politicians usually find it expedient to concede.

RICHARD S. CHILDS,
Secretary the National Short Ballot Organization.

New York, Nov. 8, 1913.

Operas in Foreign Languages.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a circular addressed to "Monday Night Subscribers," the Century Opera Company announced that, as "this season had demonstrated that there is little demand for opera in foreign languages as compared to the tremendous call for opera in English, it has been decided that all performances shall be in English in the future."

All the Monday performances so far have been very well patronized, and where there was a falling off in attendance in some instances it would not have been different had those operas been sung in English. "La Gioconda" will not fill a house eight times a week, neither will "La Tosca," unless a stellar combination of singers forms a potent attraction.

There will always be a class of lovers of opera in a cosmopolitan centre such as New York to whom performances in any but the original language will be, if not repellant, at least highly unattractive. I think it is but fair to estimate that this class of operagoer is about 12 per cent. of the total number who are willing to patronize the Century Company, and, on the other hand, cannot afford to pay the prices of the Metropolitan. Should they not then be entitled to one performance, out of eight, in the original language?

J. A. G.

New York, Nov. 6, 1913.

A United Suffrage Party.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The abstract of the last United States Census (on file in all public libraries) says there are in New York State 2,757,521 females of 21 years and over. Of these only 927,995 are of native parentage. The others are 1,068,383 foreign born white, 710,145 of foreign or mixed parentage, 49,300 negroes, 1,502 Indians, and 196 Chinese, Japanese, and all other.

Danger! Stop, look, listen! It would be the height of absurdity to divide the women of this State among the various political machines in 1915. United we women stand; divided—well, it isn't very pleasant to contemplate.

MARJORIE DORMAN.

New York, Nov. 7, 1913.

FINE NAPOLEONIC EXHIBIT.

Private View of Crane Collection at the A. A. A. Galleries.

The private view of the Crane collection of Napoleon material was held yesterday at the American Art Association Galleries and revealed even to those who knew the collection previously an astonishing number of interesting items. Among those with a direct interest to students of art the portraits stand first and number more than 2,000. They trace with more or less attempt at truthful characterization the development of Bonaparte's ruthless personality, from the youth who answered the objection that he was too young to command the army of Italy with the proud and true assertion "In a year I shall be either old or dead" to the exile who continued to wear at St. Helena the green uniform faced with red which he had worn at the Tuileries as Emperor. For that matter we see him, after his victories and defeats are over, rising from the tomb still in uniform, as he was painted by Vernet and engraved by Jazet, with the words of his testament inscribed beneath his laureled figure: "I desire that my ashes rest on the banks of the Seine among the French people I have so much loved."

He is portrayed full length, three-quarter length, half length, bust, with hat, without hat, with long hair, with queue, in his robes of statae and in uniform, mounted on the most astounding chargers ever invented by pedestrian artists, on the battlefield, and in touching family scenes. There is a little art and a great deal that insults the name of art in the various portraitures. For example, the splendid mezzotint by Dickinson after the painting by Gros and the absurd outline portrait, each line of which is formed of minute German words, decipherable only with a magnifying glass. The sizes of the portraits vary from three feet in height to three-quarters of an inch, the latter a full length and the smallest engraving ever made of his illustrious and amply illustrated person.

More interesting on the human and intellectual side are the caricatures, which include a considerable number of the vigorous and often brutal cartoons by Gillray, at least one by the keener and more talented Rowlandson and a very interesting sketch with the inscription "Fleshy, ci-divant Bony, drawn from the life at Longwood, June 5, 1820," and an additional subscription "By Mr. Hook. Acting Pres." This sketch shows him stout, with his plentiful diet and restricted exercise, his hair tumbled, his expression rather dull than melancholy, and sufficiently the look of a man who constantly reminded himself, "In those days I was Napoleon, now I am nothing."

Of Napoleon's physician at St. Helena, O'Meara, there is a fine little portrait, very lifelike and brisk in touch, which was engraved by F. C. Lewis after the original by G. Lewis, and was the only copy known to Mr. Crane.

Among the other portraits which claim attention are a number of Josephine, of Marie Louise, of Louis XII., Louis XIII., Louis XIV., Louis XV., Louis XVI., Louis XVII., and Louis XVIII., a very beautiful mezzotint by John Young from Hoppner's portrait of Hastings, a large number of portraits of Lafayette, portraits of the Duke of Wellington, one a quaint affair showing him in collegiate dress and inscribed "A sketch by a lady, taken at Oxford." There is also a fine mezzotint of Thomas Gainsborough's portrait of Barry St. Leger, who was with Wolfe at Quebec, and there are several St. Helena views engraved by G. Munger which are interesting as a specimen of contemporary American engraving.

The prints are hung in the newly opened rooms of the American Art Association, which are to be dedicated to books, prints, manuscripts, and autographs, and the arrangement is in the highest degree successful, attractive in general appearance and extremely convenient for those interested in systematic examination of the collection.

CHURCH'S 75TH YEAR.

Special Services Commemorate Event at the Divine Paternity.

The seventy-fifth anniversary of the Church of the Divine Paternity, at Seventy-sixth Street and Central Park West, was observed yesterday with special services in the church. The Fourth Universalist Society, organized Nov. 11, 1838, to manage the business affairs of the church, which held its first religious services in a building on lower Broadway, and received from the first collection from the new congregation $901, reported yesterday that the value of the church property and its other investments were now $900,000.

A history of the church was given in the sermon by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Frank Oliver Hall.

Many well-known men have been members of the congregation. Horace Greeley was a regular attendant. Andrew Carnegie is a new holder. The new organ, a memorial to the parents of Mrs. Carnegie, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Whitfield, was the gift of Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie.

Seven pastors have been identified with the church, the Rev. William Whittaker, the Rev. I. D. Williamson, the Rev. Moses Ballou, the Rev. Thomas L. Harris, the Rev. Dr. E. H. Chapin, who continued for thirty-three years; the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Eaton, and the present pastor, who has been in charge since 1903.

A poem, written by Mrs. T. J. Sawyer, was read at the services yesterday morning. Last evening the services included a review of the lives and work of the former pastors. To-night a dinner will be given at the Hotel Majestic, at which the speakers will include: Louis A. Ames, President of the New York Universalist Club; William J. Tingue, President Board of Trustees; Dr. Frederick W. Perkins, and John B. Wells. Singing and music will be provided by Misses Margaret Harrison and Mildred Potter, and J. Warren Andrews. A reception will take place in the Parish House, adjoining the church, to-morrow evening, under the auspices of the Young People's Christian Union.

BAPTIZED IN FREE CHURCH.

Forest Hills' First Baby, Now Seven, First to Take Sacrament.

The first baptismal service was held yesterday morning in the Free Church established about a year ago in the little town of Forest Hills, L. I., by some seventy families who waived denominational differences, because no separate denomination was large enough to support a church.

The first person baptized in the little communal church was Anna Dorothy Backus, who was also the first child born in the village of Forest Hills. She is 7 years old, the daughter of Mrs. Edwin Backus, member of an old Long Island family that originally owned the land on which Forest Hills has been built. Little Miss Backus was one of ten children baptized by the Rev. J. C. Hollyman, pastor of the Free Church.

Forest Hills Free Church started with only thirty-five members, and now there are more than a hundred communicants. The idea of the Free Church originated with the Rev. Mr. Hollyman, who went to Forrest Hills from Missouri. After a general meeting in June, 1911, the Society of the Free Church of Forest Hills was incorporated, and work was begun on a building for which the Cord Meyer Development Company donated the land and advanced the funds. The church is an artistic one story and basement structure of wire-drawn header brick. The first informal service was held in it on Oct. 27, 1912.

The communal congregation is novel, because its intention is to preserve the polity of all denominations. No member is asked to give up a single article of his creed. The mode of baptism is left entirely to the candidate. The church is simply a co-operative effort to obtain the benefits of a Christian church in a community unable to support more than one.

TO STUDY CITY PROBLEMS.

People's Institute Takes Up Task Confronting New Administration.

The problems facing the new city administration will be discussed at the Tuesday and Friday meetings of the People's Institute at Cooper Union, according to an announcement made yesterday.

To-morrow evening the topic will be "The City's Food." David J. Lewis of Maryland, promoter of the Parcel Post Congress, will speak on "The Parcel Post and the People's Food Supply," and "Pure Food and the Protection of the Consumer" will be discussed by Alfred W. McCann.

ASKS FOR $2,500,000 TO AID COLUMBIA

University Hampered by Lack of $100,000 a Year, Says President Butler.

SALARIES CAN'T BE RAISED

Graduate Instruction and Vocational Training Criticised — Number of Students Not a Test of Success.

An urgent appeal for funds for Columbia University which will make a policy of stringent retrenchment unnecessary is made by President Nicholas Murray Butler in his annual report to the Trustees, which was made public yesterday. Columbia is depicted by President Butler as a giant in bonds, with the strength, power, and zeal for service, but hampered and restrained by the bonds of insufficient funds. To unshackle these bonds $2,500,000 is necessary.

This urgent need of the university is placed ahead of all other Columbia problems by President Butler and the demand for new buildings or gifts for special purposes are relegated to a position of second importance. Another such unrestricted gift as that of the late John Stewart Kennedy by which nearly $3,000,000 came into the hands of the university would pull the university out of its pressing financial need and allow further expansion.

The amount in which Columbia has been running beyond her income is shown in a table in the report. The estimated deficit for the present year alone reaches the substantial figure of $63,821.06. Last year the deficit was some $3,000 greater and for the past four years it reaches the total of $154,304.49. This deficit up to the present time has been taken care of by the offsetting surplus of the years from 1907 to 1910 which reached $164,954.22. Columbia also has to take care of a $3,000,000 bonded debt which was incurred twenty years ago when the purchase of the present university site on Morningside Heights was made.

The Treasurer's report shows that during the year the sum of $617,865.61 was given to establish permanent funds or to add to existing funds; the sum of $337,475.07 to purchase land or to erect and equip buildings; and the sum of $466,463.43 to be expended for designated purposes. The total amount received in gifts during the year, therefore, as reported by the Treasurer, is $1,421,804.17. The largest gifts received were $450,000 from the estate of Joseph Pulitzer, $250,000 from the estate of Francis P. Furnald, $67,642.86 from the estate of John Stewart Kennedy, $56,960.53 from the estate of Annie P. Burgess, $30,000 from Samuel P. Avery for the Avery Architectural Library, $30,000 from A. Barton Hepburn for the purchase and equipment of the Maison Française, $20,282.07 from the estate of Charles Bathgate Beck, '77, $12,500 from J. Parke Channing, '83 science, for the equipment of the electro-metallurgical laboratory, $10,000 from Charles H. Davis, '86 science, for advanced instruction and research in highway engineering, $10,000 from an anonymous donor for surgical research, and $8,000 from Edward D. Adams for the Ernest Kempton Adams Precision Laboratory.

The teaching staff at Columbia, including professors, associates, instructors, lecturers, assistants, administrative officers, and emeritus officers, totals 900. The total enrollment of students, deducting the Summer session, is 13,120, and during the past year 2,155 degrees and diplomas were granted to 1,660 individuals.

But in submitting these figures of registration President Butler expressly negatives the idea that the university is to be judged as to its success and importance by the total of its registration. "The fact that Columbia University has under its influence and instruction," he says, "many thousands of students is annually heralded in the public press as entitling it to claim precedence over other institutions at home or abroad. Within the university itself no such feeling prevails. The growth in numbers so marked in recent years is, of course, gratifying in so far as it indicates that the curriculum, the equipment, and particularly the teachers and investigators of Columbia, are sougth on their own account. But we should deplore growth in numbers unless it were accompanied by a steady increase in the quality of the students.

"But the real test and measure of a university's efficiency are not the number of students enrolled, the size of its endowment, or the magnificence of its physical equipment. The true test and measure are to be found in the productive scholarship of the university's teachers and in the quality of the men and women who go out with the stamp of the university's approval upon them."

President Butler says of Columbia's international relations:

"During the year the international relations of Columbia University have increased and multiplied. The authorities of the University of Leipsic and of Munich have requested that each sucessive Roosevelt professor be allowed to give some of his time to them. For the present, it has been arranged that the Roosevelt professor shall in alternate years go for at least a part of the second semester to the University of Leipsic, while in the intervening years the incumbent of this professorship will go for at least a part of the second semester to the University of Munich.

"The Government of Austria has effected an arrangement similar in all respects to that which exists between Columbia University and the Government of Prussia.

"With the gracious approval of her Majesty the Queen of Holland and through the co-operation of her Government, with the generous support of a number of important Hollanders, the Queen Wilhelmina lectureship on the Dutch language, literature, and history has been established, of which the first incumbent is Dr. Charles Van Noppen, an accomplished Dutch scholar, who is already in residence."

The financial difficulties have probably been felt by the professors and instructors of the university, President Butler points out, but according to him it has been impossible because of lack of funds to make the uniform annual increase of compensation in the salaries of associate professors and assistant professors that have been agreed to in principle. Only an increased endowment could make it possible for the university to pay increased salaries.

To divorce the generous and fruitful pursuit of higher studies from the less worthy purpose of gaining a higher degree is the centre of the problem of advanced instruction for graduate students. Until American universities can say truthfully, President Butler says, that their students are studying for the learning and not for the degree, advanced instruction in this country will be more or less of a farce.

In reviewing the work of the different schools, President Butler criticises vocational training. Carried to its logical result, he says, it would mean a static and a stratified social order, which would put an end to individual initiative and to individual opportunity.

"The basis for any true vocational preparation," he adds, "is training to know a few things well and thoroughly, and in gaining such knowledge to form those habits of mind and of will that fit the individual to meet new duties and unforeseen emergencies."

President Butler finds that the modifications and changes in the bar examinations of New York are bound to be of great help.

Saving the Old Cleveland Trees.

Special to The New York Times.

CALDWELL, N. J., Nov. 9.—Tree doctors have been called upon to exert their skill to save the old elms under which Grover Cleveland played as a boy on the grounds of the old Cleveland homestead here. Two great trees directly in front of the old house are affected, and under treatment they are expected to live for many years to come. All the diseased parts of the trees are being cut away and the orifices filled with cement.

THE STAGE SOCIETY OFFERS TWO PLAYS

Invitation Performance of One-Act Pieces by Jos. M. Patterson and Schnitzler.

MANY STARS IN AUDIENCE

Laurette Taylor in Leading Role in Grim Drama—Miss Herne as Countess Mizzi.

BY-PRODUCTS.—A play in one act, by Joseph Medill Patterson, at the Lyceum Theatre.

Rose	Anne MacDonald
Mrs. McLinda	Jessie Ralph
Mary McLinda	Laurette Taylor
The Stove Man	Mark Smith
Child	Baby Bradley

COUNTESS MIZZI.—A comedy in one act, by Arthur Schnitzler.

Count Arpad Pazmandy	Lionel Walsh
Footman	Edwin Wolfe
Gardener	Arthur Allen
Egon Prince Ravenstein	Frank Mills
Countess Mizzi	Chrystal Herne
Phillipp	George Le Guere
Lolo Langhuber	Maude Odell
Wasner	Arthur Wood
Prof. Windhofer	Walter Creighton

The Stage Society of New York, which last season ran afoul of the Police Department in the matter of Sunday night performances, but overcame the difficulty by calling the affair dress rehearsals, produced two one-act plays at the Lyceum Theatre last night before an invited audience made up of many of the stars of the theatrical profession and persons prominent in the social world who were let into the theatre by the stage door. The plays will be given at the same theatre this afternoon by the society for the benefit of the Actors' Fund.

The first play given last night was "By-Products," by Joseph Medill Patterson, with Laurette Taylor in the principal rôle, that of Mary McLinda, a shopgirl earning $5 a week, who hungers to get out of her humble surroundings, and has reached the stage where she doesn't care just how she does it.

The single scene shows the poverty-stricken home of the McLindas with the sister with consumption and the baby on the verge of the same disease. A man from the time-payment store has called to collect a long overdue payment on the kitchen stove. Mrs. McLinda, who washes clothes in the daytime and scrubs in office buildings after midnight, tells the collector that her daughter Mary will soon be home with her wages and the man has left to return later. It is after 11 o'clock before Mary comes home. She has spent her pittance from the store for new shoes and a hat and has been to the opera with a man whom she met while fitting his gloves in the store. After the mother departs Mary admits that the man is waiting at the corner for her in an automobile.

Mary has visited a fortune teller, who tells her that she is going to take a long journey and she is anxious to get away from the house, but she finally decides to stay home and take care of her sister and the baby. Then the stove man comes and demands money. Mary gives him what she has, but it is not enough and the man says the stove will be taken out the next day. Mary runs past him out into the street and in a few minutes comes back with a handful of money and a man's fur automobile coat. She pays the astonished stove man, bundles her sister up in the coat, the baby in a blanket and the three start out.

"Where are we goin'?" asks the sister.

"You and the kid are goin' to Colorado," says Mary, "and I—well, I'm goin' on that long journey the fortune teller told me about."

The second play, "Countess Mizzi," was a translation made by two members of the Stage Society from the comedy by Arthur Schnitzler. Lionel Walsh, Frank Mills, George Le Guere, Chrystal Herne, and Maude Odell appeared in the leading rôles.

The scene is laid in the garden of the estate of Count Arpad Pazmandy (Lionel Walsh,) near Vienna. The Count has just lost his Lolo (Maude Odell,) who, after twenty years of life with him is about to be married to a coachman. The Count is telling his troubles to Prince Egon Ravenstein (Frank Mills,) who also confesses that he, too, is in trouble. The Prince has had a son, now 17 years old, who was not, however, the son of his wife who died ten years before the story of the play begins. He has finally decided to adopt the boy and give him his name. The boy comes to the garden. In reality, he is the son of the Prince and Countess Mizzi (Chrystal Herne,) the daughter of Count Pazmandy.

Soon after the arrival of the boy Lolo and her coachman fiance come to the garden, and there are many complications. When Lolo leaves the Count decides to go on a trip to Ostend with his friend the Prince and the son, Phillipp (George Le Guere.) Mizzi makes up her mind to go along, and the inference to the audience is that she and the Prince will be married, but just before the final curtain Prof. Windhofer, (Walter Creighton,) who has been Mizzi's teacher, comes to give her a painting lesson, and she tells him that all is over between them. Just as the audience believes that Mizzi is making a great sacrifice and that in leaving the professor she is giving up the man she should marry for real love, she says:

"And now good-bye, my dear Rudolph. It is better that we part before it is too late. Remember me to your wife and children.'

MOROSCO PLAY CONTEST.

$1,500 and Royalties for the Best Piece Submitted Before Jan. 15.

Oliver Morosco, producer of "Peg o' My Heart," is after a new play, and his representatives here last night announced a prize contest with $1,000 in cash, advance royalties of $500, and the same terms upon production given the author of "Peg o' My Heart" for the best play submitted before Jan. 15, 1914.

No play of the "sex" or "vice" variety will be considered. Mr. Morosco prefers a comedy, but will not limit the contest to that sort of entertainment.

The judges will be three, Otheman Stevens, dramatic critic of Los Angeles; Waldemar Young, dramatic critic of San Francisco, and Oliver Morosco.

Manuscripts may be sent directly to Mr. Morosco in Los Angeles, or to T. Daniel Frawley, general stage director for Oliver Morosco in New York, at his office in the Long Acre Building.

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FIRST PEOPLE'S CONCERT.

American Music to Open Season—Dunn Piece Disappointing.

The opening concert of the fourteenth season of the People's Symphony Concerts took place yesterday afternoon at Carnegie Hall. American music had an important place on the programme. The opening number was the "Melpomene" overture of G. W. Chadwick, one of the first American composers to achieve recognition; in the middle came Dvorak's symphony "From the New World," which was written while the Bohemian composer was in this country, and is founded on negro and Indian music; and the next to the concluding number was a setting of Poe's poem, "Annabel Lee," for tenor and orchestra by James Philip Dunn, a young New Yorker who has received most of his musical education here. The other numbers were a cello concerto in A minor by Golterman and Liszt's Polonaise No. 2 in E major, orchestrated by Carl Muller-Berghaus.

There was a large audience present. Sara Gurowitsch played the cello concerto with considerable effect, being equal to the principal demands made by the composition, those on the technical side. A good deal of interest centred about the performance of Dunn's "Annabel Lee." It proved a disappointment, even though Frank Ormsby, tenor, did well with the unvocal voice part. In a programme note attributed to the composer the piece was described as "extremelly atmospheric in character," with harmony "ultra-modern and realistic." The principal atmospheric ingredient was a descending whole-tone scale employed over and over again as a leit-motif until, with the "ultra-modern" harmony ended, the effect was merely a monotonous and exasperating lack of tonality, devoid of originality. The effort at realism for every detail of the poem was so overdrawn as finally to appeal to no emotion more than the risible. Mr. Dunn has written music in a style that is different from that exhibited yesterday, and it is better music.

CENTURY OPERA CHANGES.

Management Announces a Rearrangement in Production Schedule.

A change in the schedule of operas at the Century Opera House was announced yesterday. "Samson and Delilah" will be produced, as announced, to-morrow evening. "Il Trovatore" and "Thais" will follow in the order named, and as previously announced. On Dec. 2 "Faust" will be produced instead of "Louise," and "Louise" will follow a week later. "The Bohemian Girl," "Carmen," Massenet's "Manon," "Mignon," "Romeo and Juliet," and "Martha" will be produced as previously announced, and in the order named.

For the week of Jan. 27 "La Bohème" takes the place of "Faust," which is now scheduled for production during the week of Dec. 2. On Feb. 3 comes a comparative novelty in "Tiefland." "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Hansel und Gretel" will be the offering for the week of Feb. 10. "La Traviata," "Il Pagliacci," "The Secret of Suzanne," "Rigoletto," and "Tannhauser" remain in the same weeks as previously announced, which brings the schedule down to the week of March 10, which will be the "Tannhauser" week. For the Thanksgiving, Christmas, and New Year's matinées "Hansel und Gretel" will be given with a ballet divertisement.

Century Opera Concert.

At the Century Opera House last night the Sunday concert brought forward several members of the company in operatic selections. Those who sang were Morton Adkins, Ivy Scott, Gustaf Bergman, Thomas Chalmers, Kathleen Howard, Morgan Kingston, and Jayne Herbert. The orchestra played the overture to "Rienzi" of Wagner, the Peer Gynt Suite, the bacchanale from "Samson and Delilah," and Elgar's "Pomp and Circumstance." Alfred Szendrei and Josef Pasternack conducted.

Miss Evelyn Kettles Engaged.

The engagement of Miss Evelyn Mary Kettles, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard C. Kettles of 58 Wellington Court, Flatbush, to Henry Butler Parmele is announced. Mr. Parmele is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Roome Parmele of New Brighton, S. I. He is a member of the Staten Island Club, the Staten Island Cricket and Tennis Club, and the Comedy Opera Club.

"Big Six" Band to Play at Ball.

The Typographical Union No. 6 Band, all of whose members are printers in New York, will play at the annual ball of the organization, which is known as "Big Six," on Thanksgiving Eve at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory. The band will also give a concert of its own in February.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Charles Kellogg, the California naturalist and "nature singer," will give a private exhibition at the Palace Theatre to-night at 11:30 o'clock before a large number of invited guests. Kellogg will attempt to show how he can extinguish flames by sound waves.

Charles Meakins of the "Oh, I Say" company at the Casino Theatre was called to Toronto Saturday by the death of his sister Marion. The actor will return to New York in time to appear in to-night's performance of the Shubert musical piece.

Mimi Aguglia, who came here a few years ago at the head of a company of Sicilian players under the direction of Charles Frohman, and who has been playing in South America since, will appear with her company at the Forty-fourth Street Music Hall the latter part of this month. Aguglia will be seen in condensed versions of "Salome," "Zaza," "The Coal Dealers," and other plays in her repertoire.

Coincident with the return of "The Conspiracy" to the Montauk Theatre, Brooklyn, this week, Charles Frohman has elevated John Emerson to be the "featured" player of its cast, and hereafter that actor, who is also co-author of "The Conspiracy," as well as Mr. Frohman's general stage director, will have his name emblazoned in all advertising as conspicuously as the title of the play.

After trying several comedians for the role of Master Hardi in "The Madcap Duchess," it was announced by H. H. Frazee yesterday that Harry Macdonough, who created the part when the Victor Herbert operetta was first presented a few weeks ago, would appear in his original role at the premiere in the Globe Theatre to-morrow evening.

On Sunday night, Nov. 23, the Shuberts will give a free performance of "The Lure" at the Maxine Elliott Theatre, to which working girls will be invited.

Madison Square Garden has been engaged by the Knights of Columbus for their Charity Ball, which will be held Feb. 13. The proceeds will be devoted to the Hospital Bed Fund, the Free Employment Bureau, and the Tuberculosis Home Fund. Already $35,000 has been raised toward the establishment of a home in the Adirondacks for consumptive sufferers.

The Ward brothers have been added to the cast of "The Pleasure Seekers" at the Winter Garden, and will be seen with that company for the first time at to-night's performance.

Lady Constance Richardson, who was a recent member of the triple star combination with Polaire and Gertrude Hoffmann, which was wrecked by too much temperament, is to appear at Hammerstein's the week of Dec. 8.

Walter C. Kelly, known as the "Virginia Judge," will be one of the attractions at the Forty-fourth Street Music Hall this week. Kelly is making his first appearance in New York since his tour abroad.

Henry W. Savage has engaged Max Hirschfeld to be the producing music director for "Sari," the Hungarian operetta by Emmerich Kalman, which will be the producer's first new offering of the season. The engagement marks the renewal of an association which began when Mr. Savage entered the field of theatrical production in 1895. For two years Hirschfeld was the director of Mr. Savage's Castle Square Opera Company in Boston.

MUSIC NOTES.

Marc Lagen, manager for Mme. Johanna Gadski's concert appearances, announced yesterday that the singer was planning to head an opera company of her own to present German opera at the conclusion of her contract with the Metropolitan Opera Company. No details of date or personnel are given.

Edwin Grasse, violinist, will give a concert at Aeolian Hall on Friday evening, Nov. 28, at which he will be assisted by L. Lorenz Smith, violin; Joseph Kovarek, viola; William Durieux, 'cello, and George Falkenstein, piano. The programme will include many compositions of Mr. Grasse.

Helen Wetmore, soprano, will give a recital at Aeolian Hall this evening. Her programme of Italian, German, French, and English songs includes the first presentation here of a "Serenade" by M. E. Gignoux and "Der Kluge Peter," by Otto Urban. She also has two child songs by Fay Foster.

The Educational Chamber Music Society will give the first concert of its season in the Straus Auditorium of the Educational Alliance on Sunday evening, Nov. 23.

THIRTEEN OFFICERS TO RIDE FOR ARMY

War Department to be Well Represented at the Garden Horse Show.

FOREIGN RIDERS ARRIVE

British and French Army Officers to Compete for Many Valuable Cups.

Thirteen officers of the United States Army have been selected to represent this country in the coming international contests which are to be a feature of the Horse Show, which opens in the Madison Square Garden next Saturday afternoon. Thirty-five horses were in training for these events and have been regularly entered, and now the War Department has announced the men who are to ride the horses and who have been regularly detailed to attend the show. Six of these officers are coming with fourteen horses from the Mounted Service School at Fort Riley. These are Capt. L. R. Ball, Sixth Cavalry; Lieut. Le Roy P. Collins, Fourth Field Artillery; Lieut. J. F. Taulbee, Second Cavalry; Lieut. Stanley Koch, Sixth Cavalry; Lieut. Waldo C. Potter, First Field Artillery, and Lieut. Sloan Doak, Fifth Cavalry. Eight horses and five officers are to come from West Point. The officers are Capt. J. R. Lindsey and Capt. George Vidmer, Lieut. Arthur H. Wilson, Cavalry; Lieut. R. G. Alexander, Engineers Corps; Lieut. Hugh H. McGee, Second Cavalry. Two officers and three horses are coming from Fort Myer, Virginia. The officers are Lieut. R. C. Burleson and Lieut. W. H. Shepard of the Field Artillery. In addition to these many other horses have been entered and several will represent the militia.

These officers will ride against the representatives of Great Britain, France, Belgium, Russia, Canada, and Norway, and in the events exclusively for army officers the entries run from forty-five to seventy. There are five of these events, and special cups have been offered by friends of the Horse Show. In addition there are liberal cash prizes. The two most important international events are the Canada Cup, now held by the British, and the America Cup. The last-named trophy is a new one, presented by C. K. G. Billings. The last America Cup was won outright by the Dutch officers last year. This new trophy has to be won three times before it can be kept.

The jumping will begin next Monday, and there will be one event each day. In addition to the international jumping contests the army officers will also compete in the classes for officers' chargers, the classes for hunters, and in the other jumping events. They ride in uniform, and some of these uniforms are very attractive, and much more noticeable than the quiet blue of the Americans.

Lieut. Shepard will try to again win the Beresford Cup, which was presented last year by Col. Lord Decies for American officers only. He won a leg on this trophy last year with his horse Marshal Ney.

Several of the foreign officers who will ride at the Show arrived yesterday from Europe on the incoming steamships.

PEKINGESE CLUB SHOW.

Annual Event to be Held in Plaza Ballroom Dec. 1.

Secretary Charles G. Hapton of the Pekingese Club of America yesterday announced the annual four-point specialty show of the club on Monday, Dec. 1, in the ballroom of the Plaza Hotel. The catalogue will cover thirty-nine classes, with specials from J. P. Morgan, James Gordon Bennett, M. E. Harby, Mrs. John W. Minturn, Plaza Hotel, Mrs. Michael Dreicer, Mrs. George D. Pratt, Mrs. J. P. Morgan, Jr., Mrs. Morris Mandy, Miss M. F. Sturges, Miss L. K. Hopkins, Mrs. William Shepherd, and a number of specialty clubs.

The show will be open from 9 A. M. until 10 P. M., and no dogs will be received after 9:30 A. M. on the day of the show unless by special consent of the management, and the judging will begin at 10 o'clock. Mrs. Herbert of London, England, has been selected as the judge.

The officers of the club are: President—Mrs. Michael Van Beuren; Vice Presidents—Miss Elsie De Wolfe, Mrs. Henry S. Harper, and Mrs. Morris Mandy; Secretary and Treasurer—Mrs. Morris Mandy, while the following have promised their support and patronage for the show:

J. Pierpont Morgan, Mrs. William H. Ames, Miss Florence Waterbury, Miss Margaret Barron, Mrs. James Speyer, Augustine L. Humes, Mrs. Morris Mandy, Mrs. R. P. McGrann, William A. Watson, Miss Anna Sands, Mrs. M. E. Harby, Mrs. James W. Gerard, Fred Sterry, Mrs. Arthur M. Hunter, James Gordon Bennett, Lady Algernon Gordon-Lennox, Mrs. Charles Steele, Miss Cornelia Bryce, Harvey S. Ladew, Mrs. A. Ronalds Conkling, Mrs. Michael M. Van Beuren, Hamilton Fish Benjamin, Miss Elsie De Wolfe, Mrs. H. S. Wigham, Mrs. W. Bourke Cockran, Mrs. J. C. Mallery, Mrs. James Watts Mercur, and Mrs. Henry S. Harper.

MRS. W. H. SEWARD DEAD.

Wife of General Who Was Son of Lincoln's Secretary of State.

Special to The New York Times.

AUBURN, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Mrs. Seward, wife of Gen. William H. Seward, died at her home here to-day, aged 74. Her husband is a son of William H. Seward, Secretary of State in President Lincoln's Cabinet. She was married to him in 1860. In 1861 her husband was commissioned a Lieutenant Colonel. She went with him to the front, and lived in camp along the Potomac for two years. After the attempt to assassinate Secretary Seward and the death of the Secretary's wife, as a result of the shock, she assumed the responsibilities of social entertainment in Secretary Seward's home, and for ten years presided here and in Washington.

Mrs. Seward was interested in Auburn philanthropies, and for years was President of the Women's Educational and Industrial Union. She was a member of the Mayflower Society, the Daughters of the American Revolution, the Colonial Dames, and other organizations. She leaves, besides her husband, two daughters, Mrs. Frederick I. Allen of New York and Mrs. R. S. Messenger of Auburn, and one son, William H. Seward, Jr. The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon at the Seward mansion.

HARLAN PAGE AMEN DEAD.

Principal of Phillips Exeter Academy Carried Off by Apoplexy.

EXETER, N. H., Nov. 9.—Harlan Page Amen, Principal of Phillips Exeter Academy and an overseer of Harvard College, died this afternoon as the result of a stroke of apoplexy yesterday morning. He was 60 years old. His early education was gained by his own efforts both at the high school in Portsmouth, Ohio, and at Exeter. At Harvard College, from which he was graduated in 1879, he won a scholarship in each of his four years. He was the roommate at Exeter and at Harvard of President William DeWitt Hyde of Bowdoin College.

Mr. Amen was made Principal of Phillips Exeter Academy in 1895. There were 100 students when he took charge. Nearly 600 are enrolled to-day.

MAJOR GEO. STONE DIES.

Civil War Fighter Served in the War Department for Twenty Years.

Major George D. Stone, 78 years old, died suddenly of heart disease yesterday at the residence of his son, Louis Livingston Stone, 50 Way Avenue, Corona.

Major Stone was born in Missouri and during the civil war was in command of Missouri light artillery in the Union Army. After the war he was for twenty years in the service of the War Department at Washington. He came to Corona three years ago when his wife died there. His son is traveling in the South.

The body will be placed in a vault in the Cedar Grove Cemetery to remain until it is buried in the Arlington Cemetery at Washington.

DR. F. H. FLAGGE DEAD.

Harness Racing Promoter Passes Away in His 56th Year.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Dr. Francis Henry Flagge of Blauvelt, N. Y., who was for many years an enthusiastic promoter of harness racing, died to-day at the home of his sister, Mrs. Charles Otten, in New Rochelle. Dr. Flagge was formerly a well known veterinary practitioner of New York City. He was 55 years old.

Dr. Flagge gave up active practice of his profession in 1905 and made his home in Blauvelt. Only last Election Day he was elected Justice of the Peace for his district. The doctor was a lover of horses and during his residence in Rockland County he contributed largely to the success of the Rockland County Fair at Orangeburg. He is survived by a widow.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD R. MERRILL, 84 years old, President of the E. R. Merrill Spring Company of 532 West Twenty-eighth Street, Manhattan, died yesterday at his home, 208 Cedar Road, New Rochelle. He served all through the civil war, enlisting as First Lieutenant of the First Massachusetts Cavalry. He was wounded in one engagement and was mentioned for bravery several times during the war.

WILLIAM A. McBURNEY, 75 years old, a retired business man, died yesterday at his home, 209 North Mountain Avenue, Montclair, from a complication of diseases incidental to old age.

PATRICK J. DIAMOND, for thirty years connected with the James Morse Company in John Street, is dead at his home, 1,668 Bergen Street, Brooklyn. He was 93 years old.

EUGENE A. LANE, clerk of the Board of Education of Ridgewood, N. J., died on Friday at his home, 31 Franklin Avenue, Ridgewood. He was 63 years old. He was a real estate dealer and had been Treasurer of the First Reformed Church for several years.

MARY ELIZABETH WALLACE, one of the oldest residents of the eastern district in Brooklyn and a direct descendant of Thomas Merritt, who settled in Rye in 1662, died yesterday at her home, 57 Morton Street, Brooklyn, of pneumonia. She was the widow of Thomas Wallace, a builder of Port Chester.

GUSTAV A. SCHMIDT, a retired business man of East New York, died suddenly on Saturday at his home at East Main Street and Evergreen Avenue, East New York. He was 57 years old.

Major WILLIAM H. H. CROWELL, U. S. A., retired, died on Saturday at his home, 129 West Ninety-sixth Street. He was 72 years old and was Vice President and Director of the Norman Company, Incorporated, of 111 Broadway.

CHARLES F. BULL, 77 years old, a retired merchant, died on Saturday night of heart disease. He was a retired merchant and lived at 360 East 119th Street.

CHARLES SWAIN McLAUGHLIN, junior member of the firm of McLoughlin Brothers, publishers of children's books and games, 890 Broadway, died on Saturday at the home of his brother, James G. McLoughlin, 1 East Fifty-third Street, aged 50 years. He was a graduate of Columbia University and of the School of Mines, with a degree in civil engineering, and was a member of the New York Yacht Club.

CHARLES D. McFARLIANE, Superintendent for the Prudential Life Company, died on Friday at the home of his brother-in-law, W. Figgis, at 702 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn.

CHRISTOF BRENNER, 69 years old, a consulting engineer, for many years connected with the Consolidated Gas Company, died on Saturday at his home, 840 West End Avenue, after a long illness. He was the father of Dr. Edward C. Brenner.

MARY AUGUSTA GIVENS FINLAY, widow of James R. Finlay, who was for many years prominent in Manhattan steamship circles, died on Saturday at her home, 344 Seventy-ninth Street, Brooklyn.

KATHERINE BENDER, wife of a clerk in the Brooklyn Department of Health, died on Saturday at her home, 284 South Fourth Street, Williamsburg.

KATHERINA HESSE, widow of Dr. Henry J. Hesse, a Queens County physician, is dead at her home, 539 Benedict Avenue, Forest Park South, L. I.

Mrs. JANE E. OOTHOUT, daughter of George Morgan, a prominent New York and New Orleans banker more than half a century ago, died at Lucerne, Switzerland, and her body arrived at this city on Friday. She was 83 years old, and was the mother of Dr. William Oothout of 22 West Fiftieth Street. She married William Oothout in 1855, and after his death established a Summer home in Lucerne. Besides her son she leaves a daughter, Mrs. Karrick Riggs of Washington.

ARTURO VICUNA GUERRERO, Chilean Minister in Mexico, is dead there. He had lived in Mexico City for some years, serving first as second Secretary of Legation under Senor Riquelme, whom he succeeded some months ago.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BLUMENSTOCK.—Nov. 4, 187 West 141st St., to Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Blumenstock, a son.

GOLDSMITH.—Nov. 6, 680 West 141st St., to Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Goldsmith, a son.

KELLER.—Nov. 5, 522 8th St., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Keller, a son.

RAYMOND.—Nov. 5, 310 Convent Av., to Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Raymond, a son.

WOLFF.—Nov. 3, 2,037 Hughes Av., to Mr. and Mrs. S. Wolff, a son.

Engaged.

TOPPER—CHASINS.—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Chasins announce the engagement of their daughter, Beatrice, to Mr. Rudolph Topper of New York City.

ABRAMS—COHEN.—Lillian Cohen to Jacob Abrams.

ALEXANDER—LEVINE.—Mamie Levine to Charles Alexander.

BENSON—EDELMAN.—Lillian Edelman to Samuel Benson.

DANE—ISAAC.—Sylvia Isaac to William S. Dane.

DAVIDSON—WOLF.—Dorothy Wolf to Edwin H. Davidson.

DAVIS—ALEXANDER.—Helen Alexander to Isaac W. Davis.

DAVIS—ZWILLING.—Mollie Zwilling to Samuel D. Davis.

DAWSON—KELLER.—Amy Keller to Edward Dawson.

DRESDNER—FRANKLIN.—Lillian Franklin to Michael Dresdner.

EINZIGER—ADAMS.—Beatrice Adams to Emil Einziger.

EISENBERG—ISSLER.—Sophie Issler to Charles Eisenberg.

FERTIG—STONE.—Mildred Stone to Edward M. Fertig.

FLASHNER—ADAMS.—Caroline Adams to Adolph Flashner.

GOETZ—LACK.—Goldil Lack to Ben Goetz.

GREENBERG—TOMBERG.—Ida Tomberg to Bernard A. Greenberg.

HARRIS—PERSKY.—Frances Persky to Leon Harris.

HERZ—LICHTIG.—Fannie M. Lichtig to Harold W. Herz.

HURWITZ—BAUM.—Hortense J. Baum to William M. Hurwitz.

JACOBS—SILBERSTEIN.—Florence Silberstein to Earle Ely Jacobs.

KOFF—ROSENBLATT.—Coralie Rosenblatt to Abraham Koff.

KRIEGER—SELZ.—Annette Selz to Milton Krieger.

LEVY—LESSER.—Carrie Lessler to Louis Levy.

LEVY—SIMON.—Pauline Simon to Jacob Levy.

LEVY—WEINBERG.—Irene Weinberg to Joe W. Levy.

LIEBERMANN—TAUBER.—Tillie Tauber to Leo Liebermann.

MANDLE—SCHOOLHOUSE.—Florence Schoolhouse to Urie F. Mandle.

MARK—HART.—Cora Hart to Solomon Mark.

MARKS—WEIL.—Anna Weil to Elihu D. Marks.

MEYER—LOWENSTEIN.—Edna F. Lowenstein to Claude Meyer.

NEUHOFF—HANAU.—Mabel Hanau to Joseph Neuhoff.

NEWMAN—STALLER.—Pauline Staller to Joseph F. Newman.

PAULY—JACOBS.—Sara Jacobs to Edward Pauly.

POPPER—CHASINS.—Beatrice Chasins to Rudolph Popper.

POST—UMBACH.—Katharine P. Umbach to Warren H. Post.

RIPIN—HOFFMAN.—Gertrude Hoffman to Henry Ripin.

ROSENTHAL—WELPEN.—Florence Welpen to Joseph Rosenthal.

RUBENS—FROMAN.—Hannah Froman to Henry A. Rubens.

SEIDLER—GOLDBERG.—Jenny Goldberg to Maurice Seidler.

SHATZKIN—DANOWITZ.—Paula Danowitz to Joseph N. Shatzkin.

SIMMONS—DINITZ.—Rhea Dinitz to Irving Clarence Simmons.

STARR—FRANK.—Sadye Frank to Abe Starr.

STERN—LEVY.—Sarah Levy to Michael Stern.

STONE—SPERO.—Gabriella Spero to William Stone.

WACHTLER—ROSENTHAL.—Dorothy Rosenthal to Max Wachtler.

Married.

ELSASS—GOMPERTS.—Nov. 6, Rose E. Gomperts to Clarence A. Elsass.

GILLEN—HOGAN.—Nov. 5, Charlotte V. Hogan to Thomas Gillen.

HARRIGAN—CORSON.—Nov. 8, Gertrude Corson to Edward L. Harrigan.

KAMERMAN—LADEN.—Nov. 9, Rosella Laden to Jack J. Kamerman.

KARPEL—STONE.—Nov. 2, Pauline Stone to Edward Karpel.

KIRSCHENBAUM—ABELSON.—Nov. 4, Ann E. Abelson to Morris Kirschenbaum.

MEYER—SOBEL.—Nov. 2, Sylvia T. Sobel to Benjamin J. Meyer.

SCHWARTZ—HAHN.—Nov. 4, Jeannette Hahn to Nathan Schwartz.

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Married.

Brooklyn.

COHEN—ROTH.—Nov. 4, Lena Roth to Benjamin Cohen.

GENELL—LATNER.—Nov. 2, Ruth Latner to Julius Genell.

KNIGHT—ROBINSON.—Nov. 8, Mildred Robinson to Frank E. Knight.

ROTH—NASH.—Nov. 4, Pauline V. Nash to Theodore Roth.

SIMON—ARONSTEIN.—Nov. 3, Belle J. Aronstein to Herbert M. Simon.

SMITH—WARE.—Nov. 5, Bessie E. Ware to Wesley W. Smith.

WILE—SELIGMAN.—Nov. 3, Carrie Seligman to Clarence J. Wile.

Newark.

COE—GRABAU.—Nov. 5, Elsie A. Grabau to Le Roy C. Coe.

DORF—PRESS.—Nov. 5, Fay Press to Benard Dorf.

SHIPLEY—THORN.—Nov. 4, Ida T. Thorn to Amos Shipley.

Died.

ARNOLD.—Max, beloved husband of the late Henrietta Arnold, (nee Strauss,) father of Gertie Simons, Henry Arnold, Berdie Jacobs, and Ike Arnold. Funeral services from the late residence of his son, Henry Arnold, 400 West 118th St., Tuesday, Nov. 11, 10:30 A. M.

BEACH.—On Nov. 8, 1913, at Morristown, N. J., Frederick Halsey Beach, in his 65th year, son of the late Columbus Beach and Susan Halsey Beach. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 76 Maccullock Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1913, at 11:30 A. M. Interment convenience of family. It is requested that no flowers be sent. Carriages will meet train leaving Hoboken 9:45.

BLOODGOOD.—On Saturday, November eight, Jeannette, wife of Wm. E. Bloodgood. Funeral services at First Baptist Church, Montclair, N. J., on Monday, at four forty-five. Lackawanna train leaves Hoboken at three fifty-one P. M. Please omit flowers.

BOYKENDALL.—On Saturday, Nov. 8, 1913, Mary E., wife of Samuel A. Boykendall. Services at her late residence, 385 Hancock St., Brooklyn, Monday, Nov. 10, at 8:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

BRIODY.—Margaret, nee Harney, wife of Michael Briody. Funeral from her late residence, 1,460 Commonwealth Av., Bronx, on Monday, Nov. 10, at 10 A. M., thence to the Church of Our Lady of Solace, Van Nest, where a mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment St. Raymond Cemetery.

FLAGGE.—Dr. Francis Henry Flagge of Blauvelt, N. Y., on Sunday, at the home of his sister, Mrs. Charles Otten, 14 Boulevard Rochelle Park, New Rochelle. Services Tuesday evening. Train leaves Grand Central Station 7:10 P. M.; returning leaves New Rochelle 9:52.

FROST.—Vivian Amsdell, son of Esther J. A. Frost, at Yonkers, Nov. 7. Funeral services at the residence of his uncle, Frederick H. Charles, Fraser Place, Hastings-on-Hudson, Monday, 8 P. M.

GRAHAM.—Nov. 8, at Sherwood Park, N. Y., Alice, youngest daughter of the late Robert and Annie Graham. Funeral services at St. Mary's Church, Sherwood Park, Tuesday, at 11 A. M.

GREENLEAF.—At Salisbury, Conn., on Nov. 8th, 1913, Mary R., widow of the late Rev. Joseph Greenleaf. Funeral services at the Chapel of First Presbyterian Church, 7 West 11th St., Tuesday, Nov. 11th, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.

HANDERSON.—Passed away on Saturday, Nov. 8, 1913, at 6:25 P. M., Annie Handerson, widow of the late William Handerson. Funeral private. English papers please copy.

HILLS.—On Sunday, Nov. 9, Sarah B. Hills, sister of the late James R. Hills. Funeral services in the Lecture Room of the Madison Square Presbyterian Church, Madison Av. and 24th St., on Tuesday, Nov. 11, at 11 A. M. Services and interment at Auburn, N. Y.

HOWLAND.—On Friday evening, Nov. 7, at his residence 10 East Tenth St., Henry E. Howland in the 79th year of his age. Funeral services at the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Av. and Tenth St., Monday, Nov. 10, at 10 o'clock. Interment at Walpole, New Hampshire. Please omit flowers.

HOWLAND.—On Saturday, Nov. 8, suddenly, at her residence, Graham Court, 1,925 7th Av., Mary A., wife of Francis N. Howland. Funeral services at residence, 8 P. M., Monday. Interment at convenience of family, at Athens, N. Y.

HOWLAND.—The Society of Mayflower Descendants in the State of New York announce with deep regret the death of the Hon. Henry Elias Howland, the first Governor of the society. The members are requested to attend the funeral ceremonies at the Church of the Ascension, 5th Av. and 10th St., on Monday at 10 o'clock.

FREDERICK CHANDLER SEABURY, Governor.

CHANDLER SMITH, Secretary.

LINDSAY.—After a lingering illness, John Steward, beloved husband of Caroline Z. Lindsay, on Sunday, in his 53d year. Relatives, friends, and members of W. T. Holland Council, No. 1,780, R. A., are invited to attend funeral services on Tuesday, 8 P. M., at his late residence, 1,757 West 9th St., near Kings Highway, Brooklyn. Interment Lutheran Cemetery Wednesday, 2 P. M. Chattanooga (Tenn.) papers please copy.

McBURNEY.—At his home, Upper Montclair, Nov. 8, William A. McBurney. Services and interment private.

MacDERMOTT.—At his residence, 323 West 84th St., Thursday, Nov. 6, William H. MacDermott, husband of Frances Stewart MacDermott. Funeral from his late residence on Monday afternoon, 2 o'clock.

McLOUGHLIN.—On Nov. 8, Charles Swain McLoughlin, at the residence of his brother, James G. McLoughlin, 1 East 53d St. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

MERRILL.—Edward R., suddenly at his residence, 208 Cedar Road, New Rochelle, N. Y., Edward Raymond Merrill, in his 84th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

OOTHOUT.—On Sept. 14, 1913, at Lucerne, Switzerland, in her 84th year, Jane E. Oothout, widow of William Oothout. Funeral services at Greenwood Cemetery Chapel on Tuesday, Nov. 11, at 11 o'clock A. M.

OSBORN.—At Port Chester, N. Y., on Nov. 7th, 1913, Rosalie, widow of the late Robert Osborn, in her 92d year. Funeral services at her late residence on Old White Plains Road, Monday, Nov. 10th, at 3:30. Carriages will meet 2:15 train from Grand Central Station. Interment Greenwood Cemetery at convenience of family. Brooklyn papers please copy.

PRINCE.—On Nov. 8, 1913, Jacob V. B. Prince. Funeral service at the residence of his brother-in-law, E. B. Vanderveer, 70 Linden Av., Brooklyn, on Monday, Nov. 10th, at 8 P. M.

RAYMOND.—At the Ansonia, on Friday, Nov. 7, 1913, Emma Marcy Raymond. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, the Ansonia Hotel, on Monday morning, Nov. 10, at 11:15.

SCHWANEWEDE.—On Nov. 7, 1913, Henry Schwanewede, beloved husband of Caroline Schwanewede (nee Hagemeyer) and father of William F. Schwanewede and Henrietta Williams, in his 64th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 1,220 Tinton Av., Bronx, on Monday, Nov. 10, at 10 A. M. Relatives, friends, and fellow-club members are invited to attend. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

SEBREE.—On Nov. 5, at his home, 477 8th St., Brooklyn, W. E. Sebree, in his fifty-second year.

SIMMONS.—On Friday, Nov. 7, 1913, Peter J., beloved husband of Carrie A. Simmons, (nee Eisele.) Funeral services will be held at his late home, 127 Union St., Union Hill, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 10, at 8 P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited. Funeral Tuesday, private.

TEED.—Suddenly, on Nov. 8, Lucy Letitia, aged 35 years, daughter of the late Lebbens and Katharine Walling Teed, sister of Anna P. Teed and Irene Katharine Lane. Funeral services and interment private.

THOMSON.—On Friday, Nov. 7, at her residence, West Wrentham, Mass., Bertha Prentice Thomson, widow of James Thomson.

THORNE.—At her residence, 32 East 50th St., New York, on Friday, Nov. 7, 1913, Annie Thompson, widow of William Thorne. Funeral service at St. Bartholomew's Church, corner 44th St. and Madison Av., on Monday morning, Nov. 10, at 10 o'clock.

TORREY.—Suddenly, Nov. 8, Franklin B., son of the late William L. and Ellen B. Torrey. Funeral Tuesday, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, 108 Second Place, Brooklyn.

THURBER.—On Friday, Nov. 7, 1913, at his residence, 29 Claremont Av., the Rev. Edward G. Thurber, in his 78th year. Funeral private. Interment at West Lebanon, N. H.

WEISBURGER.—Members of the Mendelssohn Benevolent Society are requested to attend the funeral of Betsy, wife of our member, Emanuel Weisburger, from her late residence, 15 West 112th St., on Monday, Nov. 10, 1913, at 11 A. M.

CECIL A. MARKS, President.

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Died.

ADAMS.—Charles A., Home for Incurables, Bronx, Nov. 7. Funeral service to-day.

BRENNAN.—Edward P. J., 228 East 45th St., Nov. 7. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

BRENNER.—Christopher, 840 West End Av., Nov. 8. Funeral private.

BULL.—Charles F., Nov. 8, aged 77. Funeral 304 West 126th St.

COLLINS.—Mary, 1,932 3d Av., Nov. 8. Funeral to-day.

CULLEN.—Robert E., 114 West 143d St., Nov. 8. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

DOUGLASS.—Sarah, St. Luke's Hospital, Nov. 8. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

EDDY.—Rebecca, 41 Manhattan Av., Nov. 8. Funeral service to-day.

EICHENMULLER.—Grace, 499 West 129th St., Nov. 7, aged 27.

FLOCK.—Annie, 4,050 Park Av., Nov. 8. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

Died.

HAYDEN.—Pierce, 18 Jane St., Nov. 7.

HYDE.—Mary, 536 East 138th St., Nov. 8.

IGOE.—James, 1,247 Park Av., Nov. 8.

KEARNEY.—Thomas, 1,475 Park Av., Nov. 7. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

McDONALD.—John, 327 East 24th St., Nov. 8.

MITCHELL.—Carrie, 218 West 127th St., Nov. 8, aged 62.

MURPHY.—Margaret, 2,473 Valentine Av., Nov. 7. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MURPHY.—Thomas C., 89 Christopher St., Nov. 7. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

O'KEEFE.—Thomas, 726 Washington St., Nov. 7. Funeral to-day.

SAULKNER.—John, Nov. 8. Funeral 2,053 Lexington Av. to-day, 2 P. M.

SCHLESINGER.—Minnie, 103 East 10th St., Nov. 7. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SLOANE.—Elizabeth J., Nov. 7, aged 47. Funeral 171 8th Av.

THEIS.—Peter, Jr., 338 East 139th St., Nov. 8, aged 39. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

THOMAS.—Harriet P., 155 West 58th St., Nov. 7.

Brooklyn.

CARTER.—Thomas M., 234 Hull St., Nov. 7. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CONNOLLY.—Peter F., 59 Jewell St., Nov. 7. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DOBBIN.—Mary, 320 50th St., Nov. 8. Funeral notice later.

DOHERTY.—Jennie M., 96 Luqueer St., Nov. 7.

FINLAY.—Mary A., 344 79th St., Nov. 8. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

KEEGAN.—Catherine, 547 72d St., Nov. 7, aged 59.

KOHBERGER.—Christian F., 254 Arlington Av., Nov. 7, aged 67. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MAHONY.—Mary E., 402 Gold St., Nov. 8, aged 5 weeks. Funeral to-day.

MARSHALL.—Elizabeth, 313 Clinton St., Nov. 8. Funeral private.

MILLS.—Blanche P., Seney Hospital, Nov. 7, aged 41. Funeral to-morrow.

MONSEES.—Catherine A., 331 Prospect Av., Nov. 8.

O'CONNOR.—Delia C., 336 Dean St., Nov. 8. Funeral notice later.

O'SULLIVAN.—Patrick J., 1,023 West St., Nov. 8.

ORR.—Carrie S., 98 Macon St., Nov. 8, aged 57. Funeral service to-day.

PFLUGER.—Mary, 83d St. and B Avenue, Nov. 8. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SMELLIE.—Robert, 453½ State St., Nov. 8, aged 75.

WALLACE.—Mary E., 57 Morton St., Nov. 8, aged 93. Funeral to-morrow.

WALSH.—Julia, 346 Broadway, Nov. 8. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

WIGHTMAN.—Mary B., 429 Bergen St., Nov. 8. Funeral private.

Jersey City and Newark.

BLAU.—Arthur, Newark, Nov. 7, aged 28. Funeral private.

DECHER.—Katherine, 474 South 10th St., Newark, Nov. 8, aged 77. Funeral to-morrow.

KITT.—John V., 202 Woodlawn Av., Jersey City, Nov. 8. Funeral to-morrow.

MARTIN.—Helen M., 43 Oxford St., Newark, Nov. 8.

MINK.—Albert S., Sr., 22 Lewis St., Newark, Nov. 8, aged 58. Funeral to-morrow.

MOWER.—Carrie, 488 Ocean Av., Jersey City, Nov. 8, aged 45. Funeral service to-day.

O'BRIEN.—John, 19 St. Francis St., Newark, Nov. 8.

WOODRUFF.—Edward, 255 Jeliff Av., Newark, Nov. 8, aged 58.

Long Island.

HESSE.—Katharina, Woodhaven, Nov. 7, aged 54. Funeral to-day.

PETTY.—Caroline Van B., Amityville, Nov. 8, aged 80. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Westchester County.

SOMMERS.—Isaac, 153 Chester St., Mount Vernon, Nov. 8, aged 81.

In Memoriam.

BOGAN.—Michael, mass, St. Paul's Church, Nov. 12, 8 A. M.

BYRNE.—Elizabeth, mass, St. Teresa's Church, Brooklyn, to-day, 8 A. M.

CATTANACH.—Isabella L., in memory of; died Nov. 11, 1911.

CLARKE.—Margaret, mass, St. Bernard's Church, Nov. 14, 9 A. M.

COHN.—Hattie, unveiling monument, Mount Neboh Cemetery, Nov. 16, 2:30 P. M.

COONAN.—John A., mass, St. Savior's Church, Brooklyn, to-day, 9 A. M.

ERLANGER.—Herman, unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, Nov. 16, 3 P. M.

FARLEY.—John, mass, St. Aloysius's Church, Newark, N. J., to-morrow, 8 A. M.

FELSENTHAL.—Amalia, in memory of; died Nov. 14, 1912.

FRANKENSTEIN.—Ricka, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, Nov. 16, 3 P. M.

GUTEKUNST.—William, in memory of; died Nov. 11, 1910.

HAECKEL.—Henry, in memory of; died Nov. 13, 1908.

KERN.—Teresa, mass, St. Rose of Lima's Church, Newark, N. J., Nov. 13, 9 A. M.

LEVY.—Joseph, in memory of; died Nov. 10, 1907.

McCARTHY.—Bridget, in memory of; died Nov. 12, 1911.

MARKSVILLE.—Mary S., unveiling monument, Cypress Hill Cemetery, Nov. 16, 2:30 P. M.

MASTERSON.—John J., mass, St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., Nov. 14.

OTTENHEIMER.—Max, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, Nov. 16, 3 P. M.

ST. JAMES ALUMNAE.—Deceased members, mass, St. James's Church, Brooklyn, Nov. 15, 10 A. M.

SELIGMAN.—Lena, unveiling mounment, Mount Hope Cemetery, Nov. 16.

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Members New York Stock Exchange

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION IN AMERICA AND EUROPE

The chance of continued and increased ease in money is one of the most favorable elements which a broad view of the outlook presents. That being the case it is highly satisfactory that the past week brought evidence of the purely temporary character of the call money flurry which occurred around the first of the month, and that we escaped for another week at least the inconvenience of an advance in the English Bank rate. Some of the best informed financial opinion in London accords with the view of many of our bankers here that the position of the English Bank rate for the balance of this year depends in large part upon the course of events in this market. We could draw gold largely from the other side if there was any need of doing so. There is no such need, however, and the gold had better remain in Europe's hands. We and the international money markets will lose less by that course than by taking gold from an unwilling market to transfer it to a market where it is not presently needed. If proof were required in support of the view that the monetary position here does not call for the strengthening of reserves through gold imports that proof would be afforded by a comparison of Saturday's bank statement with the return of the previous week. Then a small deficit was shown due entirely to the special requirements which had to be met at the first of November. At the close of this past week the Clearing House institutions reported a surplus in the neighborhood of $10,500,000. This great change for the better was accomplished by a substantial inflow of cash and by a large reduction in loans and deposits. In other words, readjustment followed so closely upon the heels of special November demands that a single week sufficed to re-establish a comfortable reserve position. That would not have been the case had the money market here been under any general stress.

With exchange at the gold import point it is to be expected that occasional engagements will be made; but what our bankers should seek to avoid so far as it can be avoided without loss is the making of large demands upon the world's gold supply. Last week we took an additional $500,000 in London, but a movement confined to such small proportions as that can hardly prove disturbing. Conditions may later force a large inflow, but it will be well for all concerned if this can be postponed until a time when it can occur without danger of forcing an increase in the English bank rate. Such an increase would have sentimental effect quite apart from its immediate practical effects and our own market would feel the reaction as well as those of the rest of the world. The even tenor of the money markets will probably be better preserved if any large gold takings by this country are postponed until the time arrives for the withdrawal from the national banks of the special deposits made by the Government to facilitate the movement of the crops. If part of this money was replaced through gold imports it would be made doubly sure that its withdrawal could be accomplished without any inconvenience.

In dealing with our own money position it is necessary, of course, to bear constantly in mind the influence which has been exerted by the large cash deposits lately made by the Government. Without those special deposits the money market undoubtedly would have shown much greater firmness than it has shown during the last sixty or ninety days, although even without them we would probably have been able to pass through the Fall months without that severe strain which early in the year had been feared. It is not likely that this Fall's money market record would have been as smooth as it has been if correctives had not been applied to the conditions which were straining the country's credit facilities. The shortage of some of the crops contributed to some extent to the avoidance of any money strain this Autumn. A recession in general business contributed to the same result in even larger measure. It is believed that for a variety of reasons bankers have been conserving their resources more carefully of late than they were doing during the earlier months of the year and for a long time prior thereto. Were it not for the fact that this disposition still prevails money rates at the moment would probably be still easier than they are. Forces seem to be at work which are making for the accumulation of funds not only for commercial but for investment purposes. In due course this may be expected to become an increasingly important and most favorable factor in the market for investment securities.

Slowing down in trade has become a matter of increased comment in financial circles. The tangible evidence supplied last week that trade has been receding in volume included the reported decrease in the country's iron production, a reduction in bank clearings, compared with a year ago; a falling off in the gross earnings of the railroads which make weekly returns, and an increase in the volume of commercial failures. Long ago it seemed to some that the extent to which the country's credit facilities had been drawn upon as reflected in the earlier reports of the year of the national banks called for some setback in the volume of trade and the fact that the crops, particularly the corn crop, did not come up to expectations strengthened the belief that a slowing down in trade was foreshadowed. These expectations are being fulfilled, and they probably would have been fulfilled irrespective of any change in the tariff. That change is no doubt a contributing influence to the present trade position, but it is by no means the controlling influence. These very conditions have been anticipated by the security markets, and the fact that a process of discounting adverse influences has been under way must be borne clearly in mind in any attempt to co-ordinate the stock market prospects with current trade conditions. Money becomes more plentiful as trade requirements recede, and thus automatically the supply of funds for permanent as well as temporary uses increase. As they increase the position of securities which are more or less free from the surface vicissitudes of trade is strengthened.

The two matters other than the general business situation which were most discussed last week were the Mexican situation and the elections. That there was no ground for the view at first taken in some quarters of the financial community that the elections indicated a lessening of popular approval of the policies of the National Administration was shown toward the end of the week in the reconsidering of the votes on the Currency bill previously taken by the Senate Committee. The effect of this reconsideration was to bring the proposed form of its report more in harmony with the views of the Administration. In Washington it was believed that the outcome of the elections had induced some members of the committee to side to a greater extent with the President's views regarding currency legislation. During the week the committee struck out from the proposed text of the bill the lawful money phrase, thus establishing the reserves against both notes and deposits of the proposed Federal reserve banks upon a gold basis. It was not thought that there would be any recession from this position on the part of the Senate Committee, which in this matter acceded to the almost unanimous demand of well-informed opinion. Nor is it believed that, having once been stricken out, any force can be brought to bear which will lead to the reinsertion of the lawful money phrase. This change for the better in a matter of so great importance seems to promise well for the future of the proposed legislation.

As for the Mexican situation, the week left it about where it found it. Some were inclined to draw favorable inference from the fact that so many days passed without serious developments. The matter was still left, however, at the week's close in a condition of much uncertainty. So long as it remains in this condition the Mexican problem must continue to exert restricting influence upon the security markets. The belief is growing, however, that should a more active policy on the part of this country become necessary its adverse effect upon the security markets would be short-lived.

NERVOUSNESS IN LONDON.

Slump in Values Most Noticeable in Mexican Stocks.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The Stock Exchange last week passed through another attack of nerves as severe as any previous spasm. The Mexican situation was the chief trouble, but another adverse factor was the weakness in Paris, all the French favorites being prominent leaders in the slump. Not much relief is hoped for until the Mexican situation takes on a less gloomy aspect.

Apprehension as to monetary developments and financial uncertainties had a bad effect on the markets, but it is believed that they will soon pass. The making up of prices next Tuesday will show important differences in all sections of the house, but especially in Mexican securities, the fall in Mexican ordinary and preferences ranging from 5 to 12 points, Mexican Light and Power 10, and Mexico Trams 4.

PARIS MARKET GLOOMY.

Anxiety Over the Mexican Crisis Checks Any Activity.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—The hopes that were entertained that the beginning of the month would see a revival of confidence on the Bourse have been doomed to disappointment. The general foreign political situation, the increasing anxiety over the outcome of the Mexican crisis, and the monetary stringency in Wall Street are all factors which have taken the pluck out of dealers.

Rentes were attacked at the beginning of the week by the bears, pending a declaration of the definite intentions of the Government with regard to the budget, and were demoralized throughout the week, closing half a point down. Rios opened with a fall of 27 points, on account of the fire started in the mint by strikers, and remained weak on account of heavy liquidation.

Rentes and mining shares partly regained their losses at the end of the week, on account of reports that the terms of the proposed big French loan would be advantageous to the rentes market.

Depression still hangs over the Bourse, but there are hopes for a brighter outlook next week.

BERLIN AGAIN UNSETTLED.

Tendency to Firm Close Broken by More Acute Mexican Situation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—Mexico and the fluctuations from day to day in the New York market dominated the Berlin Boerse last week, which seemed to be ending amid semi-firmness when reports of President Huerta's obstinacy unsettled things afresh.

International complications are now said by local operators to be the only factors which can prevent the German business year from rounding out in good shape.

The money crisis is considered vanished. The Imperial Bank is said to contemplate still further reductions in the discount rate to 4½ per cent. on Jan. 1.

The speculative public has not yet, however, recovered courage, and operations are correspondingly sporadic. Shipping shares were weak on account of the seeming inevitability of an Atlantic pool warfare, as forecast at the annual meeting of the Hamburg-American Line. Steel and iron securities were unusually strong in consequence of reports that big concerns are extraordinarily well employed, especially for foreign account.

COTTON GINNING REPORT.

Census Bureau's Total Prior to Nov. 1 is 8,835,913 Bales.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The fourth cotton ginning report of the season, compiled from reports of Census Bureau correspondents and agents throughout the cotton belt, and issued on Saturday, announced that 8,835,913 bales of cotton, counting round as half bales, of the growth of 1912 had been ginned prior to Nov. 1. To that date last year 8,869,222 bales, or 65.8 per cent. of the entire crop, had been ginned; in 1911 to that date 9,970,905, or 64.1 per cent. of the crop had been ginned; in 1908 to that date 8,191,557, or 62.6 per cent. of the crop had been ginned, and in 1906 to that date 6,906,395, or 53.2 per cent. of the crop had been ginned.

Included in the total ginnings were 61,820 round bales, compared with 54,539 last year, 68,313 in 1911, 81,183 in 1910, and 109,621 in 1909.

The number of Sea Island cotton bales included was 42,769, compared with 28,887 last year, 56,563 in 1911, 40,504 in 1910, and 55,237 in 1909.

Ginning by States:

Alabama, 1,012,940 bales; Arkansas, 430,557; Florida, 47,317; Georgia, 1,602,482; Louisiana, 221,900; Mississippi, 567,719; North Carolina, 385,225; Oklahoma, 536,015; South Carolina, 861,190; Tennessee, 173,925; Texas, 2,950,439; all other States, 46,204.

Ginning of Sea Island cotton by States: Florida, 16,321 bales; Georgia, 24,570; South Carolina, 1,878.

EUROPEAN BANKS.

Bank of England.

Total reserve decreased	£632,000
Notes reserved decreased	627,000
Notes in circulation increased	12,000
Public deposits decreased	1,582,000
Other deposits increased	1,336,000
Government securities	Unchanged
Other securities increased	416,000

The detailed statement compares as follows with the same week one and two years ago:

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Bullion	£36,772,121	£36,549,880	£35,377,981
Reserve	26,482,000	26,362,330	24,861,466
Notes res.	24,857,000	24,978,575	23,771,270
Res. to liab.	53⅜%	47½%	49⅜%
Circulation	28,739,000	28,637,050	28,966,515
Public dep.	7,132,000	10,204,260	9,544,353
Other dep.	42,390,000	45,300,254	40,419,984
Gov. secur.	11,788,000	13,037,909	14,328,210
Other secur.	29,035,000	33,908,003	28,472,165

The more important items at this date in the last few years compare as follows:

	Bullion.	Reserve.	Other Securities.
1913	£36,772,121	£26,482,000	£29,035,000
1912	36,549,880	26,362,830	33,908,003
1911	35,377,981	24,861,466	28,472,165
1910	32,689,865	22,976,935	24,970,380
1909	32,198,727	21,442,902	27,079,461
1908	35,866,490	25,330,260	26,359,698
1907	28,725,225	17,694,795	36,099,742

Proportion of reserve at this date in a number of years:

	P. C.		P. C.
1913	53⅜	1907	35¼
1912	47½	1906	38⅜
1911	49⅜	1905	40
1910	51⅞	1904	52⅜
1909	45⅜	1903	47⅛
1908	52	1902	45⅝

Bank of France.

	Francs.
Gold holdings increased	28,234,000
Silver holdings increased	1,161,000
Notes in circulation increased	60,450,000
General deposits decreased	54,125,000
Bills discounted decreased	194,600,000
Treasury deposits decreased	77,625,000
Advances increased	32,300,000

The detailed statement compares as follows:

	1913. Francs.	1912. Francs.	1911. Francs.
Gold	3,502,093,000	3,223,025,000	3,225,650,000
Silver	637,712,000	752,875,000	795,400,000
Circ'n	5,866,128,000	5,609,750,775	5,381,734,855
Gen. dep.	591,997,000	770,172,129	578,789,669
Bills ds.	1,501,201,000	1,676,129,916	1,485,518,194
Tr. dep.	264,100,000	260,863,580	315,255,525
Adv.	754,362,000	721,847,235	685,567,946

The most important items at this date in years prior to 1911 were as follows:

	Gold, Francs.	Silver, Francs.	Circulation, Francs.
1910	3,308,100,000	839,125,000	5,495,799,540
1909	3,600,775,000	890,725,000	5,415,263,690
1908	3,319,562,831	887,416,742	5,026,781,130
1907	2,754,590,489	935,287,014	4,965,681,100

Bank of Germany.

	Marks.
Gold on hand decreased	24,021,000
Gold and silver decreased	77,598,000
Notes in circulation increased	159,257,000
Treasury bills increased	23,479,000
Deposits decreased	180,045,000
Loans increased	38,533,000
Discounts increased	32,053,000

The important returns compare with those of one or two years ago as follows:

	1913. Marks.	1912. Marks.	1911. Marks.
Gold and silver	1,444,474,000	1,131,540,000	1,052,560,000
Loans and discounts	1,096,867,000	1,587,160,000	1,436,120,000
Circulation	2,118,671,000	1,993,020,000	1,915,300,000

The cash holdings in 1910 were 947,180,000 marks; in 1909, 925,400,000; in 1908, 1,064,500,000; in 1907, 750,460,000.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

WHEAT.

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.
Nov. 3	95¼	94⅞
Nov. 5	94½	93⅞
Nov. 6	94⅝	94⅛
Nov. 7	95	94⅝
Nov. 8	94⅞	94⅝
Week's range	95¼	93⅞

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
Nov. 3	85⅞	85¼	90½	90	87⅝	87¼
Nov. 5	84⅞	83⅞	89¾	88¾	87⅛	86½
Nov. 6	85	84	89⅞	89⅛	87½	86¾
Nov. 7	85¼	84⅝	90¼	89⅝	87⅞	87¼
Nov. 8	85½	84⅝	90⅝	89	88	87½
Week's range	85½	83⅞	90½	88¾	88	86½

CORN.

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
Nov. 3	70⅛	69¾	71	70⅝	70¼	70
Nov. 5	68⅞	68	70	69⅛	69⅝	68½
Nov. 6	68⅞	68	69⅞	69⅛	69⅜	68⅝
Nov. 7	69⅜	68⅞	70½	69⅞	70	69⅜
Nov. 8	69⅛	69⅛	70½	70	69⅝	69⅜
W'k's ran.	70⅛	68	71	69⅛	70¼	68½

OATS.

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
Nov. 3	38⅜	37¾	42⅜	41⅝	41⅞	41⅜
Nov. 5	37⅞	37¼	41⅝	41¼	41¼	41
Nov. 6	38⅜	37⅞	42⅛	41½	41⅜	41½
Nov. 7	38⅛	38⅛	42¼	41⅞	41⅜	41⅜
Nov. 8	38⅜	38⅛	42¼	41⅞	41⅜	41⅝
W'ks ran.	38½	37¼	42⅜	41¼	41⅞	41

Provisions.

LARD.

	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
Nov. 3	10.80	10.75	10.97	10.90
Nov. 5	10.67	10.55	10.85	10.72
Nov. 6	10.75	10.70	10.92	10.87
Nov. 7	10.77	10.72	10.95	10.90
Nov. 8	10.75	10.72	10.92	10.90
Week's range	10.80	10.55	10.97	10.72

RIBS.

	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
Nov. 3	10.72	10.67	10.87	10.80
Nov. 5	10.55	10.45	10.67	10.57
Nov. 6	10.65	10.57	10.77	10.70
Nov. 7	10.65	10.60	10.77	10.75
Nov. 8	..	..	10.72	10.72
Week's range	10.72	10.45	10.87	10.57

PORK.

	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
Nov. 3	20.25	20.10	20.27	20.15
Nov. 5	19.90	19.75	19.95	19.77
Nov. 6	20.20	20.07	20.22	20.00
Nov. 7	20.07	20.00	20.22	20.05
Nov. 8	20.10	20.10	20.15	20.10
Week's range	20.25	19.75	20.27	19.77

COTTON.

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Mar. High.	Mar. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
Nov. 3	13.68	13.49	13.35	13.23	13.32	13.24
Nov. 5	13.62	13.50	13.47	13.28	13.46	13.27
Nov. 6	13.60	13.43	13.46	13.33	13.42	13.33
Nov. 7	13.53	13.27	13.41	13.18	13.43	13.21
Nov. 8	13.44	13.15	13.32	13.00	13.33	13.00
Wk's rge.	13.68	13.15	13.47	13.00	13.46	13.00

FRISCO GAINS IN YEAR

But Discount on New Securities Causes Deficit of $667,000.

The St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, which was put into a receivership on May 27, reports a satisfactory increase in business for the year ended on June 30, without, however, a balance after charges sufficient to care for the year's proportion of discount on securities sold.

The gross operating revenues were $45,960,000 in 1913, a gain of $3,926,000 over 1912. The operating costs amounted to $30,711,000, an increase of 2,001,000, while taxes increased nearly $100,000. The operating income was $13,281,000, an increase of $1,848,000. Interest charges required $8,000,000, an addition of $222,000. There was a loss of $1,214,000 through the operation of the New Orleans, Texas & Mexico.

In previous years the annual charge on account of discount on securities sold has been made against the profit and loss account. In the 1913 report this charge, amounting to $943,000, is included in the income statement, making a deficit for the year of $667,000. Last year, without deducting the charge for amortization, there was a surplus of $177,000.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

The following were the daily rates on call and time loans last week:

	On Call.	Renewal Rate.	60 Days.	90 Days.	Six Months.
Nov. 3	2@6	6	5@5¼	5@5¼	4¾@5
Nov. 5	3@5	4	4¾@5	4¾@5	4½@5
Nov. 6	3¾@4	4	4¾@5	4¾@5	4½@5
Nov. 7	3½ 4	4	5@5¼	5@5¼	4¾@5
Nov. 8	4	4	4¾@5¼	4¾@5¼	4½@5

Week's range.—On call, 2@6; renewal rate, 4; 60 days, 4¾@5¼; 90 days, 4¾@5¼; six months, 4¼@5.

Same Week Last Year.—On call, 3@7; renewal rate, 5¼; 60 days, 5¾@6¼; 90 days, 5¾@6¼; six months, 5½@5¾.

Year to Date.—On call, 1@10; renewal rate, 2¾; sixty days, 2½@6; ninety days, 3½@6; six months, 3¼@6¾.

Same Period Last Year.—On call, 1¾@9; renewal rate, 2½; sixty days, 2@6; ninety days, 2¼@6; six months, 3@6.

FOREIGN DISCOUNT RATE.

	London. Short.	London. 3 Months.	Berlin.	Paris.
Nov. 3	5	5	4¾	3⅞
Nov. 4	5	5	4¾	3⅞
Nov. 5	5	5	4⅞	3⅞
Nov. 6	5	4 15-16@5	4¾	3⅞
Nov. 7	5	4 15-16@5	4½	3⅞
Nov. 8	5	4 15-16@5	4½	3⅞

FOREIGN BANK RATES.

	Rate.	When Fixed.
Bank of England	5	Oct. 2, 1913
Bank of France	4	Oct. 31, 1912
Bank of Germany	5½	Oct. 27, 1913
Bank of Holland	5	June 25, 1913
Bank of Belgium	5	Oct. 16, 1912
Bank of Austria	6	Nov. 15, 1912
Bank of Italy	6	Oct. 31, 1912
Bank of Switzerland	4½	Aug. 14, 1913
Bank of Russia	5½	Oct. 28, 1912
Bank of Spain	4½	Sep. 24, 1903
Bank of Portugal	6	Jan. 9, 1908
Bank of Sweden	5½	Nov. 14, 1912
Bank of Norway	5½	Mar. 28, 1912
Bank of Denmark	6	July 2, 1913
Bank of Bengal	6	Sep. 18, 1913
Bank of Bombay	5	Oct. 31, 1913

STERLING EXCHANGE.

	Demand. High.	Demand. Low.	Demand. Close.	60 Days. Close.	Cable. Close.
Nov. 3	$4.8525	$4.8500	$4.8525	$4.8060	$4.8560
Nov. 5	4.8525	4.8500	4.8500	4.8060	4.8550
Nov. 6	4.8505	4.8490	4.8500	4.8050	4.8550
Nov. 7	4.8500	4.8480	4.8480	4.8050	4.8540
Nov. 8	4.8510	4.8495	4.8505	4.8050	4.8560

Week's Range.—Demand, $4.8480@$4.8525; sixty days, $4.8050@$4.8060; Cable $4.8540@$4.8860.

Same Week Last Year.—Demand, $4.8540@$4.8580; sixty days, $4.8115@$4.8125; cable, $4.86@$4.8630.

Year to Date.—Demand, $4.8480@$4.8790; sixty days, $4.8050@$4.8370; cable, $4.8540@$4.8865.

Same Period Last Year.—Demand, $4.85@$4.8785; sixty days, $4.81@$4.8495; cable, $4.8535@$4.8820.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AT DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. L.	San F.
Nov. 3	Par	*20c	*20c	*50c
Nov. 5	Par	*15c	*20c	*50c
Nov. 6	Par	*20c	*10c	*50c
Nov. 7	Par	*10c	†10c	*50c
Nov. 8	Par	*15c	†5c	*50c

*Premium. †Discount.

GOLD PREMIUMS.

	Madrid.	Lisbon.
Nov. 3	5.95	18.00
Nov. 4	5.95	18.00
Nov. 5	5.95	19.00
Nov. 6	5.90	19.00
Nov. 7	5.95	19.00
Nov. 8	5.95	19.00

GOLD AND SILVER BARS IN LONDON.

	Gold Bars. s. d.	American Eagles. s. d.	Bar Silver. d.
Nov. 3	77 9	76 4½	27 7-16
Nov. 4	77 9	76 4½	27 7-16
Nov. 5	77 9	76 4½	27½
Nov. 6	77 9	76 4½	27 11-16
Nov. 7	77 9	76 4½	27⅝
Nov. 8	77 9	76 4½	27 9-16

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British Consols.	French Rentes.	Ger. Imp. 3s.	Rus. 4s.	Turk. 4s.
Nov. 3	72¾	86f 90c	74	87½	86
Nov. 4	72 11-16	86f 85c	74	87½	86
Nov. 5	72 11-16	86f 27½c	74	88	86
Nov. 6	72⅝	86f 17½c	74	88	86
Nov. 7	72 9-16	86f 90c	74	88	86
Nov. 8	72 11-16	86f 90c	74	88	86

EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

	Paris. F.	Paris. C.	Berlin. M.	Berlin. Pf.
Nov. 3	25	20	20	49½
Nov. 4	25	20	20	49½
Nov. 5	25	20	20	49
Nov. 6	25	30	20	49½
Nov. 7	25	30	20	49½
Nov. 8	25	30	20	49½

TRANSACTIONS ON THE CURB

Transactions in the leading securities on the Curb for the week ended Saturday, Nov. 8, 1913, were:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
	INDUSTRIALS.				
4,700	Anglo-Am. O.	23⅛	22½	23	+1
200	A.-Am.O. new	12	12	12	..
7,300	Br.-Am. Tob.	24⅞	23⅝	23¾	−⅞
400	B.-A. T. new.	25¼	24⅛	24⅛	−1⅛
200	C. Rub. Tire.	35	35	35	..
45	C. R. Tire pf.	94	90	90	−4
1,300	M. of A. new	4	3⅝	3½	−⅝
3,000	*Mays Oil	22	19	19	−6
2,555	Pueb. S. & R.	3 1-16	2⅞	3 1-16	−1-16
262	S. Oil of N. J.	378	372	373½	−3½
500	Tob. Prod. pf.	87	85½	85½	−1⅝
5,150	U. Cig. St. w. i.	88	86⅛	86¼	−2
100	U.C.S.pf. w. i.	112	112	112	+1
400	Willeys Over.	64	62	62½	−1
	RAILROADS.				
2,650	Man. Tran.	1 5-16	1⅛	1 3-16	−3-16
	MINING.				
30,000	*Ariz. B'mont.	11½	7	7	−2
5,000	*Beaver Con.	33	32	33	−1
2,500	*Big Four	19	17	18	−2
1,600	Braden Cop.	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	−¼
400	Brit. Col. C.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	−⅛
2,100	Buffalo Mines.	2	1 11-16	1 11-16	−¼
3,100	*Butte & L.	33	29	33	+3
9,800	Can. G. Sil.	20	17	19	−1
7,900	*Caribou C.	61	59	61	+1
7,500	*C. O. D. Con.	4	4	4	..
2,100	*Dia. Bl. B.	2½	2	2	..
1,500	El Paso new.	3	2¾	3	−⅜
5,400	*Ely Consol.	6	5	5	−1
1,950	First Nat. C.	2⅞	2 11-16	2⅞	−¼
200	*Florence	24	24	24	+1
2,410	Goldfield C.	1½	1 7-16	1 7-16	..
390	Greene-C. n.	33	32	32	−¼
4,000	*G. C. M. & S.	5½	4½	5	..
8,000	*Jumbo Ext.	9½	8½	9	..
4,600	Kerr Lake	4 7-16	4⅛	4 5-16	+3-16
4,700	La Rose Con.	1 13-16	1 11-16	1¾	..
300	Mason V., new	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	..
1,835	McK.-Darragh.	1⅝	1 5-16	1 5-16	−1-16
300	Mines A., new	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	−⅛
12,375	*Nevada Hills.	69	51	52	−17
3,800	*N. Utah B.	79	50	50	−30
4,600	Nipissing M.	8¼	7⅛	7⅝	−½
2,650	Stewart Min.	1⅝	1⅛	1 9-16	..
11,000	*Tonopah Mer.	60	58	60	−2
1,300	Tonopah Ext.	1¾	1⅝	1 11-16	..
1,200	Ton. M. of N.	4 11-16	4⅝	4½	−¼
4,300	Tularosa	⅝	⅝	11-16	..
600	Tri-Bullion	⅛	⅛	⅛	−⅛
10	Tuolumne C.	¾	¾	¾	..
20,300	West End C.	1⅜	1 3-16	1 11-32	+1-32
8,600	*West End Ex.	5	5	5	..
2,500	*Wett. Sil. M.	9	9	9	−1
300	Yukon Gold	2	2	2	−⅛
	BONDS.				
$10,000	N. Y. C. 4½s, 1960	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	−⅝
15,000	N. Y. C. 4½s, 1962	98⅞	98¾	98⅞	−⅝
30,000	St. L., P. & N. W. 5s	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	−⅛

*Cents per share.

INACTIVE STOCKS.

In the following list the last prices in 1912 are give of stocks not traded in so far this year, with their bid and asked quotations on Saturday:

Bid.	Asked.	Stock.	Last Sale.	
..	..	Am. District Tel.	*18	Nov. 28
115	135	Buff., R. & P. pf.	130	July 26
150	..	Cleve. & Pitts.	*167½	Oct. 17
..	..	Crip. Creek C. pf.	*47	May 16
..	..	Cuban-Am. Sugar	33	Nov. 12
1½	5	D. M. & Ft. Dodge	5	May 18
..	..	Granby Consol.	74⅛	Nov. 11
..	..	Green Bay & West.	85	Mar. 24
..	..	Manhattan Beach	..	Oct. 8
..	25	N. O., M. & C. pf.	25	Sept. 3
..	..	N. O. Ry. & Light.	24½	Sept. 22
65	88	N.Y.,C. & St.L.2d pf.	85	Sept. 16
..	..	N. Y., L. & W.	121	Oct. 16
..	..	N. Y. State Rys. pf.	*92	June 21
..	..	Rubber G. Mfg. pf.	105	Nov. 12
..	..	Rutland pf.	58	June 13

*Less than 100 shares.

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Correspondence and Interviews are Solicited.

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CAPITAL and SURPLUS - - - - - - $8,300,000

TO HOLDERS OF

St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company

New Orleans, Texas and Mexico Division

FIRST MORTGAGE 5% GOLD BONDS:

A majority of all the bonds of this issue, having been deposited under the **Bondholders Agreement dated May 28, 1913,** the Bondholders Committee has extended the time for the further deposit of bonds to and including **November 15, 1913,** after which time no bonds will be received except upon such terms as may be imposed by the Committee.

Bonds should be deposited with the **Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company** at its office, No. 60 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, or with the **St. Louis Union Trust Company,** St. Louis, Mo.

Dated, New York, November 8, 1913.

WILLARD V. KING, Chairman.
STEDMAN BUTTRICK,
LEWIS L. CLARKE,
CARL A. de GERDSDORFF,
LEWIS B. FRANKLIN,
ALFRED LICHTENSTEIN,
C. S. W. PACKARD,
J. F. SHEPLEY,
G. H. WALKER,
Committee.

GEORGE E. WARREN, Secretary
60 Broadway, New York.
CARTER, LEDYARD & MILBURN, Counsel.

To the Holders of

St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad Company

General Lien 15-20 Year 5% Gold Bonds.

A very large amount of the above Bonds have been deposited with the Bankers Trust Company under the Bondholders Agreement of May 28th, 1913, which enabled us, in conjunction with French holders of considerable amounts of the Bonds, effectively to co-operate with the Receivers in obtaining the necessary orders from the Court for the payment of the November coupon.

It is important that bondholders who have not yet deposited their Bonds should do so without further delay, so that we may more adequately represent the interests of the Bondholders.

Bondholders are therefore notified that for this purpose and in order to share in the benefits of the Bondholders Agreement, they must deposit their Bonds on or before November 20th, 1913, with the Depositary, the Bankers Trust Company, 14 Wall Street, New York, after which date bonds will be accepted only on such penalty as we may fix.

SPEYER & CO.

New York, November 5, 1913.

Income Tax Regulations

Explained to Investors

Forms prescribed by the Government to accompany coupons and our blanks for Recording Income.

On Application.

MACKAY & CO.

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Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELEC. COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend.			Quotation Nov. 8, 1913.	
		Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Albany So 5s	$1,302,000	2½	S	M. & S.	85	94
A. G.&E.($50)	2,500,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	$75	$76½
Do pf. ($50)	1,537,500	1½	Q	Nov 1, 13	$46	$47
Am. P. & Lt.	5,631,400	1	S	Sep 1, 13	66	68
Do 6% cu.pf	3,119,800	1½	Q	Oct 1, 13	76	78
Do op. war..	1,604,000	..	..	......	10	13
Do6%nos,'21	2,199,100	3	S	F. & A.	95	97
Appal'n Pow.	6,000,000	..	..	......	9½	10½
Do pref...	2,180,000	..	..	......	40	45
Ariz. Power.	3,000,000	..	..	......	8	11
Do pref....	850,000	..	..	......	45	50
Ashev'eL.&P. 1st s. f.5s,'42	1,100,000	2½	S	A. & O.	90	94
Au. & Syr. El. R.R., tax ex.	1,460,000	2½	S	Apr 15,13	95½	98
Aug.-Al. R. & E. s. f. 5s,'35	2,588,000	2½	S	J. & D.	85	90
Aug. Ry. & El 1st 5s of '40.	967,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99	100
Bal. Co. Wat. & El. 5s, '46	908,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90½	93½
Bir., R., L. & P. C. 4½s..	8,720,000	2½	S	A. & O.	88	90
Do ref. ex5s '57	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	96½	98
Buf. Cr'n 1st 5s	2,074,000	2½	S	M. & N.	101½	102¼
Buff.G. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101	101½
B. & L. E. 5s, '36	7,066,000	2½	S	M. & N.	..	50
B. & Lockp. 1st 5s, '38..	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	97
B. & N. Falls E. L. & P. 1st 5s, '42..	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	98
Cal. El. Gen. Co. pf.	600,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 13	70	75
Capital Tr..	12,000,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 13	114¼	114⅝
Do 1st 5s, '47	5,680,000	2½	S	J. & D.	107⅞	108
Cent'l Maine Pow. 1st 5s	2,502,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93	96
C. M. L. & P. pf.	1,250,000	1¾	Q	Sep 30,13	55	65
Do. 6s. 1940	1,800,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 13	87½	92½
C. L.H.& P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Cl. Ry. 1st 5s, '31	5,475,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	100½
Co. G. & El. 1st 5s	13,603,000	2½	S	J. & J.	70	73
Co R., G. & E. 1st 5s, '36.	2,454,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	93
Do com....	2,000,000	..	..	....	50	..
Do pref....	840,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 13	80	90
C. G., E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	11,564,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	87	87½
C. T. of N. J.	15,000,000	2½	S	Jul 15, 13	72	72½
Do 1st 5s, '33	10,088,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100¾	101½
Consum. Po. (Mich.) 5s, '36	10,088,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92	95
C. P. (Minn.) 1st 5s, '29..	10,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	87½	89
Dallas El. C. 1st 5s, '22..	9,528,000	2½	S	A. & O.	94	97
El. B. & S. pf	3,500,000	1½	Q	Nov 1, 13	97½b	100b
Ec.L. & P. 1st mtg. 5s, '56.	1,889,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	100
El. Util. Cor.	2,500,000	½	Q	Sep 30, 13	25	30
Do pf......	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Oct 15, 13	76	80
Ex. Spgs. W., G.& E.1st 6s	218,000	3	S	J. & D.	97	100
Fed. L. & T. Co.	4,750,000	..	..	....	25	26
Do pf.......	2,500,000	1½	Q	Dec 1, 13	75	77½
Ft. Smith L. & T. pf....	1,410,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 13	65	75
Ft. Worth P. & Lt. 1st 5s	1,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	92	95
Guan. P. & E.	3,500,000	..	..	....	15	20
Do pf.......	1,500,000	1½	Q	Nov 1, 13	60	70
Do 6s, '32..	1,425,000	3	S	A. & O.	87½	92½
Harwood El. 5s, '39.....	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	103
Int.Ry. of B., B. Div.5s,'31	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	102⅞	104
L. & O. Div 1st 5s....	800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	97
B. & L. Div. 1st 5s.....	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	97
B. & N. F. D. 1st 5s..	750,000	2½	S	J. & D.	102½	..
Int. St. El. C. 1st 6s, '33..	466,000	3	S	M. & S.	97½	100
Int. Trac. 4s, '49, rcts.	18,315,000	2	S	J. & J.	61	65
J.C.,H. & P.4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	75	76
Joplin & Pit. Ry. 5s, '30..	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	91	94
K. C. R. & L.	9,543,080	..	..	....	22½	23
Do pf......	9,407,500	1½	Q	Mar 1, 11	35	38
Do 1st l.r.5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	86	88
Do cv. 6s,'12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & N.	88	90
K. C. B. L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	102	102½
K. C. E.4s,'22	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	76	78
K. C. W. 5s.	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	88	90
K. C. Met. St. Ry. cn. 1st 5s, '13......	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93	94
K. C. & Wes. 1st 5s, 1926	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	88	90
K. G. & E. pf.	1,500,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 13	95b	100b
Do 5s of '22.	3,089,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	96
L. R. Ry. & E. 1st 5s,'33	1,959,000	2½	S	A. & O.	102½	..
L. A.G.&E.5s	4,693,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	97
Mobile E. pf	852,000	1¾	Q	Nov 15,13	88b	92b
Do 1st 5s,'46	1,696,000	2½	S	M. & N.	88	91
Montana Pr..	......	½	Q	Oct 1, 13	40	41
Do pf......	......	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 13	95	98
Musk'e G. & E. pf	1,438,500	1¾	Q	Sep 15, 13	88b	92b
Do 1st5s,'26	1,058,000	2½	S	J. & D.	92	95
Nashville R. & Lt. pf..	2,500,000	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 13	85	90
Do con.5s,'53	4,054,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	101
Do ref.5s,'58	2,810,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95
N. L. H. & P. c. t. 5s,'19B	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
N. L., H. & P. c. t. 5s,'20C	455,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	100
N. Y. West'r LGM4s,2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	76	79
Do d. 5s, '54	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102½
N. Jersey Ry 1st 4s, 1948	15,000,000	2	S	M. & N.	77	79
N. I. & Mont Pow. 1st 6s	4,462,000	3	S	F. & A.	55	60
N. O. L. & P.	4,585,000	..	..	....	10	14
Do pf......	2,400,000	3	S	Jul 15, 13	58	62
Do 1st6s,'31	4,700,000	3	S	J. & J.	87½	92½
N. St. Power	5,975,000	..	..	....	19	21
Do pf.	8,386,700	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 13	72	73
N., T. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	1¾	Q	J. & J.	98	100
Okla. Ry. 5s.	2,630,000	2½	S	J. & J.	87½	90
Ont. P. sto'k	8,509,000	1¼	Q	Dec 1, 13	74½	75½
O. & C. B.Ry. & B. 1st 5s, '28	1,729,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	96
Oreg. El. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97	98
Ot. R. & L. pf	850,000	1¾	Q	Oct 15,13	90b	95b
Do 1st 5s,'24	1,044,000	2½	S	J. & J.	87½	92½
Por. Gen. El. 5s	8,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
Prescott G.& E 1st 6s, '40	250,000	3	S	J. & J.	88	91
Pub. S. Cor. ctfs.	19,970,440	1½	Q	Jun 30,13	103	104
Pub. U. Cor. ($50)	1,000,900	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 13	$40	$45
Do pf ($50)	500,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 13	$45	$50
Queens Boro. G. & E. 5s of '52.......	1,600,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	99
Rep.R.&L.Co	5,200,000	..	..	....	19	20
Do pf......	6,300,000	1½	Q	Oct 15, 13	73½	75
Roch Ry&L5s tax ex. N.Y.	9,401,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	99
Roch., Syr. & E. 5s of'45..	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	76	77
Rockld.L.&P 5s	605,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95	98
Rockf'd (Ill.) E. 5s of '39.	1,504,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	98
Rutland R.L. &P.1st 5s,'46	1,904,000	2½	S	M. & S.	90	95
St.Jo.(Mo.)R. L.,H.& P, 5s	4,637,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97	100
Sgn.Val.Tr.5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	95	99
Salt L.& Ogd. 1st 5s......	1,150,000	2½	S	F. & A.	92½	95
SanDiegoCon G. & E. 1st 5s, '39......	3,425,000	2½	S	M. & S.	91	93½
SciotoVal.Tr. 1st 5s, '23..	1,600,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	97
ScrantonEl5s	2,951,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Scrn. Ry ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	60	..
Do pf., ($50)	1,500,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 13	62½	70
Do con5s'32	1,100,000	1¼	Q	Jul 15, 13	97½	100
Seattle Elec. Co.con5s,'29	7,417,000	2½	S	F. & A.	96½	98
Sea. Ltg. 5s.	4,321,500	2½	S	A. & O.	90	93
Sierra&SanF. Pow. 1st 5s.	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	86½	90
So. Cal. Ed..	10,043,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92	95
aS. W. U. Cor	15,000,000	½	..	Jun 2, 13	29½	33
So. Power 5s	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98½	100
Spok. & Inland E. 5s	3,996,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	95
Sup. W.,L.& P. 1st 4s,'31	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	81	83
Stan G & E ($50)	9,343,150	..	..	....	$7	$8
Do pf. ($50)	11,784,950	2	Q	Sep 15,13	$30	$31
Tampa El.1st 5s	1,200,500	2½	S	J. & D.	97	100
Tenn. R., L. & P.........	20,000,000	..	..	....	14	15
Do pf.....	10,250,000	1½	Q	Sep 2, 13	64	65
Tex. Tr.1st 5s	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	93
Unit. Elec. N. J. 4s, '49	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	78¾	79½
Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	4,428,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90	92
United Util..	5,000,000	..	..	....	25	30
Do pf......	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 13	97½b	102½b
Utah Sec. Cor	27,500,000	..	..	....	16¼	18
Utica &M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s, '41	2,268,000	2¼	S	M. & S.	92	95
Wash. R. & El.	6,500,000	1½	Q	July 1, 13	92	93
Do pf.	8,500,000	1¼	Q	Sep 1, 13	89½	90
Do con 4s, '51	10,643,000	2	S	M. & S.	80½	80⅞
West'n Pow.	14,670,000	..	..	....	17	18
Do 6% cum pf.	6,000,000	..	..	....	51	52
West. St. G & E.......	3,503,000	..	..	....	35	45
Do pf......	1,800,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 13	70	80
Do 1st & ref. 5s, '41.	3,400,000	2½	S	J. & D.	87	92

STREET RAILWAY AND ELEC. COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend.			Quotation Nov. 8, 1913.	
		Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Wheel. El 5s. '41	1,206,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93½	96½
Wh'l Tr. Co. 1st con.5s,'31	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	97

*Ex dividend.
a—Paid initial dividend of ½% June 2, 1913.
b—And dividends or interest accrued.

BANKS.

America	$1,500,000	14	S	July 1, 13	550	560
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 13	210	214
Batt'y Pk. N.	200,000	3	S	July 1, 13	130	140
Bowery	250,000	6b	Q	Oct 31, 13	400	..
Bronx Boro..	150,000	5	S	Jun 30,13	200	260
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	S	July 1, 13	120	130
Century	500,000	3	Q	July 1, 13	190	200
Chase Nat'l..	5,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 13	600	630
Ch.-Ph. N'l..	2,225,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	171	176
Chelsea Ex..	400,000	3	S	Oct 1, 13	130	150
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	Nov 1, 13	380	395
Cit's C. Nat.	2,550,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	175	185
City (Nat'l)..	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 13	350	355
C'l & I. Nat.	1,000,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 13	160	165
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 13	450	..
Columbia ...	300,000	8	S	July 1, 13	275	275
Com. Nat....	25,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	175	178
Corn Exch..	3,000,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 13	310	..
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	..	Jan 1, 12	55	70
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 1, 13	160	170
Fifth Av....	100,000	25c	Q	Oct 1, 13	4300	..
Fifth Nat...	250,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 13	300	350
First Nat....	10,000,000	7a	Q	Oct 1, 13	935	950
Fourth Nat..	5,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	168	172
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 13	220	240
Ger.-Am ($75)	750,000	3	S	Aug 1, 13	130	145
German Ex..	200,000	10	S	July 1, 13	375	410
Germania ...	200,000	‡12½	S	Nov 1, 13	450	500
Gotham Nat.	200,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	175	..
Greenwich ..	500,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 13	250	..
Hanover Nat.	3,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 13	620	630
Har'm'n Nat.	500,000	..	..	....	285	300
Imp.& T.Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	July 1, 13	495	505
Irving Nat...	4,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	175	185
Liberty Nat.	1,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 13	620	..
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 13	325	335
Manh'n ($50).	2,050,000	7	S	July 1, 13	310	320
Mar. & Ful. Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 13	230	240
Mechanics & Metals	6,000,000	3	Q	Nov 11,13	220	225
Mer.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	4	S	July 1, 13	175	180
Mer. Ex. Nat ($50)	600,000	3	S	July 1, 13	145	155
Metropolis ..	1,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 13	325	350
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	180	190
Mutual	200,000	6	S	July 1, 13	280	305
N. Nas. ($50)	1,000,000	4	S	Nov 1, 13	185	197
Nat. Reserve.	1,200,000	3	S	Jan 1, 11	80	88
New Netherland	200,000	4	S	Oct 1, 13	210	225
N.Y.(N.B.A.).	2,000,000	8	S	July 1, 13	390	395
N.Y. Co. Nat.	500,000	20	S	July 1, 13	850	..
NY.Prod.Ex..	1,000,000	4	S	Oct 15, 13	160	170
Pacific ($50).	500,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 13	250	..
Park Nat....	5,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 13	354	360
People's ($25)	200,000	5	S	July 1, 13	225	250
Seab'd Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 13	425	..
Second Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 13	395	..
Security	1,000,000	3	S	Aug 1, 13	115	125
Sherman Nat	200,000	..	..	....	125	135
State	1,000,000	5	S	July 1, 13	190	210
23d Ward....	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 13	135	150
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Jun 30,13	145	155
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	390	400
West Side....	200,000	6	S	July 1, 13	450	500
Yorkville ...	100,000	10	S	July 1, 13	560	580

a—Also 3% Q on First Security Co. payable same day.
b—Including 3% extra. c—Also an extra dividend of 130%.

TRUST COMPANIES.

Astor Trust.	$1,250,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 13	355	365
Bankers' Tr..	10,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 13	435	450
B'way Trust.	1,000,000	1½	Q	Nov 1, 13	150	155
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 13	480	495
Col.-Knick...	2,000,000	5	Q	Sep 30, 13	440	460
Central	3,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 13	990	1000
Citizens	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 1, 13	135	145
Commercial..	500,000	..	..		80	90
Empire	1,500,000	2½	Q	Sep 30,13	300	310
Equitable Tr	3,000,000	6	Q	Sep 30,13	450	460
Farm. Loan & Tr. ($25).	1,000,000	12½	Q	Nov 1, 13	1050	..
Fidelity	1,000,000	3	S	Jun 30,13	205	215
Franklin	1,000,000	6	S	Jun 30,13	220	240
Fulton	500,000	5	S	July 1, 13	275	290
Guaranty ...	10,000,000	8b	Q	Sep 30, 13	530	545
Hamilton ...	500,000	3	Q	Nov 1, 13	270	280
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	115	120
Hudson Tr..	500,000	3	S	July 1, 13	130	140
Kings Co.....	500,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 13	530	..
Law. T. Ins. & Tr. Co...	4,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	150	160
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30,07	115	130
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	6	Q	Sep 30, 13	..	380
Mut. Alliance	1,000,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 13	135	145
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 13	130	140
New York...	3,000,000	8	Q	Sep 30, 13	595	605
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	20	S	Jun 10,13	990	1015
People's Tr..	1,000,000	1	M	Nov 1, 13	285	295
T. Guar. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Sep 30, 13	400	410
Union	3,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 13	..	365
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Sep 30, 13	400	420
United States	2,000,000	25	S	July 1, 13	1070	1080
Wash'ton Tr.	500,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 13	345	365

b—Including 2% extra.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Am. Chicle..	$6,000,000	1	M	Sep 20, 13	206	208
Do pref....	3,000,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 13	97	100
Am. Graph'e.	2,627,550	4	S	Mar 7, 13	..	50
Do pref....	2,096,630	1¾	Q	Nov 15,13	..	80
Am. Screw...	3,000,000	2½	Q	Sep 30,13	137½	145
Am. St. Fy.6s	2,455,000	3	S	A. & O.	99½	100½
Am. Typef'rs	4,000,000	1	Q	Oct 15, 13	42	45
Do. pref....	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 13	94	98
Am.Writ. Pa.	9,500,000	..	..	....	1	1½
Ast.V'n'r Mis. & Dk. 6s,'41	480,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	105
Autos's Gum & Choc. Co.	6,000,000	..	..	....	14	17
Do 6s.....	3,533,000	3	S	J. & J.	46	48
Bord. C. M..	21,250,000	4	S	Aug 15,13	115	116
Do pref....	7,500,000	1½	Q	Sep 15, 13	103	106
Brad. Copper	6,000,000	..	..	....	6¾	6⅞
Do 6s......	4,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	140	145
Do 7s new.	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	140	145
Brown Shoe.	10,000,000	..	..	....	49	53
Do pref....	6,000,000	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 13	86	90
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	Sep 30, 13	129	131
Childs C.	3,399,755	2½	Q	Sep 10,13	134	142
Do pref....	3,500,000	1¾	Q	Sep 10,13	102	105
Cluett-Pea. .	3,000,000	..	..	....	58	60
Do pref....	8,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 13	97	98
Com'ing-Tabulating Rec.	10,457,218	1	Q	Oct 10, 13	33	35½
Do 6s......	7,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	73¼	74
Con. R. Tire.	4,000,000	..	..	....	30	34
Do pref....	1,149,500	..	..	....	92	95
Contin. Can..	8,000,000	..	..	....	31	35
Do pref....	5,500,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 13	80	84
D., L &W. C.	6,590,700	2½	Q	Oct 15, 13	260	272
Em.-Brant'm.	30,000,000	..	..	....	22	26
Do pref...	20,060,000	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 13	78	85
Hav. Tob....	29,790,700	..	..	....	3	6
Hav. Tob. pf.	4,703,800	..	..	....	9	12
Houston Oil..	20,000,000	..	..	....	14	16
Do pref....	....	3	..	Aug 1, 13	54	56
Int. Nickel...	38,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 1, 13	118	120
Do pref....	9,000,000	1½	Q	Nov 1, 13	101½	103½
K. C. Stky'ds	8,250,000	1½	Q	Nov 1, 13	70	73
Do cv.5s,'20	619,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93	98
Lanston Mon	6,000,000	1½	Q	Sep 30, 13	82	82¾
L. V. Coal Sales.	6,060,800	2½	Q	Oct 20, 13	220	235
Lima Loco C 1st 6s, 1932	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	95	99
Marconi of Am. (new).	10,000,000	..	..	Aug 1, 13	3½	3⅝
Merg. Lino...	12,797,800	3	Q	Sep 30, 13	217¼	218
Monon Coal 1st 5s, '36..	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	85	90
Otis Elevator	6,371,000	1	Q	Oct 15, 13	72	74
Do pref....	6,451,100	1½	Q	Oct 15, 13	94	95½
Proc. & Gam.	12,000,000	4	Q	Nov 15,13	500	550
Do pref....	2,250,000	2	Q	Oct 15, 13	180	..
Pratt & Wh. pref.	1,225,000	1½	Q	Nov 15,13	95	105
Rem. Type..	10,000,000	1	Q	Oct 1, 13	35	38
Do 1st pf..	4,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 13	100	103
Do 2d pf...	5,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	100	103
Royal Bak P	10,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30,13	183	187
Do6scumpf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Sep 30, 13	102¾	103½
Saf. C.H.&L	10,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 13	110	111½
Singer Mfg..	60,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 13	295	305
Stern Bro pf	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Sep 1, 13	74	76
Temple I'n 4s	2,500,000	6	A	J. & J.	105	107
West. Pac. 5s	49,925,000	2½	S	M. & S.	77	79
Willys-Ov'l'd	20,000,000	c1½	Q	Nov 10,13	62	64
Do pref....	[illegible]	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 13	87	92

b—Also an extra dividend of 4%, payable in common stock
c—Also extra dividend of 5%, payable Aug. 10.
*—Ex dividend.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

Ang.-Am. O.	$9,733,000	10	..	Jul 15, 13	22½	23½
Atlantic Ref.	5,000,000	..	..	....	665	675
Borne-Scry'r.	200,000	$20	..	Oct 15, 13	280	290
Buck. P. L...	10,000,000	$5	Q	Dec 15,13	165	168
Chese. Mfg..	500,000	$10	Q	Sep 26,13	650	660
Colonial Oil..	250,000	..	..	....	115	125
Contin. Oil...	300,000	3	..	Sep 16, 13	183	187
Crescent P.L.	3,000,000	1.50	Q	Dec 15,13	58	60
Cumb. P. L..	1,000,000	$6	..	Dec 16,12	79	82
Eureka P. L.	5,000,000	$10	Q	Nov 1, 13	340	350
Galena-Sig.O.	12,000,000	$3	Q	Sep 30, 13	176	178
Gal.-S. O. pf.	2,000,000	$2	Q	Sep 30, 13	137	143
Ind. P. Lines	5,000,000	$4	Q	Nov 15,13	128	130
Nat. Transit.	12,737,575	75c	Q	Sep 15, 13	40	42
N. Y. Tran..	5,000,000	10	Q	Oct 15, 13	310	315
Nor. Pipe L.	4,000,000	$5	S	July 1, 13	110	114
Ohio Oil.....	15,000,000	8b	Q	Sep 20, 13	132	133
Pra. O. & G.	18,000,000	2.25	Q	Sep 20, 13	385	390
Solar Ref'g..	2,000,000	$20	S	Jun 20,13	255	262
So. Pipe Line	10,000,000	$8	Q	Dec 1, 13	238	242
So. Penn. Oil	12,500,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 13	245	249
S.W. P. P. L	3,500,000	$5	Q	Oct 1, 13	148	153
St. Oil (Cal.).	50,000,000	2.50	Q	Dec 15,13	190	193
St. Oil (Ind.).	30,000,000	12a	Q	Nov 29,13	382	385
St. Oil (Kan.)	2,000,000	$13c	Q	Nov 12,13	410	430
St. Oil (Ky.).	1,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 13	550	560
St. Oil (Neb.)	1,000,000	$15	..	Jun 20,13	325	335
St. Oil (N. J.)	98,338,382	$5	Q	Sep 15, 13	373	376
St. Oil (N.Y.)	75,000,000	$6	..	Jun 15,13	152	154
St. Oil (Ohio)	3,500,000	$5	Q	Sep 30, 13	295	305
Swan & F'ch.	500,000	$5	..	Mar 31,13	290	300
Un. Tank L..	12,000,000	..	..	....	83	85
Vacuum Oil..	15,000,000	$3	..	Oct 31, 13	173	176
Wash'ton Oil.	100,000	$4	..	Dec 1, 13	33	38
Wat.-Pierce..	400,000	..	..	....	2100	2300

a—Including 9% extra dividend. b—Including 3% extra.
c—Including 10% extra.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend.			Quotation Nov. 8, 1913.	
		Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. L. & Tr.	10,395,400	2½s	Q	Oct 30, 13	330	332
Do pf......	14,236,200	1½	Q	Oct 30, 13	104	109
Aub. G. 1st 5s	300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	..
Buff. Gas....	7,000,000	..	..	....	2	5
Buff. Gas. pf.	1,713,000	..	..	....	10	..
Burlingt'n 1st 5s, '55.......	....				93	96
C. Un. 5s, '27	3,500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	102
Cities Serv...	5,499,430	5-12	M	Nov 1, 13	74	76
Do pf......	10,195,360	½	M	Nov 1, 13	71	74
Col. G. & F..	3,000,000	½	Q	Sep 1, 13	31	33
C. G. & F. pf.	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 13	66	..
Con. Gas of N. J. 1st cn. 5s, '36.....	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	..
Con. Wat. Co. of Utica 1st mtg. 5s, '30.	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
Do deb. mtg. 5s,'30	905,000	2½	S	J. & J.	87	90
Day. Gas. 5s.	1,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	97
E. O. G.1st 5s	14,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	100
H. Gas 5s, '20	961,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	99
Hud. Co. Gas.	10,500,000	4	S	Jun 1, 13	127	131
Kan. Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	7	7½
Do 1st 6s,'16	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	95	100
Do 2d 6s,'18	2,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	60	65
Kings Co. Lt. 1st 5s,tax ex	2,428,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93½	96½
Mich. Lt. pf.	2,144,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 13	94	99
N. Am. 5s, '48	10,635,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99¼	100
N. Y. & Q. G. Co. 1st 5s..	840,000	2½	S	Sep 1, 13	96	98
N. Union Gas 5s of '27...	3,500,000	..	..	....	99¾	101½
Okla. G. & El. 5s, '29..	2,482,000	2½	S	A. & O.	93	95
Pac. G. & E.	31,908,750	1¼	Q	Jul 15, 13	34	34¾
Do pref....	10,000,000	1½	Q	Nov 15,13	82	83
Port. G.&C.5s	4,118,000	2½	S	J. & D.	93	96
Do pf. stock	1,350,000	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 13	95	100
Scr. G. & W. 1st 5s, '23..	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	104
Do deb. 5s.	421,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	101½
S. J. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	J. & D.	124	126
Do 1st 5s,'53	12,378,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	99
S'b'k Wat. 5s	4,490,000	2½	S	A. & O.	101½	103½
Stand. (N. Y.)	5,000,000	1½	S	Jun 30,13	60	..
Do pref....	4,295,700	3	S	Jun 30,13	90	..
Do 1st 5s,'30	1,362,000	2½	S	M. & N.	..	102
Syra. Gas 1st 5s, 1946.....	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102
Syra. L. & P. col. tr. 5s, g. '54	5,506,500	2½	S	J. & J.	79	81¼
Wash'ton G..	2,600,000	V	V	V	84	84¼
Do 5s, 1960.	2,860,000	2½	S	M. & N.	107¾	108
W. N. Y. W.	5,000,000	..	..	....	..	4¾
Wilkesba'e G. & E. 1st 5s, '55	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102

INSURANCE, REALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES

Am. Surety..	$5,000,000	2½	Q	Sep 30, 13	165	170
Bd.& Mtg.Gu.	5,000,000	4	Q	Nov 15,13	278	284
City of N. Y.	500,000	2½	Q	July 1, 13	180	..
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	July 1, 13	290	310
Continental .	2,000,000	25	S	J. & J.	875	900
Fidelity & C.	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	425	475
Fidel.-Ph'nix.	2,500,000	5	S	J. & J.	260	270
First Mg. Gu.	500,000	3	S	July 1, 13	100	115
Germ. All'ce	400,000	7½	S	J. & J.	270	285
Germ. Amer.	2,000,000	15	S	J. & J.	500	512
Germ'a ($50).	1,000,000	10	S	July 1, 13	310	325
Germ'ia Life.	200,000	15	S	Jul 24, 13	215	..
Hanov'r ($50)	1,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 13	180	195
Home Fire..	6,000,000	20	S	July 1, 13	395	405
Home Life...	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
La'y'sMtg.Co	6,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 13	195	200
M'nh't'n Life	100,000	‡13	S	F. & A.	300	340
Met. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	150	170
Mtg.Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 13	95	100
Nas.& Dutch.	400,000	4½	S	Aug 1, 13	125	135
Nat. Surety..	2,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 13	160	165
N. Y. Mtg. & Sec. Co....	1,500,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 13	160	168
N.Y.Title Ins.	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 13	70	80
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	July 1, 13	310	325
No.River($25)	350,000	5	S	Oct, 1913	145	152
Prud'n'l ($50)	2,000,000	10	A	V	525	600
Realty Asso..	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 15, 13	105	110
St'yv'nt ($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	100	135
U.S. Casualty	500,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 13	190	200
U. S. Life....	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	90	105
U. S. (Fire)..	400,000	3	S	Aug, 1913	80	90
Westchester..	300,000	20	S	Aug 1, 13	560	600
W'msb'g City	600,000	6	S	Aug 1, 13	230	240

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Brit.-Am.....	18,116,502	6	..	Sep 30, 13	23⅜	23⅞
Conley Foil..	825,000	5	Q	Sep 15, 13	280	295
John. T. & M.	300,000	3	Q	Sep 20, 13	165	185
J. S. Young..	1,000,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 13	140	155
McA. & For.	3,000,000	2½	Q	Oct 15, 13	184	189
P. R.-A. T...	1,999,400	5sc.	Q	Jun 5, 13	220	228
R. J. Rey'ds.	7,525,000	3sc.	Q	Oct 1, 13	240	245
Tob. Prod...	10,000,000	5	..	Jan 1, 13	100	125
Tob. Prod pf	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 13	85	86
United C. S..	27,162,000	1¼	Q	Nov 15,13	86¼	86½
Un. C. S. pf..	4,527,000	1¾	Q	Sep 15, 13	110	115

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

Bl'k'r St. & F Ferry stock	$900,000	¾	S	J. & J.	16	20
Do 1st 4s,'50	700,000	4	S	J. & J.	64	66
Bway&7thAv	2,100,000	2	Q	Jul 15, 13	150	170
B'l'nC.R.($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Jul 15, 13	163	167
Cen.C'n 6s,'22	250,000	3	S	M. & N.	100	104
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	J,A,J,O	115	125
8th Av. R. R.	1,000,000	4	Q	J,A,J,O	280	310
42d St.&Gr.St	748,000	4½	Q	F,M,A,N	220	240
N. Y. & N. J. 5s, '52	5,000,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	103
N. Y. Rys....	13,210,934	..	..	....	22	26
Ninth Av....	800,000	2	Q	....	150	180
Sec. Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	..	Jan 1, 00	1	3
2d Av.rec.cts.	3,140,000	3	S	A. & O.	99⅜	99⅝
2d Av. Ry.1st con. 5s, '48.	5,631,000	2½	..	Feb 1, 08	25	30
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	F,M,A,N	103	112

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Rate	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yid.
Amalgamated Copper.	5	Mar., 1915	99⅜	99⅝	5.35
American Locomotive.	5	Oct., 1914	98¾	99¾	5.30
Austrian Government.	4½	Jly., '14-15	97½	98½	6.40
Balt. & Ohio..........	5	July, 1914	99¾	99⅞	5.18
Boston & Maine......	5	Feb 3, '14	..	97	12.00
Boston & Maine......	6	June 2, '14	..	96	13.25
Brooklyn Rap. Transit	5	July, 1918	96⅜	96⅝	5.85
Chesapeake & Ohio...	4½	June, 1914	98⅜	98¾	6.80
Chicago & West. Ind..	5	Sept., 1915	98⅝	99	5.55
Chicago Elevated.....	5	July, 1914	93½	95½	12.75
Consol. Gas..........	6	Feb 28, '14	100⅛	100⅜	4.70
Erie R. R.............	6	Apr. 8, '14	100	100¼	5.45
Erie R. R.............	5	Oct., 1914	98¾	99⅜	5.40
Erie R. R.............	5	Apr., 1915	97½	98½	6.25
General Motor........	6	Oct., 1915	98	98¾	6.65
General Rubber.......	4½	July, 1915	96⅜	96⅞	6.30
Illinois Central.......	4½	July, 1914	99½	99⅝	5.15
Int. & Great Northern	5	Aug., 1914	97	97¼	10.25
Int. Harvester........	5	Feb 15, '15	99¼	99¾	5.40
Lackawanna Steel....	5	Mar., 1915	94½	95⅜	8.90
Lake Shore...........	4½	Mar 15, '14	99⅝	99⅞	4.85
Michigan Central.....	4½	Mar., 1914	99⅝	99⅞	4.90
Minn. & St. Louis.....	6	Feb., 1914	93½	95½	24.00
Mo., Kan. & Texas....	5	May, 1915	95¾	96¾	7.50
Missouri Pacific Ry..	5	June, 1914	93	94	16.25
Mont. T. & P.........	6	Apr., 1915	98½	99¾	6.10
N. Y. Central & Hud..	4½	Mar., 1914	99⅝	99⅞	4.90
N. Y. Central & Hud..	5	Apr 21, '14	99¾	100	5.00
N. Y. Central & Hud..	5	Sep 15, '14	99¾	100¼	4.70
N. Y. Central & Hud..	4½	May, 1915	98⅝	99	5.15
New York, N. H. & H.	5	Dec., 1913	99¾	100	5.00
New York State......	5	Feb 1, '14	100	100¼	4.40
Northern Pacific......	6	July 9, '14	100½	100¾	4.95
Seaboard Air Line....	5	Mar., 1916	97½	98½	5.55
Southern Pacific......	5	Jun 15, '14	99¾	99⅞	5.20
Southern Railway....	5	Feb., 1916	98¾	99¾	5.10
Sulzberger & S........	6	June, 1916	97½	98½	6.70
U. S. S. R. M.........	5	Aug., 1914	98½	99½	6.00
Union Typewriter.....	5	June, 1916	96	97¼	6.20
United Fruit..........	6	May, 1917	100⅜	101¼	5.60
Utah Co..............	6	Apr., 1917	98¼	99	6.35
Westinghouse E. & M.	6	Aug., 1915	99⅞	100¼	4.85
Western Maryland....	5	July, 1915	95	98	6.00

BROKERS AND BANKERS.

An unequaled opportunity now exists to obtain the best location in the city for an uptown office. Located in the very heart of the present Metropolitan activities and with windows upon four sides, giving abundant light and air, with every possible means of access, there can now be rented the entire second floor (or any part) of one of New York's most notable structures—the

Times Building,
Times Square.
Telephone Bryant 1000.
Rental Agent, Room 406.

Bondholders may be relieved of the inconvenience attending the collection of coupons and registered interest under the

FEDERAL INCOME TAX LAW

by appointing this Company as their agent.

Write for particulars.

United States Mortgage & Trust Company
Broadway at 73rd St. 55 Cedar St. 125th St. & 8th Ave.

DETROIT TERMINAL & TUNNEL
1st Mortgage 4½% Bonds
due May, 1961
Guaranteed principal and interest by
Michigan Central Railroad Company
Price to yield 4¾%
LEE, HIGGINSON & CO
43 Exchange Place
Boston New York Chicago
HIGGINSON & CO., London

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED, FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage, dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 5th day of December, 1913, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $30,952.08. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1913.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

The Franklin Society 4½%
26th year. Under supervision New York State Banking Department. Savings share accounts of $10 or more opened on or before Nov. 29th earn from December 1st. Begin now or write for Booklet A.
38 Park Row, New York City.

DIVIDENDS.

E. W. CLARK & CO., Bankers.
821 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.
Office of the
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power Co.,
Preferred Dividend No. 6.

The Board of Directors has declared the regular quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. (1½%) upon the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable December 1, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 15, 1913. Checks will be mailed. G. L. ESTABROOK, Secretary.

LACKAWANNA STEEL COMPANY.
New York, October 23d, 1913.

A dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent., for the quarter ending November 30th, 1913, has been declared on the outstanding Preferred Stock of this Company, payable December 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business on November 20th, 1913.

J. P. HIGGINSON, Treasurer.

Norfolk & Western Railway Co.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of one per cent. upon the Adjustment Preferred Stock of the Company, payable at the office of the Company, Arcade Building, Philadelphia, Pa., on and after November 19, 1913, to the Adjustment Preferred Stockholders as registered at the close of business October 31, 1913.

E. H. ALDEN, Secretary.

United Cigar Manufacturers Co.
New York, Nov. 5, 1913.

A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. will be paid on the Preferred Stock of this Company on Dec. 1, 1913, to stockholders of record on Nov. 24, 1913, at 3 P. M. SIEGMUND SCHLESINGER, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE WIRELESS LIQUIDATING COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of this Company, adopted on the 26th day of September, 1913, a meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held at the Woolworth Building, No. 233 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on Monday, the 17th day of November, 1913, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the following purposes, to wit:—To vote upon a proposition that this corporation be forthwith dissolved; and to vote upon a proposition that in any such dissolution the Directors be instructed as far as possible to distribute the stock of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America, held by this Company, in specie; and, in case several of the stockholders shall in such case become entitled to receive fractions of such shares, to transfer the shares representing the fractional interests to a Trustee for the stockholders so entitled thereto, who shall issue scrip therefor for the fractional interests to the stockholders, such scrip to be exchangeable for full shares whenever presented in sufficient quantities, and to transact such other and further business as may come before the meeting, including the closing of the transfer books.

RALPH C. TALBOT,
Secretary of the Wireless Liquidating Company.

O'GARA COAL COMPANY,
Marquette Building, Chicago, Oct. 25, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, First Floor, No. 46 Wall Street, (Office of J. B. Russell & Company,) Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on Monday, the 17th day of November, at 12 o'clock noon. The stock transfer books will be closed from October 28th to November 17th inclusive. W. A. BREWERTON, Secretary.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY & POWER CO.
149 Broadway, New York, Oct. 24th, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Virginia Railway and Power Company will be held at the General Office of the Company, in the City of Richmond, Virginia, on Wednesday, November 19th, 1913, at 12 o'clock M.

The transfer books will be closed on Friday, October 31st, 1913, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Thursday, November 20th, 1913, at 10 o'clock A. M.

G. B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

AT A MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES OF the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, held on Wednesday, November 5th, 1913, Edward J. Hancy was unanimously nominated to fill a vacancy in the board.

New York, November 6, 1913.
Z. W. VAN ZELM, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

SIMON & BROWN OF 64 EAST BROADway have dissolved. LOUIS SIMON will collect all debts due to firm.
New York, November 8, 1913.

On Newsstands Today

The New York Times ANNALIST
A Magazine of Finance, Commerce and Economics
Vol. 2, No. 46 NEW YORK, NOVEMBER 10, 1913 10 Cents

A DELINQUENT CALAMITY
How the National Bank Act of 1863 Perversely Failed to Bankrupt the Government, Ruin the Country, or Impoverish Bankers
Page 580

Other Contents:

STATE RAILS—A Drift of Thought In This Country and a Drift of Practice in Europe, Where England Is Taking the First Steps Toward Government Ownership of Transportation

A RACE WITHOUT END—The Struggle of a Modern Railroad to Keep Up With the Demand for Facilities and Service

BEYOND THE SUMMIT OF A CROP SEASON—Despite the Withering Effects of Uncertainty Upon General Business the Western Farmer Buys

ENGLISH VIEW OF THE WORLD'S CREDIT PINCH—What Would Happen if This Country Really Tried to Draw Gold from Europe

WOMEN CHECK THE RURAL EXODUS—Farm Wives in Belgium Band Themselves Together in Clubs to Fight the Baneful Lure of the City

WHAT A STEELMAKER SEES—It Is the Need of Vocational Training for a Million Youths a Year

WHY THE REICHSBANK REDUCED ITS RATE—Merchants, Facing a Decline of Trade, Complained of Dear Money, and Others Thought 6 Per Cent. Advertised Weakness

THE WORLD'S RISE IN PRICES—An Interesting Contribution to This Subject by a French Economist

The Annalist Barometrics on Page 591

Astor Trust Company
Trustee for Personal Trusts
Fifth Avenue & 36th Street
New York

DIRECTORS
VINCENT ASTOR
GEO. F. BAKER, Chairman First National Bank
STEPHEN BAKER, Pres. Bank of the Manhattan Co.
GEO. B. CASE, White & Case, Attorneys
JOHN CLAFLIN, Pres. United Dry Goods Companies
THOMAS COCHRAN, JR., Vice-President
E. C. CONVERSE, President
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JOHN I. DOWNEY, Building Construction
M. FRIEDSAM, President B. Altman & Co.
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EDGAR L. MARSTON, Blair & Co., Bankers
J. B. MARTINDALE, Pres. Chemical National Bank
GATES W. McGARRAH, Pres. Mechanics & Metals Nat. Bank
CHARLES A. PEABODY, Pres. Mutual Life Insurance Co.
D. E. POMEROY, Vice-Pres. Bankers Trust Co.
WILLIAM H. PORTER, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers
SEWARD PROSSER, Pres. Liberty National Bank
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ALEXANDER H. STEVENS, Vice-President
BENJAMIN STRONG, JR., Vice-Pres. Bankers Trust Co.
CHARLES L. TIFFANY, Vice-Pres. Tiffany & Co.
THEODORE N. VAIL, Pres. American Tel. & Tel. Co.
ALBERT H. WIGGIN, Pres. Chase National Bank

OFFICERS
E. C. CONVERSE, President
ALEXANDER H. STEVENS, Vice-President
THOMAS COCHRAN, JR., Vice-President
HENRY J. COCHRAN, Vice-President
BARKLEY WYCKOFF, Cashier
JAMES R. TROWBRIDGE, Secretary
HOWARD BOOCOCK, Treasurer
CLIFFORD WILMURT, Assistant Cashier

Interest Paid on Daily Balances

THE MECHANICS TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
Bayonne, N. J.
Commenced Business March 1st, 1886.
STATE, CITY AND COURT DEPOSITARY
Only Trust Company in New Jersey Clearing Through New York Clearing House.
Accommodations based on balances and responsibility.
Accounts maintained in principal cities.
OFFICERS.
DeWitt Van Buskirk, President.
C.B.Zabriskie, V.Pres. Wm. R. Wilde, Treas.
Frederic C. Earl, Sec'y.
Chas. S. Noe, Chairman Board of Directors

COLUMBIA KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Capital $2,000,000
Surplus $7,000,000

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
140 Broadway
Capital & Surplus, $30,000,000
Resources, over $215,000,000

Empire Trust Company
MAIN OFFICE, 42 BROADWAY
Branches
580 Fifth Avenue, corner 47th Street
65 Cedar Street, corner Nassau Street
242 East Houston Street
NEW YORK

BANKING INTEREST
5% INTEREST
Allowed on accounts of $10 and upwards.
Deposits made on or before Dec. 5th draw interest from Dec. 1st.
$100,000 on deposit with the State of N. Y.
We are entering our 74th year.
Banking by mail to meet your convenience.
Call or write for booklet. Tel. Beekman 1234
CLARKE BROTHERS, Bankers
154 Nassau St. (Tribune Bldg.) Est. 1840

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST LIEN REFUNDING FIVE PER CENT GOLD BONDS OF THE KANSAS CITY RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY DUE MAY 15, 1913 AND TO THE HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES of DEPOSIT REPRESENTING SUCH BONDS

The Committee representing the holders of the Bonds deposited under the Agreement dated April 8, 1913, announces that it has arranged for the payment by the KANSAS CITY RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY ON NOVEMBER 15, 1913, at the office of THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, 26 Broad Street, New York City, of interest on said Bonds from May 15 to November 15, 1913, at the rate of five per cent. per annum. The interest received by the Committee on the deposited Bonds will be paid at said time and place to the holders of Certificates of Deposit representing such Bonds. THE BONDS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT MUST BE PRESENTED FOR ENDORSEMENT THEREON OF SUCH PAYMENT, AND MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY THE APPROPRIATE DOCUMENTS REQUIRED BY THE REGULATIONS OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE DEPARTMENT WITH RESPECT TO DEDUCTIONS OF THE NORMAL INCOME TAX AT THE SOURCE.

Dated November 8, 1913.

JOHN B. DENNIS
ACOSTA NICHOLS
JAMES J. STORROW
PAUL M. WARBURG
Committee.

BURNE & CUTCHEON,
24 Broad Street, New York.
ROPES, GRAY & GORHAM,
60 State Street, Boston.
Counsel.
C. M. TRAVIS, Secretary,
24 Broad Street, New York.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE STOCK AND BOND SALES WEEK ENDED NOVEMBER 8

STOCKS, (SHARES.)

SALES WEEK ENDED NOV. 8	1,103,633
SALES WEEK ENDED NOV. 1	1,121,355
SALES WEEK ENDED NOV. 9, 1912	3,030,790
SALES SINCE JAN. 1, 1913	73,520,045
SALES SAME PERIOD LAST YEAR	113,010,917

BONDS, (PAR VALUE.)

SALES WEEK ENDED NOV. 8	$8,091,500
SALES WEEK ENDED NOV. 1	12,394,500
SALES WEEK ENDED NOV. 9, 1912	10,746,500
SALES SINCE JAN. 1, 1913	431,795,920
SALES SAME PERIOD LAST YEAR	603,924,500

All stocks dealt in on a percentage of par basis except Anaconda Copper, Batopilas Mining, Chino Copper, Great Northern Certificates for ore properties, Guggenheim Exploration, Inspiration Consolidated Copper, Miami Copper, Nevada Consolidated Copper, Ray Consolidated Copper, Tennessee Copper, and Utah Copper, which are quoted dollars per share. Highest and lowest prices of the year are based usually on sales of not less than 100 shares, but where exceptions are made the prices are marked thus, *. Highest and lowest prices of the week are also based on 100-share lots, except in cases where only odd lots of a stock have been traded in. The last prices given for stocks for which no range for the week is shown are the last previous sales. ‡Pays 14 per cent. per annum; 5 per cent. semi-annually, January and July, and 4 per cent. semi-annually, April and October. ¶Declared 4 per cent., payable 2 per cent. Oct. 1 and 2 per cent. Jan. 1. §Including 2 per cent. extra and 5 per cent. in stock. ‖Including an extra dividend of 2 per cent.

Range for Year 1912.		Range for Year 1913.				Amount Capital Stock Listed.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period...	STOCKS.	Par Value...	Range for Week Ended Nov. 8.				Closing a Year Ago.	W'ks Net Chge.	Closing Saturday, Nov. 8.		Sales Week Ended Nov. 8, '13.
High.	Low.	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.		Date	Per Cent.				First.	High.	Low.	Last.			Bid.	Asked.	
205	164¾	150	Jan. 29	118	Nov. 7	$12,000,000	Sep. 2, '13	3	Q	ADAMS EXPRESS CO.	100	121	121	118	118	165	−7	115	121	210
..	..	24⅝	Oct. 2	19⅝	Sep. 11	7,500,000	....	..	..	Alaska Gold Mines Co.	10	21⅞	21⅞	20⅞	21	..	−1⅛	21⅛	21½	3,650
..	..	9	Nov. 7	5½	July 9	17,221,600	....	..	..	Allis-Chal. t. r., 5th pd.	100	9	9	9	9	..	+1⅝	7½	8¾	100
..	..	19½	Sep. 23	12⅛	June 10	14,168,000	....	..	..	Allis-Chal. pf. t. r., 5th pd.	100	..	..	..	14	..	..	14	18	......
92¾	60	80½	Sep. 16	61⅝	June 10	153,887,900	Aug. 25, '13	1½	Q	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	72⅛	72¾	69⅛	69¼	83⅝	−3½	69¼	69⅜	122,000
63⅜	54⅛	57	Jan. 3	41¼	Sep. 5	18,330,900	Oct. 15, '13	1	Q	Am. Agr. Chem. Co.	100	45½	45½	45½	45½	58	+1⅞	42	43	100
104¼	98	99	Jan. 2	90	Nov. 5	27,112,700	Oct. 15, '13	1½	Q	Am. Agr. Chem. Co. pf.	100	90	90	90	90	..	−½	89	93	100
77	46½	50½	Jan. 2	19¾	June 10	15,000,000	Nov. 15, '12	1¼	..	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	22½	23½	22	22	57	−1	22⅛	23¾	700
101¼	90	86	Mar. 6	65	Oct. 31	5,000,000	Oct 1, '13	1½	Q	Am. Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	65	65	65	65	97	..	65	75	100
107⅝	91½	96¼	Jan. 4	89½	Oct. 27	4,600,000	Sep. 30, '13	1¾	Q	Am. Brake Shoe & F. Co.	100	..	..	..	89½	98½	..	88½	91	......
160	130	136⅝	Jan. 6	128	June 10	5,000,000	Sep. 30, '13	2	Q	Am. Brake S. & F. Co. pf.	100	129½	129½	129½	129½	..	−½	128	130	100
47⅜	11¼	46⅞	Jan. 31	21	June 11	41,233,300	....	..	..	American Can Co.	100	30	31	28⅝	28⅝	41	−1⅝	28⅝	28⅞	26,450
126¼	90¾	129½	Jan. 30	80½	June 10	41,233,300	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	American Can Co. pf.	100	90	90⅝	89	89½	122½	−1	88½	89	3,100
63⅝	49⅝	56⅜	Jan. 2	36½	June 10	30,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	½	Q	Am. Car & Foundry Co.	100	44	44	42¼	42½	59½	−1¾	42	43	1,100
120	115	117	Mar. 5	108	June 10	30,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Am. Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	113	113	112⅛	112⅛	119⅝	−1⅞	112	114	300
60⅛	30¾	48¾	Jan. 6	33¼	July 2	16,264,700	....	..	..	American Cities	100	36	36	36	36	40	..	36	37½	800
84¾	75½	78½	Jan. 2	60¼	June 28	20,553,500	July 1, '13	3	SA	American Cities pf.	100	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	79⅝	..	63¼	64⅛	100
85	85	75	June 11	75	June 11	1,500,000	Sep. 1, '13	3	SA	American Coal	25	..	..	..	75	..	..	..	..	......
98	94	87	Mar. 4	80	July 23	10,639,300	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	American Coal Products	100	..	..	..	80	..	..	84	86	......
114	108¾	109¼	Jan. 15	105	July 23	2,500,000	Oct. 15, '13	1¾	Q	American Coal Prod. pf.	100	..	..	..	105	..	..	99¼	100½	......
60¼	45½	57⅞	Jan. 2	33½	June 12	20,237,100	June 1, '11	2½	..	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	38	38⅛	36⅝	37	54	−1	37	37¼	2,700
99¼	95	98	May 6	92½	Sep. 2	10,198,600	June 2, '13	3	SA	American Cotton Oil Co. pf	100	..	..	..	95	98	..	94	98	......
220	160	166	Feb. 8	115	Aug. 9	18,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	3	Q	American Express Co.	100	119	119¼	119	119¼	182	..	..	..	34
7¼	3	5⅛	Jan. 8	3½	July 9	11,274,100	....	..	..	American Hide & L. Co.	100	3½	3½	3½	3½	6	−⅝	3½	4	100
34	20	28¼	Feb. 10	15⅛	June 10	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05	1	..	American Hide & L. Co. pf	100	..	..	..	21	29¾	..	20	22	......
30¾	18	27¾	Apr. 4	17	June 10	19,045,100	July 20, '07	1¾	..	American Ice Securities Co	100	21	21	20½	20½	20¾	−¾	20½	21	900
17⅞	9¼	12⅛	Nov. 7	6⅞	June 10	16,750,000	....	..	..	American Linseed Co.	100	11	12⅛	10⅞	11¼	15½	+¼	11⅛	11¾	8,500
43	30	33⅜	Nov. 7	20	Oct. 17	16,750,000	Sep. 1, '08	1¾	..	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	30½	33⅜	29¼	31	88½	+½	30⅞	31⅝	7,750
47½	31¾	44½	Jan. 6	27	June 10	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08	1¼	..	American Locomotive	100	30	30	30	30	45¼	+⅛	29	31	300
110½	103	106¾	Jan. 2	94	Oct. 10	25,000,000	Oct. 21, '13	1¾	Q	American Locomotive pf.	100	96	96	96	96	106⅞	−2¼	95⅞	98	100
19⅛	4¾	13	Jan. 8	5¼	Oct. 17	5,739,200	....	..	..	American Malt Corporation	100	6⅝	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	15½	−⅜	6	6¼	300
69¼	42	61½	Jan. 8	41⅞	Oct. 24	8,838,900	Nov. 3, '13	2	SA	American Malt Corp'n pf.	100	..	..	..	41⅞	63¼	..	40¼	44	......
91	66½	74¾	Jan. 30	58½	June 10	50,000,000	Sep. 15, '13	1	Q	American Smelt & Ref. Co.	100	62¼	63½	61⅝	61⅝	81½	−1⅝	61¾	62	2,600
109⅝	102⅜	107	Feb. 7	97	June 6	50,000,000	Sep. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Am. Smelt. & Ref. Co. pf.	100	99¾	99¾	99½	99⅝	107⅞	−⅜	99½	99¾	384
89½	84	86	Jan. 9	79½	June 12	30,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¼	Q	American Smelt. Sec. pf. B.	100	..	..	..	82	85⅝	..	81	82½	......
203¼	123	193	Jan. 22	150	July 9	11,001,700	Oct. 1, '13	3	Q	American Snuff Co.	100	..	..	..	160	193	..	156	165	......
105	99	105	Jan. 21	100	June 6	3,940,200	Oct. 1, '13	1½	Q	American Snuff Co. pf., new	100	..	..	..	100	104	..	100	105	......
44⅜	26	40½	Feb. 3	25	June 9	16,218,000	Sep. 30, '13	½	Q	American Steel Foundries	100	27	27	27	27	41¾	..	26	27	25
133½	113¼	118	Jan. 31	104¾	June 12	45,000,000	Oct. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Am. Sugar Refining Co.	100	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼	123	−¾	107	110	100
124	115½	116⅝	Jan. 28	110⅛	June 12	45,000,000	Oct. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Am. Sugar Ref. Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	113	121½	..	112	115	......
78	66	66⅛	Jan. 30	59	Mar. 26	14,000,000	Sep. 2, '13	1¼	Q	Am. Tel. & Cable Co.	100	..	..	..	62	..	..	56⅛	61	......
140⅛	137⅝	140	Jan. 9	119⅛	Nov. 8	344,598,800	Oct. 15, '13	2	Q	Am. Tel. & Tel. Co.	100	120¾	121¾	119⅛	119¾	142⅞	−1¼	119½	119¾	7,100
324½	241⅛	294¾	Jan. 20	200	June 6	40,242,400	Sep. 2, '13	5	Q	American Tobacco Co.	100	235¼	235¼	230½	231	274¾	−1	230	232	900
109	102	106	Apr. 26	98	July 18	1,298,700	Oct. 1, '13	1½	Q	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	102	..	..	..	..	......
106⅜	102½	108⅛	Jan. 27	96	July 11	51,687,400	Oct. 1, '13	1½	Q	Am Tobacco Co. pf., new	100	100¾	100⅞	100½	100⅞	105	−⅛	100	100½	840
99⅛	97½	99	Jan. 4	95	May 23	10,000,000	July 1, '13	1½	..	American Water Works pf.	100	..	..	..	95	..	..	..	..	......
31	18	23½	Sep. 27	16⅛	June 10	20,000,000	....	..	..	American Woolen Co.	100	..	..	..	20	24	..	16	20½	......
94½	79	82	Sep. 19	74	May 7	40,000,000	Oct. 15, '13	1¾	Q	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	76	76	75½	75½	84½	+¼	74	76	400
41⅝	25⅛	32¼	Jan. 2	14⅝	Nov. 6	12,500,000	Apr. 1, '13	1	..	Am. Writing Paper pf.	100	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	36½	−1½	12	14	100
48	34	41½	Jan. 2	30⅞	June 10	108,312,500	Oct. 15, '13	75c	Q	Anaconda Cop. Mining Co.	25	34⅞	34⅞	33⅜	33⅜	43½	−1½	33¼	33⅝	7,075
127½	105½	120	Jan. 2	74	Oct. 16	9,990,000	Oct. 1, '13	1	Q	Assets Realization Co.	100	..	..	..	74	123	..	67	73	......
104½	102½	95	Oct. 22	95	Oct. 22	4,488,900	Oct. 15, '13	1¼	Q	Asso. Merchants 1st pf.	100	..	..	..	95	..	..	..	..	......
47	41½	43⅛	Feb. 19	42¼	Jan. 30	40,000,000	Oct. 15, '13	1¼	Q	Associated Oil Co.	100	..	..	..	43⅛	..	..	..	..	......
111⅜	103¼	106⅜	Jan. 6	90¾	Oct. 17	194,487,000	Sep. 2, '13	1½	Q	Atchison, Topeka & S. F.	100	91⅜	92⅛	90⅞	90⅞	107¾	−1⅝	90⅞	91⅛	6,100
104¼	101⅝	102¼	Jan. 29	96	July 9	114,199,500	Aug. 1, '13	2½	SA	Atch., Topeka & S. F. pf.	100	98	98¼	98	98¼	101⅞	+¼	97¼	97⅞	200
148½	130¾	133⅜	Jan. 9	112	June 11	67,557,100	July 10, '13	3½	SA	Atlantic Coast Line	100	115¼	116	115	115⅝	138½	−⅜	114	115¼	1,000
60¾	49	53½	Jan. 8	40	June 10	20,000,000	July 1, '13	1	SA	BALDWIN LOCO. WKS.	100	40	40	40	40	57	..	38	40	200
108⅛	102¾	105½	June 6	100¼	June 25	20,000,000	July 1, '13	3½	SA	Baldwin Loco. Works pf.	100	..	..	..	105½	106⅞	..	102⅞	105	......
111⅞	101¼	106⅜	Jan. 22	90⅝	June 10	152,314,800	Sep. 2, '13	3	SA	Baltimore & Ohio	100	93¼	93¼	92¼	92¼	106¼	−⅞	92¼	92½	2,050
91	86⅞	88	Jan. 10	77¼	June 18	60,000,000	Sep. 2, '13	2	SA	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	80	80	80	80	86⅞	..	79⅞	81	100
2⅞	⅞	1⅝	Jan. 17	1	Jan. 14	8,931,980	Dec. 31, '07	12½c	..	Batopilas Mining	100	..	..	..	1⅛	..	..	..	1	......
51⅝	27¾	41½	Jan. 9	25	June 10	14,862,000	....	..	..	Bethlehem Steel Corpora'n.	100	30	30¼	29¼	29¼	43¾	−⅞	29	30	1,100
80	56½	74	Aug. 12	62¼	June 10	14,908,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¼	Q	Bethlehem Steel Corp'n pf.	100	71	71	71	71	75½	−½	70	72	310
94½	76¾	92¾	May 26	83¾	June 10	57,031,000	Oct. 1, '13	1½	Q	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	100	86¼	86⅞	86¼	86½	89½	−½	86½	87	800
149	137½	137⅞	Jan. 27	120	Oct. 17	17,999,000	Oct. 1, '13	1½	Q	Brooklyn Union Gas	100	122¾	123	122¾	123	143	+3	122½	125	250
11¼	7⅞	8¾	Mar. 18	6⅛	June 6	7,000,000	....	..	..	Brunswick T. & Ry. Sec. Co	100	..	..	..	7⅛	8½	..	6¼	7½	......
119½	105	116	Jan. 30	100½	June 9	10,500,000	Aug. 15, '13	3	SA	Buffalo, Roch. & Pitts.	100	..	..	..	108	..	..	103	113½	......
40⅛	28	31	Feb. 8	25	June 27	14,647,200	Sep. 2, '13	¾	Q	Butterick Co.	100	..	..	..	27	30⅜	..	26	27¾	......
72½	49¼	56½	Feb. 3	16	Oct. 22	14,743,200	July 1, '13	1¼	..	CALIF. PETROLEUM	100	16½	18	16	17½	65¾	−½	17½	18	1,400
93½	84	86	Jan. 30	45	July 22	12,358,600	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	California Petroleum pf.	100	48½	48½	47	47	91¼	−2	47	48½	300
67⅞	65	63	Feb. 13	58½	May 13	15,000,000	Aug. 1, '13	1½	SA	Canada Southern	100	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
283	226½	266¾	Jan. 2	208½	July 9	199,998,600	Oct. 1, '13	2½	Q	Canadian Pacific	100	224½	225¼	221¾	222	261½	−3⅛	222	222⅛	42,365
..	..	239	Apr. 17	203	July 9		....	..	..	Can. Pac. sub. rcts. full pd.	100	220⅛	220⅛	220⅛	220⅛	..	−2⅞	219	219½	100
101½	99⅞	103⅝	Feb. 6	95¼	Oct. 14	11,289,500	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Case, (J. I.) Thresh. M. pf.	100	..	..	..	95⅞	100⅝	..	90	95⅞	......
..	..	87	Sep. 25	85¾	Oct. 28	5,125,000	Oct. 15, '13	1	Q	Central Coal & Coke Co.	100	..	..	..	85¾	..	..	..	..	......
33⅝	16½	30¼	Feb. 5	17	June 10	39,587,400	....	..	..	Central Leather Co.	100	21⅛	23¾	21⅛	23½	31½	+1¾	23½	23¾	8,200
100½	80	97¼	Mar. 3	88	June 10	33,277,800	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	90¼	99	..	90¼	93½	......
395	305	362	Jan. 13	275	June 11	27,436,800	Nov. 1, '13	2	Q	Central of New Jersey	100	..	..	..	315	373½	..	280	320	......
121½	114½	110	Apr. 17	110	Apr. 17	10,000,000	Oct. 8, '13	1½	Q	Central & South Am. Tel.	100	..	..	..	110	114½	..	101	104	......
85¼	68¼	80	Jan. 2	51⅛	July 11	62,793,700	Sep. 30, '13	1	Q	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	56¾	57½	56	56	81½	−2	55¾	56½	2,100
24¼	17	18	Jan. 2	7½	June 12	19,537,800	Feb. 15, '10	2	..	Chicago & Alton	100	10	10	10	10	..	..	10	20	100
40	25	25¾	Feb. 25	17¼	Aug. 21	19,487,600	Jan. 16, '11	2	..	Chicago & Alton pf.	100	..	..	..	25	..	..	17	35	......
20¾	15⅝	17⅞	Jan. 9	10⅛	June 4	45,155,200	....	..	..	Chicago Great Western	100	12⅜	12⅜	11⅞	11⅞	18¾	−⅝	11⅞	12¼	200
39½	30½	35	Jan. 9	23	June 10	42,166,900	....	..	..	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	28	29	28	28½	35⅛	+½	27½	28½	895
117⅞	99⅜	116¼	Jan. 9	98⅝	June 10	116,348,200	Sep. 2, '13	2½	SA	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	100	100½	101	99¼	99¼	115¼	−2¼	99	99¼	5,750
146	139¼	145	Jan. 30	131¾	Sep. 18	116,274,900	Sep. 2, '13	3½	SA	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul pf	100	..	..	..	132	142½	..	131½	133	......
145	134⅛	138	Jan. 6	123¼	June 10	130,121,700	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Chicago & Northwestern	100	127	127	125¾	125¾	140¼	−1¾	125¾	126	1,350
198	188	188	Mar. 3	181	May 23	22,395,100	Oct. 1, '13	2	Q	Chicago & Northwest. pf.	100	..	..	..	181	188⅛	..	170	180	......
..	..	65	Oct. 25	65	Oct. 25	74,877,200	Sep. 20, '13	1¼	Q	Chi., R. I. & Pacific	100	..	..	..	65	..	..	62	..	......
144	126	125	Mar. 8	119½	Aug. 25	18,556,200	Aug. 20, '13	3½	SA	Chi., St. P., Minn. & O.	100	..	..	..	120	..	..	117	125	......
155	150	150½	Jan. 21	130½	Oct. 17	11,256,800	Aug. 20, '13	3½	SA	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf.	100	..	..	..	130½	..	..	135	140	......
50⅝	25	47⅜	Jan. 2	30⅜	June 10	4,296,800	Sep. 30, '13	75c	Q	Chino Copper	5	39¼	39¼	37⅞	37⅞	49½	−1⅞	37⅞	38⅛	12,050
62½	45¼	54	Jan. 21	34⅞	Aug. 26	47,056,300	Sep. 1, '10	2	..	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	100	..	..	..	36	..	..	36	40	......
101½	95	94¾	Jan. 16	60	Oct. 16	10,000,000	July 21, '13	1¼	..	Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L. pf.	100	62	62	62	62	..	+2	61	65	100
43¾	23⅛	41½	Feb. 3	24½	June 10	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02	1¾	..	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	28	28	27	27	36½	..	26¾	27	700
140	106	155	Feb. 1	150	Jan. 24	2,000,000	July 1, '13	4	SA	Colorado Fuel & Iron pf.	100	..	..	..	155	..	..	..	190	......
45	32½	33	Jan. 3	23¾	June 12	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '12	1	A	Colorado Southern	100	28	28	28	28	..	−⅜	27	28	100
76⅞	72	69	Mar. 4	64	Aug. 4	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '13	2	SA	Colorado Southern 1st pf.	100	63⅞	63⅞	63⅞	63⅞	..	+1	62	64	10
71	66½	65½	Apr. 1	55	July 1	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '13	2	SA	Colorado Southern 2d pf.	100	..	..	..	60	..	..	50	70	......
102	102	102¼	Feb. 25	102¼	Feb. 25	16,247,000	Oct. 31, '13	1½	Q	Consolidation Coal Co.	100	..	..	..	102¼	..	..	..	..	......
149½	135¾	142⅝	Jan. 9	125¼	June 10	99,816,500	Sep. 15, '13	1½	Q	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	130⅛	130⅛	129½	129¾	143¾	+⅝	129	130	1,118
22⅛	10	17⅛	Jan. 31	7⅜	June 10	49,777,300	....	..	..	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	10	10	9⅛	9⅛	16¾	−¾	9⅛	9⅝	2,450
89½	75	79¼	Jan. 31	61½	June 10	29,826,900	Oct. 16, '13	1¼	Q	Corn Products Co. pf.	100	66	66	65	65	82⅞	−1½	64½	66	550
80	70	77	Feb. 19	74	July 8	2,997,800	June 15, '13	3	SA	Crex Carpet Co.	100	..	..	..	74	..	..	65	80	......
96	92	90	Feb. 4	90	Feb. 7	7,893,800	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Cuban-American Sugar pf.	100	..	..	..	90	..	..	..	84	......
100¼	99¾	100⅛	Jan. 18	94⅛	July 8	37,828,500	Sep. 1, '13	1¾	Q	DEERE & CO. pf.	100	98	98	98	98	..	..	96¾	98⅛	100
175½	162	167	Jan. 8	147½	June 11	42,503,000	Sep. 20, '13	2¼	Q	Delaware & Hudson	100	154	154	151	151	167⅛	−5	151	154	250
597	530	445	Jan. 13	390	June 12	30,277,000	Oct 20, '13	2½	Q	Del., Lack. & Western	100	..	..	..	401	..	..	396	401	......
..	..	420	Feb. 4	380	Apr. 9		....	..	..	D., L., & W. sub. rcts. 50% pd.	..	..	..	..	380	..	..	..	..	......
24	18½	23⅛	Jan. 9	13⅜	June 11	38,000,000	....	..	..	Denver & Rio Grande	100	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	23½	−¾	17⅜	19	100
46¼	34¼	41	Jan. 10	23	June 11	49,778,400	Jan. 15, '11	2½	..	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	29⅞	30	29½	29½	40½	−⅞	28	29¾	500
100	100	90	June 11	90	June 11	950,000	July 1, '13	2½	SA	Detroit & Mackinac pf.	100	..	..	..	90	..	..	85	..	......
76⅜	61¼	80⅜	Feb. 4	67½	June 3	12,500,000	Sep. 1, '13	1½	Q	Detroit United	100	..	..	..	73¼	72¼	..	68	77	......
36¼	20	21¾	Jan. 2	9¾	June 10	30,815,300	Oct. 31, '12	½	..	Distillers' Sec. Corporation	100	17⅛	17⅛	16	16	27⅝	−1⅝	16	16⅛	1,300
11¾	5	8½	Jan. 2	5	June 4	12,000,000	....	..	..	Duluth, S. Shore & At.	100	..	..	..	5	..	..	4⅞	5½	......
23	14	16¼	Jan. 2	10	July 11	10,000,000	....	..	..	Duluth, S. Shore & At. pf.	100	..	..	..	10	17½	..	9	9¾	......
100	92½	93	Apr. 24	93	Apr. 24	16,068,800	Oct. 25, '13	1¼	Q	Du Pont Powder pf.	100	..	..	..	93	100	..	86	..	......
39½	30	32⅜	Jan. 6	20¼	June 10	112,378,900	....	..	..	ERIE	100	27	27⅛	26	26	34¼	−1⅝	26	26⅛	10,730
57⅞	47½	49½	Jan. 30	33½	June 10	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07	2	..	Erie 1st pf.	100	42	42	40⅜	40⅜	51¾	−2	40½	41¼	1,700
48	38	41	Jan. 30	28¼	June 10	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07	2	..	Erie 2d pf.	100	..	..	..	35½	43	..	32	34	......
21¾	11¼	18	Jan. 22	12	July 11	6,000,000	Jan. 15, '09	1½	..	FED. MIN. & SMELT.	100	..	..	..	14	..	..	11	15	......
52¾	37⅛	44	Jan. 2	33	Mar. 19	12,000,000	Sep. 15, '13	1½	Q	Federal Mining & Smelt. pf.	100	40	40	40	40	45⅝	..	37	40	10
225	128	185½	Apr. 23	175	Jan. 14	10,333,900	Sep. 1, '13	1½	Q	GENERAL CHEM. CO.	100	..	..	..	178	..	..	175	180	......
115	106¼	109⅞	Jan. 6	105	Sep. 10	13,747,500	Oct. 1, '13	1½	Q	General Chemical Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	107	..	..	106	108½	......
188⅛	155	187	Jan. 2	129¾	June 10	101,371,800	Oct. 15, '13	2	Q	General Electric Co.	100	140	140	139¼	139¼	183⅛	−¾	139¼	140	520
42⅛	30	40	Aug. 18	25	May 15	15,752,500	....	..	..	General Motors	100	37	37	36	36	35¼	−1½	36	38½	500
82¾	70¼	81¾	Sep. 30	70	May 8	14,047,900	Nov. 1, '13	3½	SA	General Motors pf.	100	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾	78	−¼	74½	76¾	200
81	60¼	68	Jan. 2	18	Nov. 8	60,000,000	Feb. 15, '13	1	..	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	100	20½	20½	18	18	73	−3	18	18⅞	3,400
109½	105	105¼	Jan. 7	81	Nov. 8	30,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Goodrich (B. F.) Co. pf.	100	87½	87½	81	81⅛	107¼	−6⅞	81	82	1,397
143¾	126	132⅝	Jan. 9	115½	June 10	209,997,700	Nov. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Great Northern pf.	100	123⅝	123⅞	122½	122½	138¾	−1⅝	122¼	123	2,591
..	..	128	Aug. 13	116¼	June 13	....		..	..	Gt. Nor. pf. sub. rc., 80% pd	..	123¼	123¼	123	123	..	−1	122¼	124	300
58	36	41¼	Jan. 3	25½	June 10	1,500,000	Dec. 27, '12	50c	..	Gt. Nor. cfs. for ore prop.	..	32	32	31½	31½	45¼	−1	31¼	31½	1,700
62⅝	47	52¾	Jan. 7	40¾	July 11	20,267,000	Oct. 1, '13	75c	Q	Guggenheim Exploration	25	44¾	45	44	44	55⅛	−1½	43½	44	810
89	85½	87	Feb. 6	80	Oct. 17	15,000,000	May 15, '13	2¼	SA	HAVANA EL. RY., L. & P.	100	..	..	..	80	86	..	76½	78¼	......
96½	95½	96	Jan. 8	90	Nov. 5	15,000,000	May 15, '13	3	SA	Havana El. Ry., L. & P. pf	100	90	90	90	90	95½	−1	89	90½	100
200	155	180	Jan. 11	150	May 19	4,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	2½	Q	Helme (G. W.) Co.	100	..	..	..	150	190	..	180	185	......
116	109½	113	Sep. 18	109	June 4	3,940,200	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Helme (G. W.) Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	113	..	..	109	115	......
150	127	125	June 4	125	June 4	11,000,000	Sep. 30, '13	2	Q	Hocking Valley	100	125	125	125	125	..	..	120	135	200
112	86¼	117½	Feb. 8	100⅜	July 7	25,116,000	Oct. 25, '13	65c	M	Homestake Mining	100	108	108	108	108	..	..	107½	109½	177
141½	120⅝	128⅞	Feb. 5	104¼	Aug. 1	109,296,000	Sep. 2, '13	2½	SA	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	100	105⅜	106½	105½	105½	128½	+¼	105½	106¾	500
21½	16⅝	19½	Jan. 2	14⅛	July 12	14,459,160	....	..	..	Inspiration Consol. Copper	20	14½	14½	14½	14½	19⅞	−⅛	14¼	14⅝	800
22	16¼	19⅝	Jan. 30	12⅝	June 4	60,419,500	....	..	..	Interboro.-Met. vot. tr. cfs.	100	14	14⅝	13¾	13¾	20	−½	13⅝	13¾	5,250
67⅝	52¾	65⅝	Jan. 30	45	June 4	16,955,900	....	..	..	Interborough-Metropol. pf.	100	57¼	59	56½	57¾	65	..	57¾	58	11,000
53½	36	39	Jan. 11	5	June 6	7,520,000	....	..	..	International Agricul. Co.	100	..	..	..	6½	..	..	4	9	......
99	89	90	Jan. 3	30¼	Oct. 29	12,955,600	Jan. 15, '13	3½	..	International Agr. Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	30¼	..	..	..	50	......
..	..	111½	Sep. 15	96	June 10	39,970,800	Oct. 15, '13	1¼	Q	International Harv., N. J.	100	102	102	102	102	..	−1	102½	107	500
..	..	116	Oct. 7	111	May 12	29,982,200	Sep. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Internat. Harv., N. J., pf.	100	..	..	..	116	..	..	..	114	......
..	..	110¼	Sep. 17	95½	June 10	39,970,200	Oct. 15, '13	1¼	Q	International Harv. Corp'n	100	101¼	101¼	101⅛	101⅛	..	−1⅝	102	105	200
..	..	114¾	Sep. 19	111	May 12	29,979,900	Sep. 2, '13	1¾	Q	International Harv. Corp. pf	100	..	..	..	114½	..	..	113	115	......
19¾	9⅝	12⅝	Jan. 30	6½	Oct. 9	17,442,900	....	..	..	International Paper Co.	100	..	..	..	8	16⅜	..	7½	8½	......
62⅞	45⅞	48½	Jan. 30	32⅛	Oct. 15	22,539,700	Oct. 15, '13	½	Q	International Paper Co. pf.	100	35	36	35	35	57	−1⅞	33	36	300
34	12	18½	Jan. 9	6	May 5	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05	½	..	International S. Pump Co.	100	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	23	..	6	6½	10
84⅝	63	70	Jan. 9	22¼	June 13	11,350,000	Feb. 1, '13	1½	..	International S. P. Co. pf.	100	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	80	−¾	22⅛	23⅞	250
15	10½	10⅛	Jan. 30	7½	July 22	3,565,500	....	..	..	Iowa Central	100	..	..	..	7½	..	..	6	8	......
30	22	23	Jan. 2	13	June 6	2,435,400	May 1, '09	1½	..	Iowa Central pf.	100	..	..	..	14½	..	..	14	20	......
81	74½	78	Jan. 7	53½	Sep. 9	13,510,000	Oct. 1, '13	1	Q	KAN. CITY, FT. S. & M. pf	100	..	..	..	57¼	..	..	50	60	......
31¼	22½	28⅜	July 28	21⅜	June 5	30,000,000	....	..	..	Kansas City Southern	100	24⅛	24¾	24⅛	24⅛	29	+¼	24¼	24⅞	400
65⅝	56	61½	Jan. 7	56	June 11	21,000,000	Oct. 15, '13	1	Q	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	..	..	..	56¾	62	..	57	58	......
95¾	90	94	Feb. 8	83	June 11	6,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	1	Q	Kayser (Julius) & Co.	100	..	..	..	85	..	..	78	86	......
109	107	110	Jan. 2	106½	Oct. 10	2,750,000	Nov. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Kayser (Julius) & Co. 1st pf	100	..	..	..	106½	108½	..	100	109	......
9⅝	5½	7¼	Aug. 6	5⅞	Jan. 11	2,600,400	....	..	..	Keokuk & Des Moines	100	..	..	..	7	..	..	5	8	......
55	43	45	Feb. 4	45	Feb. 4	1,524,600	Apr. 1, '13	3½	A	Keokuk & Des Moines pf.	100	..	..	..	45	..	..	43	..	......
89½	71	83	Sep. 15	58	June 9	4,973,100	Oct. 1, '13	¶2	..	Kresge (S. S.) Co.	100	81	81	81	81	82	+1	79½	85	100
105½	100	102	Jan. 4	97	June 10	1,837,100	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Kresge (S. S.) Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	99⅞	100½	..	98¾	100	......
55½	29	49⅞	Feb. 4	29⅞	June 7	34,978,000	Jan. 31, '13	1	..	LACK. STEEL CO.	100	..	..	..	37	46	..	30½	37	......
108¾	102⅛	104⅛	Jan. 8	90¾	June 10	10,700,000	Sep. 15, '13	1¾	Q	Laclede Gas Co.	100	97	97	97	97	105½	..	94	97	100
18	11¾	11½	Feb. 5	7	May 2	11,840,000	....	..	..	Lake Erie & Western	100	..	..	..	7½	15	..	7¾	9½	......
40	30	35	Jan. 6	20¾	July 23	11,840,000	Jan. 15, '08	1	..	Lake Erie & Western pf.	100	..	..	..	21	..	..	14	20	......
*495	*450	*500	May 14	*470	May 14	49,466,500	July 29, '13	6	SA	Lake Shore	100	..	..	..	490	..	..	485	..	......
185¾	155⅞	168⅜	Jan. 2	141¼	June 10	60,501,700	July 12, '13	5	SA	Lehigh Valley	50	150½	151	148⅞	148⅞	174	−2⅛	148⅝	148⅞	4,200
225	156⅞	235	Mar. 6	195	June 6	21,496,400	Sep. 1, '13	3	Q	Liggett & Myers	100	210¼	210¼	210¼	210¼	214	+¼	206	215	100
118	105½	116¼	Jan. 23	106½	July 22	15,153,900	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Liggett & Myers pf.	100	110	110	110	110	117	−¾	109	115	100
54½	43½	43⅛	Jan. 6	30	June 10	12,000,000	Nov., 1896	1	..	Long Island	50	..	..	..	31½	..	..	31	37	......
47½	36	39⅞	Jan. 6	21	June 11	8,000,000	....	..	Q	Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co.	100	..	..	..	31	43½	..	30	32	......
105⅝	102½	105	Jan. 9	89	Aug. 4	5,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Loose-Wiles Bis. Co. 1st pf.	100	..	..	..	98¼	105	..	99¼	100	......
92¾	90	95	Jan. 8	84	July 18	2,000,000	Nov. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Loose-Wiles Bis. Co. 2d pf.	100	..	..	..	88½	91⅝	..	84⅛	..	......
215½	167	200	Jan. 28	150	June 13	15,155,600	Oct. 1, '13	2½	Q	Lorillard (P.) Co.	100	..	..	..	162	204	..	156	163	......
118	107¾	116½	Jan. 22	103	June 10	11,146,900	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	110	..	..	108½	110	......
170	139	142¼	Jan. 10	126¼	June 11	71,963,800	Aug. 9, '13	3½	SA	Louisville & Nashville	100	131⅝	131½	130⅜	131	146½	−⅞	130	130¾	1,200
92¼	75⅛	87	Jan. 21	75⅝	July 24	41,380,400	Oct. 1, '13	1½	Q	MACKAY COMPANIES	100	78	78	78	78	85½	..	77	80	20
70⅞	66	69	Apr. 7	64	Oct. 23	50,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	1	Q	Mackay Companies pf.	100	..	..	..	64	68¼	..	63	65	......
138¾	127⅞	132⅝	Jan. 7	127	June 9	56,606,700	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Manhattan Elevated gtd.	100	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	133	−1⅛	128	130	100
88	69	76⅛	Jan. 2	65	Oct. 14	15,000,000	Sep. 1, '13	1¼	Q	May Department Stores	100	..	..	..	65	83	..	63¾	68	......
112	105	105½	Jan. 2	97½	June 10	8,250,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	May Department Stores pf.	100	..	..	..	100	106	..	98	102	......
7⅛	4	4⅜	Jan. 2	2⅞	June 10	48,915,700	....	..	..	Mercantile Marine	100	..	..	..	3¼	5½	..	3⅜	4	......
26	15¾	19½	Jan. 7	12½	June 4	42,888,200	....	..	..	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	15	15	13⅛	13⅛	20¼	−⅛	13	15	300
90½	62¾	78¼	Feb. 4	42	Nov. 5	32,371,700	Aug. 30, '13	1½	Q	Mexican Petroleum	100	55	55	42	46½	83¾	−10	45⅝	46	21,900
..	..	3.50	Oct. 1	0.75	Oct. 3	....				Mexican Petroleum rights		..	..	..	0.75	..	..	..	..	......
104	99	99¾	Jan. 2	85	June 18	8,950,000	Oct. 20, '13	2	Q	Mexican Petroleum pf.	100	..	..	..	85½	..	..	..	85	......
..	..	*170	Jan. 24	*170	Jan. 24	18,738,000	July 29, '13	3	SA	Michigan Central	100	..	..	..	*170	..	..	100	190	......
30¼	28½	26½	Jan. 4	20⅜	June 10	3,733,795	Aug. 15, '13	50c	Q	Miami Copper	5	22½	22⅝	21½	21½	28½	−⅞	21½	21⅝	1,000
27½	18½	23¼	Jan. 2	12	June 11	11,397,100	July 15, '04	2½	..	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	..	..	..	14	24½	..	10	13½	......
51½	44⅛	47	Jan. 29	32	June 12	5,671,700	Jan. 15, '10	2½	..	Minneapolis & St. Louis pf.	100	..	..	..	35	48¾	..	30	43	......
154½	129	142¼	Jan. 9	115¼	June 11	25,206,800	Oct. 15, '13	3½	SA	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	100	128	128	126¾	126¾	142	−3¼	125	128	335
158	146	145	Apr. 8	133	June 11	12,603,400	Oct. 15, '13	3½	SA	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	100	..	..	..	144	..	..	135	145	......
88⅞	84	83½	Mar. 5	82	Nov. 8	11,169,000	Oct. 1, '13	2	SA	M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	100	82	82	82	82	85⅝	−1½	82	83	100
31⅝	25½	29⅛	Jan. 7	18⅛	June 10	63,300,300	....	..	..	Missouri, Kan. & Texas	100	20⅛	20⅛	19⅝	19⅝	28⅜	−⅝	19½	20	900
66	57⅞	64½	Apr. 11	52	June 10	13,000,000	Nov. 10, '13	2	SA	Missouri, Kan. & Texas pf.	100	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼	64	−¾	50	55	300
47¾	35	43⅝	Jan. 9	25⅛	June 10	83,112,500	Jan. 30, '08	2½	..	Missouri Pacific	100	28	28¾	26½	26½	45	−1⅞	26½	26¾	6,900
175½	175	*161	June 3	*161	June 3	15,000,000	July 1, '13	3½	SA	Morris & Essex	50	..	..	..	*161	..	..	..	..	......
180	160¼	170	Jan. 14	132½	June 9	15,860,300	Aug. 1, '13	3½	SA	NASH., CHAT. & ST. L.	100	..	..	..	135	..	..	134	141	......
161	114	130	Sep. 18	104	June 11	29,236,000	Oct. 15, '13	1¾	Q	National Biscuit Co.	100	120	121	120	120	131	−1	119	120	630
131	122	124⅞	Jan. 8	116	June 4	24,804,500	Aug. 30, '13	1¾	Q	National Biscuit Co. pf.	100	119⅞	119⅞	119⅞	119⅞	124¼	−⅛	116	119½	275
26	12¼	19¼	Jan. 30	9	June 5	15,591,800	July 15, '05	½	..	Nat. Enamel. & Stamp. Co.	100	..	..	..	11¼	22	..	10¼	11	......
95½	88	92¼	Jan. 30	74¼	Oct. 21	8,546,600	Sep. 30, '13	1¾	Q	Nat. Enamel & S. Co. pf.	100	80	80	80	80	..	+2⅛	78	82	100
68¼	51⅛	56¼	Jan. 2	43	Oct. 20	20,655,400	Sep. 30, '13	¾	Q	National Lead Co.	100	..	..	..	44¾	63⅝	..	43½	45	......
110⅞	105½	107¾	Oct. 4	102	Oct. 31	24,367,600	Sep. 15, '13	1¾	Q	National Lead Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	102½	110	..	101⅝	106	......
71	62⅛	59	Mar. 3	35	July 25	28,831,000	Feb. 10, '13	2	..	Nat. Rys. of Mex. 1st pf.	100	..	..	..	35	..	..	31	37	......
36⅞	26⅞	27½	Jan. 2	9	July 17	124,551,900	....	..	..	Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	100	11½	11½	10⅞	10⅞	26½	−1⅛	10¾	11⅛	3,400
24⅛	18¼	20	Jan. 2	13	June 10	9,997,285	Sep. 30, '13	37½c	Q	Nevada Con. Copper Co.	5	15⅝	15⅝	14⅜	14⅝	22¾	−1	14½	14⅝	5,450
85	50	82½	Jan. 8	56	July 16	10,000,000	Sep. 18, '13	1½	Q	New York Air Brake	100	..	..	..	68¼	80	..	60	68	......
121½	106⅛	109¾	Jan. 30	93½	Oct. 17	224,790,400	Oct. 15, '13	1¼	Q	New York Central	100	95½	96¼	95⅛	95⅛	115¼	−1	95⅛	96	3,350
61½	53	63¼	Jan. 15	51	July 12	14,000,000	Mar. 1, '13	4	A	New York, Chi. & St. L.	100	..	..	..	53	55	..	52	54	......
103	102½	*102	Jan. 24	*102	Jan. 24	5,000,000	Sep. 2, '13	2½	SA	N. Y., Chi. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	..	..	..	*102	..	..	90	..	......
23	18	10	Oct. 14	10	Oct. 14	7,000,000	....	..	..	New York Dock Co.	100	..	..	..	10	..	..	8	11	......
47	32	25	Oct. 14	25	Oct. 14	10,000,000	Oct. 15, '11	1	..	New York Dock Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	25	..	..	20	35	......
[illegible]	350½	365	May 28	365	May 28	8,638,650	Oct. 1, '13	‡2	SA	New York & Harlem	50	..	..	..	365	..	..	..	..	......
[illegible]	126	129⅞	Jan. 10	78¾	Nov. 8	180,013,200	Sep. 30, '13	1½	Q	New York, N. H. & H.	100	81¾	81⅞	78¾	79¼	136⅛	−2½	79⅜	79½	28,668
41⅜	29⅞	33⅞	Jan. 11	25⅛	June 11	58,113,900	Aug. 4, '13	2	A	New York, Ont. & West.	100	26¾	27¼	26⅛	26⅛	35⅛	−¾	25⅞	26⅛	1,300
93¾	83½	87½	Jan. 8	86½	Jan. 31	19,997,700	Oct. 1, '13	1½	Q	New York State Rys.	100	..	..	..	86½	89⅝	..	..	..	......
55	43¼	47½	Apr. 5	40	Mar. 24	16,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	½	Q	Norfolk Southern	100	..	..	..	41	46	..	40	..	......
[illegible]	107¾	113½	Jan. 3	98	June 10	103,359,400	Sep. 19, '13	1½	Q	Norfolk & Western	100	103	103½	102⅞	103	114½	−½	102½	103	1,550
92	88	87	Feb. 13	80¼	Aug. 16	23,000,000	Aug. 19, '13	1	Q	Norfolk & Western pf.	100	..	..	..	83½	89¼	..	81	83½	......
87⅞	74½	81½	Jan. 9	60	June 9	29,779,700	Oct. 1, '13	1½	Q	North American	100	..	..	..	71¼	84⅛	..	71	74⅜	......
[illegible]	115⅜	122⅝	Jan. 6	101¾	June 10	247,998,400	Nov. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Northern Pacific	100	108	108	106⅛	106⅛	125¼	−1¼	106	106½	4,000
79½	56	75¾	Jan. 15	60	Aug. 19	9,000,000	Sep. 15, '13	1¼	Q	Northern Ohio Tr. & L.	100	..	..	..	64½	..	..	62	65	......
3¼	1	3⅛	Oct. 3	2	Apr. 16	15,000,000	Dec. 30, '02	30c	..	ONTARIO MINING CO.	100	..	..	..	3	2¼	..	2½	3	......
110	106¾	107⅛	Jan. 29	106	Jan. 2	2,000,000	Sep. 15, '13	1¾	Q	PABST BREWING pf.	100	..	..	..	107⅛	110	..	103	107	......

Range for Year 1912.		Range for Year 1913.				Amount Capital Stock Listed.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period...	STOCKS.	Par Value...	Range for Week Ended Nov. 8.				Closing a Year Ago.	W'ks Net Chge.	Closing Saturday, Nov. 8.		Sales Week Ended Nov. 8, '13.
High.	Low.	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.		Date	Per Cent.				First.	High.	Low.	Last.			Bid.	Asked.	
..	..	85	Apr. 4	80	Apr. 21	7,000,000	Nov. 1, '13	1½	Q	Pacific Coast	100	..	..	..	81	..	..	77	85	......
38	28¾	31½	Jan. 10	16	June 10	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99	1	..	Pacific Mail	100	20⅝	23¾	20½	22¾	32⅝	+2¼	22	22⅝	4,720
55⅜	45	46	Jan. 4	23	June 11	18,000,000	....	..	..	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	100	25½	25½	25	25	50	−¼	23¼	26½	200
101½	98½	96	Feb. 19	90	June 2	32,000,000	Oct. 15, '13	1½	Q	Pacific Tel. & Tel. pf.	100	..	..	..	94	101	..	..	91	......
126¼	119⅞	123¾	Jan. 7	106⅞	June 4	493,882,350	Aug. 30, '13	1½	Q	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	108⅜	108⅞	107⅜	107¾	123½	−1⅛	107¾	108¼	13,896
122½	103	129¾	Sep. 23	104	June 10	35,000,000	Aug. 25, '13	1¾	Q	People's Gas, Chicago	100	123	123	121⅞	122	117	−2	121½	122¼	1,200
18¼	12¼	12	Jan. 20	7½	Nov. 3	10,000,000	....	..	..	Peoria & Eastern	100	8	8	7½	7½	15½	−4¼	7½	11	800
28⅝	28¾	29	Sep. 16	15	June 10	6,673,900	....	..	..	Pettibone-Mulliken Co.	100	25	25	25	25	..	−4	25	30	100
98¾	97¾	98½	Feb. 4	90	Apr. 16	2,082,200	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Pettibone-Mulliken 1st pf.	100	..	..	..	90	..	..	85	95	......
215½	215½	195¾	June 18	195½	July 2	45,000,000	Sep. 29, '13	‖4½	Q	Phelps, Dodge & Co.	100	..	..	..	195½	..	..	188	..	......
111¼	110	99⅞	Jan. 29	85	Sep. 12	39,043,000	Nov. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Philadelphia Co.	50	..	..	..	87½	..	..	78	82	......
111½	98¼	104	June 11	85	Nov. 8	37,173,800	Oct. 25, '13	1¼	Q	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	100	85	85	85	85	108	−1	80	86	100
117	108½	100	June 25	100	June 25	27,478,400	Oct. 25, '13	1¼	Q	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. L. pf	100	..	..	..	100	..	..	95	117	......
27¼	16¾	24⅝	Jan. 2	14½	June 11	31,929,500	....	..	..	Pittsburgh Coal Co., N. J.	100	20	20	20	20	23½	−¼	19⅝	20½	100
100⅝	77	95	Jan. 9	73	June 11	27,071,800	Oct. 25, '13	1¼	Q	Pitts. Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	89⅛	89¾	89⅛	89⅛	92	−¾	88¾	89	1,100
170	169½	157	May 20	157	May 20	19,714,285	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Pitts., Ft. W. & Chicago	100	..	..	..	157	..	..	..	..	......
104½	100	100	Jan. 6	93	Aug. 27	10,500,000	Sep. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Pittsburgh Steel Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	94	..	..	90	94	......
40⅞	28¾	36	Jan. 7	18½	June 10	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04	1	..	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	25	25	25	25	38	..	24½	25	200
108¾	90	101⅛	Jan. 7	88½	June 10	12,500,000	Aug. 21, '13	1¾	Q	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	95	101½	..	94½	99½	......
120⅞	106¾	118	Jan. 21	108	Oct. 22	25,000,000	Sep. 30, '13	1½	Q	Public Service Corp., N. J.	100	..	..	..	108	..	..	107½	110	......
175	158½	165	Jan. 2	149	Sep. 5	120,000,000	Aug. 15, '13	2	Q	Pullman Co.	100	153	153	152¾	152¾	166⅞	−¼	152	153	330
8½	3	4⅝	May 16	2	July 31	5,708,700	....	..	..	QUICKSILVER	100	..	..	..	2¼	..	..	2	2½	......
12¼	3½	8	May 17	3⅛	Aug. 8	4,291,300	May 8, '01	½	..	Quicksilver pf.	100	4½	4½	4½	4½	7	+½	3½	5½	100
40¾	27½	35	Jan. 9	22¼	June 11	13,500,000	May 20, '13	2	..	RY. STEEL SPRING CO.	100	24	24	24	24	37¾	−1	23	26	100
105	98¼	100	Jan. 13	90¼	June 10	13,500,000	Sep. 20, '13	1¾	Q	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf	100	94	94	94	94	..	+1	91	97	100
88½	86¼	*81	Jan. 10	*78	July 17	8,000,000	July 1, '13	2	SA	Railroad Sec., I. C. stk. cfs.	100	..	..	..	*78	..	..	..	78	......
24⅛	16	22	Jan. 2	15	June 10	14,505,220	Sep. 30, '13	37½c	Q	Ray Consolidated Copper	10	18⅝	18⅝	17¾	17¾	22	−1⅛	17¾	18	5,470
179¼	148⅛	171	Sep. 23	151⅝	June 10	70,000,000	Aug. 8, '13	2	Q	Reading	50	159¾	161¼	158⅝	159	171⅛	−1½	158⅞	159	143,000
93¼	87½	92½	Apr. 10	82½	Oct. 14	28,000,000	Sep. 11, '13	1	Q	Reading 1st pf.	50	84	84	84	84	..	−1	83	86	200
101½	92	95	Apr. 10	84	June 10	42,000,000	Oct. 9, '13	1	Q	Reading 2d pf.	50	86	86	85	85	96	..	84	87	200
35⅛	15¾	28⅝	Jan. 31	17	June 10	27,352,000	....	..	..	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	19	19	18¾	18¾	30	−¼	18½	19	710
99⅝	64½	92¼	Sep. 13	72	June 11	25,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Republic Iron & S. Co. pf.	100	79½	80	78½	78½	91⅞	−1½	78½	79	1,350
30½	22⅜	24⅞	Feb. 4	11⅝	Oct. 17	90,888,200	....	..	..	Rock Island Co.	100	14½	14⅝	13¾	13⅞	25½	−¾	13¾	14	2,625
59¾	42¼	44¾	Jan. 2	17½	Oct. 17	49,947,400	Nov. 1, '05	1	..	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	23½	23½	22	22	49	−1½	22	22½	1,600
101	89¼	92¼	Jan. 7	14¾	July 15	10,908,300	Mar. 3, '13	1½	..	Rumely (M.) Co.	100	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	..	−1⅛	17½	21	100
103½	99½	99¾	Jan. 4	36	July 1	9,750,000	Apr. 1, '13	1¾	..	Rumely (M.) Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	47	102½	..	45	50	......
..	..	*48	Mar. 8	*45	Aug. 25	5,500,000	July 15, '02	2½	..	ST. JOSEPH & G. I. 1st pf	100	..	..	..	*45	..	..	..	..	......
29½	17½	19¾	Jan. 11	2¾	June 17	29,000,000	....	..	..	St. Louis & S. F.	100	5½	5½	5	5	23	−½	5	5⅛	750
60½	58½	59	Feb. 11	13	June 28	5,000,000	May 1, '13	1	..	St. Louis & S. F. 1st pf.	100	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	62¾	−7⅞	12	13	100
43¾	26½	29	Jan. 11	5½	June 17	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05	1	..	St. Louis & S. F. 2d pf.	100	9½	9½	8⅛	8⅛	35½	−1⅛	8	8⅛	900
57	47	54½	Jan. 17	30	May 27	13,761,000	Jan. 1, '13	2	..	St.L. & S.F. C.&E.I. n. st. cfs	1,000	..	..	..	30	..	..	15	30	......
110	100½	96½	May 15	96½	May 15	8,402,500	Apr. 1, '13	1½	..	St.L. & S.F. C.&E.I. pf. s.c.	100	..	..	..	96½	..	..	..	..	......
40⅜	29⅜	35½	Jan. 13	20⅞	Oct. 20	16,356,200	....	..	..	St. Louis Southwestern	100	22	22	22	22	39	−1	21	24½	100
80⅝	68½	75	Jan. 9	61	Sep. 17	19,893,700	Oct. 15, '13	1	Q	St. Louis Southwestern pf.	100	..	..	..	61	..	..	56	62¼	......
27½	18	20¾	Apr. 1	14½	June 10	33,290,200	....	..	..	Seaboard Air Line	100	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	21¼	−⅜	16½	17½	100
56½	44¾	49⅝	Sep. 23	38	June 12	22,483,000	....	..	..	Seaboard Air Line pf.	100	46	46	44⅞	45⅝	48¾	+⅛	44¾	45¼	1,175
221	140	213½	Jan. 2	154¾	June 12	40,000,000	Aug. 15, '13	1¾	Q	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	100	174½	177	174¼	174¼	216½	−¾	173½	174½	1,100
124¾	121	124½	Jan. 2	116	June 19	8,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Sears, Roebuck & Co. pf.	100	122	122	122	122	..	+1	120¼	122	125
59¾	39¼	45½	Jan. 28	23	July 8	10,000,000	Sep. 1, '10	1¼	..	Sloss-Sheffield S. & I. Co.	100	..	..	..	29	55	..	26	30	......
105	94	93¼	Feb. 8	88	Apr. 30	6,700,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Sloss-Shef. S. & I. Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	89	..	..	86	91	......
83	74½	70	Jan. 6	70	Jan. 6	3,371,000	Oct. 1, '13	1	Q	South Porto Rico Sugar	100	..	..	..	70	..	..	..	65	......
110	109	*108	Jan. 17	*102	June 2	3,708,500	Oct. 1, '13	2	Q	South Porto Rico Sugar pf.	100	..	..	..	*102	..	..	..	106	......
115½	103½	110	Jan. 30	84⅛	Oct. 17	272,672,400	Oct. 1, '13	1½	Q	Southern Pacific	100	86⅜	87	85¼	85⅝	110½	−2	85⅜	85⅝	28,110
..	..	99½	Sep. 13	88⅞	Oct. 17	14,780,100	....	..	..	Southern Pacific tr. cfs.	100	91	91¼	90⅞	90⅞	..	−1⅛	89⅞	90⅛	1,200
..	..	99⅞	Sep. 15	90	Oct. 17	3,831,000	....	..	..	So. Pac. sub. rcts. 1st pd.	..	92	92	92	92	..	..	89⅝	91⅝	100
32	26½	28⅝	Jan. 2	19¼	June 12	119,900,000	....	..	..	Southern Ry. extended	100	22	22⅝	21½	21½	29¼	−⅜	21⅛	21⅝	2,800
86⅞	68¼	81½	Mar. 26	72	June 10	60,000,000	Oct. 30, '13	2½	SA	Southern Ry. pf. extended	100	76½	76½	76	76	81½	−⅛	75½	76	400
86	82	72½	Mar. 12	72¼	Mar. 12	5,670,200	Oct. 1, '13	2	SA	So. Ry., M. & O. stk. tr. cfs	100	..	..	..	72½	..	..	65	77	......
36	16¼	40½	Jan. 31	31⅝	Nov. 7	4,600,000	July 18, '13	2	..	Standard Milling	100	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	..	−2⅛	30	33	100
66	53	66⅞	Feb. 4	52½	May 1	6,900,000	Oct. 31, '13	2½	SA	Standard Milling pf.	100	..	..	..	60	63½	..	57½	62½	......
40½	30	36	Feb. 6	17	Nov. 8	27,931,600	....	..	..	Studebaker Co.	100	17½	17½	17	17	42⅝	−½	17	17½	370
98½	90½	93¼	Jan. 13	66	Nov. 8	12,650,000	Sep. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Studebaker Co. pf.	100	70	70	66	66	..	−4⅛	67½	71	500
47¼	34½	39½	Jan. 4	26¾	June 10	5,000,000	Sep. 20, '13	75c	Q	TENNESSEE COPPER	25	28⅝	29¼	28	28⅝	41¾	−½	28¼	28½	4,000
130⅝	81	126	Aug. 29	89	June 10	30,000,000	Sep. 30, '13	1¾	Q	Texas Co.	100	110¼	112	108	108	122	−4	108	110	800
26½	20½	22⅝	Jan. 8	10¼	June 4	38,760,000	....	..	..	Texas Pacific	100	14¾	14¾	13¾	13¾	25¾	−1½	13	15⅝	435
97½	89	97	Jan. 18	93	June 4	3,984,800	....	..	..	Texas Pacific Land Trust	100	..	..	..	93	..	..	92	100	......
49⅝	33¼	43⅝	Sep. 23	27⅞	June 10	16,425,900	....	..	..	Third Avenue	100	39¼	40¼	37½	38	38	−2½	37¾	38	9,080
10⅝	2½	3	Jan. 14	2	June 4	13,875,000	May 1, '07	1	..	Toledo Rys. and Light	100	3½	3½	3½	3½	6½	..	..	..	25
16⅝	10½	13	Jan. 9	7⅛	July 9	10,000,000	....	..	..	Toledo, St. L. & Western	100	..	..	..	11¾	13¼	..	9	10¼	......
36	28	29¾	Jan. 9	15¼	June 4	10,000,000	Oct. 16, '11	1	..	Toledo, St. L. & West. pf.	100	..	..	..	22½	33½	..	19	22	......
111¼	103	109	Sep. 6	101⅛	June 6	20,100,000	Oct. 1, '13	1½	Q	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	104	104	103⅝	103⅝	..	−⅜	103	107	800
145	145	137½	May 2	135	June 6	3,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Twin City Rapid Tran. pf.	100	..	..	..	135	..	..	130	..	......
115¾	95	99½	Jan. 3	78	June 10	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '13	1	Q	UNDERWOOD TYPE.	100	..	..	..	90	109	..	82	90	......
114½	111	113	Jan. 21	104	July 10	4,800,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Underwood Typewriter pf.	100	..	..	..	105¼	..	..	105⅝	109⅝	......
17⅞	4⅝	7¾	Jan. 3	4⅛	June 11	16,000,000	....	..	..	Union Bag & Paper Co.	100	4⅜	4⅜	4¼	4¼	12⅞	+⅛	4	4½	200
67⅜	35½	41¾	Jan. 3	20	Nov. 6	11,000,000	Oct. 15, '12	1	..	Union Bag & Paper Co. pf.	100	20¼	20¼	20	20	58	−⅜	18	20	200
176¾	150⅜	162⅝	Jan. 6	137⅜	June 11	216,647,500	Oct. 1, '13	2½	Q	Union Pacific	100	150¼	151⅛	147⅞	148	171⅝	−2¾	147⅞	148	106,850
96½	88¼	93¼	Jan. 6	79⅝	June 10	99,569,300	Oct. 1, '13	2	SA	Union Pacific pf.	100	81⅞	82¼	81⅜	81⅝	90½	−⅛	81¼	81¾	1,040
64¾	47	50½	Feb. 7	40¼	June 10	10,847,500	Nov. 1, '13	1	Q	United Cigar Mfrs.	100	43	43	41¾	41¾	..	−3	43	45½	210
109	104	103	May 7	96	Sep. 3	5,000,000	Aug. 30, '13	1¾	Q	United Cigar Mfrs. pf.	100	..	..	..	98	..	..	96⅛	103	......
102¾	97⅝	101	Jan. 8	87	July 2	14,427,500	Nov. 1, '13	2	Q	United Dry Goods	100	..	..	..	90	100½	..	..	92½	......
107⅞	102¼	105½	Jan. 14	96	July 15	10,842,000	Sep. 1, '13	1¾	Q	United Dry Goods pf.	100	..	..	..	97⅛	108	..	96½	103	......
39⅞	28	35½	Jan. 3	16	June 11	20,400,000	....	..	..	United Rys. Invest. Co.	100	18	18	18	18	38	..	16	..	200
69⅞	57	63½	Jan. 3	30	June 11	15,000,000	Jan. 10, '07	2½	..	United Rys. Invest. Co. pf.	100	36½	36½	34	36	67	+½	36	36½	1,000
22½	13	16¾	Jan. 30	9¼	June 10	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07	1	..	U. S. Cast Iron P. & F. Co.	100	..	..	..	9⅝	19½	..	9½	11	......
64⅜	50	56¾	Jan. 31	44⅛	June 6	12,106,300	Oct. 15, '13	1	Q	U. S. Cast I. P. & F. Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	48	62	..	44	49¼	......
100	62¾	66	Jan. 3	40½	Aug. 27	10,000,000	May 15, '12	3	..	U. S. Express Co.	100	49	49	49	49	71	..	48	50	108
57¼	26	44	Jan. 6	25	June 9	12,000,000	....	..	..	U. S. Industrial Alcohol	100	..	..	..	27	52	..	20	28	......
105	95	97	Mar. 4	85	June 18	6,000,000	Oct. 15, '13	1¾	Q	U. S. Industrial Alcohol pf.	100	..	..	..	90¼	..	..	83	89	......
86½	67	77	Jan. 9	55¾	Oct. 6	16,162,800	Nov. 1, '13	1¼	Q	U. S. Realty & Imp. Co.	100	56	56	56	56	82	+½	56	58	100
3⅛	1⅛	1⅞	Jan. 16	½	Sep. 25	5,918,800	Apr. 1, '08	1	..	U. S. Reduc. & Ref. Co.	100	..	..	..	½	..	..	..	..	......
10½	3	4	Jan. 10	3	Apr. 25	3,945,800	Oct. 10, '07	1½	..	U. S. Reduc. & Ref. Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	......
67⅞	45¼	69½	Apr. 4	53	June 10	36,000,000	Oct. 31, '13	1½	Q	U. S. Rubber Co.	100	58½	59	53¾	54	51½	−5¼	54⅛	54⅜	7,600
116	105⅝	109¾	Apr. 9	98	June 10	57,570,800	Oct. 31, '13	2	Q	U. S. Rubber Co. 1st pf.	100	104⅞	104⅞	100	100	107½	−4½	100	101	1,920
85½	75	81½	Jan. 9	78	Feb. 13	694,200	Oct. 31, '13	1½	Q	U. S. Rubber Co. 2d pf.	100	..	..	..	78¾	..	..	..	90	......
80¾	58¼	69⅛	Jan. 2	49⅞	June 11	508,495,200	Sep. 29, '13	1¼	Q	U. S. Steel Corporation	100	56	56⅝	54	54½	75½	−2¼	54¼	54⅜	310,000
117	107¼	110⅞	Jan. 30	102½	June 10	360,314,100	Aug. 30, '13	1¾	Q	U. S. Steel Corpora'n pf.	100	105⅛	105⅝	104⅝	104⅞	112	−⅜	104½	105	2,750
67½	52½	60⅝	Jan. 2	39⅝	June 10	15,836,800	Sep. 30, '13	75c	Q	Utah Copper	10	51¾	51¾	49¼	49¼	63¼	−3½	49¼	49½	13,600
57¼	40¾	43⅛	Jan. 3	22	July 1	27,984,400	Feb. 15, '13	1½	..	VA.-CARO. CHEM. CO.	100	..	..	..	28½	45½	..	27½	28½	......
122⅝	114⅞	114	Jan. 3	93	June 30	20,000,000	Oct. 15, '13	2	Q	Va.-Caro. Chem. Co. pf.	100	94½	94½	93	93	116½	−3	92	93	322
90	53½	54	Jan. 28	37	July 18	9,073,600	....	..	..	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	100	42	42¼	40⅛	40⅛	65½	−1⅞	40	45	300
55	41	58	Feb. 13	51	Jan. 7	11,949,100	Oct. 20, '13	1½	SA	Va. Railway & Power	100	..	..	..	52½	55	..	..	56	......
93	87	94	Sep. 24	89	July 24	7,699,400	July 10, '13	2½	SA	Va. Railway & Power pf.	100	..	..	..	94	91	..	95	..	......
27½	15	21¾	Jan. 24	11¼	Aug. 8	2,000,000	....	..	..	Vulcan Detinning Co.	100	..	..	..	11¾	..	..	11¼	15	......
87½	70	90	Jan. 6	49	Oct. 1	1,500,000	Apr. 21, '13	1¾	..	Vulcan Detinning Co. pf.	100	65	65	63½	64⅞	83	..	..	44	70
9½	3¾	6	Aug. 13	2	June 11	53,200,000	....	..	..	WABASH	100	4	4	4	4	4⅜	+⅛	3½	4⅛	100
22⅞	12⅝	17⅛	Aug. 13	6⅛	July 8	39,200,200	....	..	..	Wabash pf.	100	11	11¼	10⅞	11⅛	15¾	−⅜	10½	11½	500
151	116¾	123	Jan. 6	86¼	Sep. 25	23,967,300	July 15, '13	5	SA	Wells Fargo Express Co.	100	94	94¼	94	94¼	119	+¼	94	97	200
64¼	45	46	Jan. 2	32	June 10	49,429,200	....	..	..	Western Maryland	100	36	37	35⅞	35⅞	56	−⅛	35⅝	36¾	1,300
81	67½	65	Jan. 27	53¼	June 18	10,000,000	Oct. 19, '12	1	..	Western Maryland pf.	100	58	58	58	58	77	..	55	74¼	100
86¼	72	75⅛	Jan. 9	58½	June 10	99,749,300	Oct. 15, '13	¾	Q	Western Union Telegraph	100	62½	62½	62	62	79	−1½	61	62¼	513
278	276	280	Jan. 10	272	Apr. 14	19,625,950	Oct. 15, '13	§4	Q	Westinghouse Air Brake	50	..	..	..	272	272	..	..	..	......
89½	66	79¼	Jan. 2	53⅝	June 10	34,916,250	Oct. 30, '13	1	Q	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	66	66½	65	65¼	82	−¾	65	65½	1,800
126	114⅞	119¾	Jan. 7	107⅞	June 13	3,998,700	Oct. 15, '13	1¾	Q	West. E. & M. 1st pf.	50	..	..	..	114¾	125	..	110	117	......
300	170	300⅛	Jan. 28	235	June 5	4,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	2½	Q	Weyman-Bruton	100	..	..	..	235	..	..	225	300	......
116¼	112	117	Jan. 6	110	Mar. 19	3,940,200	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Weyman-Bruton pf.	100	..	..	..	112	..	..	110	120	......
11¾	4	8	Jan. 3	3⅞	May 1	20,000,000	....	..	..	Wheeling & Lake Erie	100	..	..	..	5¼	9	..	4½	5	......
36½	11	28	Jan. 13	13	June 11	4,986,900	....	..	..	Wheeling & Lake E. 1st pf.	100	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	29½	−1	18	19	100
17½	6	14	Jan. 3	7	Oct. 3	11,993,500	....	..	..	Wheeling & Lake E. 2d pf.	100	9	9	9	9	14½	−¼	7	9	100
62½	48	58½	Apr. 23	40⅛	June 11	16,147,900	....	..	..	Wisconsin Central	100	45	45	43¼	43¼	54¾	−2	43	44½	400
117⅞	92½	112	Jan. 2	81½	June 20	50,000,000	Sep. 1, '13	1½	Q	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	100	89¼	90	88¼	88¼	114¾	−1¼	88⅛	88⅜	1,600
116¾	113¼	115½	Jan. 8	109	June 14	15,000,000	Oct. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Woolworth (F. W.) Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	113½	115⅝	..	111	113	......

BOND SALES

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	75	74	74	10
Am. Ag. Chemical 5s	98¾	98½	98½	4
Am. Cotton Oil 4½s	96¼	96⅛	96¼	7
Am. Cotton Oil 5s	91¼	91¼	91¼	1
Am. Hide & L. 6s	100½	100	100	26
Am. Ice Sec. 6s	77¼	77	77	2
Am. Smelt. Sec. 6s	104¼	103⅞	104¼	16½
Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	96⅛	94⅝	94¾	235
Am. T. & T. col. 4s	85⅝	85¼	85½	20
Am. Tobacco 4s	96	96	96	4
Ann Arbor 1st 4s	70½	70½	70½	8
Armour 4½s	90	89⅞	90	22
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	93⅜	92¾	92¾	94½
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s, '60	93	93	93	22
A., T. & S. F. cv. 4s, '55	92¼	92¼	92¼	1
A., T. & S. F. cv. 5s	101¼	100½	100½	8
A., T. & S. F., Cal. & A. 4½s	99	99	99	1
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	84	84	84	3½
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s, stamped	85	84⅜	85	17
At. Coast Line 4s	90	89	89¾	8
At. C. L., L. & N. col. 4s	88½	88	88	9
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	91½	90¾	91⅛	62⅛
Balt. & Ohio cv. 4½s	92	91⅜	91⅜	312
B. & O. prior lien 3½s	90¼	90	90	28½
B. & O., P., L. E. & W. Va. 4s	85	85	85	2
B. & O. S. W. 3½s	87¼	87¼	87¼	15
Beth. Steel 5s	95	95	95	2
Beth. Steel ref. 5s	81⅝	81	81	25
B'way & 7th Av. 5s	101	101	101	1
Brooklyn City 1st 5s	99⅞	99¾	99¾	7½
Brooklyn R. T. ref. 4s	85¾	85¼	85¼	6
B'klyn R. T. gold 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	8
B'klyn R. T. 5s, 1918	96⅝	96½	96¼	49
B. Un. Elev. 5s stpd.	99¼	99	99⅛	8
B. Un. Elev. 5s	99⅛	99	99⅛	8
B., R. & P. gen. 5s	106	106	106	1
Bush Term. Bldgs. 5s	85¼	85¼	85¼	2
Cal. Gas & Elec. 5s	93⅛	93	93	10
Can. S. con. 5s, Ser. A	105½	105¼	105¼	8
Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	103½	103⅜	103⅜	10
Cent. of N. J. 5s	113¾	113⅜	113⅜	12
Central Leather 5s	94	93½	93½	29
Central Pac. 1st 4s	91	90⅞	91	28
Cent. Pac. gtd. 3½s	90½	90½	90½	3
C. R. R. & Bank Co., Ga., 5s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	5
Ches. & O. con. 5s	104¾	104½	104¾	8
Ches. & O. cv. 4½s	79⅝	79½	79½	4
C. & O., R. & A. 1st con. 4s	86	86	86	1
Chi. & Alton 3½s	53¾	53½	53¾	25
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	95¼	94½	94½	189
C., B. & Q., Ill D. 4s	95½	94¾	94¾	9
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	92¼	91½	91½	14
C., B. & Q., Iowa Div. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	2
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 3½s	82½	82¼	82¼	8
C., B. & Q., S. W. Div. 4s	98	98	98	7
Chicago Gt. West. 4s	73¼	71½	71½	61
Chi. Gas L. & C. 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	1
Chi., I. & L. ref. 6s	117¼	117¼	117¼	2
Chi., M. & St. Paul gen. 4s	92⅞	92⅛	92½	6
Chi., M. & St. Paul gen. 4½s	101½	101¼	101⅝	45
Chi., M. & St. Paul conv. 4½s	102	101⅛	101¼	94
C., M. & St. P., C., P. & W. 5s	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	3
C., M. & St. Paul, Wis. & M. 5s	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	2
Chi. & N. W. deb. 5s, 1933	102¼	102¼	102¼	3
C. & N. W. gen. 3½s	81¾	81¾	81¾	9
Chi. & N. W. con. 7s	102¾	102¾	102¾	1
C. & N. W. gen. 4s	95½	95½	95½	8
Chicago Railways 5s	97½	97½	97½	1
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	85½	85	85½	10
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	76½	76¼	76¼	15
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s	53⅛	52⅝	53⅛	145
C., R. I. & P. deb. 5s	77¼	76¾	76¾	61
C. & W. Ind. con. 4s	83	83	83	2
C., I., St. L. & C. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	3
C., C., C. & St. Louis gen. 4s	85	85	85	1
C., C., C. & St. L., St. L. Division 4s	83¾	83¾	83¾	1
C., L. & W. 1st 5s	103	103	103	1
Col. Fuel & I. gen. 5s	93½	93½	93½	2
Col. & South. 1st 4s	91⅝	90	90	13
Col. & 9th Av. 5s	98½	98½	98½	4
Corn Prod. Ref. s. f. 5s, 1931	95⅝	95	95⅝	8
Cumberl'd T. & T. 5s	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	3
Dallas & Waco 5s	100	100	100	3
Del. & H., P. Div. 7s	108	108	108	4
D. & H. equip. 4½s	97⅛	97	97⅛	2
Del. & Hud. ref. 4s	95	94½	95	4
Den. & R. G. ref. 5s	71⅝	71	71	9
Detroit Edison 5s	101½	101	101	3
Detroit U. Ry. 4½s	70	70	70	3
Distillers' Secur. 5s	62¾	61	61	16
Du Pont Powder 4½s	87½	87¼	87½	7
Erie con. 4s	83½	83¼	83¼	11
Erie 1st cv. 4s, Ser. A	73	71½	71½	24
Erie 1st cv. 4s, Ser. B	71	70	70¼	61
Erie gen. 4s	71	70	71	33
Erie-Penn. col. 4s	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	5
Evans. & Terre Hts. con. 6s	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	2
Flint & P. Mar. 6s	101½	101½	101½	2
G., H. & S. A., M. & P. Div. 5s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	2
Gen. Electric 3½s	77	76	76	5
Gen. Elec. deb. 5s	102½	101½	101½	11
General Motors 6s	98⅝	98¼	98⅝	6
Great Nor. 4¼s	98	98	98	1
Hocking Valley 4½s	100¼	100⅛	100¼	11
Hous. & T. C. gen. 4s	93	93	93	5
Hous., E. & W. Tex. gtd. 5s	103	103	103	1
Insp. Con. Cop. 6s, full paid	94⅝	94½	94½	2
Indiana Steel 5s	99	98⅞	98⅞	11
Interbor.-Met. 4½s	75¼	74¾	74⅞	127
Int. Rapid Tran. 1st & ref 5s	98½	98⅜	98½	90
International Nav. 5s	76	75	76	6
Internat. Paper 6s	102½	102½	102½	2
Int. Stm. Pump 5s	64	64	64	1
Iowa Cent. 1st 5s	91½	91½	91½	1
Iowa Central ref. 4s	52	51	51	2
Kanawha & M. 1st 4s	93¼	93¼	93¼	5
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	70	70	70	3
Kan. City Southern 3s	68	68	68	1
Kentucky Central 4s	87¾	87¾	87¾	2
Lac. Gas of St. L. 1st 5s	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞	8
Lac. Gas of St. L. ref. 5s	98½	98½	98½	2
Lack. Steel 5s, 1950	74	74	74	2
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	91¼	91⅛	91⅛	15
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	90	89¾	89¾	15
Lex. Av. & P. Fy. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	4
Liggett & Myers 7s	120	120	120	1
Liggett & Myers 5s	97⅛	96¾	96¾	27
Lorillard 7s	118	118	118	2
Lorillard 5s	96¼	95⅞	96¼	32
Louis. & N. unified 4s	93½	92½	93	42
Louis. & N. gen. 6s	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛	5
Man. con. 4s, tax ex.	89	89	89	1
Mexican Pet. cv. 6s	91	91	91	10
Mil., L.S. & W. 1st 6s	110	109½	110	18
Mil. & Nor. con. 4½s	100	100	100	1
M., St. P. & S. S. M. con. 4s	92	92	92	2
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	88¾	88¾	88¾	2
Mo., K. & T. ref. 4s	69	68	68	3
Mo., K. & T. s. f. 4½s	82¾	82¾	82¾	1
Mo. Pacific 1st 6s	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	2
Mo. Pacific cv. 5s	78¼	78	78	20
Missouri Pacific 4s	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	1
Ill. Cent. 4s, 1953	87½	87	87½	2
Ill. Central ref. 4s	90	90	90	2
Illinois Steel 4½s	84	83⅞	84	6
Ill. Cent., Spring. 3½s	78	78	78	1
Mobile & O. new 6s	113½	113½	113½	2
Morris & Essex 1st 7s	101	101	101	9
Nash., C. & St. L. con. 5s	105¼	104½	104½	6
National Tube 5s	96	95⅝	96	26
N. O., M. & Chi. 5s	46¾	46¾	46¾	1
N. Y. Air B. cv. 6s	98	97	98	7
N. Y. C. deb. 4s, '34	90	90	90	1
N. Y. C. gen. 3½s	82½	81¾	81¾	29
N. Y. Cent., L. S. col. 3½s	79¼	79	79¼	30
N. Y. Cent., L. S. 3½s, reg.	79	79	79	7
N. Y., Chi. & St. L. 1st 4s	96⅜	96¼	96¼	3
N. Y. G., E. I., H. & P. 5s	102¼	101⅞	101⅞	32
N. Y. G., E. I., H. & P. 4s	81½	80	81⅜	50
N. Y., Lack. & W. 1st 6s	108¼	108¼	108¼	1
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 6s	107⅜	106½	107⅜	189
N. Y., N. H. & H. c. d. 6s, w. i.	103⅞	102⅞	103⅛	1475¼
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s	69½	69½	69½	18
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb. 4s, '56	77	77	77	2
N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	88	88	88	1
N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s	74⅛	73¾	74⅛	2
N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s	54⅝	53¾	53⅞	212
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	97½	97⅛	97⅛	14
N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	82⅜	79½	79½	10
N. & W. con. 4s	93¼	92¾	92¾	17
N. & W. conv. 4½s	103¼	102⅞	102⅞	67
N. & W. 10-20-year conv. 4s	102¼	102¼	102¼	10
N. & W. 10-25-year conv. 4s	108	103	103	1
N. & W., Pocah. Coal & Coke 4s	88	87½	88	13
Nor. Pacific 4s	94¾	94¼	94¼	60
Nor. Pacific 3s	66	65½	65¾	38½
Ohio River 1st 5s	102	102	102	1
Ore. Short L. ref. 4s	89¼	89¼	89¼	2
Ore. Short Line 6s	109½	109½	109½	1
Ore. S. L. con. 5s	106¼	106¼	106¼	2
Ore.-Wash. R. R. & Nav. ref. 4s	86	86	86	2
Pac. T. & T. 5s	96¾	96¼	96¼	27
Pac. of Mo. 1st 4s	88½	88½	88½	2
Penn. gtd. 4½s, reg.	101	101	101	2
Penn. gtd. 4½s	101	101	101	6
Penn. 3½s, 1915	97¼	97	97⅛	106½
Penn. 4s, 1948	99⅜	99	99	13
Penn. gtd. 3½s, 1916	98	98	98	2
Phila. Co. cv. 5s, 1922	96⅜	96	96¼	56
Pitts., C., C. & St. L. 4½s, Ser B	100¼	100¼	100¼	5
Public Service 5s	89¼	89¼	89¼	16
Ray. Con. C. 1st 6s	105⅞	105	105	20½
Reading gen. 4s	93⅞	93⅜	93⅜	48
Rio Grande W. 1st 4s	78⅜	78½	78½	7
St. Louis, Iron M. & Co. gen. 5s	103	102¾	103	11
St. Louis, I. M. & S. unified 4s	77¼	77¼	77¼	5
St. Louis & S. F. Ry. gen. 6s	108¼	108	108	2
St. Louis & S. F. Ry. gen. 5s	99⅞	99	99⅞	2
St. Louis & S. F. R. R. ref. 4s	70⅜	70⅛	70⅜	12
St. Louis & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s	57	55½	55½	4
St. Louis & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s, t. r.	57	56	56	31
St. L. Southw. 1st 4s	84	84	84	8
St. L. Southw. con. 4s	77½	76¾	76¾	9
St. Paul, M. & M., Mont. Ext. 4s	94	94	94	5
St. Paul, M. & M. con. 4½s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	3
St. Paul & No. P. 6s	110	110	110	1
San An. & Ark. P. 4s	78½	78½	78½	2
Seab. A. L. adj. 5s	74½	73⅞	73⅞	21
Southern Bell Tel. 5s	96⅜	96⅛	96⅜	4½
Southern Pac. cv. 4s	85⅝	85	85¼	50
Southern Pac. ref. 4s	90⅝	90¼	90¼	42
Southern Pac. col. 4s	92⅜	92	92	28
So. Pac. col. 4s, reg.	90	90	90	3
Southern Ry. 1st 5s	103¼	103	103	34
Southern Ry. gen. 4s	74	73¾	73⅞	17
S. Ry., St. L. Div. 4s	83¾	83¼	83¾	3
Tenn. C. & I., Birm. Div. 6s	101	101	101	1
Texas & Pac. 1st 5s	100½	100½	100½	4
Texas Co. cv. 6s	98⅛	97¾	97¾	24
Term. Ass'n of St. L. ref. 4s	89	88¼	88¼	6
Third Avenue ref. 4s	80¼	80	80¼	44
Third Avenue adj. 5s	75¼	74⅜	74⅝	109
Third Avenue 1st 5s	104½	104¼	104¼	2
Tol., St. L. & West. 4s	55½	55½	55½	1
Union Pacific 1st 4s	95¼	94½	94¾	131⅛
Union Pacific ref. 4s	90⅝	90½	90⅝	19
Union Pacific cv. 4s	90½	90	90	72
Un. R. Rs. of S. F. 4s	53¼	53	53¼	18
U. S. Rubber 6s	102½	102	102	45
U.S. Realty & Imp. 5s	83	83	83	1
U. S. Steel 5s	100⅛	99¾	100	290
U. S. Steel 5s, reg.	100⅛	100	100	1
Virginian Ry. 1st 5s	98	97½	98	15
Va.-Car. Chem. 1st 5s	95	94⅜	95	25
Va. & Southw't con. 5s	91	90	90	3
Va. Midland gen. 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾	4
Wabash 1st 5s	102½	101⅝	101⅝	13
Wabash 2d 5s	95½	94⅜	95½	19
Wabash ref. 4s	49⅝	48⅞	48⅞	8
Wabash, D. & C. 5s	106	106	106	2
Wab., P. T. 1st 4s, Cent. tr. r.	18	17½	17¾	11
Washington Cent. 4s	83⅜	83⅜	83⅜	6
West. Lighting 5s	102	101⅝	101⅝	11
Western Elec. 5s	101	100½	100½	8
W. N. Y. & P. 1st 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼	5
W. Un. T. r. e. 4½s	89½	89½	89½	14
West. E. & M. cv. 5s	91½	91	91	30
West Shore 4s	93⅜	92¾	92¾	8
Wilkesb'e & East. 5s	95¼	95⅛	95⅛	4
Wheel. & L. 1st 5s	101	101	101	1
W. & L. E. equip. 5s	95¾	95¾	95¾	5
W. & L. E., Wheel. div. 5s	95½	95½	95½	2
W. & L. E. con. 4s	74¼	74¼	74¼	5
W. & St. P. 1st 7s	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜	3
Wis. Cent. gen. 4s	86	85¾	86	13
W., C., Sup. & D. 4s	87½	87½	87½	9

Total sales $7,685,000

U. S. Government Bond.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Fours, coupon	110½	110½	110½	1

Foreign Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Argentine 5s	96	96	96	2
Japanese 4½s	86¼	85¾	86¼	25½
Jan. 4½s, 2d series	85⅜	85	85⅜	11
City of Tokio 5s	84½	84½	84½	2
Republic of Cuba 5s	100⅜	100	100	10

Total sales $50,500

State Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1960	99¾	99¾	99¾	5
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1961	99⅞	99⅝	99⅝	6
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. Co. ctfs.	50¾	50	50	33

Total sales $44,000

New York City Issues.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
3½s, 1954	85⅛	84⅞	84⅞	3
4s, 1957	97	96½	97	29
4s, 1958	96⅞	96⅝	96⅞	5
4s, 1959	96⅞	96¾	96¾	50
4¼s, 1960	100¼	100	100	48
4½s, 1917	101⅜	101	101¼	8
4½s, 1957	104¼	104	104	13
4½s, 1957, new	104	104	104	21
4½s, 1963, temp. rcts.	104½	103¾	103¾	135

Total sales $311,000

Grand total $8,091,300

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BROOKLYN UNION GAS COMPANY:

The stockholders of the above company, who at the last annual meeting organized themselves as a committee to ascertain the amount of the surplus now in the treasury of the company, having met this afternoon to receive a report of the sub-committee then appointed, resolved unanimously that all stockholders be requested to attend in person the annual meeting of the company to be held at its office November 11, 1913, at 2 P. M.

The company's books have been examined at the request of the sub-committee by Messrs. Haskins & Sells, certified Public Accountants, whose report as to the amount of surplus in the treasury available for dividends is now in their possession.

Dated New York, October 29, 1913.

W. BOURKE COCKRAN,
THOMAS READ,
L. NAPOLEON LEVY,
Committee.

HOCKING VALLEY PRODUCTS COMPANY SINKING FUND.

Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee under First Mortgage of Hocking Valley Products Company, dated January 1, 1911, hereby requests proposals for the sale on December 1st, 1913, of First Mortgage Fifty-Year 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of that Company to the Trustee on account of the Sinking Fund. The Sinking Fund Money for such purposes is twenty-five thousand ninety-seven dollars and sixty-three cents, ($25,097.63.) PROPOSALS MUST BE IN WRITING AND DELIVERED TO THE TRUSTEE IN SEALED ENVELOPES NOT LATER THAN THREE P. M., NOVEMBER 27, 1913, the Trustee reserving the right to accept or reject any or all proposals in whole or in part.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE.
New York City.

November 3d, 1913.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
Republic of Cuba 5% Gold Bonds of 1905 Internal Debt

Notice is hereby given that, according to Decree published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Cuba, under date of March 7th, 1913, holders of above bonds may deposit same with the undersigned for the purpose of providing them with new coupons Nos. 17-48, both inclusive; a charge of 25 cents per bond will be made. The proper blanks which must accompany each deposit can be obtained on application.

SPEYER & CO.

New York, November 8, 1913.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Chartered 1799.
Bank of the Manhattan Company.
New York, November 1, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their Banking House No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. By order of the Directors.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of Health Tobacco Company for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at No. 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y., on Saturday, November 29th, 1913, at 12 o'clock M.

GEO. G. FINCH, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES

Merchandise.

PRINTERY.
FRANK E. GORE, Auctioneer,
55 John Street.

The entire plant of the Harrold Press will be offered at public sale in suitable lots on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1913, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on premises No. 202 East 29th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Pressroom—45x62 and 32x46 Miehle cylinder presses, 44 in. 20th century Seybold cutter, John Thompson style 5A and C. & P. job presses, Portland power punch (all machinery individually driven by Sprague motors) Brown folder, belting, Boston wire stitcher, bright steel chases, &c.

Composing Room—Large quantity job and body type heavy fonts, latest faces, quads, leads, brass rule, quotations, steel furniture, brass galleys, Wesel proof press, prooving cabinet, Hanson mitre machine, Kovener dry racks, iron imposing table, size 42x82, with matter boards and drawers, Lethem self registering press beds with catches, Masterman cabinets, (mission finished,) Hamilton form rack, paper trucks and usual equipment of a modern plant.

Office—Sanitary roll top desks, Underwood visible typewriter, large safe, bookkeeper's and flat top desks, chairs, tables, and general office furnishings.

Note—All machinery and material in above plant is of the highest grade, no expense having been spared in equipment to make this one of New York's art printeries.

David W. Biow & Co.
Tel. 2436-2437 Franklin. 13-15 Lispenard St.
TO-DAY, MONDAY, NOV. 10, 10:30 A. M.,
Special Peremptory Auction Sale,
Without Limit or Reserve,
Bankrupt Stock of Ladies'
Muslin Underwear,
Brassieres, Corset Covers, Princess Slips, etc.
Also Over 1,000 Lots
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
Wearing Apparel,
Fancy Furs, Fur Sets
Fur and Fur-Lined Coats.
The Above Offering
Inventories Over $30,000,
And Consists of Only
DEPENDABLE, UP-TO-DATE MERCHANDISE.

UP-TO-DATE STOCK OF
FURS
50 VERY FINE COATS,
In Hudson Seal, Jap Mink, China Wolf, Natural Pony, Squirrel and Marmot.
500 SCARF and MUFF SETS,
In White, Natural and Black Fox, Jap Mink, Lynx, Wolf, Mink, French Cony and China Wolf.
I. SINGER, Auct., sells to-morrow, Tuesday, Nov. 11, large stock of above; particulars day of sale. Auctioneer's office, 582 Broadway, Brooklyn. Telephone 4241 Williamsburg.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE
Tuesday & Wednesday, Nov. 11 & 12
at 10 o'clock each day; by order of
The American Woolen Co.,
New goods from all departments
1,508 Pieces Men's & Women's Wear,
Chinchillas, Astrachans,
Overcoatings, Worsteds, Serges, etc.
BURLING & DOLE, Auctioneers,
9-11 Greene St. & 337-341 Canal St., N. Y.

BANKRUPT SALE
OF AN UP-TO-DATE, MODERN
PLANT
OF A SHIRTWAIST MANUFACTURER;
ALSO THE ENTIRE
Showroom and Factory Fixtures
Will be sold to-day, (Monday,) at 10:30 A.M., at 17-19 West 17th St., by WEISZ & FRIEND, Auctioneers. Also the entire stock, consisting of 50,000 yards Laces, Embroideries, Flouncings, Chiffons, Silks, Crepes, Lawn, Linen, Batiste, Trimmings and Notions.

PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF Article 4 of the Personal Property Law, the undersigned will cause the following-described property to be sold at public auction at No. 536 West 49th Street, Manhattan, New York City, on the 10th day of November, 1913, at nine o'clock in the forenoon:

One Speedwell Model 9 Z Truck, of capacity of four tons and numbered 634, together with the tools and parts appurtenant thereto.
THE SPEEDWELL MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
By STOVER & HALL, Attorneys,
60 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City.

Bankruptcy Notices

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERMAN BRUNER, trading as LAWRENCE WOOLEN CO., bankrupt.—No. 18,616.

To the creditors of Herman Bruner, trading as Lawrence Woolen Co. of the City, County and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of October, A. D. 1913, the same Herman Bruner, trading as Lawrence Woolen Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County and State of New York, on the 25th day of November, 1913, at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, Nov. 6, 1913.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—P. HENRY FITZHUGH, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that P. Henry Fitzhugh, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated Sept. 16th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 15th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Nov. 10th, 1913.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ISAAC GOLDSTONE, Bankrupt.—No. 18,356.

Notice is hereby given that Isaac Goldstone, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 28th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 15th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated November 8th, 1913.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of POUGHKEEPSIE CHAIR CO., Bankrupt.—No. 18,527.

Notice is hereby given that Poughkeepsie Chair Co., bankrupt, has filed its petition, dated November 7th, 1913, praying for the confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 24th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated November 8th, 1913.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 18,420.—ABRAHAM GRAFF, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Abraham Graff, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated October 29th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 15th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November 7th, 1913.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 18,686.—HENRY E. SCHWARZ, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Henry E. Schwarz, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated October 30th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 15th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November 7th, 1913.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ASBURY PARK—J. Steinbach, dry goods; Claridge.
ATLANTA—Chamberlain-Johnson-Du Bose Co.; R. J. Lee, dress goods, silks; A. H. Bernard, domestics; 20 E. 46th; Collingwood.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; S. J. Kernan, upholstery goods; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. M. German, men's neckwear; 72 Leonard.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; J. Postley, housefurn. goods; 72 Leonard.
BINGHAMTON—Fowler, Dick & Walker; J. C. Longwell, carpets; 104 5th Av.; Grand.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; F. M. Spear, misses' coats, skirts; C. A. Biederman, misses' suits, dresses; 116 W. 32d.
BRIDGEPORT—C. Misch; H. Walder, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.
BUFFALO—Flint & Kent; Miss E. M. Merry, ladies', infants' wear; 220 5th Av.
CHARLESTON, S. C.—L. Cohen & Co.; S. Phillips, jobs in ladies' ready-to-wear; 40 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Field, Marshall, & Co.; Miss M. Ryan, cloaks; F. O. Stevens, carpets; A. H. Witzlaben, upholstery goods; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; E. Wheeler, domestics; H. P. Brown, dry goods; 438 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Kiern, S.; S. Mayer, clothing; 31 Union Square; Wallicks.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; J. D. Rutler, carpets, rugs; H. Shephard, laces, hdkfs., gloves, neckwear; 116 W. 32d.
CHICAGO—The Fair; H. N. Merrill, carpets, rugs; T. J. Madden, ladies' neckwear, laces; A. Guthman, ladies', misses', children's cloaks, suits; 225 4th Av.
CINCINNATI—Pogue, H. & S., Co.; Miss M. Whittaker, muslin skirts; 200 5th Av.
CINCINNATI—J. Shillito Co.; J. E. Brister, cloaks, suits; 346 Broadway.
COLUMBIA, S. C.—J. L. Mimnaugh & Co.; J. L. Mimnaugh, millinery, ladies' garments; Woodward.
DALLAS—Titche, Goettinger Co.; S. Mayer, millinery; 45 E. 17th.
DETROIT—Newcomb, Endicott Co.; Miss A. McGeogan, ladies' wear; 200 5th Av.
DETROIT—Newcomb, Endicott Co.; H. H. Spring, muslin, knit underwear, hosiery, kimonos, petticoats; 200 5th Av.
DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; E. A. Burkhardt, notions; H. Boerlman, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
EASTON, PENN.—Lauboch, Wm., & Sons; G. A. Lauboch, dress goods, laces, ribbons; 41 Union Square.
HARRISBURG — Kaufman's Underselling Store; J. E. Kaufman, net, silk waists; 15 E. 26th.
HARTFORD—C. Misch; Mr. Simon, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.
INDIANAPOLIS—F. B. Levi, jobs in coats, silk, serge dresses; 15 E. 26th.
INDIANAPOLIS—Lefler Hat Co.; O. D. Lefler, hats; Broztell.
JOHNSTOWN, PENN.—Penn Traffic Co.; J. P. L. Bender, carpets; Breslin.
KANSAS CITY—Smith, McCord, Townsend D. G. Co.; W. Cheek, furn. goods; 72 Leonard; Cumberland.
KNOXVILLE—Sterchi Bros.; J. G. Sterchi, carpets; Breslin.
LOS ANGELES — Broadway Department Store; H. L. Brooker, clothing; 95 Madison Av.; Broztell.
LOUISVILLE—Stewart Dry Goods Co.; Mrs. F. Davidson, ladies' neckwear, handkerchiefs; Mrs. Hertel, fancy goods; 214 Church; Victoria.
LOUISVILLE—Stewart D. G. Co.; C. E. Shaffer, clothing; 214 Church.
MILWAUKEE—Ed. Schuster Co.; H. Koestner, carpets; 116 W. 32d.
NORFOLK—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; C. E. Chandler, domestics; E. S. Malvern, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 320 Church; York.
PHILADELPHIA—Finks Co.; H. Blauner, plush coats; 15 E. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dep't Stores; A. B. Kuehn, ladies' cloaks, suits, waists; 200 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE—Misch, C.; C. E. Cohen, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.
ROCHESTER—Hickey-Freeman Co.; J. G. Hickey, clothing; 200 5th Av.; Victoria.
SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros.; C. W. Moore, dress goods, silks; 50 Union Square.
ST. LOUIS—Nugent, B., & Bro. D. G. Co.; S. V. Silverthorne, jewelry, leather goods, notions; G. Roth, domestics; 31 Union Square.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer, & Fuller D. G. Co.; F. A. Krim, suits; 71 W. 23d.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; M. Steinfeld, jobs in ladies' cloaks, furs; F. A. Krim, jobs in suits, dresses; 71 W. 23d.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Roy L. Lockhart, job coats, suits; 4 Washington Place.
ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co.; A. A. Tucker, flowers; 621 Broadway.
SYRACUSE—Syracuse D. G. Co.; J. P. Rule, notions, laces, corsets, white goods; 320 Broadway; Claridge.
SYRACUSE—E. W. Edwards & Son; Miss A. M. Smith, corsets, ladies', infants' wear; 200 5th Av.
UTICA—R. Fraser; J. T. McDermott, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves, waists, ribbons; V. J. Crowner, dry goods; Herald Square.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; J. M. Goldenberg, ladies' coats, suits, dresses; 15 W. 26th.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Miss K. E. Miller, ladies', infants' wear; 15 W. 26th.
WORCESTER—Denholm, McKay Co.; E. A. Brown, dry goods; 2 Walker.
WORCESTER—Misch, C.; Mr. Elias, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.

Business Notices.

40 cents per agate line each insertion.

LACE SALESMAN.
LACE IMPORTING HOUSE WITH LARGE FOLLOWING AMONG JOBBERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DEPARTMENT STORES, SEEKS FOR JANUARY 1ST OR SOONER, THE SERVICES OF HIGH CLASS SALESMAN FOR IMPORTANT WESTERN TERRITORY; EXPERIENCE IN LINE, ABILITY AND SUBSTANTIAL PROOFS OF PREVIOUS SUCCESS ARE INDISPENSABLE CONDITIONS. APPLICATIONS, WHICH WILL BE TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE, MUST STATE FULL PARTICULARS AS TO AGE, EXPERIENCE, PRIOR AND PRESENT EMPLOYMENT, AND REFERENCES; COMMISSION. ADDRESS SUPERIOR, 340 TIMES.

Young, active, and growing corporation, in manufacturing lines, whose business has doubled in one year, seeks about $5,000 additional capital; investor can take active interest if he desires; full particulars. Address N 318 Times Downtown.

WAIST MANUFACTURERS.
Salesman, selling all the jobbers, wants strong line of waists; only those who can deliver answer. L 25 Times.

Agents wanted for a side line of muslin underwear; best in the city; big money for hustler; commission; no advances. Call between 11 and 5 P. M., D. Schwartz, 108 Grand St.

Manufacturer of popular line of ladies' waists, with large plant, desires contracting for big manufacturer or jobber; good workmanship, low prices. Y 284 Times.

RAINCOATS AND RAINCAPES.
Jobbers and buyers. Jobs always on hand. Schwartz Bros., 3 East 17th St., City.

CHARLES OSTMAN,
artist, oil paintings, painting on silk and leather. 54 East 130th St.

Jobber open for waists and cheap cotton dresses. Jusset & Mencher, 129 West 22d.

Contractors on lawn and voile waists and dresses wanted. C 32 Times.

FINE WAISTS BEING SACRIFICED REMOVAL CLEAN-UP Striking chiffons, laces, silks. Greatly reduced. I. LEFKOWITZ, 22-24 W. 21st Street

Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 18,768.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HUDSON MANTEL AND MIRROR COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Hudson Mantel and Mirror Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1913, the said Hudson Mantel and Mirror Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1913, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting, and also to consider an offer of composition by the bankrupt of 20 per cent., 5 per cent. cash and 15 per cent. in three notes, payable in six, ten, and fourteen months, respectively.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
November 7th, 1913.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 18,552.—PERCY H. SMITH, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Percy H. Smith, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated Nov. 7, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, Dec. 15, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Nov. 7, 1913.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 18,518.—SARAH A. MOONEY WHITMORE, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Sarah A. Mooney Whitmore, bankrupt, has filed her petition, dated Oct. 7, 1913, praying for a discharge from all her debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, Dec. 15, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Nov. 7, 1913.

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

Free Smokers in Bonded Factories?

In connection with the application of Berriman Brothers to manufacture cigars in bond as provided for under the new tariff law, it was learned that the firm had raised the question whether the free smoker law, giving employes twenty-one cigars a week free of internal revenue tax, would apply to a bonded factory. The law relating to bonded factories provides that cigars made from leaf imported from one country only may be withdrawn from bond upon the payment of the tariff on the tobacco entering the factory "and the payment of the internal revenue tax accruing on such cigars in their condition as withdrawn." The provision quoted above, according to The Tobacco Leaf, may be construed as requiring the internal revenue tax on all cigars withdrawn, but it has been suggested that "smokers" consumed in the bonded factories might not be considered withdrawn. Customs authorities are not ready to pass upon the matter until after a further conference with internal revenue officials. Collector of Customs Griggs and Deputy Collector Overdorfer of the Florida district discussed this matter last week with Treasury officials in Washington, and a decision will probably be reached shortly. It is said that there have been no protests so far from cigar importers who, it was thought, would object to certain features of the proposed stamp for bonded cigars and some of the regulations for bonded factories.

⁂

First Poultry Sales Unsuccessful.

Certificates of incorporation in New York and New Jersey have been issued to the Live Poultry Auction Company, which organization was recently formed here for holding poultry auctions in Greater New York. The first of the sales, which was held in Jersey City last week, brought 14 cents for chickens, 14½ cents for fowls, 16¾ cents for ducks and 14¼ cents for geese. Three cars of poultry were sold. Only one car was disposed of at the second auction, and it was evident that the buyers were starting a movement against the sales. It was learned that these buyers had held a meeting immediately after the first sale when they found that they could not buy the best poultry at an established price, and decided not to patronize the auction. This, according to The Produce News, led the promoters to withdraw for the present, as they feared they would be unable to maintain prices on account of the heavy consignments of poultry expected. W. M. Bennett, who is interested in the project, said that the auctions would be resumed and would be held regularly as soon as certain propositions, showing the conditions under which the poultry would be sold here, were made to the poultry shippers.

⁂

Domestic Golfine Now Shown.

In addition to the several lines of imported golfine now shown in this market, an announcement was made last week of the showing of a domestic line. So far as is known, this is the first line of that material that has been produced by manufacturers in this country, but it is reported that several other dress goods sellers expect to bring out other lines of the same material in a few weeks. The domestic material, it is said, compares favorably with the imported. The dress goods market here is fairly active. Dealers who can still make deliveries on desirable Fall coatings and on one or two lines of suitings have about all the business they can conveniently handle. Although one of the larger houses recently advertised chinchillas for spot delivery, most of the other houses are sold up and a shortage exists in the lines which were most actively sought during the season.

⁂

The Local Wool Situation.

Despite the fact that wool buyers are covering only current needs and prices on desirable lots are well maintained, some buyers look for a break in values later in the month, but the more conservative are anticipating no special change before December. The latter month is expected to show complications that will make trading uncertain. The entrance of certain foreign wools then will doubtless provide a period of experimentation, but after that it is thought that domestic manufacturers will utilize only the wools heretofore found satisfactory. Much interest centres about the possible export sales of American wool. Regarding this, it was said that the chances for the domestic product were better than for a long time, because the American prices were nearer the European value basis.

BUYERS' MARKET PLACE

For Advertising Rates, Telephone Bryant 1000.

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Show cards, signs, price tickets, mechanical devices.

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TALLY CARDS, PLACE CARDS, XMAS CARDS.—Chas. S. Clark Co., 141 W. 36th St. Tel. Greeley 1007.

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CHARLES SHONGOOD, 539-541 BROADWAY IS A BUYER OF LARGE PLANTS OF MACHINERY OF ANY DESCRIPTION.

WILMERDING, MORRIS & MITCHELL,
488-492 B'way. Dry Goods Auctioneers.

Greenwald & Co., 15-17 Mercer. Tel. Spring 9093. ADVANCES MADE ON MDSE.

D. HARTMANN, 8 Greene St. Tel. 4299 Spring. Liberal advances on all kinds of merchandise.

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MAX MAYER,
565-567 BROADWAY.

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Manufacturers can secure additional working capital on the security of their Accounts Receivable. NATIONAL DISCOUNT COMPANY, 141 5th Av. Gramercy 37.

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HAMBURGER BROS., 142 W. 26th.
Popular-Priced Garments Our Specialty.

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BERNARD LEVINE,
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Send for Price List. Gramercy 2777.

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Modish Materials. 12 West 27th St.

WASH SUITS, BLOUSES, SHIRTS,
COMPLETE LINES FOR BOYS.
Klinger & Bach, 737 Broadway.

WATCHES.
Ingersoll and Ingersoll-Trenton Watches.
Robt. H. Ingersoll & Bro., 315 Fourth Ave.

WINDOW SHADES AND AWNINGS.
F. J. KLOES, 243 Canal St., at Centre.
Sphinx Noiseless Window Awnings our specialty.

WOVEN LABELS.
E. H. KLUGE WEAVING CO.,
33-39 W. 34TH ST. Tel. Bryant 1307.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of TOBIN WHICHWAY SIGNAL CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Nov. 10th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of automobile lamps, brass, fixtures, &c.
E. A. JUDD, Trustee.
GEORGE C. FALL, Attorney for Trustee, 76 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GRAND UNION CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Nov. 10th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 580 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt consisting of piano player, piano stool, and 12 music rolls.
IRVING L. ERNST, Trustee.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy, 238 Broadway, New York City.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Trustee, 100 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM P. MONTAGUE CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Nov. 10th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 225 Fifth Ave., Room 510, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, fixtures, safe, &c.
GEORGE H. DUPEE, Trustee.
AUSTIN, McLANAHAN & MERRITT, Attorneys for Trustee, 135 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LITTLE HUNGARIAN RESTAURANT, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Nov. 10th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 507 West 145th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of tables, chairs, crockery, fixtures, &c., used in the restaurant business.
ARTHUR F. GOTTHOLD, Receiver.
COOK & ELGAR, Attorneys for Receiver, 45 Broadway, New York.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:40|Sun sets..4:49|Moon sets..3:20

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:57	5:20	11:18	11:20
Governors Island	5:30	5:50	12:00	12:00
Hell Gate	7:20	7:40	1:40	1:40

Arrived—Sunday, Nov. 9.

SS Savoie, Havre, Nov. 1.
SS Celtic, Liverpool, Oct. 30.
SS Franconia, Boston, Nov. 8.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, Nov. 6.
SS Suriname, Puerto Barrios, Nov. 3.

SS Currier, Matanzas, Nov. 2.
SS Melrose, Boston, Nov. 8.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Caronia	Liverpool	Nov. 1
Themistocles	Piraeus	Oct. 21
Olga	Seville	Oct. 27
Montevideo	Cadiz	Oct. 31
Brazos	San Juan	Nov. 5
Guantanamo	Progreso	Nov. 8
Bovic	Liverpool	Oct. 29
Indiana	Plymouth	Nov. 1
Prins Willem V	St. Marc	Nov. 3
Tenadores	Port Limon	Nov. 3
Pretoria	Hamburg	Oct. 25
Vigilancia	Havana	Nov. 5
Yaquez	San Juan	Nov. 4
Colon	Cristobal	Nov. 4
Prinz Sigismund	Inagua	Nov. 6
Bermudian	Bermuda	Nov. 8
Comanche	Jacksonville	Nov. 7
Creole	New Orleans	Nov. 5
El Mundo	Galveston	Nov. 4

DUE TO-MORROW.

Kaiser Wilhelm II	Cherbourg	Nov. 5
Hellig Olav	Christiansand	Nov. 1
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Nov. 1
Vaderland	Antwerp	Nov. 1
Prinz F. Wilhelm	Bremen	Nov. 1
Saratoga	Havana	Nov. 7
Allanton	Barbados	Nov. 4
Bergensfjord	Bergen	Nov. 1
Rochambeau	Havre	Nov. 1
Broadmayne	Rouen	Oct. 25
Gibraltar	Barbados	Nov. 2
Czar	Libau	Oct. 28
Denver	Galveston	Nov. 5
City of Savannah	Savannah	Nov. 8

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Olympic	Southampton	Nov. 5
Moltke	Almeria	Nov. 1
Emil L. Boas	Kingston	Nov. 6
Re d'Italia	Naples	Oct. 30
Etonian	Antwerp	Oct. 29
New York (tank)	Rotterdam	Oct. 29
Minnewaska	London	Nov. 1
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Nov. 9
El Oriente	Galveston	Nov. 6
Nueces	Mobile	Nov. 4

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Alliança, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Hilarius, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Matura, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Noordam, Rotterdam	———	10:00 A.M.
Bayamo, Cienfuegos	———	12:00 M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Savoie, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Zulia, La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Zacapa, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Roma, Marseilles	———	3:00 P.M.
Laura, Naples	———	2:00 P.M.
Lapland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Momus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., NOV. 9.

SS Bergensfjord, Bergen to New York, was 750 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 11th, 10:30 A. M. Norwegian-American Line.
SS Rochambeau, Havre to New York, was 750 miles E. at 12 M.; due 11th, 10:30 A. M. French Line.
SS Cameronia, Glasgow to New York, was 780 miles E. at 12 M.; due 11th, 11:30 A. M. Anchor Line.
SS Hellig Olav, Copenhagen to New York, was 784 miles E. at 12 M.; due 11th, 3:30 P. M. Scandinavian-American Line.
SS Minnewaska, London to New York, was 1,130 miles E. at 12:30 A. M.; due 12th, 8:30 A. M. Atlantic Transport Line.
SS Pannonia, Fiume to New York, was 1,541 miles E. at 5:30 P. M.; due 15th, 6 P. M. Cunard Line.
SS President Grant, Hamburg to New York, was 1,306 miles E. at 5:30 P. M.; due 14th, 8 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Caronia, Liverpool to New York, was 409 miles E. at noon; due 10th, 1:30 P. M. Cunard Line.
SS America, Genoa to New York, was 344 miles E. at noon; due 10th, late, or early 11th. Italian Line.
SS Pretoria, Hamburg to New York, was 360 miles E. at 11 A. M.; due 10th, late, or early 11th. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Czar, Libau to New York, was 732 miles E. at 12:40 P. M.; due 11th, 4 P. M. Russian-American Line.

FASTNET, IRELAND.

SS Lusitania, New York to Liverpool, was 432 miles W. at 1:08 P. M.; due Fishguard 10th, 2 P. M. Cunard Line.

BROW HEAD.

SS Touraine, New York for Havre, was 190 miles S. W. at 1:30 P. M.; due Havre 10th, 2 P. M. French Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS San Marcos, Galveston to New York, was 245 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 8 P. M.
SS Denver, Galveston to New York, was 309 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 16 miles N. of St. Johns Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Radiant, Baton Rouge to New York, was 114 miles S. E. of South Pass at 8 A. M.
SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, was 148 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS Tenadores, Port Limon to New York, was 227 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, was 58 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 4 P. M.
SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, was 704 miles S. at 8 P. M.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda to New York, was 170 miles S. E. of Ambrose Lightship at 8 P. M.
SS Obidense, Kingston to New York, was 177 miles S. at noon.
SS Yaquez, San Juan to New York, was 212 miles S. at noon.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 134 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Colon, Cristobal to New York, was 28 miles S. at noon.
SS Brazos, San Juan to New York, was 72 miles S. of Sandy Hook at 7 P. M.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 307 miles S. at noon.
SS Vigilancia, Tampico to New York, was 190 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS El Norte, Galveston to New York, was 273 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.
SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 232 miles S. at noon.
SS Currier, Matanzas to New York, was 55 miles S. at 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS George Washington, at Bremen, Nov. 9.
SS Majestic, at Southampton, Nov. 9.
SS Carmania, at Liverpool, Nov. 9.
SS Galileo, at Hull, Nov. 9.
SS Caledonia, at Moville, Nov. 9.
SS Berlin, at Gibraltar, Nov. 9.

Sailed.

SS Mauretania, from Queenstown, Nov. 9.
SS St. Louis, from Cherbourg, Nov. 8.
SS California, from Moville, Nov. 8.
SS Rotterdam, from Boulogne, Nov. 8.
SS Kroonland, from Dover, Nov. 9.
SS Georgic, from Liverpool, Nov. 8.
SS Carpathia, from Naples, Nov. 9.

Passed.

SS Minneapolis, New York for London, passed Brow Head.
SS Kafue, New York for Yokohama, passed Perim.

Transpacific Mails.

Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma ....Nov. 13
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Yokohama Maru ....Nov. 13
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Japan ....Nov. 14
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Chiyo Maru........Nov. 14
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—China ....Nov. 17
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan ....Nov. 20
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Mexico Maru ....Nov. 20
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Ixion........Nov. 21
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Niagara ....Nov. 21

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Nov 14, SS Olympic.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 10, SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, and at 5 P. M. Nov. 14, SS Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm.
France—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 14, SS Olympic.
Austria—Close at 11:30 A. M. Nov. 12, SS Laura, and at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 15, SS Franconia.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 11, SS Lapland.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 15, SS Franconia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 10, SS Noordam, and at 5 P. M. Nov. 17, SS Ryndam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Nov. 20, SS Hellig Olav.
Norway—Close at 10:30 A. M. Nov. 18, SS Bergensfjord, and at 11:30 A. M. Nov. 20, SS Hellig Olav.
Italy—Close at 11:30 A. M. Nov. 12, SS Laura; at 5 P. M. Nov. 14, SS Prinzess Irene, and at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 15, SS Franconia.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

CUNARD
NEXT SAILINGS
OF THE
Fastest Steamers in the World
MAURETANIA NOV. 19
LUSITANIA DEC. 3
Sailing at 1 A. M.
QUICKEST ROUTE via FISHGUARD for
LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
*Caronia. Nov. 15, 10 a.m. | Lusitania Dec. 24, 1 a. m.
*Carmania. Nov. 29, 10 a.m. | *Campania. Dec. 31, 1 a. m.
*Ivernia. Dec. 10, 10 a. m. | *Carmania. Jan. 10, 10 a. m.
*Caronia. Dec. 13, 10 a. m. | Lusitania Jan. 14, 1 a. m.
Mauretania Dec. 16, 6 p. m.
*Calls at Queenstown East and West Bound.
Mediterranean—Adriatic Service
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume. Sailings noon. See Itinerary.
‡PANNONIA....Nov. 22 | ‡ULTONIA.......Dec. 31
†CARPATHIA....Dec. 9 | ‡PANNONIA.......Jan. 15
†Omits Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa. ‡Omits Madeira, Gibraltar, carries 2d and 3d class only. §Omits Genoa and Madeira.
Special Winter Cruises
RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Monaco, or Genoa, Naples, Alexandria.
FRANCONIA *NOV. 15, JAN. 8. *FEB. 24.
LACONIA *DEC. 2, JAN. 22 | CARONIA JAN. 31, MAR. 17
*Will not call at Alexandria.
ROUND THE WORLD TRIP, $498 & UP.
Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and South America. Independent tours in Europe, etc. Send for booklet Cunard Tours.
AGENTS FOR PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. CO. FREQUENT SAILINGS TO INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.
Piers, foot West 14th Street, N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, N. Y., opposite Battery.

Great White Fleet
New-Idea Cruises
PANAMA
18 DAY CRUISE DE LUXE
FROM NEW YORK—Beginning January 3rd, weekly to Jamaica, Panama, Costa Rica, and Havana. Exclusive a la carte service in dining saloon.
FROM BOSTON—Beginning January 1st, weekly to Jamaica, Panama, Costa Rica; minimum fare—$125. Send for booklets.
United Fruit Company
Steamship Service
17 BATTERY PL., N. Y.
Or any authorized ticket or tourist agent.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $3.00
LV. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., N. Y., Daily at 5:00 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.
New London (Norwich) Line via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 6:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 23d St., 6:30 P. M.; Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and NEW HAMPSHIRE.
New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.
Bridgeport Line. Week days. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 11 A. M. Str. NAUGATUCK.
Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices and at Piers.
The New England Steamship Co.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.
PEOPLES LINE CITIZENS LINE
—TO—
ALBANY and TROY
Elegant Steel Steamers leave from Pier 32, N. R., foot of Canal St., Daily and Sundays at 6:00 P. M., and W. 129th St., N. R., at 6:45 P. M.
ALL HOTEL COMFORTS—STEAM HEAT.
EXCELLENT CUISINE—Phone Spring 9400.

BAY STATE LINE
BOSTON $2.40
Providence Direct, $1.50 Worcester, $2.40
Outside Two-Berth Staterooms $1.00
Steel Steamships GEORGIA & TENNESSEE.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:00 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St.

"The Public be pleased."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.50
PROVIDENCE Boat direct $1.60
Week days and Sundays at 5 P. M., from Pier 39, N. R., ft. West Houston St. Berths free.
Outside Rooms, $1.00. Wireless Equipment.
Uptown Office—Broadway & 23d St.
and all Tyson ticket offices.
'Phone Spring 9491 and 9492.

MANHATTAN LINE
TO ALBANY $1.00 ROUND TRIP $1.50 GOOD 10 DAYS.
Thru Tk'ts & Bagg' Check'd to All Points.
Strs Lve. daily, Pier 39, N. R., foot W. Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6 P. M. Tel. 9226 Spring.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
For Newburgh, Po'keepsie and Kingston, from ft. Franklin St., week days, 4 P. M.; West 129th St., 4:30 P. M. For Newburgh, from Franklin St., 5 P. M. Sundays, 9 A. M.

Bankruptcy Notices

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL PATELSON and LOUIS LEVIN, individually and as copartners trading as PATELSON & LEVIN, Bankrupts.—No. 18,578.

To the creditors of Samuel Patelson and Louis Levin, individually and as copartners trading as Patelson & Levin, of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the third day of October, A. D. 1913, the said Samuel Patelson and Louis Levin, individually and as copartners trading as Patelson & Levin, were duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twenty-fifth day of November, 1913, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, November 7th, 1913.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 18,878.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE W. STIMPSON, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of George W. Stimpson of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of October, A. D. 1913, the said George W. Stimpson was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Nov. 8th, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 18,187.—MORRIS MEYER, trading as ADAM LEVINSON, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated October 21st, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 15th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November 7th, 1913.

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R., 19th & 20th Sts.
"OLYMPIC"
NOV. 15, 11:00 A. M. DEC. 13.
LONDON—PARIS
via Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
OTHER SAILINGS
Majestic, Nov. 26, noon | *St. Paul, Dec. 19
Oceanic, Dec. 5, noon | *St. Louis, Dec. 26
*American Line Steamer. One Class Cabin (II.) Service.
N. Y.—Queenstown—Liverpool—12 noon
CELTIC.......Nov. 13 | BALTIC.......Dec. 4
CEDRIC.......Nov. 20 | CELTIC.......Dec. 11
American Pier 62, N.R., 10 A.M. 23d Street
N. Y., Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton.
One Class Cabin (II.) Service
ST. LOUIS....Nov. 21 | *OCEANIC.....Dec. 5
PHILA'PHIA..Nov. 28 | NEW YORK...Dec. 12
*White Star Line Steamer, 1st, 2d, & 3d Class.
Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N. R., 16th St.
Minnewaska. Nov. 15, 10 a.m. | Minneapolis. Dec. 6
Minnetonka.. Nov. 22, noon | Minnehaha. Dec. 13
Red Star Pier 61, N.R., 10 A.M. 18th Street
N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
SPLENDID STEAMER
LAPLAND, NOV. 12
For England and the Continent
VADERLAND Nov. 19 FINLAND Dec 3
KROONLAND Nov. 26 ZEELAND Dec. 10
WINTER CRUISES
ITALY & EGYPT The Riviera via Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Monaco. Largest Steamers in the Trade
Adriatic Celtic
NOVEMBER 29.
Jan. 10 Jan. 24
Feb. 21 Mar. 7
Canopic........Nov. 27
Cretic..........Dec. 11
PANAMA CANAL West Indies South America The Newest Cruising Steamers Lapland
Laurentic Megantic
JANUARY 7.
Jan. 17 Jan. 24
Jan. 31 Feb. 11
Feb. 25 Mar. 4
Mar. 14 Apl. 4
16 to 28 Days.
$145 to $175 upward.
Passenger Office, 9 B'way, N. Y.

BERMUDA
Go now and see for yourself its continual charm, its enchantment, its everlasting beauty, and enjoy its outdoor sports — learn why so many delightful people visit and live there also.
2 Days from N. Y.
ROUND TRIP $25 Up
Sailings Every Week.
Tickets Interchangeable.
S. S. CARIBBEAN
5,688 Tons. Reg. 10,670 Tons Displ.
Send for Booklets to
The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
Sanderson & Son, Gen. Agts.,
22 State St. Tel. 2360 Broad.
Raymond & Whitcomb, Thos. Cook & Son, or any ticket agent.
S. S. BERMUDIAN
Twin Screw, 10,518 Tons Displ.
Send for Booklets to
Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd.,
A. E. Outerbridge & Co., Agts., 29 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 1760 Rector.
Thos. Cook & Son,
or any Ticket Agent.
WRITE FOR BOOKLETS

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France.)
Departures Every Wednesday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, ft. of W. 15th St.
*La Savoie.......Nov. 12 | *La Lorraine.......Dec. 3
*La Provence.....Nov. 19 | *La Savoie.......Dec. 10
‡France (new)....Nov. 26 | ‡France (new)...Dec. 17
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II.) & Third-class Passengers Only.
‡ROCHAMBEAU (new).......November 15
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

Holland America Line
21-24 State St., N. Y.
PARIS—LONDON—ROTTERDAM.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 10 A. M.
*Noordam.........Nov. 11 | †Rotterdam.......Nov. 25
*Ryndam..........Nov. 18 | *Potsdam........Dec. 2
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth and Boulogne.

Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 18,762.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SOLOMON A. VANDER POORTER, doing business as A. VANDER POORTER & SONS, Alleged Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of October, A. D. 1913, a petition in bankruptcy was filed against the above-named alleged bankrupt, and that said alleged bankrupt has filed schedules of his property and a list of his creditors as required by law, which schedules may be examined at this office.

And you are further notified that after the alleged bankrupt has been examined in open court the said alleged bankrupt proposes to offer terms of composition to his creditors of 15 per cent. in three notes, 5 per cent. each, payable respectively February 1, 1914, May 1, 1914, and August 1, 1914, indorsed by Isidore Goldman, and that a meeting of the creditors herein will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1913, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, act upon the composition proposed by the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, November 8, 1913.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL SCHWARTZ, Bankrupt.—No. 18,567.

To the creditors of Samuel Schwartz of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1913, the said Samuel Schwartz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 25th day of November, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, November 7th, 1913.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE PETER TIVNAN LUNCH COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 18,880.

To the creditors of The Peter Tivnan Lunch Company of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of November, A. D. 1913, the said The Peter Tivnan Lunch Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 25th day of November, 1913, at twelve o'clock, noon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, November 6th, 1913.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of INTERNATIONAL ENDLESS CHAIN SAW CO., Bankrupt.—No. 18,647.

To the creditors of International Endless Chain Saw Co. of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of September, A. D. 1913, the said International Endless Chain Saw Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 25th day of November, 1913, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, November 7th, 1913.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

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Bankruptcy Notices

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE SPERBER, individually and as a member of the firm of SPERBER & SEIDENBERG, Bankrupt.—No. 18,876.

To the creditors of George Sperber, individually and as a member of the firm of Sperber & Seidenberg, of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of October, A. D. 1913, the said George Sperber, individually and as a member of the firm of Sperber & Seidenberg, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twenty-fifth day of November, 1913, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, November 6th, 1913.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOHN F. KOEHNE, Bankrupt.—No. 18,611.

Notice is hereby given that John F. Koehne, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated October 30th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 15th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated November 8th, 1913.

NO. 18,881.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL H. RICHMOND, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Samuel H. Richmond of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1913, the said Samuel H. Richmond was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1913, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Nov. 8, 1913. PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BOSTON WILL HAVE ELECTRIC CAR SHOW

Current-Driven Vehicles on View There Next Week—U. S. Takes Dewar Trophy.

Electric vehicle makers have decided to hold an Electric Automobile Salon in Boston next week. The exhibition will be held in the ballroom of the Copley-Plaza Hotel on Nov. 17, 18, and 19. Space is to be limited to four cars of different models from each exhibitor, and will be alloted by the Electric Motor Car Club of Boston. This is another manifestation of the tendency of the electric car men to hold separate shows. They have done so several times in New York, and last season two private shows were held here by individual makers. Next January, however, the electrics are to have an unusually large allotment of space at the fourteenth national automobile show.

⁂

Laurels have recently been added to the American-made automobile abroad by the winning for the second time in five years of the Dewar Trophy, awarded annually by the Royal Automobile Club of Great Britain to the "motor car demonstrating the greatest achievement toward the advancement of the industry," by the Cadillac, with its 1914 model. No other car has won the trophy twice. The test this year consisted of a run of 1,000 miles under varying road conditions and at a compulsory average speed of 19.5 miles an hour. The gasoline consumption was 17.17 miles to the gallon (British measure) and the oil used amounted to 7.4 pints. The electric cranking device was used 130 times during the trial, and the new two-speed rear axle with its electric control was shifted 520 times.

⁂

Resolutions indorsing the Lincoln Highway have been adopted at San Francisco by the League of California Municipalities. They close with the clause:

"Resolved, That we hereby pledge ourselves, both personally and officially, to assist this movement in our respective places of residence whenever it may be possible to do so."

⁂

A new six-cylinder car, the Vaughan, has come to "Automobile Row" and has been placed on view, temporarily, at the Hotel Astor. The car is of true stream line body design with a 138-inch wheel base and a number of refinements of motor and control design, among which may be mentioned cylinders, 3¾ by 5½ inches, cast in a single block; rear gasoline tank and spare tire iron, clean running boards, clock at the top of the steering column and absence of side lamps. The car has cantilever springs in the rear. Officers of the company which builds the car at Kingston, N. Y., are A. B. Cordner, President; Orlando F. Weber, Vice President; H. W. Johns, Treasurer; E. S. Partridge, Secretary, and Chester Griswold, Engineer.

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COURT CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ. Court opens in Room 124, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. 29—N Y, N H & H R R v. Vizvari. 10—Matter of Pedlow. 41—Taylor v. Delaware & Eastern R R. 49—Buffalo Dredging Co v. Merida. 56—Coggey v. Bird. 60—Matter of Savarese. 62—Guaranty Trust Co v. Hannay. 61—Palmer v. Superior Mfg Co. 165—Daniel Green Felt Shoe Co v. Dolgeville Co. 172—Chappell & Co, Lim, v. Fields.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Court opens in Room 48, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar. 71—Barnes v. Fireman's Fund Ins Co. 109—Morris v. New Eng Nav Co. 111—McBride v. Oriental Bank of N Y. 15—Mitchell v. Phila and Reading Coal and Iron Co. 16—Miller v. Phila and Reading Coal and Iron Co. 112—Morgan v. Anderson. 125—Dod v. Pattengill. 127—United States v. Cohen. 128—Int Waterproofing Co v. Moritz. 132—Forty-two Broadway Co v. Anderson. 133—United States v. Ciguoni. 137—First Nat Bank of Chicago v. Cascadian Spring Water Co. 138—Hannigan v. Northwestern Theatrical Assn. 140—Blum v. Franklin Ins Co. 141—Blum v. Alliance Ins Co. 142—Blum v. Liverpool and London and Globe Ins Co. 143—Blum v. Potomac Ins Co. 145—United States v. Five Bales of Silk. 89—Banker v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 131—Rothstein v. N Y Rys.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Ray, J. Court opens in Room 47, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Equity and jury calendar. 87—Rubsamen v. J M Horton Ice Cream Co. 150—Buhrman v. Indian Refining Co. 92—Darnell v. L I R R. 93—Darnell v. L I R R. 12—Sparrow v. Campbell. 96—Stewart v. N Y, N H & H R R. 149—Calansky v. Lehigh Valley Coal Co. 134—Keller v. Loyless. 135—Keller v. Loyless. 20—Munroe v. Trenton Oil Cloth Co. 70—Rockwell v. Naumburg. 122—Fountain Elec Floor Box v. Trustees Masonic Hall. 45—Brennen v. Lehigh Val R R.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J. Court opens in Room 72, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M. Equity calendar. 251—Babbitt v. Reed. 3—Oriental Tissue Co v. Louis Dejonge & Co. 203—Ernst v. Fidelity and Deposit Co. 13—Diamond C Salt Co v. Worcester Salt Co. 34—Nat Cash Register Co v. Rauch.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Court opens in Room 66, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Bankruptcy discharges: C Weller, D W Traudsen, W F McElroy, S Cohen, H J Winkler, W C & H N Allen, T Chalkiadi, W H Jones, S J Johnson, J H Singer, A Gordon, A Stofer, M Dushey, W W Penfield, H & H Raabe, E O'Brien, M E McHugh, M Aron, Rector's, N. Berndheim, Siegel & Rubinstein. Under objections: C H Peckworth, J. Elfern, W Gelband, A Brady, A Ratner, A Kaufman, L B Edelstein, L Hammel, J H Rothschild, S Fleishman, B D Thorn, Ratner & Seagow, J H & I Horowitz, Schwartz & Stewne. Adjourned cases: P Friedman, A Ringler, M S Uhlfelder, B Stats, Ulrich & R, Perman & Singer. Involuntary cases: Petition v. Tangier Co, Petition v. A M Arnett, Petition v. Francisco Battaglia, Petition v. Schmudler & Co. Motions: A Goldschlag, E Kolber, Huntner & Haselkorn, Union Gas & Elec Fix Co, S Cohn, Kann & Co, Gould Mfg Co, Catsiano & Hein, A L Canfield, Coward Iron Wks, Arkin & Guild, M M Koch, S H Berngson, J Kofald, C F Seidell, Werba & Leussleer, Finrock Iron Wks, (2,) Zindel Mfg Co, Rector's, Karp Bros, S Blumenkrohn & Co, A A Jones, Schwarcy & Klein, J A Baker Motion Co, M A Cadwell, J Forsythe, Catalano & Hein, L Adelson, S H Blair, Fischman Leather Goods Co, Raccuglia & Bellucci, Composite Board Co, Atlantic Cement Co.

STATE.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Seabury, J. Litigated motions. 1—Kraus v. Kraus. 2—Matter of Cunningham. 3—Lichtenstein v. Lichtenstein. 4—Kupperstein v. Heningham. 5—Matter of Duross (Warren Bros Cont Co.) 6—Ottinger v. Bennett. 7—Smith v. Nunez. 8—Shuman v. Shuman. 9—Isaacs v. Isaacs. 10—Heues v. Heues. 11—Dorland v. Fidelity Dev Co. 12—Same v. same (Robin.) 13—Baltimore Dairy Lunch Co v. Belmore Lunch Co. 14—Matter of Excelsior Bldg & Loan Assn. 15—Dwyer v. Dow Const Co. 16—E Moch Co v. Security Bank. 17—Same v. same. 18—Mutual Life Ins Co v. Burtnett. 19—Zuckerberg v. Zuckerberg. 20—Hugh v. Hugh. 21—Holmes v. Bell. 22—Donovan v. United Fruit Co. 23—Same v. same. 24—Marshall v. Hayes. 25—Furthmann v. Furthmann. 26—Freeman v. Berry. 27—People's Surety Co v. Commercial Adv Co. 28—Same v. same. 29—Mitteldeutsche v. Bosselman. 30—Wetmore v. Detroit Edison Co. 31—Bierman v. Freyer. 32—Deutsch v. W L Barrel Co. 33—Matter of Creston Ave. (McCarroll.) 34—Ratz v. Minden. 35—Shelford Estates v. Martens. 36—Preiser v. Thaler. 37—Wolfe v. Delle. 38—Crane Co v. Wicks. 39—Robins v. Byrne. 40—Weiss v. Weiss. 41—Nichols v. Nichols. 42—Levien v. Levien. 43—Starr v. Averett. 44—Maddock v. Hartman. 45—St Dunstan Socy v. Newman. 46—Roth v. Katzen Realty Co. 47—Hanf v. Gerard Lane Brew Co. 48—Bogart v. Mitchell. 49—Stajek v. N Y Tanning Extract Co. 50—Harlem Sav Bank v. Larkin. 51—Briggs v. Sweeney. 52—Sternberg v. Sternberg. 53—Bdway Trust Co v. Mountain Const Co. 54—Radin v. Driscoll. 55—Crane Co v. Wicks. 56—Stevens v. Minsker Realty Co. 57—Trowbridge v. Fox. 58—Sweet v. Wersall. 59—Ettinger v. Ettinger. 60—Pluemacher v. Levy. 61—Postakowitz v. Postakowitz. 62—Granat v. Granat. 63—Smith v. Intl Feature Film Co. 64—Copeland v. Donnegan. 65—First Oleszyceer Aid Socy v. Adolph. 66—Schmalz v. Ajev Co. 67—Kronethal v. Rosenthal. 68—Lofaso v. Hunzeker. 69—Benz Auto Import Co v. Froehlich. 70—Matter of Evans. 71—Albany County Sav Bk v. Church & Warren Co. 72—Von Ardyn v. Stoneham. 73—Weatherley v. same. 74—Berger v. Berger. 75—Bowery Sav Bk v. Hellrung. 76—Bacon Piano Co v. Ward. 77—Kuppersmith v. Hoffman. 78—Clarke v. Nichols. 79—Mandelbaum v. Renark. 80—Gabriel v. Building Operation Co. 82—Markel v. Greenblatt. 83—Dombro v. Tarler. 84—Fulgione v. Whitehead. 85—Same v. same. 86—Winship v. Winship. 87—Pape v. Pape. 88—Goldstein v. Goldstein. 89—Israel v. Israel. 90—Mari v. Mari. 91—Tuzzei v. American Bonding Co of Baltimore. 92—Walter v. Walter. 93—Hockstim v. Sonntag. 94—State Bank v. Cohen. 95—Smith v. Ross. 96—Tenzer v. Lien. 97—Richter v. McIntire. 98—Kaufman v. Dixon. 99—Davidson v. Davidson. 100—Standard Plumb Supply Co v. Shanski. 101—Glass v. Glass. 102—Matter of Strauss. 103—Hodes v. Kern. 104—Matter of Cunningham (Gehrman.) 105—Abrahamson v. Rollmann. 106—City of N Y v. Weckers. 107—N Y County Natl Bank v. Guernsey. 108—Rutherford Realty Co v. Kern. 109—Gallagher v. Kaufman. 110—People ex rel Maltz v. Cong Gemile Chesed Kranken. 111—Vergnolle v. Waldo. 112—Kerrigan v. Strauss. 113—Coyne v. City N Y. 114—Wood v. Walter. 115—Second Natl Bank of Cincinnati v. Tooker. 116—Guar Trust Co v. O'Connor. 117—Mecum v. Mooyer. 118—Rosenthal v. Rosenthal. 119—Schmidt v. Medical Soc'y of the County of New York. 120—Hood v. McLeod. 121—People v. Besse. 122—Hahn v. Locust Farms Co. 123—Dorland v. Fidelity Dev Co. 124—McGrath v. Brink. 125—Lacina v. Belsky. 126—McKenna v. Sweet. 127—Elliott v. Krausch. 128—Golden v. same. 129—Strickland v. same. 130—Broder v. Rafolo. 131—Burnstein v. Burnstein. 132—Matter of U S Fidelity & Guar Co. 133—Same v. same. 134—Whiteside v. McCarthy. 135—Barnsdall v. Imperial Osage Dev Co. 136—Natl Fireproofing Co v. Tower Bros Stationery Co. 137—Keating v. Mann Rway Co. 138—Connelly v. Troxell. 139—Manoliadies v. Manoliadies. 140—Richter v. McIntire.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Delany, J. Ex parte business.

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SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Dugro, J. 90—Kahn v. Springer. 221—Barr v. McMahon. 228—Ackerson v. Langer. 4357—Lolacono v. Greenberg. 1111—Langer v. B'klyn Heights R R. 1017—Reh v. Schnitzer. 1227—Neu v. Fuller's Express Co. 1020—Melnick v. Greenberg. 1224—Joyce v. Miller Reed Co. 1228—Funke v. Clay Cont & Bldg Matl Co. 791—Finkelstein v. Sheffield Farms-Slawson-Decker Co. 798—Hetherston v. Central Park, &c, R R. 809—Boyle v. Uebelmesse. 817—Lynch v. Joline. 825—Duval v. Morley. 833—Beck v. Smith. 835—Esdaile v. Interborough R T Co. 837—Schwartz v. Third Av R R. 842—R Drukker v. The Ansonia. 843—P Drukker v. The Ansonia. 846—J Pickens v. Erlich. 847—N Pickens v. Erlich. 853—Jordon v. James T Haverty Stables, Inc. 854—Kelt v. Forward Ass'n. 855—Slavig v. Asch. 866—Massie v. Dyett Sand-Lime Brick Co. 872—Slaydon v. Interborough R T Co. 874—Kelleher v. Florida East Coast Ry. 875—Vlasto v. Pauhellenic. 876—Stein v. Nassau Elec R R. 881—Ciola v. Goldbecht. 884—Turner v. McClenahan. 896—Paris v. Lawrence. 439—Fromkess v. Heyman. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—The highest number reached in regular order on the Trial Calendar of Contract Issues published under Rule I is 1300. Pendleton, J. 317—Sieger v. Meltzer. 873—Northern Grain Co v. Wiffler. 519—Title Guar & T Co v. Asbestos Shingle, Slate & Sheathing Co. 789—Lord v. Risse. 506—Cohen v. Bean. 844—Pascocello v. Nat Chain Co. 654—Sills v. Brady. 496—Bergen Mfg Co v. Reis. 863—Edgar v. Fish. 1119—Mayer v. Monzo. 92—Ficklen Concrete Const Co v. Meehan Bldg Co. 93—Ficklen Concrete Const Co v. Hunt's Point Const Co. 96—Phillips v. Raritan Woolen Mills. 104—Ungerer & Co v. Cailler. 109—Am Woolen Co of N Y v. Klipner. 112—Greenly v. Armstrong. 2458—McCarthy v. McCarthy. 184—City of N Y v. Pizer. 185—Hoey v. Constantino. 186—Herz v. Wyckoff. 187—Kelsey & Loughlin v. City of N Y. 189—Zinsser v. Schmitt & Schwanenfluegel. 195—Canavan Bros Co v. Warren. 200—Williams v. City of N Y. 201—Schuchart v. Baker. 206—Bluenner v. Burton. 214—Kwilecki v. Dzikowska. 216—Bergstrom v. Wilson. 221—Feiney v. Single Service Package Corp'n of Am. 223—Bronx Borough Bank v. Rendall. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Newburger, J. 1016—Vreeland v. W Shelton Swallow Co. 752—Lowenstein-Weiller Co v. Gosnold Silk Mills. 515—Ludwig Nissen & Co v. Vatable. 1008—Finkelstein v. Hamilton Realty & Brokerage Co. 1117—Isaac H Blanchard Co v. Sackett & Wilhelms Co. 1082—Mallory v. Title Guar & T Co. 191—Fitzgibbons Boiler Co v. City of N Y. 1507—Small v. Housman. 344—Stewart v. Shubert. 2849—Farley v. Bohling. 1682—Farley v. Buttner. 794—McGrath v. Latimer. 795—McGrath v. Smith. 1297—Zellian v. James Beggs & Co. 891—Dubois Mfg Co v. Athens Hotel Co. 990—Nethersole v. Liebler. 1072—Abenheimer v. Bondy. 268—Poel v. Hills. 269—Poel v. Hills. 270—Poel v. Hills. 2672—Houghtaling v. Parse. 831—Kohn v. Armour & Co. 227—Gardiner v. N Y C & H R R R. 229—Markowitz v. Mannheimer. 230—Hamilton v. Weiner. 231 Borcus v. Lozier Motor Co. 232—Goldenberg Bros. & Co v. Hurwitz. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Hendrick, J. Case on. Franklin v. Hoadly. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI. Adjourned until Nov. 17.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—Philbin, J. Court opens at 10:15 A. M. Inquest. 128—Hirschfield v. Rosendorf. 720—Ackerman v. Bartine. 782—Amer Woolen Co of N Y v. Levy. 656—Minzesheimer v. Kohn. 822—I H Marks Co v. Marks. 70—Speiro v. Reinhardt. 111—McGuckin v. U S Trust Co. 127—Joffe v. Tekulsky. 132—Markee v. Morrison. 234—Casualty Co of Am v U S Casualty Co. 243—Pfaelzer v. Bach Fur Co of N Y. 246—Pen Carbon Manifold Co v. Ditmas. 247—Ely v. Interstate Securities Co. 250—Margolis v. Arizona Turquoise Mining Co. 251—Germain Co v. Meyer & Livingston. 254—Horton v. General Motors Co. 257—Barr v. Bacon. 260—Griesser v. Consumers Brew Co. 261—Crogan v. Persion. 262—Brown v. Iron Clad Mfg Co. 273—Connolly Auction Co v. Rae. 275—Ehrich v. Lockhart, Jr. 278—Schultz v. Hallock. 278½—Schultz v. Rubsamen. 279—Morgan v. Cutler. 281—N Y Bank Note Co v. Scott. 282—City of N Y v. Nagell. 283—Weingarten v. Kent. 284—Schultz v. Aufermann. 285—Bloch v. Stammell. 347—T A Gillespie Co v. City of N Y. 348—T A Gillespie Co v. City of N Y. 354—Fidelity & Casualty Co v. Levine. 361—Fragner v. Smith. 362—Rosenthal v. International College of Languages. 363—Wyman v. Rhoades. 364—Bonnette v. Finlay. 367—Erdreich v. Wettje. 368—Stuart v. Hardwick. 369—Seibert v. Hardwick. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—Brady, J. 1108—Holub-Dusha Co v. Germania Bank of City of N Y. 1101—Rubber Trading Co v. Man Rubber Mfg Co. 17—Martin v. New Trinidad Lake Asphalt Co, Lim. 51—Ball v. Queens Land & Title Co. 637—Schlacht v. Kulla. 73—Alexander v. Cambridge Tile Mfg Co. 29—Stokes v. Bradley. 224—Continental Asphalt Pav Co v. City of N Y. 225—Continental Asphalt Pav Co v. City of N Y. 226—Continental Asphalt Pav Co v. City of N Y. 287—Krummenacher v. Rodgers. 291—Nally v. City of N Y. 292—Ill Surety Co v. Rosenblum. 293—Frost v. Remich. 297—Kerr v. Star Roofing Co. 299—Moore v. Proskauer. 302—Murphy v. Bishop. 305—First Nat Bank of Greenville, Tex, v. De Winter & Co. 306—Ludwig v. Pusey & Jones Co. 314—McCargo v. Jergens. 323—Citizens Central Nat Bank of N Y v. Thompson. 325—Booth Co v. Brooklyn Young Men's Christian Assn. 328—Conlon v. McAleenan. 335—Union Trust Co of N Y v. Colwell. 336—Steiner v. Van Praag. 340—Frankl v. Reliance Life Ins Co of Pittsburgh. 342—Farnham v. Martin. 343—Mairs v. Holden Paper Co. 345—Weir v. City of N Y. Clear.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Wills for probate. Rachel Pechner, Edward L Field, Mary Gelfins, Solomon Linderborn, Elizabeth Cook, John Quinn, Anna Schwiedering, James M Townsend, Jane Delmonte.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S. Contested wills. 3058—Ella Bodine. 3070—Schanette Adler. 3095—Elise H Gianquo. 3101—John Berger. ..—Estate of Charlotte S Rhind.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Green, J. Part III.—La Fetra, J. Part IV.—Lynch, J. Part V.—Finelite, J. Part VI.—O'Dwyer, J. Part VII.—Luce, J. Part VIII.—Smith, J. Calendar called in Part I Room at 9:45 A. M. 4314—Weschler v. Insky. 4318—Nobile v. N Y Edison Co. 4333—Czchononsky v. Fargo. 3742—Weissler v. Fishman. 10550—Brown v. Sondheim. 4130—Youngstown Grocery Co v. Brina. 4390—Rasbil v. Buff. 4385—Miller v. Ungar. 4332—Kirch v. Connecticut Cab Co. 4334—Choate v Rohner. 4303—Metzger v. Broadway Improvement Co. 4162—Van Lewin v. N Y Rys. 3607—Fetterly v. Cartwright. 4220—Canavan Bros Co v. Hamilton Terrace Co. 1430—Spink v. Bodenslech. 4135—Chasan v. Faeber. 4391—Kaldenberg v. Glucksmann. 4405—Goldstern v. Steiner. 4406—Casey v. Krauer. 4409—Schwarz v. Otis Lithograph Co. 4413—Kern v. Kraemer. 4415—Skiba v. Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Co. 9781½—Patterson v. Youngs. 10048½—Hammel v. Kahn. 3967—Murphy v. Jones. 4357—Chaimowitz v. Harrison Granite Co. 4327—Aimowitz v. Spenadel. 11412½—Smith v. Kahn. 4420—Shannon v. Geoghegan. 4421—Weill v. Cooper Athletic Club. 4424—Boyle v. Interborough R T Co. 4425—Bryant v. Butler. 4426—Cohen v. North British & M Ins Co. 4428—Johnson v. Robbin. 4435—Mulman v. Seidenberg. 4436—Wernberg v. Hillman. 4437—Davis v. Hillman. 4438—Levine v. Brooklyn Heights R R. Clear.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Delehanty, J. 6288—H G Vogel Co v. Fishel. 6299—Gens v. Bernstein. 6175—Resnick v. Kaufman. 5938—Mindlen v. Brown. 5925—Wheeler v. Mechanical Rubber Tire Co. 6289—H G Vovel Co v. Reinhart. 6305—Brody v. Brewer Bag Co. 6318—G Lucker, Inc v. London Const Co. 6118—Gens v. State Bank. 6131—Feldman v. Globe Indemnity Co. 6169—Schopflocken v. Lackey Mfg Co. Case on.

CITY COURT—Part III., clear; Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VI., case on; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., case on.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J. Macy v. Land Map Corp—Henry M. Stevenson. N Y Co-op B & L Assn v. Carroll—John Z. Lowe. Stewart v. Corn—Townsend Morgan.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J. Wilson Marshall v. Carrie D. Mainzer—William P. Rooney.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J. Henry Silverstone v. Isaac Huppert—H. C. S. Stimpson.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Blackmar, J.; Part II., Garretson, J.; Part III., Manning, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Kelby, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J. 1195—Kens v. Lutz. 4559—Cameron Machine Co v. Hoffman-Youmans Mills. 786—Power v. B H R R. 1651—Nolan v. Parkinson. 688—Turner v. Woolworth and another. 1655—Bloomfield v. Board of Education. 1057—McDonough v. Bolowitz and another. 1659—Gassert v. B H R R. 1662—Pocket v. Transit Development Co. 1107—Patterson v. City of New York & B H R R. 1674—Poling v. Nassau R R. 1675—McMorrow v. B H R R. 1523—Leary v. Sandblom. 1687—Diamond v. Lupo. 1688—Bracket v. Long Island R R. 1689—Moss v. Doell. 1690—Ryan v. Gilbert Box Co. 744—Rath v. McNaught and another. 1696—Marino v. Champlain Silk Mills. 1698, 1699—Bradley v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 1701, 1702, 1703—Petito & Di Pietro v. Greenwood Cemetery. 1704—Colino v. Fox. 1706—Marsulli v. Greenwood Cemetery. 1707—Pippicarp v. New York Rys Co. 1708, 1709—Addison v. Fargo. 1711—Messer v. Brooklyn Union El R R. 1712—O'Connor v. B H R R. 1713—Wohl v. Coney I & B R R. 1714—Chandler v. same. 1715—Realander v. New York Dock Co. 592—Ward v. Campion. 1007—Jonki v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 1296—Brooklyn Furniture Co v. Weiss. 1505, 1506—Nugent v. B H R R. 3254—Taft v. Taft. 4165—Kaplan et al v. Feinstein et al. 4521—Ocean Bathing Suit Co v. Coady et al. 4610—Shiebler v. Suffolk Gas & Elec Light Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 603—McConnell v. Centner and another. 793—Pockrass v. Kaplan. 809—Turk v. Schoenberg. 930—Fox v. Fox. 1102—Gorman v. Knox Hat Mfg Co. 396—Borough Const'n Co v. City of New York. 1167—De Moll v. City of New York. 1245—Froiman v. Motor Taximeter Cab Co and another. 1321—Gallagher v. Braun. 1495—Domingo v. New England Nav Co. 1582—Thaler v. Liederman Realty Co and another. 2881—Strauss v. Seifter et al. 755—Southwick v. Interborough R T. 851—Larsen v. Morse Dry Dock Co and another. 945—Gilmore v. Nassau R R. 1169—Waters v. Matthews. 1292—Levenson v. Service Stores Co and another. 1315—Findling v. Brody and another. 1392—Gotthaus v. B H R R. 1478—Seaman v. Cornelius. 1594—Sterling v. Peale. 4059—Newman v. Lewis. 4550—Pape v. Ashfield. 4583—Zeichner v. Katz et al. 704—Anderson v. Rodgers & Hagerty. 1232—Mason v. Honik. 4160—Eastern Woodworking Co v. New Lots Const'n Co and another. 4359—Eastern Woodworking Co v. Cohen. 1174—Morse v. Hilton. 1526—Botjer v. Connecticut Cab Co. 4599—Salowich v. National Lead Co. 4604—Sweeney v. Edison Elec Ill Co. 495—Lawlor v. Coney I & B R R. 776—Hayman v. City of N Y, B H R R, and L I R R. 922—Kennedy v. B H R R and City of New York. 1067—Moldestad v. Timmins et al. 1144—Horn v. Sweeney. 1158—Vasligato v. McAllister. 1164—Byrne v. Nassau R R. Highest number reached on regular call, 1719.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Trials.—Kelly, J. Issues of law: 463—Enton v. Yeomans, B H R R Co & ano. 210—Armstrong v. N Y Press Co. Issues of fact: 422—Sherwood v. McClean. 384—Kurnick v. Shernsky. 406—Vose v. Noiseless Door & Cushion Co. 415—Butzgy v. Schneider. 417—Luciano v. M & J Const Co. 418—Sinclair v. Mulrean. 420—McEnroe v. Ryan. 425—Coen v. James. 429—Mole v. Mole. 431—Ruckert v. Haggerty. 441—Magliocano v. Humphries Const Co. 444—Malone v. Schmidt. 539—Benevy v. Benevy. 307—Zerwick v. Zerwick. 301—Franklin v. Franklin. 148—Lindner v. Hopkins. 170—Breines v. Meyer. 74—Williams v. Stone. 106—Antonnucci v. Antonnucci. 228—Brascher v. Williams. 66—Stillwell v. Bateman. 147—Breslau v. Kaufman. 50—Rupp v. Rupp. 98—Blesser v. Loebelson. 235—Samper v. Samper. 236—Smith v. Smith. 20—Brady v. Brady. 183—Parker v. Chankin. 112—Haldane (action 1) v. Somerville. 166—Quick v. Quick. 178—Fleer v. Fleer. 105—James v. James. 374—People ex rel Ehret v. Purdy, Com. 376—People ex rel Bowery Bay Bldg Co v. Purdy, Com. 465—People ex rel Rhodes v. Donnell and another, Commrs. 398—So Amboy Terra Cotta Co v. Sam House Amuse Co. Highest number reached on the regular call, 463.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Kelby, J. Jacob Leclinsky, Henry Ballinger, Edward Metzler, John Keller, Vitto Marino, Frederick Bungardt, Herbert Rainey, and William Golden.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division, Second Judicial Department. The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in the Second Department, does hereby make the following assignments:

Mr. Justice William J. Kelly to hold Kings County Trial Term, Part I., of the Supreme Court, commencing on the first Monday of December, 1913, at the Court House, in the County of Kings, in place of Mr. Justice Harrington Putnam.

Mr. Justice Isaac M. Kapper to hold Kings County Trial Term, Part IV., of the Supreme Court, commencing on the first Monday of December, 1913, at the Court House, in the County of Kings, in place of Mr. Justice William J. Kelly.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Benedict, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Ketcham, S. Wills of Christopher Michel, Mary Fitzpatrick, Adolph Witherel, Herman Macnier, E. C. Arters, and Louis Goldstein. Accountings in the estates of Henry Hegeman, N. J. Nelson, Sarah McCarthy, Mary Eden, John Tynam, Antonio Lorella, Frank Ross, and Robert Jones. Estates of John Carley, Henry Gillen, Martin Wempert, Sarah McCarthy, Catherine Fitzpatrick, Abe Fondelin, G. W. Barney, Eugene Tyler, John N. Smith, and Josephine Campbell. Contested calendar. Wills of Grace Hermandez and Grace S. Kessing.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part I.—Fawcett, J. Antonio Celno, William F. Wyckoff, Edward Buddie, Nathan Forman, Isidor Storch, Kings County Iron Foundry, Michael Gottlieb, Louis Wittman, and Henry Kline.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part II.—Tiernan, J. Samuel Fernada, Claude Mazzi, John J. Steffan, Pietio Ferro, Harry Pasukoff, Salvatore Devella, Benjamin Arend, Eli Pequard, and Frank Bonza.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part III.—Moore, J. John Gimaldi, Ralph Ferris, Herbert Kramer, William Rapp, Jr., Louis Rosenbaum, Harry J. Kirson, and Louis Bispano.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part IV.—Dike, J. 2237—Taylor v. B Q Co & Sub R R Co. 2238—Burke v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 2241—Stoddard Motor Co v. Mayer. 2247—Horowitz v. Lack. 2248—Korjibski v. Blue Taxi Co. 2251—Lucey v. Kalaf. 2253—Fenn v. Buchler. 981—Anderson v. B H R R Co. 2223—Harney v. B H R R Co. 2182—McCabe v. B H R R Co. 2233, 2234, 2235—Conners and others v. B H R R Co. 2463—Deinhorst v. Forst.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 2256, 2257—Silber v. McEnany. 2258, 2259—Wayerhausen v. Feltman. 2260—Durangi v. Coney I & B R R Co. 2261—De Fee v. B H R R Co. 2262—Hopp v. B H R R Co. 2263—Bach v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 2264—Fuccy v. B H R R Co. 2265—Sayonia v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 2266—O'Connor v. Coney I & B R R Co. 3383—Rosner v. N Y Rys Co. Highest number reached on regular calendar, 2266.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Jenks, Burr, Carr, Rich, Stapleton, J. 666—Baum v. Morse Co. 446—Remington v. Schultz Co. 668—Hack v. Supreme Lodge, &c. 438—Costigan v. Stamford Ry. 552—Nass v. Manhattan Mills. 523—Carnochan v. Erie R R. 539—Donovan v. Erie R R. 567—Blydenburgh v. Ely. 657—Scott v. McClung. 137—White v. Moore. 628—Barry v. Thompson. 648—Ashley v. Erie R R. 516—People v. Cincotta. 672—People v. Rothenberg. 673—People v. Borok. 676—People v. Schippani. 677—People v. Sorrentino. 678—People v. Tonolo. 679—People v. Randazzo. 680—People v. Anderson. 681—People v. Sulzberger. 682—Montauk Tribe of Indians v. Benson. 686—Foley v. Waldo. 687—Elliott v. Niles. 688—Matter of Marks. 689—Williams v. N Y Telephone Co. 690—Montgomery v. City of New York. 691—Coffee v. Sax Lumber Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Litigated Motions—Maddox, J. 1—Matter of Broadway Ferry Lands. 2—Rose v. Blank. 3—Fahrenkopf v. Fahrenkopf. 4—Doykalo v. Nat Sugar Refining Co. 5—Sanit v. Blank et al. 6—Harrison v. Harrison. 7—McDermott v. Rump. 8—Cram v. Cram. 9—Braunworth v. Braunworth. 10—Buegeleisen v. Buegeleisen. 11—Narrow Bay Gun Club v. East Bay Ass'n. 12—Field v. Field. 13—Hetting v. Kleinert Rubber Co. 14—Thompson v. Thompson. 15—Donkin v. Tanner Motor Co. 16—Kaplan v. Katz and another. 17—McVeigh v. Rosenzweig. 18—Eckel v. Carlton Moving Picture Laboratories. 19—Guellner v. N Y Telephone Co. 20—Gallagher v. Braun. 21—Parker v. Parker et al. 22—Matter of Todd, (Board of Plumbers.) 23—Rosenbliett v. Perlman et al. 24—Edwards and another v. Koerfer et al. 25—Kaufman v. Wilbur et al. 26—Lebett v. Crook et al. 27—Sousa v. Sousa. 28—Moore v. Moore. 29—Matter of Targee St, (Walter et al.) 30—Matter of Jerome Av, (McDaniel.) 31—Matter of Conselyea St. (Marcone.) 32—First Nat Bank of Detroit v. Hollins et al. 33—Fox v. Fox. 34—Brown v. Nass Elec R R Co. 35—Brown v. same. 36—Tennyson v. N Y & Q Elec R R Co. 37—Rosenberg v. Rosenberg. 38—Lafayette Trust Co v. Abbondanza et al. 39—Sanford v. Sanford et al. 40—Nash v. Nash et al. [illegible] 47—Matter of Municipal Building. [illegible] 52—Matter of Gross. 53—Lawyers Mortgage Co v. Campbell et al. 54—Matter of Union St. [illegible] 66—Wilson and another v. Robinson et al. 67—Andrews v. Andrews. [illegible] 75—Provisano v. Otto Huber Brew Co.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Aspinall, J. [illegible] 115—Breslin v. East River Land Co. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day: [illegible]

[illegible]

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Humphrey, J. [illegible] Highest number reached on general calendar is 114.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I.—Tompkins, J. Part II.—Morschauser, J. [illegible] The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: [illegible]

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. 751—Craft v. Burke. [illegible] 799—Curry v. Amann. 800—Consolato v. Obermeyer & Liebman. [illegible] McDonald Co. 800—Foley v. Newman.

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SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.—ALFRED GINSBURG, INC., Plaintiff, against PABLO FORNT, Defendant. [illegible] Dated, New York, October 18th, 1913. I. GAINSBURG, Plaintiff's Attorney, [illegible] To PABLO FORNT, Defendant: [illegible] Dated, New York, October 18th, 1913. I. GAINSBURG, Attorney for Plaintiff.

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Nothing like it in N. Y. City for the price.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
[illegible]

EXCEPTIONAL SUITE
TWO ROOMS, KITCHENETTE AND BATH
47 West 72nd Street.
$60 per Month.

REXMERE
[illegible] MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
[illegible]

THE IOWA
[illegible]

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Bachelor Apartments
Furnished or Unfurnished
Hotel Service
HOLWORTHY CHAMBERS
152-6 Madison Av., cor. 32d St.
2 Rooms and Bath
$480 to $1,200
Inquire on premises or
G. M. Simonson, 100 William St.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
[illegible]
See Superintendent on Premises.

STRICTLY NEW ENGLAND FIREPROOF
[illegible]
REMCO

39-43 East 27th St.
[illegible]

BRONX.

MORRIS ARMS
Cor. 179th St. & Morris Ave.
High-Class Elevator Apartments
3 rooms, $21 & up.
4 rooms, $25 & up.
5 rooms, $35 & up.
Just Completed.
[illegible]

SURROGATE NOTICES.

LICHTENSTEIN, ABRAHAM.—IN pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, [illegible] Dated New York, the 23d day of May, 1913. HUGO ROSENBERG, FLORA MINTZER, REBECCA LICHTENSTEIN, Executors. ROSE & PASKUS, Attorneys for Executors, [illegible] New York City.

KING, FANNIE.—IN PURSUANCE OF an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, [illegible] Dated New York, the 3rd day of October, 1913. CHARLES BERWIN, N. A. BERWIN, Executors. CARDOZO & ENGELHARD, Attorneys for Executors, 111 Broadway, (Manhattan,) New York City.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Snows continued over the Ohio Valley and the Lake region, with a very heavy fall in the Upper Ohio Valley, especially in West Virginia, Southeast Ohio, and Southwest Pennsylvania. There were also heavy snows over portions of the Lake Huron and Georgian Bay watersheds and gales over the entire lake and Atlantic Coast regions. Severe gales will continue Monday in the Lake region, the Upper Ohio Valley, the Middle Atlantic States, and New England, with snow over the interior districts, and rain or snow in New England. Elsewhere fair weather will prevail Monday, except in the North Pacific States, where there will be rains.

The winds for Monday and Tuesday: North Atlantic, westerly to northwesterly gales; Middle Atlantic, high westerly and northwesterly; South Atlantic, brisk to high northwesterly, diminishing during Monday.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Snow or rain and colder Monday, with westerly to northwesterly gales; Tuesday fair, continued cold.

Eastern New York—Snow or rain and much colder Monday, with a cold wave by night in west, and northwesterly gales; Tuesday fair, continued cold.

Southern New England—Fair and colder Monday, much colder at night, probably snow, cold wave Monday night in western portion; Tuesday probably fair, southwesterly to northwesterly gales.

Western New York—Snow, much colder Monday, with northwesterly gales, cold cold wave; Tuesday cloudy and cold, probably snow.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	47	61	4 P. M.	50	55
6 A. M.	45	61	6 P. M.	49	53
9 A. M.	48	62	9 P. M.	42	46
12 M.	50	61	11 P. M.	41	43

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 54; for the corresponding date last year it was 46; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 46.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 63, at 8 P. M. it was 49. Maximum temperature 63 degrees at 11 P. M., minimum 44 degrees at 10 A. M. Humidity 91 per cent. at 8 A. M., 62 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.38 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.21 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M.	Loss.
12:10—214 E. 22d St.; Mutual Milk and Cream Co	$1,000
3:35—5 E. 47th St.; Margaret James	Trifling
3:55—949 1st Av.; James O'Maio	Trifling
3:55—22 E. 67th St.; J. A. Black	Damage unknown
8:38—236 E. 28th St.; Mashan Krikorian	Trifling
11:15—279 E. 3d St.; Morris De Leon	Trifling
P.M.	
1:20—100 W. 100th St.; Charles Dundy	Trifling
6:00—616 St. Nicholas Av.; Louis P. Harris	Trifling
6:35—139 E. 23d St.; Edward Horner	Trifling
6:45—328 7th Av.; Walton Wall Paper Company	Trifling
7:15—105 W. 117th St.; Jessie Satinstein	$500
7:35—28 W. 97th St.; Joseph Gelyen	Trifling
9:15—535 E. 79th St.; M. Bartos	Trifling
10:20—111 Division St.; John Foster	Trifling

Real Estate

Manhattan—For Sale.

513 West 152d.—Modern house, three stories, hot water heat; make offer. Kewish, 36 East 29th St.

To Let—Unfurnished.

Private house, with or without stable, 242 East 52d St.; low rent. William H. Drake, 140 Nassau St., or D. Farley, 304 East 52d St.

513 West 152d.—Modern house, three stories, hot water heat; low rent. Kewish, 36 East 29th St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

CHESTER COURT ONE-FAMILY HOUSES, $7,750; terms to suit; English stucco brick; Prospect Park station, Brighton "L"; opp. 610 Flatbush Av. P. J. COLLINS, Builder.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

231ST ST. AND BAILEY AV.,
two blocks from Subway station;
house, large plot.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

SMALL FARM.

Fairly good house; near trolley and station; good boating and bathing near by; $100 cash; balance $12 per month. Address Small Farm, Box 60 Times Downtown.

Furnished bungalow for rent for year, $25 per month; five rooms, sleeping porch; asparagus bed, strawberries, peaches, and grapes. Address H. Child, Brookhaven, L. I.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Will sell at $15,000 on terms, ready to occupy, beautiful new stucco residence, 9 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, oak floors, cabinet trim, open fireplaces, sleeping porch, sun parlor; right of way to yacht pier and exclusive bathing beach; views over Sound; near churches, schools, golf links; a most delightful Winter home. Badgley, Jones & Good, 505 5th Av.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Fanwood, N. J.—Handsome new six, seven and eight room cottages, extra well built, on large, shaded plots, near depot, on terms same as rent; send to us for photos and free railroad tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Ridgewood.—High section, new house, seven rooms; steam heat; open fireplace; hardwood floors and trim; every improvement; decorated throughout; $6,800; easy terms. S. S. Walstrum, Ridgewood, N. J.

Westfield, N. J.—New six room semi-bungalow, near station and trolley, on large plot, $4,275; small first payment; $20 per month thereafter; write us for particulars and free railroad tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Mortgage Loans.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

Country Property

Wanted.

Wanted—To lease small cottage or bungalow, Jersey or Westchester, $30 per month. D 271 Times Downtown.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Desk Room.—Desirable party can acquire desk room in Singer Building. Inquire Room 1,111, 149 Broadway.

Daylight lofts, also store, basement, 25x100; 28 West 15th; cheap rent. Gray, 1,123 Broadway.

Offices, very light, steam heated, 100 Broad St.; $15 per month up.

Bronx.

To lease for a long term of years the property, n. s. 173d St., facing Anthony and Carter Avs., 100 ft. on each; deep cellar; sewer connections to both avenues; suitable for theatre or department store; terms reasonable. Kleinle Bros., 123 Lexington Av.

Schools.

Italian taught in 60 lessons by Roman University graduate, speaking French, English; 25 years' teaching; highest references from Judges, doctors, lawyers; special rates for two or more pupils together. P 62 Times.

PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT by experts will increase your chest 3 inches, upper arm 1 inch, in 25 lessons. Gymnasium, 44 West 50th St. Robert Schinsing.

Riding lessons given by experienced instructor; trained cattle horses $3 per hour, $5 for two hours. L 29 Times.

Dancing Academies.

Dancing taught (privately) by refined lady. Hesitation-waltz, one step, tango, etc. Mlle. Mindere, 105 W. 70th St. 4034 Col.

Musical.

WANTED—Boys with voices for church; salary and training. Choirmaster, N. Y. Times.

Pianos and Organs.

European lady will sell elegant mahogany upright piano, brand new, made to order, ivory keys, artistic instrument, with five beautiful imported piano vases, lace cover and stool, high value, sell all for only $150. Call 9 A. M. to 9 evenings. No dealers.

244 CENTRAL PARK WEST,
between 84th and 85th Sts. PRIVATE HOUSE.

DIRECT FROM FACTORY, $100.
New pianos, $100; new players, $250. Write for booklets. United Mfrs., 108 West 34th St.

Steinway upright piano in excellent condition. Will sell for $115. Anguera, 316 West 42d St.

Lost

LOST—If lady returns two rings she removed from Child's Restaurant, 32d and 6th Av., no questions will be asked; liberal reward paid. Fleming, Room 403 Whitehall Building.

LOST—Pocketbook containing bunch of keys, Broadway and Cortlandt St., 6th inst.; no value except owner; $10 reward if returned. 43 West 58th.

LOST—A gold chain with key attached, between 34th and 38th Sts., on Saturday about 5:30 P. M.; reward. Reply to Y 283 Times.

LOST—Gold fob Friday night; suitable reward. Apply Room 1001, 220 5th Av.

Reward of $100 for return of ring lost on or after Sept. 26. Single pearl surrounded by diamonds, platinum head, gold shank. Will buy ticket if pledged.
PICKSLAY & CO.,
570 5th Avenue.

$100 REWARD
and no questions asked for return diamond bowknot pin, lost Nov. 2, St. Agnes's Chapel, (92d-Columbus,) to my address. Mrs. Patterson, 167 West 87th St.

$50.00 REWARD
and no questions asked for return two fur coats, one cloth coat, lost from auto, East 43d, near 5th Av., Wednesday. J. S. Ferguson, 49 Wall St.

Found.

FOUND.—Diamond and sapphire brooch (Tiffany make); write complete description. L 37 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Black brindle Aberdeen terrier, answering to name "Jock"; plain black leather collar. Liberal reward if returned to Henderson, 82 Irving Place, (Gramercy Park.)

LOST—Collie dog, Cincinnati license on collar; answers to name Ship; liberal reward. Return R. W. White, 36 West 59th St. Plaza —2514.

STRAYED from 160 West 126th St., female fox terrier, brown markings on head.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Business Opportunities.

Moving-picture theatres; 300 seats and upward; bona fide propositions; details cheerfully submitted. Pitzer & Smith, 32 Union Square and 1,480 Broadway, corner 42d.

PARTNER WANTED.
Good, long-established woodworking factory wants partner with $2,000 to $3,000. Address L 34 Times.

A metal goods manufacturing company needs man with $5,000 to $7,000 to increase business; big profits; bears investigation. Write Y 279 Times.

Splendid protected business needs capital and brains; profits enormous; demand unlimited and positively every way unparalleled. 403 Tribune Building.

Splendid young business, profits enormous, needs capital; unparalleled opportunity. 403 Tribune Building.

Good opportunity for young salesman with small capital, enter partnership with ladies' dress manufacturer. Allara, 180 6th Av.

Business Exchange.

Use your spare time to build up a mail order business of your own. We help you start for a share in profits. 27 opportunities. Particulars free. Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Business Notices.

$3 buys forcible, convincing circular letter sure to bring business; any line. Call NATIONAL ADWRITING SERVICE, 1,182 Broadway.

Dependable multigraph typewritten letters; 300, $1.50; 1,000, $2; 10,000, $10; delivered. Telephone Cortland 1332. William Gray, 93 Nassau.

Reliable multigraph letters, 1,000 $1.50; 10,000 $8. Telephone Greeley 639. Gotham Multigraph Company, Room 1,204, 45 West 34th.

Multigraphed letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. 'Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau, Room 1,018.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.

Remington, Smith Premier, and all invisible makes, three months for $5; Underwoods, L. C. Smith, Monarch, No. 10 Remington and all other visible typewriters, $3 monthly, or two months for $5; all machines sold or rented by us are equal to new and are sold from 38 to 65 per cent. less than manufacturers' prices, and to prove it we will allow all rental paid up to six months to apply if you desire to purchase, and, what is more, kept in perfect order and free during the time you rent it and one year after you buy it. Can you ask for a fairer proposition?
TYPEWRITER SALES CO.,
5 Cortlandt St. Tel. 1983 Cortlandt.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 5408
956 Broadway, at 23d St. Franklin.
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
10 Barclay St. Tel. 6358 Cortlandt.

MIRRORS—MIRRORS—MIRRORS.
All kinds of framed and unframed plate glass tops to cover desks, furniture, &c.; triplicate mirrors for tailors and dressmakers. Phone 7190 Madison Square. NATHAN LYONS, 131 West 31st.

Slightly used desks, office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, filing cabinets, mimeographs, carpets, partitions. Nathan's, 102 Worth.

A Big Sale—Desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, hat trees, telephone booths, wardrobes, oak and mahogany. Quick & McKenna, 6 Reade St.

SEVENTY TYPEWRITERS.
Costing $100 each new, now $5 and up; selling out store. 393 Broadway.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

West Side.

Select Apartments For Particular People. The YORKE Agency will find one for you without cost or trouble. 25 West 42nd St., near Fifth Av. Bryant 6899.

THE JEFFERSON,
324-328 WEST 51ST ST.
Very attractive apartments; four, seven rooms; elevator service; all improvements. Apply premises or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

THE LINCOLN,
306-310 West 51st St.
Attractive apartment, four and five large, light rooms, bath; elevator; all modern improvements. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

311 WEST 128TH ST.,
northeast corner St. Nicholas Av.; very desirable corner apartment, six rooms, bath; all improvements; suitable doctor, dentist, or dressmaker. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

93D ST., 46 AND 48 WEST.
Seven and eight large rooms; bath; all light; fine location; half block from Park entrance and "L" express station; $50 to $62.50.

7 LARGE ROOMS.
3,924 Broadway, near 165th,
All light rooms.
Steam heat, hot water, $47.50.

Dentists and Doctors.—1st apt., 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; 470 West 144th St., corner Amsterdam Av., junction Hamilton Place; rent $50.

171st, 568 West.—Five rooms, modern improvements, $32; concessions; near 168th St.-Broadway subway.

173d St., 526 West.—4 and 6 large, light rooms, $25-$32; concessions; will renovate to suit.

47TH, 16 WEST.—Small kitchenette apartment; heat, hot water; every convenience; moderate.

13TH ST., 128 WEST.—Telephone Chelsea 6650; high class apartments 2, 3 or 4 rooms with kitchen or kitchenette.

Attractive unfurnished apartment to lease. The Chelsea, West 23d St. Phone 2700 Chelsea.

High-class apartment; best service, best location; rent reasonable. 203 West 113th St.

HIGH-CLASS APARTMENT, $60.
Six rooms, elevator, &c. 5 West 104th St.

160th St., 556 West.—Six large, light rooms; all modern improvements; $29.

5 West 16th St.—Bachelor apts. and skylight studios; rent, $45-$50. Tel. 3106 Chel.

Six outside rooms; owner's supervision. 515 West 130th St.

East Side.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
UNFURNISHED—HOUSEKEEPING.
Two rooms and bath, front, choice.......$32
Four rooms and bath, front...............$34
Excellent meals served in handsome dining room if preferred. One dollar dinners for 50c.
THE HILLHURST, 154-160 East 91st St.

28 EAST 65TH STREET.—Southwest cor. Madison Av., new apartments, 2 and 3 rooms & bath, $650 to $1,020. Apply on premises or Alvan W. Perry, 20 Nassau St.; phone John 800.

BEAUTIFUL 7 ROOMS, $50.
Lexington Bldg., cor. 60th St., Lexington Av.

Bronx.

1,380 Prospect Av., (near Freeman Subway station.)—Seven large, light rooms; bath, electric light; all improvements; low rents.

Eagle Av., 923.—Before deciding investigate this $34 apartment; seven light rooms; bath, electric light; near "L." Janitor.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

West Side.

VERY DESIRABLE SINGLE ROOMS, WITH BATH; ALSO CHOICE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES AT MOST ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

HOTEL WALLICK,
43D AND BROADWAY.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, at 72d St.
6, 8, 9 rooms and two baths, newly decorated and furnished; possession immediately. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 3547.

THE NEVADA,
70TH ST. AND BROADWAY.
Seven all-light rooms, facing Broadway, exquisitely furnished; two handsome baths. Apartment 3C. Phone 684 Columbus.

92 Morningside Av. East, opposite park.—Comfortably furnished seven-room corner apartment; elevator service; rent $75 to desirable party. Porter & Co., 159 West 125th St.

A.—Riverside Drive, Nos. 120-125, north corner of 84th St.; handsomely furnished apartments, 10, 11, and 12 all light rooms; three, four baths. Stewart. See Superintendent.

101ST, 241 WEST.—EIGHT LARGE, WELL-FURNISHED ROOMS, 2 BATHS, SUBLET TO OCTOBER NEXT. PHONE 3290 RIVERSIDE. APARTMENT 2 E.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Apartments of one, two, or more rooms, with kitchenette privileges; electricity, telephone, &c. Del Monte. Apartment 53.

High-class furnished apartments to sub-lease four months or longer; $75 to $600 per month. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

124th, 510 West.—Corner apartment, six rooms; telephone, electricity, elevator. Weber, 880 Morningside.

Newly furnished five-room apartment; adults preferred; references. Buckley, 618 West 156th St.

Riverside Drive, 454, (near 116th.)—Five large rooms; $85 month. Apt. 4C.

Furnished apartment, 7 rooms, bath; 2 maid's rooms; all night elevator. 125 West 58th.

East Side.

Hotel St. Lorenz, 127 East 72.—2-room apartment, with bath, $10 weekly; 3-room apartment, with bath, $14 weekly; 4-room apartment, with bath, $15 weekly; 5-room apartment, with bath, $18-$25 weekly.
Furnished or unfurnished.
Includes service, heat, and electric light.
Moderate-priced restaurant.
Phone 130 Lenox. S. S. Ryman, Mgr.

THE HAMPTON, 22 EAST 31ST.
Exclusive, well-managed apartments, 2 to 4 rooms, with bath; furnished or unfurnished; table service optional. Worth investigating.

45th, 19 East.—Quiet, sunny, three rooms, bath; kitchenette if desired.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

WANTED—FURNISHED APARTMENT, BY FAMILY OF 4 ADULTS, FOR 4 MONTHS, BEGINNING DEC. 1, WEST SIDE, BELOW 96TH ST.; (NOT ON RIVERSIDE DRIVE;) 8 OR 9 ROOMS, (3 MASTER BEDROOMS,) 3 BATHS; PRICE LIMIT $3,500. ADDRESS SAMUEL KUBIE, 121 FRONT ST.

By four adults; must have three bedrooms and maid's room; moderate rent. Box 188, Huntington, L. I.

Storage.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Desirable front rooms; a comfortable home, with excellent table.

53D ST., 37 EAST.—Rooms, with board; table boarders; references.

89TH, 145 EAST.—Superior board; large, small rooms; decorated; private house; telephone; reasonable.

MADISON AV., 436.—Large third story front room, with alcove and large closets; well kept house; reference.

West Side.

16TH ST., 20-22 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths, &c.; excellent board; telephone.

39TH, 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

44TH, 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites, with private baths; steam heat, elevator, and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. 'Phone 6068 Bryant.

49TH, 68 WEST.—Established 25 years; rooms, suites, baths, telephone, superior table.

50TH ST., 4 WEST.—Fine rooms with board; every convenience; private house.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—ROOMS, FIRST-CLASS; REFERENCES.

54TH, 31 WEST.—Two rooms with baths; will rent separately. 'Phone 3893 Plaza.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms; superior board; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—First class large, small rooms; good board; reference; telephone.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Large room, private bath, house with owner; excellent home cooking; also smaller room, adjoining bath.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Elegant rooms; parlor dining, excellent cuisine; table boarders accommodated; reasonable.

70TH, 151 WEST.—Sunny front room; private bath; steam heat; room telephone.

71ST ST., 135 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Unexcelled table board served outside guests; single meals a specialty; large, handsomely furnished rooms, private baths; single rooms; reasonable.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS.

72D ST., 121 WEST.—Handsome rooms, large, small; new furniture; every convenience; half block from Subway and elevated.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Handsome, large front room; also sunny square room; all conveniences.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Single, double rooms; home cooking; reasonable; table guests.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—10th year; sunny rooms, baths; excellent table; references.

76TH, 244 WEST.—Attractive room; first floor front; private house; reference.

77TH, 124 WEST.—Large and medium rooms; running water; newly furnished house; parlor dining; exceptional neighborhood; references; moderate; table guests; telephone.

78TH, 155 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; conveniences.

79TH ST., 64 Riverside Drive.—Newly decorated large rooms; conveniences; Southern table; steam.

79TH, 162 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; southern exposure; first-class boarding house; references.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, homelike surroundings; excellent table.

85TH, 209 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; rare chance for good meals.

85TH ST., 125 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath; one single room; references.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—Large second-story front room; refined home; references.

88TH ST., 115 WEST.
Exceptional accommodations, subletting large room, with bath; refined home; kosher board.

89TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath; electricity, steam heat; table specialty.

90TH ST., 13 WEST.
Refined home; excellent table. Stajer.

93D, 122 WEST.—Desirable room; conveniences; well-appointed house; excellent board; references.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; "L"; substantial French board.

94TH, 36 WEST.—Desirable room, suitable two; excellent board; private house. Strauss.

94TH ST., 147 WEST.—Sunny rooms; private bath; parlor dining room; telephone; electricity.

94TH ST., 148 WEST.—Double room, second floor; running water; small room; table guests.

95TH, 65 WEST.—Roselle — Handsome rooms; cuisine, service exceptional; attractive dining; references.

103D ST., (Corner West End, 879,) near Riverside Drive; Subway.—Delightful rooms; conveniences; splendid meals and service; moderate rates.

105TH, 234 WEST.—Private dwelling, accommodating few guests only; newly furnished single, double suite; unquestionably refined neighborhood; references.

110TH ST., 141 WEST, (Apt. 5 West.)—Those desiring home comforts, refined surroundings, reasonable, investigate; accommodation for couple, two gentlemen; accessible location.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

122D, 156 WEST.—Front room; dressing room; refined location; excellent table; references.

122D, 520 WEST.—Large front rooms, separate, together; conveniences; excellent table. Kerker.

123D, 111 WEST.—A house for particular people; exceptional accommodations for table boarders; inspection invited.

130TH, 250 WEST.—Nicely furnished back parlor to let, with board.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room; electricity; well heated; large closets; private bath.

149TH ST., 544 WEST, (near Broadway Subway.)—First-class accommodations; surprisingly low rates first-class parties. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

Charming Permanent Home,
Away from city dust and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables, everything sweet and clean, very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals.
Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents.
71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

CONVENT AV., 322, (143d.)—Unusually large, handsome room, private bath, or entire second suite, in beautiful modern home; electricity; one other medium room; Southern cuisine; permanent; references. Telephone 7177 Audubon.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Large, front, double, single rooms; steam heat; table specialty.

MORNINGSIDE HEIGHTS, (414 West 121st St.)—Double and single rooms, all light, nicely furnished; high-class elevator apartment; near Subway and elevated; excellent table. Apt. 2.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 867, Near 157th St. Subway.—Exquisitely furnished, large room, overlooking drive, Hudson; private bath; steam; $22 two; single room; exclusive, private house.

THE WOODBURY,
Riverside Drive, 855, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

11TH ST., 72-82 EAST, (Corner Broadway.)—Furnished rooms, hotel service; bath and telephone accommodations; $4, $5, and $6 weekly. Ask for Mr. Palmer, Stuyvesant 4200.

15TH ST., 105 EAST, (Subway.)—Sunny parlor and bedroom; elevator, steam, electricity, telephone; bachelors; references; $50 monthly. Hardy.

21ST, 139 EAST—Gramercy Park; furnished rooms without board; all conveniences; steam.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Large and small well furnished rooms; refined private house; telephone; all conveniences; near Subway.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.
Newly furnished room.

45TH, 19 EAST.—Sunny living room; two connecting bedrooms for two gentlemen.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large room, private bath; suitable one or two gentlemen.

53D ST., 58 EAST.—Suite, parlor, bedroom, bath; handsomely furnished; electric light; phone; gentleman; private house; references.

72D, 127 EAST, (Hotel St. Lorenz.)—Large rooms, use of bath, $4, $5, $6 per week; suitable for gentlemen. 130 Lenox.

90TH, 63 EAST.—Quiet, refined home; large, attractive room, accommodating two; private American family; conveniences; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 834.—Large room; hot and cold water; all conveniences; phone.

PARK AV., 13, (34th.)—Handsomely furnished, clean rooms; single, en suite; private house.

West Side.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Skylight room, adjoining bath; private house; references; bachelors.

46TH ST., 136 WEST.—Beautiful, large, small rooms; telephone; board optional; conveniences; respectable.

46TH, 43 WEST.—Large front, back rooms, connecting; others, small; private baths.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Room; large single; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

52D ST., 200 WEST.—Handsomely furnished corner rooms, $7-$12 weekly; worth investigating. Foster.

55TH, 103 WEST.—Attractive room in private apartment; refined surroundings; reasonable. Tappan.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Suites, large, small rooms; private baths; steam heated, newly decorated, parquet flooring; 5th Av. section.

56TH ST., 55 WEST.—Large furnished room, with private bath; gentleman; references.

57TH ST., 362 WEST.
Doctor's office and service, in conjunction with a general practitioner, in a house now occupied by an established eye, ear, nose, and throat specialist, who is leaving the city.

57TH, 328 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom, reduced rate; separate room, $6; elevator, steam, electricity; first-class, private. Meeks.

58TH, 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; electricity, steam heat.

61ST, 31 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, all newly furnished; gentlemen only. Rozar.

65TH, 150 WEST.—Large room, elegantly furnished; dressing room; heated; telephone; $6.

68TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large rooms with dressing room; private bath; breakfast optional.

68TH, 67 WEST.
Large and small rooms; running water.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Commodious rooms, en suite or separate; private baths; references.

69TH ST., 50 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; well furnished; private baths; refined surroundings.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Large, comfortable, neatly furnished rooms; reasonable. Telephone 7430 Columbus.

69TH, 118 WEST.—Doctor or dentist; large, sunny back parlor, private bath, complete; furnished as desired; other rooms.

70TH ST., 109 WEST.—Attractive, well-furnished rooms, large and small; all conveniences; Subway and "L"; reasonable.

70TH, 273 WEST.—Two elegant, sunny rooms adjoining bath; electricity; single or en suite; strictly private house; for gentleman; references.

70TH, 136 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, with or without bath; every convenience.

71ST, 122 WEST.—House just opened; desirable large, small rooms; suites; board optional; transients accommodated; subway and "L."

71ST, 165 WEST (off Broadway.—Immaculately clean, sunny rooms; continuous hot water; cozy home for refined business people; telephone; also rooms with private bath.

71ST ST., 308 WEST.—Handsomely, newly furnished suites; private baths; physicians; sleeping apartment; other rooms; Subway express. Telephone Col. 9987.

71ST ST., 69 WEST.—Large front rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; phone, Subway, "L"; references.

71ST ST., 151 WEST.—Beautiful large room for two; southern exposure; telephone; reference.

71ST, 66 WEST.—Furnished room; telephone; private house; gentlemen only; references.

72D, 123 WEST.—Suite; bachelors only; private family; modern conveniences; $23 per week; "L" and Subway expresses; references.

73D, 159 WEST.—Rooms suitable two; newly furnished; hot, cold water; references.

75TH ST, 102 WEST (Del Monte.)—Attractive large furnished room; first class modern apartment; running water, telephone, Subway. Apt. 25.

76TH ST., 248 WEST.—Desirable, large and medium rooms; parlor dining room; references.

76TH ST., 110 WEST.—Second floor, furnished, unfurnished; unexcelled service; electricity; gentlemen; reference.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST, 303 WEST.—Room; bath, electricity; parquet floors; private house; references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Well furnished medium room, heated; bath adjoining; private house.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable small room; gentleman; reasonable; references.

78TH (2189 Broadway.)—Desirable, sunny two room suite, for one or two refined business gentlemen; telephone; references. Hazelwood.

79TH ST., 225 WEST.—Select private house; large front room; 3 windows; electric light.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Two beautiful connecting rooms; private bath; single or en suite; reasonable; permanent party. "L," Subway.

80TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large, handsome, warm, sunny room; electricity, telephone; private family.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Gentlemen; handsome rooms, all modern conveniences; quiet surroundings; references.

81ST, 106 WEST.—Front room, back parlor, hot, cold water; near "L."

82D, 127 WEST.—Two beautiful rooms, bath, elegantly furnished; private entrance. Campbell.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; references.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

84TH, 45 WEST.—Desirable, large, sunny front room, with bath; private house.

85TH ST., 120 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room, second floor; private house; suitable two.

85TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large rooms, well kept; private house; reasonable; reference; telephone.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, small rooms; elevated and Subway; telephone.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—Attractively, newly furnished large, small rooms; continuous hot water.

86TH, (537 West End Av.)—Attractive rooms, exclusive neighborhood; breakfast optional; references.

87TH, 55 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room, bath adjoining; gentleman; references; private house.

87TH ST., 14 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, light, airy room; suitable for one or two; telephone connection; private house.

90TH ST., 108 WEST.—CHEERFUL PARLOR SUITE; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; TELEPHONE; SUBWAY, "L"; $6. KENNELLY.

93D ST., 63 WEST.—Attractively furnished large rooms; all conveniences; Sub., "L."

93D ST., 157 WEST.—Small room, running water; closet; private family; references.

94TH ST., 161 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, bath adjoining; gentlemen only; Subway Express.

94TH ST., 20 WEST.—Newly furnished, large rooms; southern exposure; running water; gentlemen.

95TH, 155 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, bath; refined private family; board optional.

95TH, 145 WEST.—Exceptional room; strictly private house; telephone; gentleman.

95TH ST, 230 WEST.—Large, also single outside rooms; Broadway Subway. Clark.

97TH, 63 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; large kitchenette; Subway express. Phone residence.

99TH, 304 WEST.—Large, light room, elevator apartment, near Riverside; gentlemen. Tomlinson.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Handsome, sunny rooms in private house; lavatory, bath, electric light.

103D, 145 WEST.—Beautiful front room, running water; private house; references; telephone.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms; private bath; table board; references.

109TH ST., 312 WEST.—Large, attractive room, overlooking Hudson; Subway; reasonable; seventh floor.

110TH, 200 WEST., 2D.—Attractively furnished front room, four windows; high-class apartment.

111TH, 311 WEST.—A lady having elevator apartment would rent large front or medium room, adjoining bath; women or couple employed. Schrader. Morn. 6844.

116TH ST., 620 WEST (near Riverside).—Two gentlemen; front rooms; private family.

118TH ST., 415 WEST.—Light, quiet room; newly furnished; lady; no other roomers; sixth front west.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Large, attractive room, adjoining bath; near Columbia; reasonable. Phone 3350 Morningside. Hammond.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Choice connecting front rooms; also singles; $3 up. Sherman.

124TH ST., 510 WEST.—Splendid two-room suite in corner elevator apartment. Weber.

136TH ST., 492 WEST.—Nice, quiet room; bath; telephone; private family; three adults; accessible. Fortime.

137TH ST., 243 WEST.—Attractive, light rooms; refined surroundings; excellent board; reasonable; telephone.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Outside rooms, facing Hudson; shower; phone; select; references. Apt. 2A.

CLAREMONT AV., 188.—Room, $3 weekly; improvements; telephone; Manhattan St. Subway. Mahoney.

FOR RENT—To refined gentleman only, beautifully furnished room, overlooking Central Park; no other roomers. L 39 Times.

HOTEL ST. LORENZ, 72D ST., LEXINGTON AV.—ROOMS AND PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 UP. TELEPHONE 130 LENOX.

ROOM, bath; private family; exclusive apartment; door from Broadway-112th. C 11 Times.

$35 MONTHLY.—Attractive suite, nicely furnished, in private apartment. 'Phone L 9286 Schuyler.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

Young Japanese wants room, with breakfast, in small family near 100th or 181st Broadway subway. C 29 Times.

Gentleman desires room high-class apartment, private family. C 30 Times.

Purchase and Exchange.

Pawn tickets bought. Gold.
Diamonds, Oriental pearls. Silver.
Estates appraised and purchased. Platinum.
Benjamin Feingold, 469 6th Av.,
between 28th and 29th Sts.
Established 18 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Sq.
Big bargains in unredeemed pledges.

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York. — COLUMBIA - KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Plaintiff, against BERTHA H. HEINTZ and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 14th day of October, 1913, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of November, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

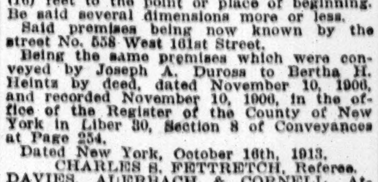
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 161st Street, distant two hundred and eighty-four (284) feet six (6) inches easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Broadway, with the said southerly side of 161st Street; running thence southerly, parallel with the easterly side of Broadway, and for a part of the distance through a party wall, ninety-nine (99) feet, eleven (11) inches to the centre line of the block between 160th and 161st Streets; thence easterly, along the said centre line of the block, sixteen (16) feet; thence northerly, again parallel with the easterly side of Broadway and for a part of the distance through another party wall, ninety-nine (99) feet eleven (11) inches to the southerly side of 161st Street, and thence westerly, along the said southerly side of 161st Street sixteen (16) feet to the point or place of beginning. Be said several dimensions more or less.

Said premises being now known by the street No. 558 West 161st Street.

Being the same premises which were conveyed by Joseph A. Durossa to Bertha H. Heintz by deed, dated November 10, 1906, and recorded November 10, 1906, in the office of the Register of the County of New York in Liber 30, Section 8 of Conveyances at Page 254.

Dated New York, October 16th, 1913.
CHARLES S. FETTRETCH, Referee.
DAVIES, AUERBACH & CORNELL, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 34 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street Number is 558 West 161st Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is Eight Thousand Two Hundred and Ninety-eight Dollars ($8,298) with interest thereon from the 26th day of September, 1913, together with the costs and allowance amounting to Three Hundred Thirty-four and 82-100 Dollars ($334.82,) with interest from October 15, 1913, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is Two Hundred Twenty-one and 15-100 Dollars ($221.15) and interest.

Dated New York, October 16th, 1913.
CHARLES S. FETTRETCH, Referee.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

BLUMENTHAL, REBECCA S.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against REBECCA S. BLUMENTHAL, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, their attorneys, No. 37 Wall St., Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of December next.—Dated New York, the 29th day of May, 1913. WALTER BLUMENTHAL, IRVING BLUMENTHAL, Executors.

Help Wanted Female

A desirable all-year-round position as model in fitting department, for a young woman with good figure measuring 36 bust and 5 feet 7 inches tall. Apply P. C. Sieger, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

AN ALERT, well-educated woman, capable of earning $30 weekly, in educational forward movement; tactfulness, personality, and earnestness more necessary than experience; guaranteed income; organizing tour in Florida and California; apply after 2. Dixon-Rucker Co., 303 5th Av.

AN ENERGETIC, ambitious woman, with the tact and ability necessary to approach and interview people, can easily secure a steady income on our Henry and Kipling combination offer; sales exceeding all records. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Place. Mr. Mansfield, afternoons only.

BOOKKEEPER, (woman,) wanted; thoroughly familiar with modern bookkeeping methods; salary $12; H. B. P., Box 48 Station D, New York.

CANVASSING. — Ladies, experienced, can make $3-$5 commission daily; references. B 146 Times.

CAPABLE EXECUTIVE wanted daily, 1 to 6 P. M.; salary $10; state age, qualifications, religion, and experience. B 18 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Wanted capable lady dressmaker to take charge of custom dressmaking department; $20 week to start right party. Louis Lebowitz, 77 St. Paul St., Rochester, N. Y.

GIRL wanted for doctor's office; one with knowledge of bookkeeping and stenography. Apply between 10 and 12 A. M., Monday. Dr. Beckary, 356 West 46th St., city.

LADY'S MAID, 36, German, good seamstress, traveler; five years' city references. Address H. K., 247 East 53d.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, AEOLIAN HALL, 33 WEST 42D ST. SECRETARIAL COURSES ONLY; STENOGRAPHY, SECRETARIAL, ENGLISH, ACCOUNTANCY, AND SOCIAL AMENITIES. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York.
Individual instruction; monthly payments.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St., known throughout the country for thorough work.

MISS CONKLIN'S
SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
7 West 42d St., opp. the Library.
STENOGRAPHY; SECRETARIAL WORK; TYPEWRITING; ENGLISH.
Day Courses, and Monday and Thursday Evenings.

Help Wanted, Male

A BRIGHT LAD, about 17 years of age, wanted in a dry goods commission house; must possess a fair education, reside with parents, and furnish undoubted reference. N 272 Times Downtown.

A NUMBER OF MIDDLE-AGED MEN, good dressers, will secure permanent employment securing an income of at least $50 per week all the year round; no experience necessary; thorough training will be given while earning money. Call daily after 3 P. M. Sundays, 10 to 2 o'clock. No letters. McKee, 156 West 65th St., first floor.

A SALESMAN, with real selling ability, for a specialty; fine opportunity; chances for advancement on proven ability; commission; drawing account; full particulars in your application. D 140 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced trial balance; state age; salary $10 to $12; good opportunity. Write only, A. H. A., 71 Park Place.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced, with knowledge of typewriting; state age, experience, and salary desired. P 72 Times.

BOOKMEN can make quick money selling to their old customers "THE STORY OF MUSIC," just off the press; a short set, making an instantaneous appeal to cultured people. Irving Squire, Room 711, 110 West 34th.

GENTLEMAN qualified to present proposition of merit to wealthy home owners, safeguarding their interests; commission; not real estate or insurance. S. A. C., 271 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN.
Ambitious young man of good appearance desiring to learn the real estate business is offered an exceptional opportunity with an old-established concern; he will receive a thorough sales training and facts concerning the sales of high-grade properties; commission paid on sales. Apply between 9:30 and 11 A. M.
McKnight Realty Co., 347 5th Av.

SALESMEN.—Energetic men of good appearance, over 40, to sell patented household article direct from our factory to consumer; with the help of our selling plan, eliminating canvassing, you can earn big money steady all year round; commission. Ask for Mr. Schoenfeld, 58 West 15th St., first floor.

SALESMEN.—Three men of energy and determination wanted; must be over 25, of good education and address; permanent positions as salesmen; advancement to right men; guarantee and commission. Mr. Ryan, 156 5th Av.

SALESMEN WANTED for drug, delicatessen, grocery department store; wholesale and retail; commission. Box L 22 Times.

SOLICITOR for fire extinguishers; large commissions. Apply 92 Pine St.

WAIST MANUFACTURERS.
Salesman, selling all the jobbers, wants strong line of waists; only those who can deliver answer. L 25 Times.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY.—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States or men who have legally declared their intention to become citizens, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 162 Newark Av., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

Instruction.

SALESMEN.—No experience required; earn good wages while you learn; position assured. Write (or call) for particulars. Address National Salesmen's Training Assn., 1,001 C Candler Bldg., Times Square, New York.

Situations Wanted

Female.

ATTENDANT companion, to elderly person or child; light household duties; highest reference. Mrs. L. Simpson, 172 East End Av., care Moore.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert double-entry monthly balances; understands controlling accounts; knowledge stenography and typewriting. Box 60, 352 6th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, competent to take charge of an office; desires a position of responsibility; references. Y 276 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER; $7. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 East New York.

CHAMBERMAID.—Position wanted, colored girl, city or country; best references. Call or write, care of Krause, 38 West 130th.

DAY'S WORK, washing, home, by colored woman. Muller, 158 West 19th, care Schefer.

DRESSMAKER.—French; gowns, all occasions; material accepted; out; home preferred; reasonable prices. Mme. J. Leez, 219 W. 80th. Schuyler 4780.

DRESSMAKER.—Competent; by day; perfect fitter; references; reasonable. Higgins, 120 East 127th.

DRESSMAKER out by day, $2.50; good reference. Mrs. McConnell, 245 West 22d St.

DRESSMAKER, Pollack, references; home or out; $2. Hill, 328 West 52d St.

DRESSMAKER and tailoress; first-class; by day; thorough and responsible. C 25 Times.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK.—Girl wishes position; private American family. Hughes's bell, 5,228 Broadway.

GOVERNESS.—Assisting governess or substitute for nursery governess, by person with 12 years' experience; would take children from 4 years up; speak French and German; write. Geismar, 335 East 66th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—HOTEL OR HOSPITAL. Y 201 TIMES.

LAUNDRESS wants family hamper washing home; open-air drying; private house; reference. Mrs. Reed, 362 East 224th st., city.

LAUNDRESS, French, wants gentlemen's, ladies', hamper work; home, out; open-air drying. 184 East 79th. Phone Lenox 4560.

MODELS.—Two young ladies of good presence and education want positions as models or in similar capacity. C 3 Times.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Refined English-French nursery governess desires charge one or two children, three years upward; good references. N 234 Times Downtown.

SEAMSTRESS.—Colored seamstress wishes more customers home, out. Care Swan, 6 West 99th.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office work; bright American girl (21); neat; tidy; honest; of good family; $12-$15. R. C., 195 Berriman St., Brooklyn. 1477 W Cypress.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—17; intelligent girl; several months' experience; very competent; rapid worker; neat; American; $7. N 314 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Female.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—22; also operate dictaphone; one year's experience; businesslike; refined; capable; no agency; $10. N 313 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert; secretarial position preferred; can handle own correspondence; seven years' experience. Ford, 338 East 67th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; four years' experience; best references for capability and willingness; salary $12. Miss Moore, 1,764 1st Av.

STENOGRAPHER, anxious make good start, will accept small salary with advancement. Lillian Lutz, 605 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper, competent; 5 years' experience; references. N 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ambitious, wishes position busy office; $6. S., 127 Powell St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady desires position; ten years in last position; salary, $15; references. C., 3,406 Avenue K, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Schultz, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; educated; executive ability; highest reference; $12. L 30 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; good references. (Miss) G. Zuanelli, 513 East 176th.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, familiar technical dictation; charge office; conscientious, reliable; $12. C 26 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, accurate, conscientious worker; transcribes notes correctly; reliable; $8-$10. C 27 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Competent, refined American; understands office details; references; $10. N 258 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Exceptionally competent, willing; experienced commercial, law, realty; reference. N 274 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience, wishes chance; good education; intelligent. Frances, 292 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Twelve months' practical experience office detail; earnest; $8. N 278 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; neat, rapid typist; takes rapid dictation; $6. N 259 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Male.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Installs simplified systems that give you exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 85 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1330.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. Telephone 4376 Gramercy.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; financial statements; investigations; work confidential; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cortlandt.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT. — CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, audited, untangled, systematized, written up; investigations conducted; charges moderate. Louis Gross, 132 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 2730.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, books opened, closed, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; profit and loss statements, balance sheets, investigations. Auditor, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT.—Long experience various lines; cost, corporation accounts, financial statements; thorough, practical, reliable; permanent, temporary. P 64 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, industrious; small salary. X 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Willing to work; advancement; small salary. B 152 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, capable managing office, 10 years' experience, including as credit man and correspondent, desires to affiliate with company offering future; thorough, ambitious. J. C., 165 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, CASHIER.—Accurate, experienced, capable taking full charge, is open for engagement; good correspondent; operates typewriter. Responsible, 10 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, CORRESPONDENT. — Educated young man of ability; moderate salary. W., 127 Powell St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—25; 8 years' experience; competent, reliable, trustworthy. N 290 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (26,) correspondent, typewriter; thoroughly experienced. Fisher, 144 2d Av.

BOY, 18, American, public school graduate, wishes position, chance of advancement; office preferred. Write M. N., 447 Tremont Av.

BOY, bright, (16,) refined, honest, widow's son; experienced. William Fitzgerald, 300 Times Downtown.

BUTLER.—Competent; can be highly recommended; best city references; good wages; would go anywhere. C 28 Times.

CARETAKER.—Japanese; take care of vacant house, light domestic work where I get some leisure. Weed, 102 West 123d St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 26, wishes country position with private family; licensed in Connecticut and New York; useful, handy gardener; care furnaces. Address John Sherfell, 641 10th Av., New York City.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, German, 28, sober, reliable, careful driver; excellent reference; 7 years' experience. Otto Schmidt, 499 West 129th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; private, commercial; best references. Address Smith, 625 8th Av.

CHEF.—French; first-class in all branches; wants position in private family; best references. A. B., 693 Columbus Av.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 22, wants position where his training will prove valuable. C. G., Apt. 51, 127 West 141st St.

COLUMBIA GRADUATE desires to adopt journalism as a profession; would be glad to enter publishing house or office of magazine to assist editor; is well read in French, German, and English literature and able to converse in three languages fluently; moderate salary to start. Address L 21 Times.

COOK.—Ten years' experience; honest, good character, trustworthy; does not drink; seeks general housework; bachelor's apartment or small family; city references; Japanese. 224 West 123d St.

CORRESPONDENT, &C. — Spanish young man, speaking English fluently, well educated, hard worker, neat, willing, anxious to get a position in department store as Spanish correspondent or interpreter; very best references. B 153 Times.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—Mechanical detailer and tracer, with experience on drill, jigs, and milling fixtures, with shop experience, wants position. 549 70th St., H. V. S., Brooklyn, N. Y.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—Technical graduate, 5 years' experience field and office, excellent letterer, desires position. B 132 Times.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY and chief clerk, formerly in charge of large organization under U. S. Army engineer, desires position; 37 years of age; married; expert stenographer; excellent references. Address Secretary, Y 281 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, &c.—Refined couple would keep home where efficient service would be appreciated, or caretaker. R 132 Times.

INVESTIGATOR, experienced, seeks position; formerly with the Gerry Society. Y 275 Times.

MECHANICAL school graduate chemistry, 27, past three years in laboratory and plant of gas works, seeks change to accountant or statistical department of public utility company. D 265 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 30, ten years' experience inside and outside; firm's removal from city necessitates my change. N 267 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 24, now employed, wishes to change. E. Cook, 504 West 57th.

SECRETARY.—Young man seeks position as private secretary; has full command of German, and working knowledge of French and Dutch; several years' experience as reference librarian; typewriting, bookkeeping. B 158 Times.

STUDENT, DENTISTRY.—I want work after 2:30; clerical, educational. B 152 Times.

VALET or butler; English; good references; age 35. Reeves, 306 West 58th St.

YOUNG MAN, 19 years of age, desirous of entering the advertising field; has high school education; is willing and ambitious; best of references. Address Harry Sheenman, 1,041 Hoe Av., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, 23 years, desires responsible position; has good commercial experience; understands machinery; has talent for drawing; will consider out-of-town offer. George Barton, 498 11th St., Brooklyn.

Young man, 24, business school graduate, familiar with bookkeeping and detail work; good penman; unquestionable reference. C 31 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college graduate, desires position good firm. N 260 Times Downtown.

Dressmakers—Milliners.

MME. DOMILIAN, 19 West 103d St.—Gowns, perfect fittin. Telephone 2082 Riverside.

Automobile Exchange

ALMOST new latest model 1913 Cadillac touring car, demountable rims, self-starter, five new shoes, with extra rims; also 1912 Cadillac touring car, fully equipped, sold because owner going abroad; both cars equal to new every particular; inspected any time owner's residence. 5,473 Hudson Boulevard, North Bergen, N. J. Telephone 888R—Union.

AUTO TRUCKS.
Quick bargains in Saurers, Alcos, Knoxs, Grabowskys, Macks, Whites.
DELIVERY CARS
On easy monthly payments. Cheaper than for cash elsewhere.
ALPHA AUTOMOBILE CO.,
225 W. 58th St. Telephone 8332 Columbus.

A BARGAIN FOR SOME ONE.
(Reo Fifth, 1913,) 5 passenger touring car; Gray & Davis lighting and starting system; fully equipped; perfect condition. Address F. J. Goodwin, Rockville Centre, L. I.

THOMAS 6-cyl. Chassis; would make fast roadster or readily converted into truck; $400. GREEN'S, 1,599 Broadway, near Churchill's.

ORSON, a duplicate of a Simplex, 1912 model, Berlin body Limousine; cost $8,000, sacrifice at $1,500. GREEN'S, 1,599 Broadway, near Churchill's.

E. M. F. "30," 5-passenger touring car, fully equipped; midwinter bargain, $275. GREEN'S, 1,599 Broadway, near Churchill's.

MERCER Baby Tonneau, fully equipped; bargain at $450. GREEN'S, 1,599 Broadway, near Churchill's.

A fine 18 Packard landaulet, in first-class condition; can be seen Lenox Garage Co., 112 E. 75th.

FIAT Town Car, 20 H. P., perfect condition; would make fine taxi; $650. GREEN'S, 1,599 Broadway, near Churchill's.

OVERLAND Roadster, late model, full equipment; sacrifice price, $350. GREEN'S, 1,599 Broadway, near Churchill's.

BODIES—Limousine, landaulets, touring, roadster, $75 up. GREEN'S, 1,599 Broadway, near Churchill's.

BUICKS, 5-passenger touring, fine condition, fully equipped; $250. GREEN'S, 1,599 Broadway, near Churchill's.

PACKARD 7-passenger touring 4-door body; $600; great bargain. GREEN'S, 1,599 Broadway, near Churchill's.

Automobiles for Rent.

Packard limousine and landaulet cars, like new, rented for monthly service cheaper than owning a car. Naughton-Mulgrew, 153-155-157 East 53d. Phone Plaza 2100.

AUTOS FOR RENT, HOUR, DAY, MONTH. 911 AMSTERDAM AV. 'PHONE 1603 RIVERSIDE. SPECIAL MONTHLY RATES.

Beautiful limousine car, reasonable, by month; also hourly or weekly; guaranteed perfect service. Beickert, 1,876 Broadway. Phone 1957 Columbus.

Long Acre Packard Renting Co.—Limousine and Landaulet for hire, hour, day, monthly service preferred. Telephone 8281 Columbus. O'Connor.

$50 weekly for six hours' daily service of beautiful limousine; shown by appointment; trial allowed; owner drives. De Meo, 736 Home St.

Large, comfortable, private Renault landaulet with experienced driver. This is not a "taxi" or wreck. S., Jr., 205 West 101st St.

$2.50 HOUR UP.
SEVEN-PASSENGER PACKARD CARS.
PHONE MURRAY HILL 8873.

For hire, Garford limousine 7-passenger, by hour, day, week, or month. Dooley, 558 West 164th. 6810—Audubon.

Packard touring and limousine hourly, monthly. Verlangieri, 522 West 122. 'Phone 7670 Morningside.

Will rent my 1912 Packard with touring or limousine body for the Winter, very reasonable. 9029.I Morningside.

Elegant 7-passenger Packard hour, day, month; $2.50 hour. Phone 2850 Morningside.

Swell 1913 Apperson $3.00 hourly; special rates over three hours. Audubon 3843.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE ACADEMY, 233 W. 54th St.
Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St.
Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Employment Bureaus.

Situations Wanted—Domestic.

ALGONQUIN.—Efficient, thoroughly investigated servants supplied. 769 Lexington Av., (60th.) Phone 4961 Plaza.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. 'Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1890.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP; all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 1538 Riverside.

COOKS, laundresses, helpworkers, chambermaids, porters, firemen, elevator runners. Porter's Agency. Telephone 94 Morningside.

COOK.—Competent, general, laundress; halftimer, procurable at Progressive Agency. 5,370 Harlem. 34 West 131st St.

FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS; reliable chauffeurs; references investigated. Berta Carlson's Employment Agency, 2,494 Broadway, (corner 93d.) Telephone 9527 Riverside.

Free employment for men and women, who can furnish references; come to Labor Temple, 14th St. and 2d Av., Manhattan, every morning, 9 to 12, except Saturday and Sunday.

HOUSEWORKER.—Hungarian, $28; waitress, Scotch, $25; cook, $30; nurse, $30; references. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

HOUSEWORK.—Neat, willing girl; good cook; excellent laundress; finest references; colored. Pearson Emp. Agency. Phone 5049 Harlem.

HOUSEWORKER.—Neat colored girl, houseworker; references. Harlem Employment Exchange, 2,149 5th Av. Harlem 251.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—JULIUS C. KOHN, Plaintiff, against SELIG FALK et al., Defendant.

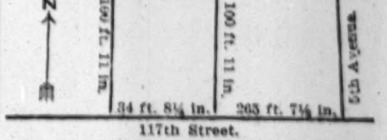
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 28th day of October, 1913, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 25th day of November, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by D. Phoenix Ingraham & Co., Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the Northerly side of One Hundred and Seventeenth Street, distant two hundred and sixty-five (265) feet seven and one-half (7½) inches Westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the Northerly side of One Hundred and Seventeenth Street with the Westerly side of Fifth Avenue; running thence Northerly and parallel with Fifth Avenue, One hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the centre line of the block; thence Westerly and parallel with One Hundred and Seventeenth Street, and along said centre line of the block thirty-four (34) feet eight and one-quarter (8¼) inches; thence Southerly and again parallel with Fifth Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the Northerly side of One Hundred and Seventeenth Street and thence Easterly along the Northerly side of One Hundred and Seventeenth Street, thirty-four (34) feet eight and one-quarter (8¼) inches to the point or place of beginning; said premises being now known by the Street Nos. 15 and 17 West 117th Street.

Dated New York, October 31, 1913.
PHOENIX INGRAHAM, Referee.
JEHIAL M. ROEDER, Attorney for Plaintiff, 141 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 15 and 17 West 117th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is Ten Thousand Two Hundred and Thirty-three 21-100 Dollars, with interest thereon from the 22nd day of October, 1913, together with the costs and allowance amounting to Five Hundred Eight 93-100 Dollars, with interest from October 22nd, 1913, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amou[illegible] taxes, assessments and water rates, [illegible] liens, which are to be allowed to the [illegible] chaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is Four Hundred Thirty-four 40-100 Dollars and interest.

Dated New York, October 31, 1913.
PHOENIX INGRAHAM, Referee.

DROMIOS OF ZOO ARE KOKO AND NIG

Look Alike and Act Alike, So the Sick One Got Double Feed and Strong One a Diet.

MISTAKE MADE BOTH WELL

Even Head Keeper Doesn't Know One from the Other, and All Tricks to Identify Them Fail.

Charles Snyder, head keeper in the Zoological Park in the Bronx, is no great student of Shakespeare, but he said yesterday that within a year he had been forced to read the "Comedy of Errors." At present he has two Dromios on his hands and a comedy of errors with them. This is a comedy of the reptile house, and the confusion has arisen because of the similar appearance of Koko and Nig, the two little woolly monkeys from the Valley of the Amazon. Koko and Nig are of exactly the same size. They are both brownish black, with just the suggestion of a white mark on the chest. Both, Snyder declares, chatter in the same voice and both have the same mannerisms. Both have the same taste in food and both have learned the same little tricks. Which is Koko and which is Nig is a question that has to be asked daily and carefully considered before the reply is given.

The climax came when several weeks ago Koko was taken ill. The little fellow got off his feed and lost his good temper. Snyder reported to Curator Raymond Ditmars, and it was decided to put Koko on a diet. The slightest indisposition on the part of either animal causes much worry among the keepers, for both are exceedingly delicate. So much so that they are kept in the warm reptile house instead of occupying a cage in the monkey house. Koko had been eating too many bananas and other fruit.

The pair occupy adjoining cages in the inner room, a sort of hospital and feeding place. Snyder instructed Toomey, "the keeper," to put Koko on a diet. The instructions were at once carried out, but Toomey made the mistake of putting Nig on the diet instead of Koko. Despite Nig's protest Toomey kept cutting down the supply of fruit and salad, and also deprived Nig of his dessert of peanuts. Nig, under this beneficent treatment lost flesh. His especial aversion was a hot water bottle which he was forced to sleep with each night. While his health improved on certified milk his temper did not, and from having a sunny disposition Nig got to be an ill-humored monkey.

"How's Koko?" Ditmars asked one day.

"Doing fine," Snyder confided with an air of personal triumph. Now the strange part of Snyder's story is that Koko began to pick up from the very minute that Nig was placed on a diet. Snyder, who is a student of animals, is of the opinion that his improvement was due to the satisfaction he got out of seeing Nig under heroic treatment. His theory is that Koko has a highly developed sense of humor. Koko enjoyed during these days of diet, an increased food supply, for he got much of what Nig used to get.

It was Palmer who discovered that a mistake had been made. He is the personal attendant of Koko and Nig, and he is about the only one who can, with any degree of accuracy, tell them apart. In this he is guided by a peculiar gesture of Nig in drinking. When the mistake was discovered, however, both animals seemed well, Nig having had the benefit of diet and Koko of increased food.

Koko and Nig have caused a comedy of errors ever since Nig arrived at the Zoo, about a year ago. Koko had been there for some years. At first the keepers could tell them apart because Koko was more friendly. Nig was frightened by his new surroundings in the reptile house. The little monkey soon became as friendly as its companion, however, and so, within a very few weeks the keepers began to be at a loss to tell which was which. It was necessary that each preserve his identity, for the authorities have to keep a record or chart of the physical condition of each and to regulate his feed by it. It is only by such precautions that the pair have survived their stay in this country.

It is easy to keep track of them when they are in their adjoining cages, but when once they are taken out the difficulty is to get them back where they belong. As the temperature is kept at the tropical point in their room, the pair are often turned out of their cages and allowed to exercise by scampering all about the place. In order that there might be no mistake Palmer, before liberating them, used to tie a piece of red string about Nig's arm.

This was all right, according to Snyder, until Koko one afternoon took advantage of the absence of the keeper, untied a string from Nig's arm, and retied it about his own. It was nearly two weeks before it was discovered that Nig was Koko and Koko was Nig.

In an effort to solve the problem Snyder taught Nig to salute when called upon by name. Koko, from the next cage, watched proceedings with interest. It took an expenditure of much effort before Nig would give the military salute at the word of command.

"Now we can tell them apart," said the satisfied Snyder.

The keepers could. The plan worked for about two days. On the morning of the third day Toomey, giving the word of command in front of Nig's cage, was surprised when Koko walked to the front and gravely saluted, as well as Nig.

"There seems to be a natural bond of sympathy between the two animals," said Snyder. "It is a remarkable fact that not only do the pair look alike and act alike, but one seems to be on the constant watch to ape the other. Teaching one for the purpose of identification is useless. It is a peculiar fact that both have an aversion to red and a fondness for violet."

So the problem of the two Dromios is still an unsolved one. Palmer is the only authority on the subject, and he admits he is not infallible. When showing the pair off Snyder always has to call a consultation before he is sure.

"Which is Koko to-day?" he will ask pleasantly of Palmer.

"Call them and see," the latter will respond quickly, for he resents what he calls Snyder's scarcasm.

Call Nig and both will come to the front of their cages. Call Koko and the same thing happens.

"I give it up," said Snyder wearily yesterday after his seventh attempt to finally identify them.

And Palmer—he smiled.

Thieves Get Wedding Presents.

The apartment of Charles Casper at 949 Fox Street, the Bronx, was entered on Saturday evening and the burglars got away with $1,000 worth of jewelry, silverware, and clothing. The most cherished things taken were wedding presents and among the lost things was the lavalliere Mrs. Casper's father and mother had given her. The Caspers were married only nine weeks ago.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

This advertisement appeared in The New York Times on Sunday, Oct. 26:

Gentleman wishes to invest a few thousand dollars, with services, in some established, successful business. A 51 Times.

SEVENTEEN REPLIES WERE RECEIVED.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

GLYNN MAKES NO PROMISES.

Tammany and Its Foes Both at Sea as to Probable Appointments.

ALBANY, Nov. 9.—Any straw to show which way the appointive wind might be expected to blow during Gov. Glynn's administration would be welcomed tonight by both Tammany and anti-Tammany politicians. To-morrow, for the first time since the Governor began on Aug. 13 to exercise the functions of his office, he will be called on to demonstrate whether he intends to favor any faction. The Legislature meets to-morrow night, and, as some important appointments must be made soon, it is probable that he will communicate several nominations to it immediately.

Among the places to be filled are two Second District Public Service Commissionerships, a State Health Commissionership, and, possibly, a Superintendency of State Prisons, and Supreme Court Justiceship. For weeks the Governor has been besieged by applicants from all factions of the party, but so far as can be learned has made no positive promise to any one.

Chief interest in the appointments centres around the Public Service Commissionerships. Patrick E. McCabe, Tammany's chief lieutenant in Albany and present Clerk of the Senate, and William E. Leffingwell of Watkins are mentioned for the places. Dr. Eugene H. Porter, Health Commissioner and a Republican holdover, and Dr. Lindsay R. Williams of New York are spoken of for the Health Commissionership.

Supt. John B. Riley of the State Prison Department never has been confirmed by the Senate. He is said to have requested the Governor to appoint him or some other man to the position immediately in order that the urgent work now being started may be continued.

William Temple Emmet, now Superintendent of Insurance, has been spoken of as a successor to James W. Gerard, a former Supreme Court Justice, who was appointed Ambassador to Germany. James J. Hoey, now Second Deputy of Insurance, is suggested as a probable successor of Mr. Emmet in case he is elevated to the bench.

While the Governor has not indicated what legislation he will recommend, it is generally believed that with the passage of a few necessary financial bills the session will close. It can be safely asserted that no "pork barrel" will be opened at this session of the Legislature, if the Governor can prevent it. He is urging economy.

GLYNN'S ECONOMY WARNING

Governor Notifies State Departments to Prune Estimates for 1914.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 9.—Gov. Glynn has sent a warning to heads of State departments to economize in their estimates for the coming year. He calls attention to the fact that the new State Board of Estimate, composed of the elective State officers, must formulate in advance of the organization of the Legislature the various appropriation bills. Heretofore each department was allowed to go to the Legislature and urge its appropriation. The policy now to be pursued will simplify matters for the Legislature, and it is the theory that the appropriations will be kept down to a business basis.

It is expected that one of the early bills to be introduced in the new Legislature will be for the abolition of the State Board of Efficiency and Economy, which costs the State hundreds of thousands of dollars annually and simply duplicates the work of the State Controller's office. The Board of Estimate, it is said, will recommend that this department be abolished.

TO ASK MARTIN'S REMOVAL.

Hennessy Will Tell Gov. Glynn Efficiency Engineer Is Incapable.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 9.—The removal of John Martin as Efficiency Engineer of the State Highway Department will be demanded of Gov. Glynn to-morrow by John A. Hennessy, when the latter presents to the Governor evidence of alleged frauds in highway construction. Mr. Hennessy will demand the retirement of Mr. Martin on the ground that he is incapable.

Mr. Martin accompanied Mr. Hennessy on the latter's inspection of highways alleged to be faultily constructed and took notes of their condition. Just before election he gave out a statement through the Attorney General's office that the roads had been constructed as per contract. Mr. Hennessy denounced this statement as misleading and demanded the field notes taken on the trip. These were produced only after Gov. Glynn had asked Commissioner Carlisle of the Highway Department to explain Mr. Martin's course.

RUN DOWN BY WEDDING AUTO

Boy Hurt Mortally While Crossing the Street in Harlem.

As an automobile which contained four persons who had attended a wedding at the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, in East 115th Street, was crossing First Avenue at 115th Street at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Giuseppe Brazzoni, 10 years old, ran in front of it. He was knocked down, and one of the rear wheels of the auto passed over his body. The chauffeur, Frederick Van Appin of 918 Brook Avenue, picked the lad up and carried him to a drug store. Dr. McGlade was called and took the boy to Harlem Hospital, where it was said he would die.

There were two men and two women in the wedding party. The men said they were Frank Weiler of 616 Eagle Avenue and John Weiss of 660 Eagle Avenue. The women did not give their names. The automobile was owned by Albert Ebberhagen of 404 East 149th Street. The police decided the accident was unavoidable and did not arrest the chauffeur.

SHOT WITH HIS OWN GUN.

Duck Hunter Pulled It Toward Him Muzzle First.

Harry Hubert and Clinton Frothingham of Flushing, and J. Massioe of Bayside left Bayside about 8 o'clock yesterday morning in a rowboat on a duck hunt. When well out in Little Neck Bay Hubert started to get his equipment ready. His gun, loaded, was lying in the bottom of the boat. Reaching under the seats he drew it toward him, muzzle first, when the hammer caught on one of the cleats and the gun was discharged.

The entire charge of heavy duck shot struck Hubert in the right shoulder, ripping off the flesh and shattering his collar bone. His companions hastily rowed to the country home of Dr. Walter G. Eliot, Park Commissioner of Queens Borough, where Drs. Eliot and DeGraffenreid dressed his wounds.

At his own request Hubert was then taken to his home at 29 South 18th Street, Flushing, instead of to the hospital. His injuries are serious.

BRIDE'S $3,000 GONE; HUSBAND IS MISSING

Mrs. Anderson Asks Police Here and in Europe to Look for Him.

THOUGHT HE WAS WEALTHY

They Met on Shipboard and He Told of California Lands—Last Wrote Her from Montreal.

Mrs. Margaret Schmidt Anderson, a Brooklyn woman, has asked the police of this country and Europe to search for her husband, Carl Anderson, who, she says, has disappeared with her savings, amounting to $3,000. They were married in England last Summer, but she has not heard from her husband in two months. He last sent her a letter from Montreal informing her that he was on his way to California.

Mrs. Anderson before her marriage was employed as bookkeeper and cashier for sixteen years with J. B. Hoecker, an oculist in Fulton Street, Brooklyn. In that time she saved $3,000.

In April she went on a visit to her home in Auerbach, Germany, and took passage from this country in that month on the steamship Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm. On the vessel she met Carl Anderson, who said he owned a large tract of land in Los Angeles, where he lived. They parted when the steamer reached Europe, she going to visit her two sisters in Germany. They agreed to correspond, and soon after Miss Schmidt arrived at her home in Germany Anderson appeared there. He was introduced to her family and lived there for a while. He proposed marriage and she accepted. They were married in Tunbridge Wells, England.

Mrs. Anderson said her husband told her he was engaged in buying horses for the English army and attended to the same business for the United States Army. Before taking a steamer for Montreal, Mrs. Anderson received her savings and turned them over to her husband. She said he asked to borrow the money, as he wanted to invest it in horses, promising to return it to her when they reached New York. They arrived in Montreal on Sept. 5, and the next day they started for Brooklyn. Mrs. Anderson said that everywhere she and her husband went he made friends. He spoke not only English, but German and Danish, and in the cities they visited they stopped at the best hotels.

After they arrived in Brooklyn, Mrs. Anderson said, her husband stayed only one day, and left for Montreal, telling her that he wanted to attend an auction sale of horses there. He wrote her from there saying he was going to California with horses he had bought.

That was the last Mrs. Anderson heard of him. She said she had written to Los Angeles and to other cities where she understood her husband was known, but failed to get any information about him. She has appealed to the police of Scotland Yard, Copenhagen, and Brooklyn to find him.

Mrs. Anderson is 36 years old. She is living temporarily at Deal Beach, N. J., but will return to Brooklyn this week and stay at the home of her former employer.

SEEK TAX REFERENDUM.

Lower Rent Society Sounds New Legislators on Its Proposals.

Frederic C. Leubuscher, President of the Society to Lower Rents and Reduce Taxes on Homes, announced yesterday that circulars had been sent to all of the newly elected members of the Assembly and to the State Senators urging them to support the proposed referendum measure to reduce the tax rate on buildings in New York City to one-half the tax rate upon land. It is pointed out that the lower tax upon buildings would lower rents materially and reduce taxes upon small homes. The circular says in part:

"Rents in New York City are higher than in any other city in the world. The rent for an apartment takes from one-fifth to one-third of the earnings or income of the average workingman or professional man. The average tax on a small home is $75. Mayor Gaynor's Commission on Congestion of Population recommended reducing the tax rate on buildings to half that on land because it would make it more profitable to construct buildings than to speculate in vacant land. Most adequate improvements in New York City pay more than three times as much taxes as the vacant lots adjoining them, because a normal improvement, such as a tenement house, usually costs two and a half to three times as much as the land.

"Rents are determined by the law of supply and demand. More buildings will lower rents. Mayor Gaynor stated: 'If buildings were no longer taxed that would stimulate people to build buildings. Any system of taxation which stimulates the erection of buildings, which multiplies the number of dwellings, automatically and necessarily lowers rents.' All economists and nearly all land speculators agree."

AGAIN ROB NOVELTY STORE.

Thieves Get $600 in Goods from Hippodrome Company This Time.

For the second time this Fall, the novelty store of the Hippodrome Post Card Company, at 10 West Forty-second Street, was entered yesterday morning between midnight and 8 o'clock, and robbed of $600 worth of goods. On their former raid the thieves took $700, and each time they hardly stripped the brightly lighted show window of its treasures.

On their latest visit they must have been scared away in the midst of their work, for one bag packed with $500 worth of articles was left on the floor of the store.

SAFE BLOWERS SCARED OFF.

Quit Work on Butcher's Safe in Shop Near Police Station.

The $5,000 which Moses Lowenstein put in the safe in his butcher shop at 475 East Tremont Avenue, the Bronx, on Saturday night was still there yesterday morning, thanks to the fact that the burglars who entered the place were scared away before they had completed the drilling of the safe. They must have left hastily, for their tools were found lying on the floor. They had entered by sawing through the bars at the rear window.

This shop, one of four owned by Lowenstein, is less than 100 feet from the Tremont Police Station.

SAUTER GIVES HIMSELF UP.

Had Nothing to Do with the Kidnapping of His Daughter, He Says.

Patrolman Isaacs of the Lenox Avenue Police Station was on post on Lenox Avenue, near the station house, at an early hour yesterday morning when a man whom he recognized at Gustave Sauter approached him. Sauter told the patrolman he had read in the newspapers an account of the kidnapping on Thursday of his 3-year-old daughter, Florence, and his wife's statements connecting him with the child's disappearance. He knew nothing of the little girl's whereabouts, he said, but thought the best course to pursue was to surrender himself and have an opportunity to show the police he knew nothing about the kidnapping.

Sauter was taken to the Lenox Avenue Station charged with abandonment, and then arraigned before Magistrate House in the Yorkville Police Court and held in $2,000 bail for further examination to-day. He was shabbily dressed and said that since separating from his wife he had been unable to find work. He also said he hoped the child would be found.

Detectives Andrews and Finn of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station are prosecuting a vigorous search for the blonde woman who disappeared with the child. She called more than once at the store of B. Bernstein at 440 Third Avenue, where she purchased shoes and a baby cap for Florence. The police have a good description of her.

INDORSE FRANK MOSS.

East Side Association to Boom Him for Corporation Counsel.

The East Side Protective Association held a meeting yesterday afternoon in the office of Harry H. Schlacht, its Superintendent, and recommended Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss as the next Corporation Counsel. A committee was appointed to call upon Mr. Moss in his office in the Criminal Court Building to-day at 1 o'clock to notify him of the action of the association. In the event that Mr. Moss intimates that he will accept the office if it is offered him by Mayor-elect Mitchel, the committee will at once start a campaign in his favor.

The East Side Protective Association favors Mr. Moss, Mr. Schlacht said yesterday, because of his active and efficient co-operation in putting a stop to gangster depredations in the lower east side. Samuel Goldberg was appointed Chairman of the committee to see Mr. Moss.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Partly Polished Mother of Pearl Shells Not Dutiable as Waste.

The Board of United States General Appraisers has taken adverse action on a protest filed by the Pearl Waste Company regarding the classification under the Tariff act of 1909 of cut pieces of mother of pearl in various sizes and shapes, highly polished on one side and otherwise manufactured. Collector Mitchel classified the articles as manufactures of shell, and exacted duty at the rate of 35 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 464. The importer protested, holding the merchandise to be free of duty as pearl shells not advanced in value from the natural state, under Paragraph 647, or dutiable at 10 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 479 as waste not specially provided for.

After a consideration of the testimony of witnesses, the board decided that both contentions of the importer were untenable. An inspection of the samples showed that work had been performed upon the shells, and that while it may be that individually they are not as valuable as whole shells, and are defective pieces, yet they are certainly more valuable than similar pieces of the natural shells, if in an unpolished and rough condition. The Collector's classification was affirmed.

G. A. & E. Meyer lost in a contention relating to crayons. The Collector at New York returned the goods for duty at the rate of 30 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 56, act of 1909, as crayons. The merchandise was held to be dutiable by the importer under Paragraph 473 as pencil leads not in wood, at either ¾, 1¼, or 2 cents an ounce. The decision pointed out that the crayons were not made of lead, but of carbon.

OPENING DAY
PACH BROS.
NEW STUDIO
570 Fifth Ave.
(46th St.)
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11TH

The Player Piano of Tomorrow is Here—Today

TO the man or woman of musical DISCRIMINATION who finds something lacking in the music of ordinary player pianos—yet who deeply desires the means to satisfactory PERSONAL musical expression—we say: The Player Piano of tomorrow is here—today. It is the

Sohmer

"The Player Piano with the Gradutone Buttons"

Expression is the Life of Music.

¶ Piano music is nothing without expression; it does not satisfy you; it does not move you—and plainly there cannot be complete expression without complete control of the piano.

The Search for Better Tone Control

¶ Ever since the first player piano was put on the market inventors have striven to improve the devices for controlling the EXPRESSION.

A Revolutionary Improvement—the Gradutone Buttons

¶ In the Gradutone Buttons of the Sohmer Player Piano you have the means of controlling with the tips of your fingers the force with which each note on the piano is struck, just as in hand playing.

Very Easy Pumping Action

¶ The construction of the Sohmer Player Piano assures easy pumping—which is so important to your comfort in playing—not only when the piano is new, but when it is old as well.

An Invitation

¶ Come in and hear the new Sohmer Player Piano; you will be well repaid, for it is an entirely new type of player piano—and a call carries not the slightest obligation.

Booklet on Request

¶ If it is not convenient for you to call, a booklet about the new Sohmer Player Piano, "The Player Piano with the Gradutone Buttons" will be sent you FREE. Write TODAY. Address Dept. G.

SOHMER & CO., Fifth Ave. at 32nd St.
Piano and Player Piano Makers

Purchasers are entitled to an unusually Favorable Monthly Music Roll Service

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Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St (Open Evenings) | Broadway at 29th St (Southwest Corner) | 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings)

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

An Overcoat for Young Men

ONE of the smartest models we have ever seen—full of snap and go.

Narrow English shoulders, soft front, buttons through with three buttons, but as a matter of fact, you are only supposed to use two of them.

Split sleeve and cuff. It has a wide inverted box pleat and a back and a half belt.

Priced at $20, $25, $30 and $35. Made in this season's newest materials.

Come in and put one on—you will be under no obligation.

Last Week of Sale—
Enough for Only 300 Left

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Arnheim

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Eves. at 8:10. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
ETHEL BARRYMORE in the New Comedy, TANTE by C. Haddon Chambers, after the novel.

HARRIS 42 St., W. of B'way. Ev. 8:25. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:20.
TO-NIGHT AT 8:25
HENRIETTA CROSMAN in a play of Grand Opera atmosphere by Edward Childs Carpenter
THE TONGUES OF MEN.

HUDSON 44 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
TO-NIGHT AT 8:30.
First New York production of the comedy success of the last London Season.
GEN. JOHN REGAN
Arnold Daly, Harry Harwood, A. G. Andrews, Oliver Doud Byron, Maire O'Neill, Fred'k Burton, W. G. Fay, J. Rice Cassidy.

Mexico should cheer up and have a "Madam President" like the laugh maker at the Garrick.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
TO-MORROW, TUES., 8:15.
DAVID BELASCO presents
THE MAN INSIDE
A Drama of Crime, By ROLAND BURNHAM MOLINEUX.

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:20. First Matinee Saturday, 2:20.
TO-MORROW (TUES.) 8:20.
VICTOR HERBERT'S NEW COMIC OPERA,
THE MADCAP DUCHESS
With ANN SWINBURNE.

FULTON 46 St., W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15.
TO-NIGHT (Direct from the Criterion)
JOHN MASON in INDIAN SUMMER

If the income tax applied to laughs everybody who sees "Madam President" at the Garrick would go broke.

Knickerbocker B'way, 38 St. Ev. 8. Mts. Wed. & Sat. at 2.
DONALD BRIAN in the Musical Comedy Triumph
THE MARRIAGE MARKET.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
6 NIGHTS—LAST 2 MATS.
GRACE GEORGE in J. M. BARRIE'S STIRRING PLAY HALF AN HOUR
Preceded by the brilliant comedy, The Younger Generation
NEXT MON. Seats Thurs. Mail Orders Now.
ELSIE FERGUSON "THE STRANGE WOMAN"

LYCEUM THEATRE, TO-DAY, at 2:30. Special Mat. Performance, auspices of Stage Society of N. Y. Two new plays, "BY PRODUCTS," by Joseph Medill Patterson, "COUNTESS MIZZI," by Arthur Schnitzler. Laurette Taylor, Chrystal Herne, Frank Mills, Lionel Walsh, George Le Guere, Maud Odell, Jessie Ralph, Mark Smith, Anne McDonald, Walter Creighton.

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:15.
FANNIE WARD in
MADAM PRESIDENT
"Would Make a Sphinx Laugh."—American

New Amsterdam W. 42 St. Eves. 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
TO-NIGHT AT 8:10 SHARP.
NOTICE FOR THE OPENING NIGHT CURTAIN WILL RISE AT 8:10 SHARP. AFTER THAT TIME NO ONE WILL BE SEATED UNTIL END OF ACT I.
KLAW & ERLANGER Present
A NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
THE LITTLE CAFE
By Ivan Caryll & C. M. S. McLellan, Author and composer of "THE PINK LADY" and "OH! OH! DELPHINE."
CAST AND CHORUS OF 100

LIBERTY W. 42d St. nr. B'way. OPENING To-Night
SOUVENIR PHOTOS.
CHRISTIE MACDONALD In the Jolly Year's Success, SWEETHEARTS
First Mat. Wed. Thanksgiving Seats Now.

New Year's Eve seats for "Madam President" at the Garrick now on sale. Laugh the New Year in.

GAIETY B'y, 46 St. Evs. 8.30. Mat. To-day, 2.30.
NEARLY MARRIED
With BRUCE McRAE.
Extra Mat. Next Monday.

Cohan & Harris' ASTOR B'way, 45 St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.), Sat., 2:20
COHAN'S MYSTERY FARCE
SEVEN KEYS TO BALDPATE
POPULAR MAT. WED.

GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat.
POPULAR PRICE MAT. WED: 50c. to $1.50.
POTASH & PERLMUTTER

Grand RICHARD CARLE—HATTIE WILLIAMS "THE DOLL GIRL." Mat. Wed.

Are you tired or blue? Cheer up and have some fun with "Madam President" at the Garrick.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
MR. CYRIL MAUDE
Combines the finished technique of John Drew with the comedy gift of Goodwin and the wholesomeness of Jefferson.—Eve. Mail.
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"THE SECOND IN COMMAND"

Carnegie Hall, Tues. Aft., Nov. 18, at 2:30.
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Tickets 75c. to $2. Boxes $12 to $18. Now on sale at Box Office.
C. A. ELLIS, Manager. Steinway Piano.

BERKELEY, 19 W. 44th. Nov. 10, 12, 14, Aft. & Ev.
MISSES FULLER FOLK SONGS Victorian Costume, Accompaniment, Irish Harp.
"Irresistible sincerity, art, charm."—Musical Am. $1.50, $1.-50c. Mgt. W. B. Feakins. Tel. Bry't 8317.

CARNEGIE HALL, To-morrow Aft. at 3,
Piano Recital—ELEANOR
SPENCER
(Mason & Hamlin Piano.) Mgt. Antonia Sawyer.

LITTLE 240 W. 44th. Wed., Sat., 2.30. Evgs. 8.30.
"A FANTASY WITH MUSIC"
Prunella
Marguerite Clark as "Prunella"
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George Kleine's
BIJOU B'WAY 30 ST DAILY 2-5.40 7 TO 10.40 PM
THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII ALL SEATS 25c

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SONG RECITAL
Miss ELLEN LEARNED
Tickets Box Office. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

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MINER'S BIG FROLIC

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6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8
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Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. First Steamer Through Panama Canal.

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TO-NIGHT AT 8,
FORBES-ROBERTSON'S FAREWELL
"HAMLET"
Also 13; Mat. 15.
To-morrow at 8, "Passing of 3d Floor Back." Followed at 10:15 by "Sacrament of Judas" (Forbes Robertson in both.)
(with GERTRUDE ELLIOTT) Also Eves., 8:15.
"LIGHT THAT FAILED"........Wed. Eve., 12
"MICE AND MEN"........Fri., 14

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEA., 39th, nr. B'way.
Eve. 8:30 MATS. WED. & SAT. 2:30.
THE LURE
Mat. Wed. Best Seats $1.50.

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First Appearance Outside Century Opera House of
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Tickets 50c. to $2.00. On sale at box office.

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Soloist, JACQUES URLUS TENOR.
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1st Concert Tues. Ev., Nov. 11, at 8:15
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Seats $2 to $1.50. Helen Love, 1 W. 34th St.

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SOPRANO SONG RECITAL
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WED. at 8. MAGIC FLUTE. Destinn, Hempel; Urlus, Braun, Goritz, Reiss, Griswold. Cond., Hertz.
THUR. at 8:15. BOHEME. Bori, Alten; Martinelli, (debut), Scotti, Didur, Segurola, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Polacco.
FRI. at 7:45. LOHENGRIN. Fremstad, Ober, (debut); Urlus, Braun, Weil, Schlegel, (debut) Cond., Hertz.
SAT. at 2. BALLO in MASCHERA. Destinn, Hempel, Matzenauer; Caruso, Amato, Rothier, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
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Sale of Seats for all Performances begins Thurs., Nov. 13, at 9 A. M. at Box Office.
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